CENPA-EN-G-MI (200-1c)

26 Feb 93

MEMORANDUM FOR CENPA-EN-EE-TE

SUBJECT: Summary of Fieldwork and Chemical Data Report from November 1992 Sampling Effort, POL Lab Tank, Ft. Richardson, AK

1. References:

- a. Memorandum, CENPA-EN-G-MI, dated 22 Dec 92, subject: Trip Report, POL Lab Tank, Ft. Richardson, Alaska.
- b. CC:Mail, CENPA-EN-EE-TE, dated 23 November 1992, SUBJECT: POL LAB TANK.
- c. Verbal Request, CENPA-EN-EE-AI dated 23 Nov 92, Johnston/Thomas. subject: Sample Dry Well.
- d. Chemical Data Report, ARDL Inc., Mt. Vernon, IL dated: 15 Dec 92 (Report 9305). subject: Ft. Richardson POL Lab Tank.
- e. Chemical Data Report, Columbia Analytical Services, Kelso WA., dated: 4 Jan 93, (K927563A) subject: Ft. Richardson POL Lab Tank.
- f. Chemical Data Report, North Pacific Division Laboratory, Troutdale, OR, dated: 18 Dec 92, (W.O. 93-HM-472), subject: Ft. Richardson POL Lab Tank.
- 2. OBJECTIVE: The objective was to sample the water and the sludge in the POL laboratory dry well and to determine concentration and type of contamination present.
- 3. This memorandum includes 4 enclosures as tabulated below:
 - a. Enclosure 1 Chemical Results, in summary tables
 - b. Enclosure 2 Project Vicinity Map
 - c. Enclosure 3 POL Lab Tank Location Map
 - d. Enclosure 4 Quality Assurance Report (QAR)

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4. SUMMARY OF FIELD WORK:

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a. CENPA-EN-G was requested by CENPA-EN-EE-AI (reference c) to sample POL Lab dry well located on Ft. Richardson, AK. CENPA-EN-G-MI selected the quantity and type a tests to be performed.

Thomas Reed, chemical engineer CENPA-EN-G-MI, sampled the dry well 30 November 1992. The water in the well was sampled using a decontaminated one liter teflon bailer. The sludge was sampled using a decontaminated clam shell sampler (Petersen dredge). The water had a putrid petroleum odor, was black/grey in color and had chunks of suspended and floating debris in it. The sludge appeared to be 6 to 8 inches deep and was mixed with wood and cobbles. The color of the sludge ranged from grey to black to brown. It had a decaying, petroleum and hydrogen sulfide odor.

- 5. SUMMARY OF FINDINGS: The water and sludge are highly contaminated with petroleum, oil and lubricants (POLs) and with arsenic, barium, cadmium, chromium, lead, mercury, selenium, and silver. The sludge is approximately 80% water and fluid. An approximately 18" deep water layer covered a layer of sludge 6 to 8 inches deep. It would be extremely difficult to attempt to remove the water and sludge separately.
- 6. CHEMICAL RESULTS: The data are reported in Enclosure I, Tables I through V. The data and the associated quality control (QC) and quality assurance (QA) materials have been evaluated by chemists at North Pacific Division Laboratory (CENPD-PE-GT-L). The laboratories had great difficulty analyzing the water because of the matrix interference of the suspended sludge particles. The Quality Assurance Report (enclosure 4) states that about one half of the internal quality control of the laboratories did not meet the EPA QC requirements because of the interference of the sample matrix. The liquid sludge and the water came from the same dry well and the interface between the two was not well defined; and therefore it would be expected to find similar levels and types of contamination in the two matrices. Overall the data for the water can be accepted based on the cross comparison of test methods and sample matrixes. The data for the sludge are acceptable.

All the laboratory reports of chemical test results are filed at CENPA-EN-G-MI along with the all field logs, chain of custody forms and site photographs. A summary of findings by test method is as follows:

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a. Volatile Organic Compounds. (Method 8260). Table I

The following was detected for water:

	Max Concentration
Analyte	ug/L (ppb)
Chloroform	2.3
Toluene	1.6
Ethylbenzene	5 . 6
Isopropylbenzene	1.8
n-Propylbenzene	1.8
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	10.0
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	47.0
4-Isopropyltoluene	63.0
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	1.0
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	3 . 5
Naphthalene	8.1
m & P-Xylene	19.0
o-Xylene	13.0
Total Xylenes	11.0
* TICs:	10.0
Cum. Est. of TICs:	63.0

* TICs = Tenatively Identified Compounds

All of the above concentrations are below the Maximum Contamination Levels (MCL) for drinking water. The listed TICs are components of petroleum, oil and lubricants (POIs). From the odor and visible suspended particles in the water it was apparent that water was contaminated. The gross contamination present in the sample caused matrix interference which resulted in data discrepancies. The project and QC samples did not agree with each other, but the QC and QA samples agreed. The QA laboratory results were out of the acceptable internal QC limits due to matrix interference. Overall the data should be accepted because, all the analytes detected were common components of POIs (except chloroform; which is a common laboratory solvent), almost an identical list of detected analytes were found in the liquid sludge for the same method, and presence of fuel and heavy oils were confirmed with Method 8015 (modified) analysis.

The following was detected for liquid sludge:

Analyte	Max Concentration ug/Kg (ppb)	
Toluene	180,000	
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	19,000	
Ethylbenzene	180,000	
Isopropylbenzene	18,000	
n-Propylbenzene	28,000	
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	42,000	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	490,000	

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sec-Butylbenzene	90,000
4-Isopropyltoluene	360,000
n-Butylbenzene	150,000
Naphthalene	220,000
Hexachlorobutadiene	52,000
m & P-Xylene	840,000
o-Xylene	320,000
Total Xylenes	100,000
TICs:	10
Cum. Est. of TICs:	319,100

The listed TICs are components of POIs. Overall the data were acceptable.

b. Semivolatile Organic Compounds. (Method 8270). Table II.

The following was detected for water:

	Max Concentration	
<u>Analyte</u>	ug/L (ppb)	
Naphthalene	120.4	
2- Methylnaphthalene	660.0	
Di-n-octyl Phthalate	370.0	
TICs:	20.0	
Cum. Est.	64,600.0	

None of the above analytes have MCL limits. Di-n-butylphthalate was detected up to 23.7 ug/L but was due to laboratory contamination and should be ignored. The listed TICs are components of POIs. The QA laboratory had difficulty in analyzing the QA sample, the data is acceptable based on the project lab blind duplicate agreement.

The following was detected for liquid sludge:

	Max Concentration	
<u>Analyte</u>	ug/Kg (ppb)	
1, 2-Dichlorobenzene	34.1	
Naphthalene	290.0	
2- Methylnaphthalene	720.0	
Phenanthrene	28.7	
Butylbenzyl Phthalate	7.6	
Di-n-octyl Phthalate	16.9	
TICs:	20.0	
Cum. Est. TICs	48,300.0	

The listed TICs are components of POIs. All of the project data were reported as estimates, but the data is comparable to the QA data and is acceptable.

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c. Fuel Identification. (Method 8015 modified NPD Lab). Table III.

The following was detected for water:

	Max Concentration
Analyte	mg/L (ppm)
Jet Fuel/Diesel #2	120,000
Heavy Fuel	380,000
Other (30 weight motor oil)	76,000

From the odor and visible suspended particles the water it was apparent that water was contaminated. The QA laboratory quantified jet fuel as diesel #2. Overall the data are acceptable based on agreement of QC and QA sample for jet fuel/diesel #2, and agreement of the project and QC sample for heavy oil.

The following was detected for liquid sludge:

M	ax Concentration	
Analyte	mg/Kg (ppm)	
Jet Fuel	120,000	
Diesel Fuel (# 2.)	19,000	
Heavy Fuel	73,000	
Other (30 weight motor oi	1) 5170	

Overall the data is acceptable based on the comparison of the project and QC data.

d. Chlorinated Pesticides and Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs) (Method 8080). Table VI.

For the water, 0.79 ug/L beta-EHC was reported for sample 92FRFOLO2WA. According to the Quality Assurance Report (reference d), this analyte was due to laboratory artifacts and should be ignored. No other analytes were detected in the water or the sludge. All the other data are acceptable.

e. 8 RCRA Metals . (Total Concentration). Table V.

The following was detected for water:

	Max Concentration	MCIs
<u>Analyte</u>	mg/L (ppm)	mg/L (ppm)
Arsenic	0.027	0.05
Barium	18.2	2.0
Cadmium	0.070	0.005
Chromium	4.2	0.1
Lead	17.1	0.005
Mercury	0.938	0,002
Silver	0.68	0.09
	1/2	

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For the water, the concentration for seven of the eight metals exceeded the MCIs for drinking water and is likely a RCRA waste. The results for silver are questionable because of unacceptable internal QC data. All the other data are acceptable.

The following was detected for liquid sludge:

-	Max Concentration
Analyte_	mg/Kg (ppm)
Arsenic	3.4
Barium	6920
Cadmium	6.6
Chromium	4590
Lead	9220
Mercury	317
Selenium	4.2
Silver	1510

There are no regulatory levels for total metals, but with this level of contamination the liquid sludge would be expected to be above the regulatory levels using an Toxicity Characteristic Leachate Procedure (TCLP) test and is likely a RCRA waste. All the data are acceptable.

