

BASIC CLEANING & ALLERGEN CLEANING

Presented by:

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WHAT IS SANITATION?



What is Sanitation?



Cleaning

Removing Soils from a Surface.



Soil

Any Unwanted, Undesirable Material on a Given Surface.



Treating a Cleaned
Surface to Reduce
Total Bacteria to a
Safe Level.





TYPES OF SOIL

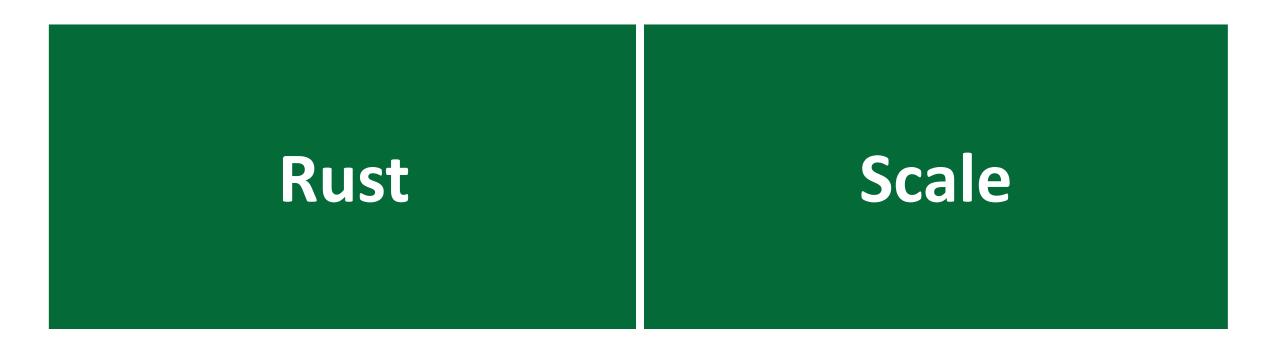


Organic Soils





Inorganic Soils

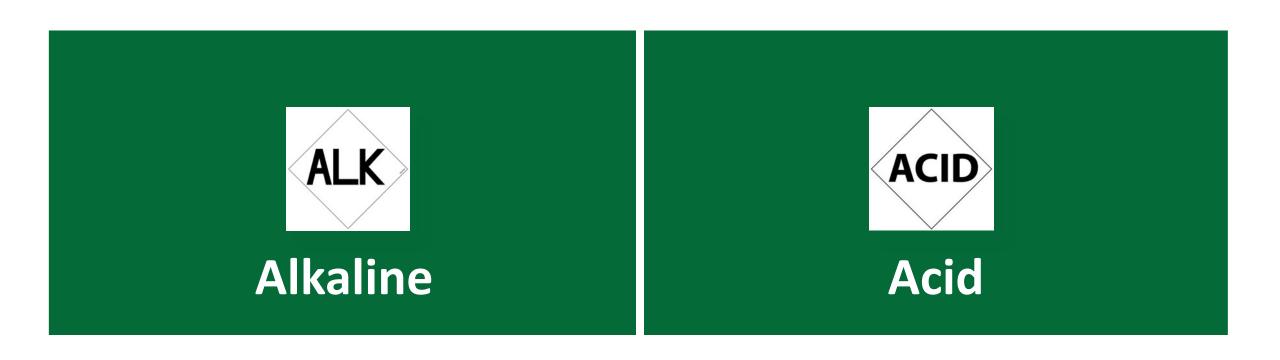




CHEMISTRY OF CLEANING