7. Questions should be addressed to Thomas Reed, x-1302.

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DELWYN F. THOMAS

Chief, Geotechnical Branch

Table I FT. Richardson Pol Lab Tank November 1992 Method 8260

				QC Dup	QA Dup
LOCATION:	DRY WELL				
DATE OF SAMPLING:	11/30/92	11/30/92	11/30/92	11/30/92	11/30/92
TYPE OF SAMPLE:	water	water	water	water	water
FIELD SAMPLE NUMBER:92FRPOL-	01WA	01WARE	02WA	03WA	04WA
TESTING LABORATORY:	ARDL	ARDL	ARDL	ARDL	CAS
LABORATORY SAMPLE #:	9305-1	9305-1RE	9305-2	9305-3	K7563~1
DATE RECEIVED:	12/04/92	12/04/92	12/04/92	12/04/92	12/03/92
DATE TESTED:	12/06/92	12/06/92	12/06/92	12/06/92	12/04/92
CONCENTRATION UNITS:	ug/L (ppb)				
Dichlrorodifluoromethane (freon 12)	ND (0.6)	ND (0.6)	ND (0.6)	ND (0.6)	ND (0.5)
Chloromethane	ND (0.9)	ND (0.9)	ND (0.9)	ND (0.9)	ND (0.5)
Vinyl Chloride	ND (0.4)	ND (0.4)	ND (0.4)	ND (0.4)	ND (0.5)
Bromomethane	ND (0.4)	ND (0.4)	ND (0.4)	ND (0.4)	ND (0.5)
Chloroethane	ND (0.8)	ND (0.8)	ND (0.8)	ND (0.8)	ND (0.5)
Trichlorofluoromethane (freon 11)	ND (1.0)	ND (1.0)	ND (1.0)	ND (1.0)	ND (0.5)
Acetone	NR	NR	NR	NR	ND (2)
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND (0.8)	ND (0.8)	(8.0) ON	ND (0.8)	ND (0.5)
Carbon Disulfide	NR	NR	NR	NR	ND (0.5)
Methylene Chloride	ND (1.6)	ND (1.6)	ND (1,6)	ND (1.6)	A 5
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND (0.7)	ND (0.7)	ND (0.7)	ND (0.7)	ND (0.5)
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND (0.6)	ND (0.6)	ND (0.6)	ND (0.6)	ND (0.5)
2-Butanone(MEK)	NA	NR	NR	NR	ND (2)
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND (0.6)	ND (0.6)	ND (0.6)	ND (0.6)	ND (0.5)
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND (0.6)	ND (0.6)	ND (0.6)	ND (0.6)	ND (0.5)
Chloroform	ND (1.5)	ND (1.5)	2.3	1.8	1.6
Bromochloromethane	ND (0.6)	ND (0.6)	ND (0.6)	ND (0.6)	ND (0.5)
1,1,1-Trichloroethane(TCA)	ND (0.8)	ND (0.8)	ND (0.8)	ND (0.8)	ND (0.5)
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND (0.8)	ND (0.8)	ND (0.8)	ND (0.8)	ND (0.5)
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND (0.8)	ND (0.8)	ND (0.8)	ND (0.8)	ND (0.5)
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND (0.7)	ND (0.7)	ND (0.7)	ND (0.7)	ND (0.5)
Benzene	ND (0.7)	ND (0.7)	ND (0.7)	ND (0.7)	ND (0.5)
Trichloroethene (TCE)	ND (0.7)	ND (0.7)	ND (0.7)	ND (0.7)	ND (0.5)
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND (0.8)	(8.0) CN	ND (0.8)	ND (0.8)	ND (0.5)
Bromodichloromethane	ND (0.7) ND (0.7)	ND (0.7) ND (0.7)	ND (0.7) ND (0.7)	ND (0.7) ND (0.7)	ND (0.5) ND (0.5)
Dibromomethane 2-Hexanone	NR (0.7)	NR	NR	NR (0.7)	ND (2)
cis = 1,3 = Dichloropropene	ND (1.2)	ND (1.2)	ND (1.2)	ND (1.2)	ND (0.5)
Toluene	ND (0.6)	ND (0.6)	ND (0.6)	ND (0.6)	1.6
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND (0.3)	ND (0.3)	ND (0.3)	ND (0.3)	ND (0.5)
1,1,2—Trichloroethane	ND (0.8)	ND (0.8)	ND (0.8)	ND (0.8)	ND (0.5)
4-Methyl-2-pentanone(MIBK)	NR	NR	NR	NR	ND (2)
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND (0.8)	ND (0.3)	ND (0.8)	ND (0.8)	ND (0.5)
Tetrachloroethene(PCE)	ND (0.9)	ND (0.9)	ND (0.9)	ND (0.9)	ND (0.5)
Dibromochloromethane	ND (0.8)	ND (0.8)	ND (0.8)	ND (0.8)	ND (0.5)
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	ND (0.8)	ND (0.8)	ND (0.8)	ND (0.8)	ND (2)
Chlorobenzene	(8.0) OM	ND (0.8)	ND (0.8)	ND (0.8)	ND (0.5)
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND (0.7)	ND (0.7)	ND (0.7)	ND (0.7)	ND (0.5)
Ethylbenzene	13	5.6	ND (8.0)	1.9	1.8
Styrene	ND (0.8)	ND (0.8)	(8.0) DM	ND (0.8)	ND (0.5)

Table I FT. Richardson Pol Lab Tank November 1992 Method 8260

Wichiod 6200					
				QC Dup	QA Dup
LOCATION:	DRY WELL				
DATE OF SAMPLING:	11/30/92	11/30/92	11/30/92	11/30/92	11/30/92
TYPE OF SAMPLE:	water	water	water	water	water
FIELD SAMPLE NUMBER:92FRPOL-	01WA	01WARE	02WA	AWEO	04WA
TESTING LABORATORY:	ARDL	ARDL	ARDL	ARDL	CAS
LABORATORY SAMPLE #:	9305-1	9305-1RE	9305-2	9305-3	K7563-1
-DATE RECEIVED:	12/04/92	12/04/92	12/04/92	12/04/92	12/03/92
DATE TESTED:	12/06/92	12/06/92	12/06/92	12/06/92	12/04/92
CONCENTRATION UNITS:	ug/L (ppb)				
Bromoform	ND (0.8)	ND (0.8)	ND (0.8)	ND (0.8)	ND (0.5)
Isopropylbenzene	ND (0.9)	ND (0.9)	ND (0.9)	1.8	ND (2)
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND (1.0)	ND (1.0)	ND (1.0)	ND (1.0)	ND (0.5)
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND (1.0)	ND (1.0)	ND (1.0)	ND (1.0)	ND (0.5)
Bromobenzene	ND (0.8)	ND (0.8)	ND (0.8)	ND (0.8)	ND (0.5)
n – Propylbenzene	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	1.8	ND (2)
2-Chlorotoluene	ND (0.9)	ND (0.9)	ND (0.9)	ND (0.9)	ND (2)
4-Chlorotoluene	ND (1.0)	ND (1.0)	ND (1.0)	ND (1.0)	ND (2)
1,3,5Trimethylbenzene	ND (1.0)	ND (1.0)	ND (1.0)	ND (1.0)	10
tert-Butylbenzene	ND (1.0)	ND (1.0)	ND (1.0)	ND (1.0)	ND (2)
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	47.0	16.0	ND (1.0)	6.8	17
ec-Butylbenzene	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2)
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND (0.9)	ND (0.9)	ND (0.9)	ND (0.9)	ND (0.5)
4-Isopropyltoluene	63.0	30.0	ND (1.1)	14.0	3
1.4-Dichlorobenzene	ND (1.0)	ND (1.0)	ND (1.0)	ND (1.0)	1.0
n-Butylbenzene	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2)
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND (1.0)	ND (1.0)	ND (1.0)	2.6	3.5
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane(DBCP)	ND (1.0)	ND (1.0)	ND (1.0)	ND (1.0)	ND (2)
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND (1.0)	ND (1.0)	ND (1.0)	ND (1.0)	ND (2)
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND (1.0)	ND (1.0)	ND (1.0)	ND (1.0)	ND (2)
Naphthalene	8.1	2.9	ND (1.2)	ND (1.2)	3
Hexachlorobutzdiene	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (2)
m & P-Xylene	19.0	10.0	ND (1.7)	6.2	NR
o-Xylene	ND (0.9)	13.0	ND (0.9)	7.1	NR
Total Xylenes	NR	NR	NR	NR	11
TICs:	10		10	10	NR
Cum. Est. of TICs:	7.4		63.0	8.4	NR

NOTE: TICs: are tentatively identified compounds: the number of TiCs and the total amount are listed, CAS:

Columbia Analytical Services, Inc. Kelso, WA, ARDL: ARDL Mt. Vernon, II. NPD: NPD Troutdale, Or, A; MRLs are elevated because the sample required diluting, B: Analyte concentration is an estimate because the result was above the insturment calibration range, And insufficient sample quantity remained for additional analysis. C: Result is from the enantysis of a diluted sample, performed on December 8, 1992. ND: not detected.

18: not reported. The value in parenthesis is the Method.

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Table I FT. Richardson Pol Lab Tank November 1992 Method 8260

		QC Dup	QA Dup
LOCATION:	DRY WELL	DRY WELL	DRY WELL
DATE OF SAMPLING:	11/30/92	11/30/92	11/30/92
TYPE OF SAMPLE:	. sludge	• • •	
FIELD SAMPLE NUMBER:92FRPOL-	. sidage 05SL	sludge	sludge
		06SL	07SL
TESTING LABORATORY:	ARDL	ARDL	CAS
LABORATORY SAMPLE #:	9305-4	9305-5	K7563-2
DATE RECEIVED:	12/04/92	12/04/92	12/03/92
DATE TESTED:	12/14/92	12/14/92	12/07/92
CONCENTRATION UNITS:	ug/kg (ppb)	ug/kg (ppb)	ug/kg (ppb)
Dichlrorodifluoromethane (freon 12)	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (2,500)
Chloromethane	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (2,500)
Vinyl Chloride	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (2,500)
Bromomethane	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (2,500)
Chloroethane	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (2,500)
Trichlorofluoromethane (freon 11)	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (2,500)
Acetone	NR	NR	ND (25,000)
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (2,500)
Carbon Disulfide	NR	NR	ND (2,500)
Methylene Chloride	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (2.500)
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (2,500)
1,1-Dichloroethane	NR	NR	ND (2,500)
2-Butanone(MEK)	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (2,500)
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (2,500)
cis-1,2-Dichlaroethene	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (2,500)
Chloroform	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (2.500)
Bromochloromethane	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (2,500)
1,1,1-Trichloroethane(TCA)	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (2,500)
1.1 – Dichloropropene	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (2,500)
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (2,500)
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (2.500)
Benzene	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (2,500)
Trichloroethene (TCE)	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (2,500)
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (2,500)
Bromodichloromethane	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (2,500)
Dibromomethane	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (2,500)
2-Hexanone	NR	NR	ND (2,500)
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (2,500)
Toluene	73,000	180,000	b 25,000
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (2,500)
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (2,500)
4-Methyl-2-pentanone(MIBK)	NR	NR	19,000
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (2,500)
Tetrachloroethene (PCE)	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (2,500)
Dibromochloromethane	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (2,500)
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (10,000)
Chlorobenzene	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (2,500)
,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (2,500)
Ethylbenzene	ND (7,800)	180,000	c 29,000
Styrene	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (2,500)
			•

Table I
T. Richardson Pol Lab Tank
November 1992
Method 8260

		QC Dup	QA Dup
LOCATION:	DRY WELL	DRY WELL	DRY WELL
DATE OF SAMPLING:	11/30/92	11/30/92	11/30/92
TYPE OF SAMPLE:	sludge	sludge	sludge
FIELD SAMPLE NUMBER:92FRPOL-	05SL	06SL	07SL
TESTING LABORATORY:	ARDL	ARDL	CAS
LABORATORY SAMPLE #:	9305-4	9305-5	K7563-2
DATE RECEIVED:	12/04/92	12/04/92	12/03/92
DATE TESTED:	12/14/92	12/14/92	12/07/92
CONCENTRATION UNITS:	ug/kg (ppb)	ug/kg (ppb)	ug/kg (ppb)
Bromoform	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (2,500)
Isopropylbenzene	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	18,000
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (2,500)
1,2,3—Trichloropropane	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (2,500)
Bromobenzene	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (2,500)
n-Propylbenzene	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	c 28,000
2-Chlorotoluene	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (10,000)
4-Chlorotoluene	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (10,000)
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	c 42,000
tert - Butylbenzene	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (10,000)
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	490,000	260,000	c 130,000
ec~Butylbenzene	ND (35,000)	90,000	13,000
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (2,500)
4-Isopropyltoluene	360,000	300,000	20,000
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (2,500)
n – Butylbenzene	71,000	150,000	18,000
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	4,400
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane(DBCP)	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (10,000)
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (10,000)
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND (35,000)	ND (27,000)	ND (10,000)
Naphthalene	170,000	220,000	ND (10,000)
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND (3.500)	ND (27,000)	b 52,000
m: & P-Xylene	350,000	840,000	NR .
o-Xylene	130,000	320,000	NR
Total Xylenes	NR	NR	c 100,000
TICs;	10	10	NR
Cum. Est. of TICs:	273,000	319,100	NR

NOTE: TICs: are tentatively identified compounds; the number of TICs and the total amount are listed. CAS: Columbia Analytical Services. Inc. Kelso, WA. AROL: AROL Mt. Vernon, II. NPO: NPO Troutdale, Or. A: MRLs are elevated because the sample required diluting. B: Analyte concentration is an estimate because the result was above the insturment calibration range, And insufficient sample quantity remained for additional analysis. C: Result is from the ananysis of a diluted sample, performed on December 8, 1992. ND: not detected.

R: not reported. The value in parenthesis is the Method reporting Limit.

Table II FT. Richardson

Dol Lab Tank

November 1992

Semi-Volatile Organic

Compounds.

SW 846 Method 8270

				QC Dup	QA Dup
	LOCATION:	DRY WELL	DRY WELL	DRY WELL	DRY WELL
	DATE OF SAMPLING:	11/30/92	11/30/92	11/30/92	11/30/92
	TYPE OF SAMPLE:	water	water	water	water
	FIELD SAMPLE NUMBER:92FRPOL-	01WA	02WA	03WA	04WA
	TESTING LABORATORY:	NPD	NPD	NPD	CAS
	LABORATORY SAMPLE #:	1999	2000	2001	K7563-1
	DATE RECEIVED: /	12/03/92	12/03/92	12/03/92	12/03/92
	DATE TESTED:	12/16/92	12/16/92	12/16/92	12/16/92
	CONCENTRATION UNITS:	ug/L (ppb)	ug/L (ppb)	ug/L (ppb)	ug/L (ppb)
	N-Nitrosodimethylamine	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
	Aniline	ND (400.0)	ND (40.0)	ND (40.0)	ND (1,100)
	Bis (2-chloroethyl) Ether	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
	1, 2-Dichlorobenzene	65.3 J	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
	1, 3-Dichlorobenzene	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
	1, 4-Dichlorobenzene	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
	Bis (2-chloroisopropyl) Ether	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
	N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
	Hexachloroethane	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
	Nitrobenzene	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
٠.	Isophorone	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
	Bis (2-chloroethoxy) methane	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
	Naphthalene	120.4	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
	4- Chloroaniline	ND (200.0)	ND (20.0)	ND (20.0) .	ND (270)
	Hexachlorobutadiene	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
	2- Methylnaphthalene	521.0	ND (10.0)	14.1	660
	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (540)
	2-Chloronaphthalene	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
	2-Nitroaniline	ND (500.0)	ND (50.0)	ND (50.0)	ND (1,100)
	Dimethyl Phthalate	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
	Acenaphthylene 3-Nitroaniline	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
	Acenaphthene	ND (500.0)	ND (50.0)	ND (50.0)	ND (1,100)
	Dibenzofuran	ND (100.0) ND (100.0)	ND (10.0) ND (10.0)	ND (10.0) ND (10.0)	ND (270) ND (270)
	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
	2,6-Dinitrotoluene	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
	Diethyl Phthalate	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
	4-Chlorophenyl Phenyl Ether	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
	Fluorene	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
	4-Nitroaniline	ND (200.0)	ND (20.0)	ND (20.0)	ND (1,100)
	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
	4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
	Hexachlorobenzene	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
	Phenanthrene	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
	Anthracene	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
	Di-n-butyl phthalate	41.6 J.B	18.4 B	23.5 B	ND (270)

Table II FT. Richardson
Pol Lab Tank
November 1992
Semi-Volatile Organic
Compounds.
SW 846 Method 8270

			QC Dup	QA Dup .
LOCATION:	DRY WELL	DRY WELL	DRY WELL	DRY WELL
DATE OF SAMPLING:	11/30/92	11/30/92	11/30/92	11/30/92
TYPE OF SAMPLE:	water	water	water	water
FIELD SAMPLE NUMBER:92FRPOL-	01WA	02WA	O3WA	04WA
TESTING LABORATORY:	מפא	NPD	NPD	CAS
LABORATORY SAMPLE #:	1999	2000	2001	K7563-1
DATE RECEIVED:	12/03/92	12/03/92	12/03/92	12/03/92
DATE TESTED:	12/16/92	12/16/92	12/16/92	12/16/92
CONCENTRATION UNITS:	ug/L (ppb)	ug/L (ppb)	ug/L (ppb)	ug/L (ppb)
Fluoranthene	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
Pyrene	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
Butylbenzyl Phthalate	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
3, 3'-Dichlorobenzidine	ND (300.0)	ND (30.0)	ND (30.0)	ND (1,100)
Benz (a) anthracene	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
Bis (2-ethylhexyl) Phthalate	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
Chrysene	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
Di-n-octyl Phthalate	108.0	44.0	53.4	370
Benzo (b) fluoranthene	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
Benzo (k) fluoranthene	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
Зеп≵o (a) pyrene	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
ndeno (1,2,3,-c,d)pyrene	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
Dibenz (a,h) anthracene	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
Benzo (g,h,i)perylene	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
Phenol	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0) -	ND (270)
2-Chlorophenol	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
Benzo Alcohol	ND (200.0)	ND (20.0)	ND (20.0)	ND (270)
2-Methylphenol	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
3-and 4-Methylphenol	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
2-Nitrophenol	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
2,4-Dimethylphenol	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
Benzoic Acid	ND (500.0)	ND (50.0)	ND (50.0)	ND (2,700)
2,4-Dichlorophenol	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	ND (200.0)	ND (20.0)	ND (20.0)	ND (270)
2, 4, 6-Trichlorophenol	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
2, 4, 5-Trichlorophenol	ND (100.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (10.0)	ND (270)
2, 4-Dinitrophenol	ND (500.0)	ND (50.0)	ND (50.0)	ND (2,700)
4-Nitrophenol	ND (500.0)	ND (50.0)	ND (50.0)	ND (2,700)
2-Methyl-4, 6-dinitrophenol	ND (500.0)	ND (50.0)	ND (50.0)	ND (1,100)
Pentachlorophenol	ND (500.0)	ND (50.0)	ND (50.0)	_ ND (1,600)
TICs:	16	13	19	20
Cum. Est.	25,752.00	1,742.70	2,697.40	64,600

NOTE; TICs are tentatively identified compounds: the number of tics and the total amount are listed. CAS: Columbia Analytical Services, Inc. Kelso, WA. NPD: NPD Troutdale, Or. ARDL: ARDL Mt. Vernon.

II. J: Quantified below detection Limit. B: Present in Aethod Blank. ND: not detected. NR: not reported. The value in parenthesis is the Method Reporting Limit.

Table II FT. Richardson
Ool Lab Tank
November 1992
Semi-Volatile Organic
Compounds.
SW 846 Method 8270

mound			
		QC Dup	QA Dup
LCCATION:	DRY WELL	DRY WELL	DRY WELL
DATE OF SAMPLING:	11/30/92	11/30/92	11/30/92
TYPE OF SAMPLE:	sludge	sludge	sludge
FIELD SAMPLE NUMBER:92FRPOL-	05SL	06SL	07SL -
TESTING LABORATORY:	NPD	NPD	CAS
LABORATORY SAMPLE #:	2002	2003	K7563-2
DATE RECEIVED:	12/03/92	12/03/92	12/03/92
DATE TESTED:	12/08/92	12/08/92	12/16/92
CONCENTRATION UNITS:	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	ND (10.0)	ND (16.0)	ND (140)
Aniline	ND (10.0)	ND (16.0)	ND (140)
Bis (2-chloroethyl) Ether	ND (10.0)	ND (16.0)	ND (140)
1, 2-Dichlorobenzene	ND (5.0)	34.1	ND (140)
1, 3-Dichlorobenzene	ND (5.0)	ND (8.0)	ND (140)
1, 4-Dichlorobenzene	ND (5.0)	ND (8.0)	ND (140)
Bis (2-chloroisopropyl) Ether	ND (10.0)	ND (16.0)	ND (140)
N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine	ND (10.0)	ND (16.0)	ND (140)
Hexachloroethane	ND (10.0)	ND (16.0)	ND (140)
Nitrobenzene	ND (10.0)	ND (16.0)	ND (140)
- Isophorone	ND (10.0)	ND (16.0)	ND (140)
3is (2-chloroethoxy) methane	ND (10.0)	ND (16.0)	ND (140)
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND (5.0)	ND (8.0)	ND (140)
Naphthalene	ND (5.0)	247.2	290
4- Chloroaniline	ND (10.0)	ND (16.0)	ND (140)
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND (10.0)	ND (16.0)	ND (140)
2- Methylnaphthalene	ND (5.0)	670.0	720
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ND (10.0)	ND (16.0)	ND (140)
2-Chloronaphthalene	ND (5,0)	ND (8.0)	ND (140)
2-Nitroaniline	ND (30.0)	ND (48.0)	ND (840)
Dimethyl Phthalate	ND (5.0)	ND (8.0)	ND (140)
Acenaphthylene	ND (5.0)	ND (8.0)	ND (140)
3-Nitroaniline	ND (30.0)	ND (48.0)	ND (840)
Acenaphthene	ND (5.0)	ND (8.0)	ND (140)
Dibenzofuran 2.4-Dinitrotoluene	ND (10.0)	ND (16.0)	ND (140)
	ND (10.0)	ND (16.0) ND (16.0)	ND (140)
2.6-Dinitrotoluene Diethyl Phthalate	ND (10.0) ND (5.0)	ND (8.0)	ND (140)
4-Chlorophenyl Phenyl Ether	ND (10.0)	ND (16.0)	ND (140) ND (140)
Fluorene	ND (5.0)	ND (8.0)	ND (140)
4-Nitroaniline	ND (30.0)	ND (48.0)	ND (840)
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	ND (10.0)	ND (16.0)	ND (140)
4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether	ND (10.0)	ND (16.0)	ND (140)
Hexachlorobenzene	ND (5.0)	ND (8.0)	ND (140)
Phenanthrene	28.7	ND (8.0)	ND (140)
Anthracene	ND (5.0)	ND (8.0)	ND (140)
Di-n-butyl phthalate	121.9 B	102.5 B	ND (140)
• •			• •

Table II FT. Richardson
Pol Lab Tank
November 1992
Semi-Volatile Organic
Compounds.
SW 846 Method 8270

		QC Dup	QA Dup
LOCATION:	DRY WELL	DRY WELL	DRY WELL
DATE OF SAMPLING:	11/30/92	11/30/92	11/30/92
TYPE OF SAMPLE:	sludge	sludge	sludge
FIELD SAMPLE NUMBER:92FRPOL~	05SL	06SL	07SL .
TESTING LABORATORY:	NPD	NPD	CAS
LABORATORY SAMPLE #:	2002	2003	K7563-2
DATE RECEIVED:	12/03/92	12/03/92	12/03/92
DATE TESTED:	12/08/92	12/08/92	12/16/92
		•	
CONCENTRATION UNITS: Fluoranthene	mg/kg ND (5.0)	mg/kg ND (8.0)	mg/kg ND (140)
Pyrene	ND (5.0)	ND (8.0)	ND (140)
Butylbenzyl Phthalate	7.6	ND (8.0)	ND (140)
3, 3'-Dichlorobenzidine	ND (30.0)	ND (48.0)	ND (140)
Benz (a) anthracene	ND (5.0)	ND (8.0)	ND (140)
Bis (2-ethylhexyl) Phthalate	794.0	ND (8.0)	b 1,440
Chrysene	ND (5.0)	ND (8.0)	ND (140)
Di-n-octyl Phthalate	16.9	ND (8.0)	ND (140)
Benzo (b) fluoranthene	ND (5.0)	ND (8.0)	ND (140)
Benzo (k) fluoranthene	ND (5.0)	ND (8.0)	ND (140)
Senzo (a) pyrene	ND (5.0)	ND (8.0)	ND (140)
ndeno (1,2,3,-c,d)pyrene	ND (5.0)	ND (8.0)	ND (140)
Dibenz (a,h) anthracene	ND (5.0)	ND (8.0)	ND (140)
Benzo (g,h,i)perylene	ND (5.0)	ND (8.0)	ND (140)
Phenol	ND (10.0)	ND (16.0)	ND (140)
2-Chlorophenol	ND (10.0)	ND (16.0)	ND (140)
Benzo Alcohol	ND (10.0)	ND (16.0)	ND (140)
2-Methylphenol	ND (10.0)	ND (16.0)	ND (140)
3-and 4-Methylphenol	ND (10.0)	ND (16.0)	ND (140)
2-Nitrophenol	ND (10.0)	ND (16.0)	ND (140)
2,4-Dimethylphenol	ND (10.0)	ND (16.0)	ND (140)
Benzoic Acid	ND (30.0)	ND (48.0)	ND (840)
2.4-Dichlorophenol	ND (10.0)	ND (16.0)	ND (140)
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	ND (10.0)	ND (16.0)	ND (140)
2, 4, 6-Trichlorophenol	ND (10.0)	ND (16.0)	ND (140)
2, 4, 5-Trichlorophenol	ND (10.0)	ND (16.0)	ND (140)
2, 4-Dinitrophenol	ND (30.0)	ND (48.0)	ND (840)
4-Nitrophenol	ND (30.0)	ND (48.0)	ND (840)
2-Methyl4, 6-dinitrophenol	ND (30.0)	ND (48.0)	ND (840)
Pentachlorophenol	ND (30.0)	ND (48.0) ~	ND (840)
TICs:	10	NR	20
Cum. Est.	3023.3	NR	48,300

NOTE: TICs are tentatively identified compounds: the number of tics and the total amount are listed. CAS: Columbia Analytical Services, Inc. Kelso, WA. NPD: NPD Troutdale, Or. ARDL: ARDL Mt. Vernon, II. J: Quantified below detection Limit. B: Present in 1ethod Blank, ND: not detected, NR: not reported. The value in parenthesis is the Method Reporting Limit.

Table III FT. Richardson Pol Lab Tank November 1992 Method 8015 Modified

			QC Dup	QA Dup
LOCATION:	DRY WELL	DRY WELL	DRY WELL	DRY WELL
DATE OF SAMPLING:	11/30/92	11/30/92	11/30/92	11/30/92
TYPE OF SAMPLE:	water	water	water	water
FIELD SAMPLE NUMBER:92FRPOL-	01WA	02WA	O3WA	04WA
TESTING LABORATORY:	NPD	NPD	NPD	CAS
LABORATORY SAMPLE #:	1999	2000	2001	K7563-1
DATE RECEIVED:	12/03/92	12/03/92	12/03/92	12/03/92
DATE TESTED:	12/07/92	12/07/92	12/08/92	12/09/92
CONCENTRATION UNITS:	mg/L (ppm)	mg/L (ppm)	mg/L (ppm)	mg/L (ppm)
Gasoline	ND (500)	ND (500)	ND (50.0)	ND (a 500)
A Comment On the				
Mineral Spirits	NR	NR	NR	ND (a 500)
Jet Fuel	NR 31,000	NR 36, 000	NR 120,000	ND (a 500) ND (a 500)
•				• •
Jet Fuel	31,000	36,000	120,000	ND (a 500)
Jet Fuel Kerosene	31,000 ND (500)	36,000 ND (500)	120,000 ND (50.0)	ND (a 500) ND (a 500)
Jet Fuel Kerosene Diesel Fuel (# 2.)	31,000 ND (500) ND (500)	36,000 ND (500) ND (500)	120,000 ND (50.0) ND (50.0)	ND (a 500) ND (a 500) b 110,000
Jet Fuel Kerosene Diesel Fuel (# 2.) Bunker Oil (Diesel Fuel #6)	31,000 ND (500) ND (500) ND (500)	36,000 ND (500) ND (500) ND (500)	120,000 ND (50.0) ND (50.0) ND (50.0)	ND (a 500) ND (a 500) b 110,000 NR

Note: CAS:Columbia Analytical Services, Inc. Kelso, Wa. ARDL:

ARDLMt. Vernon II, NPD: Troutdale Ore. a: MRL is elevated

because the sample required diluting, b: Fingerprint matches

stove oil. ND: not detected NR: not reported. The Results in

parenthesis is the Method Reporting Limit.

Table III FT. Richardson Pol Lab Tank November 1992 Method 8015 Modified

		QC Dup	QA Dup
LOCATION:	DRY WELL	DRY WELL	DRY WELL
DATE OF SAMPLING:	11/30/92	11/30/92	11/30/92
TYPE OF SAMPLE:	sludge	sludge	sludge
FIELD SAMPLE NUMBER:92FRPOL-	05SL	06SL	07SL
TESTING LABORATORY:	NPD	NPD	CAS
LABORATORY SAMPLE #:	2002	2003	K7563-2
DATE RECEIVED:	12/03/92	12/03/92	12/03/92
DATE TESTED:	12/07/92	12/07/92	12/09/92
0011051	- , .		
CONCENTRATION UNITS:	mg/kg (ppm)	mg/kg (ppm)	mg/kg (ppm)
Gasoline	mg/kg (ppm) ND (50)	mg/kg (ppm) ND (50)	Mg/kg (ppm) ND (a 400)
			
Gasoline	ND (50)	ND (50)	ND (a 400)
Gasoline Mineral Spirits	ND (50) NR	ND (50) NR	ND (a 400) ND (a 400)
Gasoline Mineral Spirits Jet Fuel	ND (50) NR 120,000	ND (50) NR 120,000	ND (a 400) ND (a 400) ND (a 400)
Gasoline Mineral Spirits Jet Fuel Kerosene	ND (50) NR 120,000 ND (50)	ND (50) NR 120,000 ND (50)	ND (a 400) ND (a 400) ND (a 400) ND (a 400)
Gasoline Mineral Spirits Jet Fuel Kerosene Diesel Fuel (# 2.)	ND (50) NR 120,000 ND (50) ND (50)	ND (50) NR 120,000 ND (50) ND (50)	ND (a 400) ND (a 400) ND (a 400) ND (a 400) 19,000

^{&#}x27;ote: CAS:Columbia Analytical Services, Inc. Kelso, Wa. ARDL:

-RDLMt. Vernon II. NPO: Troutdale Ore. a: MRL is elevated

because the sample required diluting, b: Fingerprint matches

stove oil. ND: not detected. NR: not reported. The Results in

parenthesis is the Method Reporting Limit.

Table IV FT. Richardson Pol .ab Tank November 1992 Pesticides and Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs) Method 8080

			QC Dup	QA Dup
LOCATION:	DRY WELL	DRY WELL	DRY WELL	DRY WELL
DATE OF SAMPLING:	11/30/92	11/30/92	11/30/92	11/30/92
TYPE OF SAMPLE:	water	water	water	water
FIELD SAMPLE NUMBER:92FRPOL-	01WA	02WA	AWEO	04WA
TESTING LABORATORY:	ARDL	ARDL	ARDL	CAS
LABORATORY SAMPLE #:	9305-1	9305-2	9305-3	K7563-1
DATE RECEIVED:	12/04/92	12/04/92	12/04/92	12/03/92
DATE TESTED:	12/10/92	12/10/92	12/10/92	12/10/92
CONCENTRATION UNITS:	ug/L (ppb)	ug/L (ppb)	ug/L (ppb)	ug/L (ppb)
Alpha-BHC	ND (0.04)	ND (0.03)	ND (0.03)	ND (0.04)
Gamma-BHC	ND (0.06)	ND (0.04)	ND (0.04)	ND (0.04)
Beta-BHC	ND (0.09)	0.79	ND (0.07)	ND (0.1)
Heptachlor	ND (0.04)	ND (0.03)	ND (0.03)	ND (0.04)
Delta-BHC	ND (0.1)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.04)
Aldrin	ND (0.06)	ND (0.04)	ND (0.03)	ND (0.04)
Heptachlor Epoxide	ND (1.2)	ND (0.92)	ND (0.92)	ND (0.04)
Endosulfan i	ND (0.20)	ND (0.16)	ND (0,16)	ND (0.04)
~4,4'DDE	ND (0.06)	ND (0.04)	ND (0.02)	ND (0.04)
ieldrin	ND (0.03)	ND (0.02)	ND (0.02)	ND (0.04)
Endrin	ND (0.09)	ND (0.07)	ND (0.07)	ND (0.04)
4,4'-DDD	ND (0.16)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.04)
Endosulfan II	ND (0.06)	ND (0.04)	ND (0.04)	ND (0.04)
4,4'-DDT	ND (0.17)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.04)
Endrin Aldehyde	ND (0.33)	ND (0.26)	ND (0.26)	ND (0.04)
Endosulfan Sulfate	ND (0.94)	ND (0.73)	ND (0.73)	ND (0.04)
Methoxychlor	ND (2.6)	ND (2.0)	ND (2.0)	ND (0.1)
Toxaphene	ND (3.4)	ND (2.7)	ND (2.7)	ND (1)
Chlordane	NR	NR	NR	ND (0.5)
Endrin Ketone	ND (0.14)	ND (0.11)	ND (0.11)	NR
alpha-Chlordane	ND (0.20)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.16)	NR NB
gamma-Chlordane	ND (0.20)	ND (0.16)	ND (0.16)	NR
PCBs:				
Aroclor 1016	ND (0.71)	ND (0.56)	ND (0.56)	ND (0.2)
Aroclor 1221	ND (0.71)	ND (0.56)	ND (0.56)	ND (0.2)
Aroclor 1232	ND (0.71)	ND (0.56)	ND (0.56)	ND (0.2)
Aroclor 1242	ND (0.71)	ND (0.56)	ND (0.56)	ND (0.2)
Aroclor 1248	ND (0.71)	ND (0.56)	ND (0.56)	ND (0.2)
Aroclor 1254	ND (1.4)	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (0.2)
Aroclor 1260	ND (1.4)	ND (1.1)	ND (1.1)	ND (0.2)
				,

Note: CAS: Columbia Analytical Services, Kelso, Wa. ARDL:

____ARDL Mt. Vernon, IL NPD: NPD Troutdale, OR, ND: not detected.

R: not reported. The value in parenthesis is the Method Reporting Limit.

Table IV FT. Richardson Pol ab Tank November 1992 Pesticides and Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs) Method 8080

		QC Dup	QA Dup
LOCATION:	DRY WELL	DRY WELL	DRY WELL
DATE OF SAMPLING:	11/30/92	11/30/92	11/30/92
TYPE OF SAMPLE:	sludge	sludge	sludge
FIELD SAMPLE NUMBER:92FRPOL-	05SL	06SL	07SL
TESTING LABORATORY:	ARDL	ARDL	CAS
LABORATORY SAMPLE #:	9305-4	9350-5	K7563-2
DATE RECEIVED:	12/04/92	12/04/92	12/03/92
DATE TESTED:	12/11/92	12/10/92	12/10/92
CONCENTRATION UNITS:	ug/kg (ppb)	ug/kg (ppb)	ug/kg (ppb)
Alpha-BHC	ND (250)	ND (200)	a ND(100)
Gamma-BHC	ND (330)	ND (260)	a ND (100)
Beta-BHC	ND (500)	ND (390)	a ND (300)
Heptachlor	ND (250)	ND (200)	a ND (100)
Delta-BHC	ND (780)	ND (610)	a ND (100)
Aldrin	ND (330)	NO (260)	a ND (100)
Heptachlor Epoxide	ND (6700)	ND (5200)	a ND(100)
Endosulfan I	ND (1200)	ND (910)	a ND (100)
-` 1,4' -DDE	ND (330)	ND (260)	a ND(100)
Jieldrin	ND (170)	ND (130)	a ND (100)
Endrin	ND (500)	ND (390)	a ND(100)
4,4'-DDD	ND (940)	ND (260)	a ND(100)
Endosulfan II	ND (330)	ND (260)	a ND(100)
4,4'-DDT	ND (1000)	ND (780)	a ND (100)
Endrin Aldehyde	ND (1900)	ND (1500)	a ND (100)
Endosulfan Sulfate	ND (5500)	ND (4300)	a ND(100)
Methoxychlor	ND (14000)	ND (11000)	a ND (200)
Toxaphene	ND (20000)	ND (16000)	a ND (300)
Chlordane	NR	NR	a ND(100)
Endrin Ketone	ND (890)	ND (700)	NR
alpha~Chlordane	ND (1200)	ND (910)	NR
gamma-Chlordane	ND (1200)	ND (910)	NR
PCBs:			
Aroclor 1016	ND (4400)	ND (3500)	a ND(100)
Aroclor 1221	ND (4400)	ND (3500)	a ND (100)
Aroclor 1232	ND (4400)	ND (3500)	a ND (100)
Aroclor 1242	ND (4400)	ND (3500)	a ND(100)
Aroclor 1248	ND (4400)	ND (3500)	a ND (100)
Aroclor 1254	ND (8900)	ND (7000)	a ND (100)
Aroclor 1260	ND (8900)	ND (7000)	a ND(100)
			•

Note: CAS: Columbia Analytical Services, Kelso, Wa. ARDL:

---- ARDL Mt. Vernon, II. NPD: NPD Troutdale, OR, ND: not detected.

R: not reported. The value in parenthesis is the Method

Reporting Umit.

Table V FT. Richardson Pol Lab Tank November 1992 Total Metals

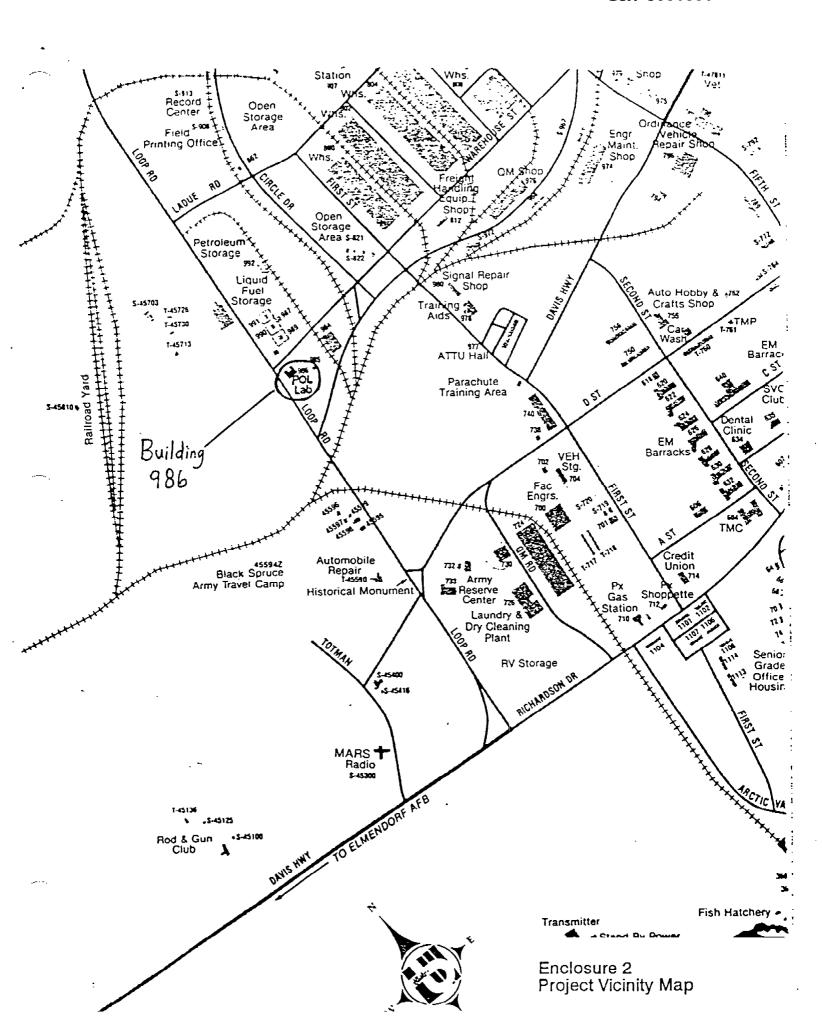
-			QC Dup	QA Dup
LOCATION:	DRY WELL	DRY WELL	DRY WELL	DRY WELL
DATE OF SAMPLING:	11/30/92	11/30/92	11/30/92	11/30/92
TYPE OF SAMPLE:	water	water	water	water
FIELD SAMPLE NUMBER: 92FRPOL-	01WA	02WA	03WA	04WA
TESTING LABORATORY:	ARDL	ARDL	ARDL	CAS
LABORATORY SAMPLE #:	9305-1	9305-2	9305-3	K7563-1
DATE RECEIVED:	12/04/92	12/04/92	12/04/92	12/03/92
CONCENTRATION UNITS:	mg/L (ppm)	mg/L (ppm)	mg/L (ppm)	mg/L (ppm)
COMPOUND				
Arsenic	0.027	0.016	0.017	0.007
Barium	18.2	17.8	13.5	6.230
Cadmium	0.070	0.051	0.036	0.022
Chromium	4.2	3.2	2.0	1.590
Lead	17.1	11.7	8.5	4.720
Mercury	0.86	0.80	0.54	0.938
Selenium	ND (0.025)	ND (0.025)	ND (0.025)	ND (0.005)
Silver	0.68	0.67	0.11	0.154

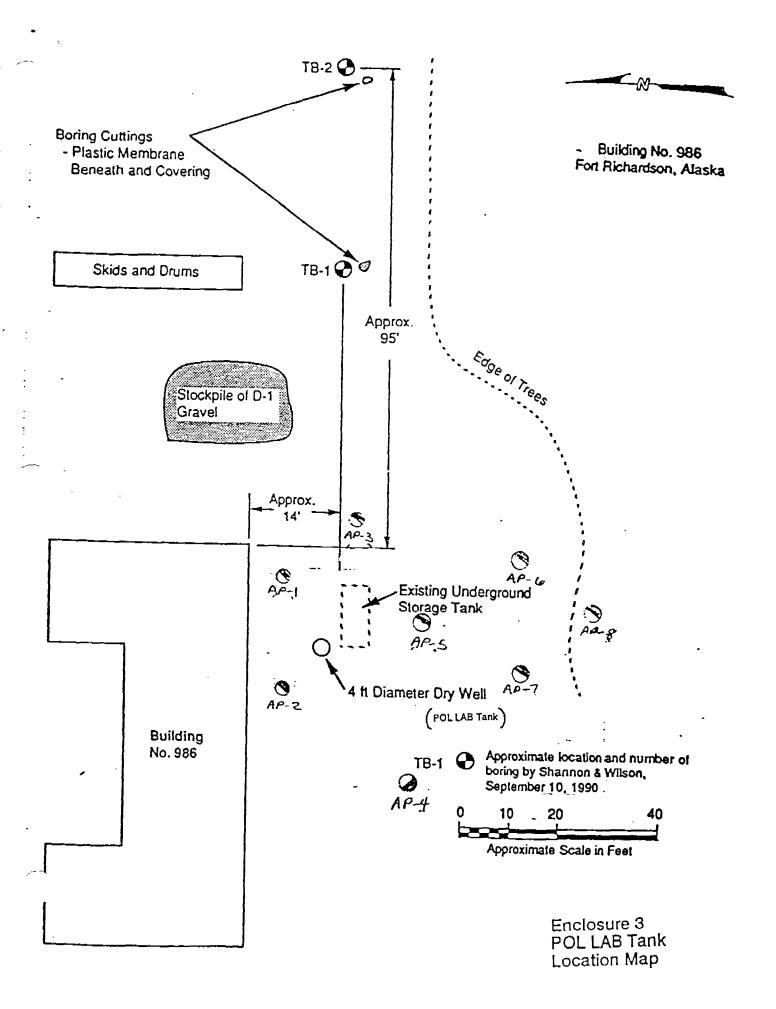
CAS: Columbia Analytical Services, Kelso WA.
ARDL: ARDL Mt, Vernon, IL. ND: not detected.
NR: not reported. The value in parenthesis is the
Method Reporting Limit. B means method
reporting limit was elevated beacuase of matrix
interferences.

Table V
T. Richardson Pol Lab Tank
November 1992
Total Metals

		QC Dup	QA Dup
LOCATION:	DRY WELL	DRY WELL	DRY WELL
DATE OF SAMPLING:	11/30/92	11/30/92	11/30/92
TYPE OF SAMPLE:	sludge	sludge	sludge
FIELD SAMPLE NUMBER: 92FRPOL~	05SL	06SL	07SL
TESTING LABORATORY:	ARDL	ARDL	CAS.
LABORATORY SAMPLE #:	9305-4	9305~5	K7563-2
DATE RECEIVED:	12/04/92	12/04/92	12/03/92
CONCENTRATION UNITS:	mg/kg (ppm)	mg/kg (ppm)	mg/kg (ppm)
COMPOUND			
Arsenic	2.5	3.4	B ND(5)
Barium	6920	5820	4200
Cadmium	6.6	4.0	5
Chromium	4590	3190	3440
Lead	9220	7180	8900
Mercury	315	317	309
Selenium	4.2	3.4	ND (2)
Silver	775	484	1510

CAS: Columbia Analytical Services, Kelso WA.
ARDL: ARDL Mt. Vernon, IL. ND: not detected.
NR: not reported. The value in parenthesis is the
Method Reporting Limit. B means method
reporting limit was elevated beacuase of matrix
interferences.







DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY NORTH PACIFIC DIMISION LABORATORY CORPS OF ENGINEERS 1491 N.W. GRAHAM AVENUE TROUTDALE, OREGON 97050-9503

CENPD-PE-GT-L (1110-1-8100c)

9 Feb 93

MEMORANDUM FOR Commander, Alaska District, ATTN: CENPA-EN-G-MI (Pekar)

SUBJECT: W.O. 93-HM-472, Results of Chemical Analysis

Project:	FT, RICHARDSON POL LAB TANK
	e: <u>Evaluate site</u>
Source of Ma	aterial: Reference Chain of Custody Records
Submitted by	y: <u>CENPA-EN-G-MI</u>
Date Sample	d: 30 Nov; 1 Dec 92 Date Received: 3, 4 Dec 92
	est or Specification: Reference Enclosure 1
References:	a) DD Form 448, MIPR No. E87-93-0013, dated 7 Jan 93
_	b) Report numbner 9305 from ARDL, report number 253 from
-	CENPD-PE-GT-L, and report number K927563A from Columbia
	Analytical Services, along with all diskettes, submitted to
_	vour office on 15 Jan 93

- 1. Enclosed are results of analyses and quality assurance data for environmental samples collected from the above site. Included are:
 - a. Enclosure 1, Chemical Quality Assurance Report.
- b. Enclosure 2, Faxed addendum, dated 8 Feb 93, from Columbia Analytical Services, Inc.
 - c. Enclosure 3, Chain of Custody and Cooler Receipt forms.
- 2. If you have any questions or comments regarding the Chemical Quality Assurance Report, please contact Dr. Ajmal M. Ilias at (503) 665-4166.
- 3. This completes all work requested for this project.

Enclosures

timothy V.()seeman

Director

Copy Furnished: CENPD-PE-GT

CEMRD-EP-EC CEMP-RT

MFR: The laboratories had a difficult time analyzing samples in this tier of analyses due to the complex sample matrix. About one-half of the project and QA data agree. Complete copy in office files.

9 Feb 93

CHEMICAL QUALITY ASSURANCE REPORT

FT. RICHARDSON POL LAB TANK

1. SUMMARY:

... a. The project laboratories data should be considered estimates due to the inability of the laboratories to successfully analyze the complex sample matrix submitted for analyses. About one-half of the internal quality control (QC) of the laboratories did not meet EPA QC requirements due to the difficult nature of the sample matrix.

- The project and quality assurance (QA) data comparisons are shown in Tables II and III. All data in Table III agree except for fuel data in Table :: III-4 due, in part, to non-homogeneous samples -- and non-identical sample aliquots used by the laboratories. Most detected data in one of two project samples in Table II did not agree with either the QA data or the blind duplicate data except for metals, excluding silver.
- 2. BACKGROUND: The samples were collected on November 30 and December 1, 1992 and were received by the analytical laboratories on December_3 and 4, 1992.

OBJECTIVES;

- a. One soil sample and two water samples, including two blind duplicates and one trip blank were collected from various locations to determine the extent of chemical contamination on the site.
- Two QA samples and one trip blank were submitted to evaluate the project laboratory's data.

4. PROJECT ORGANIZATION:

- a. The samples were collected by North Pacific Division/Alaska District staff.
- b. The project samples were analyzed by North Pacific Division Laboratory (CENPD-PE-GT-L), Troutdale, Oregon and ARDL, Inc., Mt. Vernon, `Illinois.
 - c. The QA samples were analyzed by Columbia Analytical Services, Inc., (CAS), Kelso, Washington.

5. ANALYTICAL REFERENCES:

·	<u>Number</u>	Title	<u>Date</u>
a.	SW-846, Third Edition	Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste	11/86
b.	CENPD-PE-GT-L Proposed Modified Method 8015	Fuel Quantitation and Identification	1989
	1) Method D-3328-78	Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Part 31	1980
	2) Method D-2600	Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Part 24	1980
c.	EPA-600/4-79-020	Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes	3/83

EVALUATION OF THE PROJECT LABORATORIES DATA: Elevated detection limits were used for all parameters due to low percent solids in soil/sediment samples and the presence of fuel in the water samples. Laboratory blanks were free from targeted analytes except for the blank of semi-volatiles (BNA), which were contaminated with di-n-butylphthalate. Trip blank data are shown in Table I. Chloroform was detected in the project trip blank. Standard performance, tuning and mass calibration and holding times met method requirements. Surrogate recoveries of water VOC samples -02WA and -03WA were within EPA QC limits and acceptable. sample -01WA and soil blind duplicate samples were outside EPA QC limits due to matrix interference and are not acceptable. The surrogates of chlorinated pesticides/PCBs and BNAs were within QC limits except for the One out of six surrogates of BNA samples -01WA and -06SL was following: below QC limits, data of this sample were accepted based on five other acceptable surrogate recoveries. Three out of six surrogates of BNA sample -05SL were above upper EPA QC limits due to matrix interference, but were not encountered in its blind duplicate sample -06SL, data of this sample should be considered over estimates. All surrogate recoveries of fuel analyses were diluted out due to the presence of high levels of fuel in the water and soil/sediment samples. Matrix spike (MS) and matrix spike duplicate (MSD) recoveries, MS recoveries of water VOC samples were within EPA QC limits, no MSD were done due to insufficient sample volume remaining after MS analyses. Soil/sediment VOC MS/MSD were not performed due, in part, to the laboratories inability to maintain linearity of targeted MS/MSD of recoveries of water BNA were within QC limits but compounds. were either diluted out or were outside QC limits due to interferences in other organic methods. MS/MSD recoveries of silver in water were outside the QC limits; the remaining RCRA metals were either not considered significant due to sample concentration being greater than a factor of four to the spike amount or were within EPA QC limits. metal recoveries in soil/sediment were similar to that of water samples except cadmium, instead of silver, was outside the QC limits. Relative

percent differences (RPDs) of fuel and VOCs were not calculated as the MS/MSD were either diluted out, not performed or were not calculable due to matrix interference. The RPD of BNA in water was within QC limits, but BNA in soil and pesticides/PCBs in both matrices were outside EPA QC limits. The RPDs of RCRA metals in water and soil/sediment were within QC limits except for cadmium and silver in the latter matrix were outside the QC limits. The project blind duplicate data are shown in Tables II and III. All data agree except for the following: Data in Table II did not agree due, in part, to incompatible water blind duplicate samples submitted. Overall, the project data should be considered estimates due to difficulties encountered in the analyses of complex matrices (fuel in water and soil/sediment samples) and failure of about one-half of the internal QC.

- 7. EVALUATION OF THE QA LABORATORY'S DATA: The QA laboratory also encountered similar problems as experienced by the project laboratory.
- 8. PROJECT AND QA LABORATORIES' DATA: All data comparisons are shown in Tables II and III. Detected analytes of one of the project blind duplicates: of Table II-1 through II-4 and silver of Table II-5 did not agree with the QA data or its blind duplicate due, in part, to non-homogeneous water samples submitted as replicates. All data agree in Table III except for fuel data in Table III-4 due, in part, either to non-identical samples or non-homogeneous aliquots used by the laboratories.

COMPARISON OF PROJECT AND QA RESULTS

TABLE :

TRIP BLANKS

		<u>ON FOL AB TAN</u> APDL		water_ Prefi atory:		_		
Method: <u>Vo</u>		ganics		Unit≘:	g/L (ppb)			
:								
Analytes Det		Project Lab 08WA	Detection <u>Limits -</u>	QA Lab <u>09WA</u>	Detection <u>Limits</u>			
Chloroform	-	5.8 ***		4.6	0.5			
Acetone	•		1.5	48	. 2			
<u>Tentativelý Identified Compounds</u>								
Unknowns		10,from						
	3.	0.3J-2JR						

-- = Not reported

J = Detected below method detection limits

B = Detected in method blank

SUMMARY: The chloroform detected in the project and QA trip blank could be due to contaminated deionized water used for trip blanks, as seen in numerous trip blanks of past projects. Acetone detected by the QA laboratory is due to laboratory contamination. The absence of other targeted analytes indicates that no cross-contamination occurred during shipment and storage.

COMPARISON OF PROJECT AND QA RESULTS

TABLE II

Project: <u>FT. RICHARDSON PC</u>				<u>r </u> Prefi:	: <u>92FRPOL</u>
QA Laboratory: <u>Columbia</u>	. ⊖nalyt:	<u>ical Ser</u>	vicas		
i. Method: <u>Molatile Ord</u> a	nics (Ei	PA 8260)		Units: wo	1/L (aab)
Project Laboratory:		·			
	•				
	•		2etection		Detection
<u>Analytes Detected</u>	<u> 2WA</u>		<u>limits</u>	<u> </u>	imits
Chloriterm	2.3	1.8		1.6	0.5
Ethylcenzene	ND			1.8	0.5
	ND	13.3	1.7		୍.5
n-propylbenzene		1.8	1.1	₩D	2
1,2,4-rrimethylbenzene	ND	£.∃	1.0	17	<u>-</u>
p-isopropyltoluene	ND	14	1.1	3	2 2
1,2-dichlorobenzene	ND	2.8	1.0	3.5	0.5
Methylone chloride	MD	∷D	1.5	JB	•
Toluene	MD	ND	0.6	1.6	0.5
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene	ND	ND	1.0	10	2
Naphthalene	ND	ND	1.2	3	2 2
1,4-dicalorobenzene	מא	ND	1.0	5.0	วเร
Tentatively Identified Comp	ounds				
Unknowns	10,	4,			
	from	from			
	4-12	0.7-0.9	3		
Methylcyclohexane	ND	1	_	ΝĎ	
Ethylmethylbenzene	ND	1.7		ND	
Methylpropylbenzene	ФИ	1 .		ND	
Ethyl-dimethylbenzene	ND	0.6		ND	
Tetramethylbenzene	ND	0.8		аD	

ND = None detected -- = Not reported

SUMMARY: The project blind duplicate data did not agree except for chloroform. Data of targeted analytes and tentatively identified compounds of the project blind duplicate indicates non-identical samples. The project data of sample -03WA and the QA data agree within a factor of three to each other or their detection limits except for prisopropyltoluene, methylene chloride and 1.3,5-trimethylbenzene. The methylene chloride disagreement is due to laboratory contamination of the PA laboratory. The QA laboratory had two out of three surrogates above upper EPA QC limits due to matrix interference: therefore, data discrepancies could also be attributed due to matrix. Extensione.

B = Found in method blank

CENPD-PE-GT-L (93-HM-472) Table II

2. Method: <u>Semi-Volatile</u>	<u>Ordanics</u>	E KEPA S	1270)	Units: <u>u</u> g	7L (apb)
Project Laboratory:	CEMPD-	-PE-GT-L			
Analytes Detected	Projec <u>OZWA</u>	t Lab <u>OZWA</u>	Detection <u>Limits</u>	QA Lab <u>04WA</u>	Detection <u>Limits</u>
Di-n-butylphthalate Di-n-cctyiphthalate Z-methylnaphthalene Tentatively Identified Compo	18.4B -44.0 ND		10 10 10	ND 370 860	270 270 270
Unknowns 1,2-benzenedicarboxylic	11, from 37.1- 91.0 899.5	18, from 30.4+ 351.6 516.5		9, from 1800→ 2800 ND	
acid,bis(2-Ethylhexyl)- ester 1,2-benzenedicarbōxylic acid,dibutyl ester	5 8. 8	ND	-	ND	
Nonane Decane Decahydronaphthalene isomer Undecane Dodecane Tridecane Tetradecane Pentadecane Hexadecane Hexadecanoic acid	ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	ND ND ND ND ND ND ND		3000 4400 4800 4200 5300 6200 5900 4000 1700	,
HEARDECRIPTS REIG	ИD	ND		4800	

SUMMARY: The project blind duplicate data agree within a factor of three to each other or with the detection limits. The project and QA data also agree exept for the above phthalates and 2-methylnaphthalene. The di-n-butylphthalate discrepancy is due to laboratory contamination of the project laboratory. The QA laboratory had difficulty in analyzing the QA samples: therefore, the QA data are questionable. The project data are acceptable, except for di-n-butylphthalate, based on blind duplicate agreement.

CENPD-PE-GT-L (93-HM-472) Table II

3. Method: <u>Resticides/PCBs</u> Project Laboratory:				Units: <u>wa/L (apa)</u>		
Analytas <u>Petected</u>	Projec <u>OCWA</u>		Detection <u>Limits</u>	QA Lab <u>04WA</u>	Detection Limits	
beta-EHC	0.79	ND	0.07	MD	0.1	

SUMMARY: The project blind duplicate data agree for all targeted analytes except for beta-8HC. The project and GA data also agree except for one out of two project data of beta-8HC. The project data of sample -02WA appears to se due to laboratory artifacts, as the data did not agree wither with its blind duplicate or with the GA data.

4. Method: <u>Hydrocarbon Ide</u>	<u>entificati</u>	on//Qua	ntitation	(Mod. 8015)	
Project Laboratory:	TEMPD-	CEMPD-PE-ST-L			/L (gpb)
			_	 	
	Projec	t Lab	Detection	QA Lab	Detection
Analytes Detected	<u>02WA</u>	<u>OGWA</u>	Limits	<u>04WA</u>	<u>Limits</u>
Gasoline	ND	ND	500	ND	500
Minerai spirits				ND	500
Jet fuel	35000	120000	500	ND	500
Kerosene	ND	ND	500	ND	500
Diesel fuel #2	ND	ND	500	111000	500
Bunker C (diesel #6)	ND	מא	500		
Heavy oil	380000 2	30000	500		
Other*		 ·		76000	500
HI TETE					

^{* =} Using 30 weight motor oil as standard

SUMMARY: The project blind duplicate data did not agree for jet fuel, but does agree for heavy oil. The GA laboratoray's chromatogram indicates the presence of some lighter fuel such as jet fuel, which was quantitated as diesel fuel #2. The GA laboratory's diesel fuel #2 data agree with the jet fuel data of project sample -OSWA and are considered comparable in quantitation. The fuel disagreements between the clind duplicate and GA data are due, in part, to varying degrees of floating fuel in the samples.

CENPD-FE-GT-L (93-HM-472) Table II

E. Method: Total Metals (<u>574</u> 600	0/7000		Units: <u>uq/L (ppb)</u>		
Project Laboratory:	ARDL					
<u>Analytes Detected</u>	Projec <u>92%</u>	t Lab <u>GSWA</u>	Detection <u>Limits</u>	@A Lab <u>04WA</u>	Detection Limits	
Arsenic	16	17		7	5	
3arium	17200	.DEOO		5230	5	
Cadmium	51	36		22	3	
Chromium	3200	2000		1590	5	
Lead	11700	£500		4270	50	
Mercury	800	540		938	0.5	
Selenium	ND	ND	25	ND	5	
Silver	670	110		154	10	

SUMMARY: The project blind duplicate and QA data agree within a factor of three to each other or their detection limits except for data of silver, where the project laboratory's silver data are questionable based on blind duplicate disagreements and unacceptable internal QC data.

COMPARISON OF FROJECT AND DA RESULTS

TABLE III

Project: <u>FT. RICHARDSON 89</u>				oil/≘l: ix:_9:		
1. Method: <u>Volatile Orga</u> Project Laboratory:	nice (E					(g (ppm)
Project Caporatory.				-	 -	
<u>Analytes Detected</u>	•	it Lab <u>06SL</u>	Datection <u>wits</u>	⊒A (_079	3 <u>L#</u>	Detection Limits
				Wet	Dry	
·	70			Wt.	Wt.	
Toluene	73	180		25E	109	2.5
Total xylenes	480	1160		100		2.5
1,1,4-mimethylaenzene	450	250		:30	565	10
p-isopropyltoluene	350	300		20	86	10
n-butyibenzene	71	150		18	78	10
Naothalene	170	270		MD		10
Ethylbenzene	78	180	 .	29	125	2.5
sec-outylbenzene 🚊	ND	90	35	13	56	10
4-methyl-2-pentanone				19	83	5
Isopropylbenzene	ND	ND	35,27 .	18	78	10
n-propylbenzene	ND	ND	35,27	28	121	10
1.3.5-trimethylbenzene	ND	ND	35 , 27	42		10
1.2-dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	35.27	4.4		2.5
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	ИD	35,27	52	226	10
Percent solids	18.4	22.9		23.6		
Tentatively Identified Comp	<u>ounds</u>	•				
Unknowns	8,	8,				
	from	from				
	200-	91-510	•	-		
	800					
Dimethylcyclohexane	200	ND				
Ethylmethylbenzane	230	ÞiD				
1-ethyl-3-methylbenzene	ND	540				
Tetramethylbenzene	ND	200				
ND e coma detented						

ND = None detected

SUMMARY: The project blind supricase and CA data agree close to a factor of five to each other or their detection limits and are considered comparable for low percent con-nemogeneous solids.

^{-- =} Not reported

^{# =} Results reported on a "as-received" basis

E = Exceeded calibration range

CENPD-FE-GT-L (93-HM-472) Table III

2. Method: <u>Semi-Volatile (</u>	<u>Irqanics</u>	(EPA 8:	270)	Units:mq/	Kg_(ppm)
Project Laboratory:] <u>[]</u>	PE-97-i,			
			•		<u> </u>
	Project	c Lab	Petection*	QA Lab	Detection
<u>Analytës Setected</u>	<u>055:</u>	<u> 1681</u>	<u>limits</u>	<u> </u>	_Limits
Phenanthrene	28.7	ND	350-600	ND	140
Di-n-outylphthalate		102.53	. 320-600	ND	140
Butylbenzenephthalate	7.6	JD	050-600	МD	140
Bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	794.0	ND	350 -6 00	1440	140
Di-n-octyiphthalate	16.9	ND	350-600	ND	140
1,2 <u>-dick</u> larobenzane	NÐ		350-500	ND	140
Naphthaiane	ND	247.2	350-600	290	140
2-methylasphthalane	AD.	570.0	330-600	720	140
Percent solids	19.7	18.0		23.6	
			•		
Tentatively Identified Compo	<u>ringe</u>				
Unknowns	10,		. .	8,from	
•	from			1400-280)
	74.5-14	₩91.0 °.	- .d	1800-	
Nonane	ND			1700	
1, methylbenzene imomer	ND			2100	
Trimethylbenzene isomer	ND			5000	
Decane	ND		•	1700	
Cyclohexane isomer	ND			3200	
Decahydrosachthalene isomer	ND			2000	
Undecane	ND			2200	
Tridecane	MD			2200	
Tetradecane	ND			1600	
Pentadecase	ND			1600	
Hexadecanoic acid	ND		•	5800	

* = Detection limits are estimates

SUMMARY: The project blind duplicate data agree within a factor of five to each other or their detection limits and are considered comparable. All project laboratory data were reported as estimates.

3.	Method: <u>Pasti</u> cid <u>es/전략으</u> 로	<u>(EPA_</u> 8080)		Unitz:	(מפפ) בי/ב
	Project Laboratory:	ARDL			
<u>Ane</u>	Nlytes Catected	Project Lab <u>OSSL O6SL</u> ND ND	Datection Limits .30-2000	QA Lab <u>075L</u> ND	Detection Limits 1000-30000

SUMMARY: The project blind duplicate data agree for all targeted analytes and are comparable.

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CENPD-PE-GT-L (93-HM-472) Table III

4. Method: <u>Mydrocarbon Ids</u>	entifica:	tion//Rua	entitation	(Mod. 9015)		
Project Laboratory:	CENPD-PS-GT-L			Units: <u>mg/Ka (pom)</u>		
Analytz= Cetected	7		Detection Limits	@A Lab <u>97<u>\$</u>L</u>	Detection Limits	
Gasolina	∄D	ND	50.0	ND	400	
Mineral soirits				מנ	.ne	
Jet fuei	120000	120000	50.0	ND	400	
Kerosens	ND	ΝÐ	30 . 0	ND	-30	
Diesel flei 82	*! <u>D</u>	$\mathbb{F}_{\mathbf{D}}$	TO.0	19000	500	
Bunker I (diesel #6)	ND	ND	50.0			
Heavy :::	70000	73000	EO.O			
Other#		- .		5170	÷00	
Percent solids	19.7	18.0		23.6		

^{* =} Using SO weight motor oil as standard

SUMMARY: The project blind duplicate data agree. The project and QA data did not agree due, in part, to non-nomogeneous, low percent solid samples and probably non-identical sample aliquots used for analysis for both laboratories.

5. Matnod: <u>Total Metals</u> Project Laboratory:	(EPA 5000/7000 ARDL			Units: <u>ad/Kd (edm)</u>		
Analytes Detected	Proje <u>059L</u>	ot Lab <u>06SL</u>	Detection <u>Limits</u>	0A Lab <u>07SL</u>	Detection <u>Limits</u>	
Arsenic	2.5	3.4		ND	Ē	
Barium	6920	5820	~-	4200	2	
Cadmium	5.E	4.0		5	2	
Chromium	4590	3190		3440	ā	
Lead	9220	7180		8900	40	
Mercury	315	317		309	0.2	
Selenium	4.2	3.4		ND	2	
Silver	775	4.ئ.		1510	.	

SUMMARY: The project blind duplicate and GA data agree within a factor of five to each other or their detection limits and are comparable.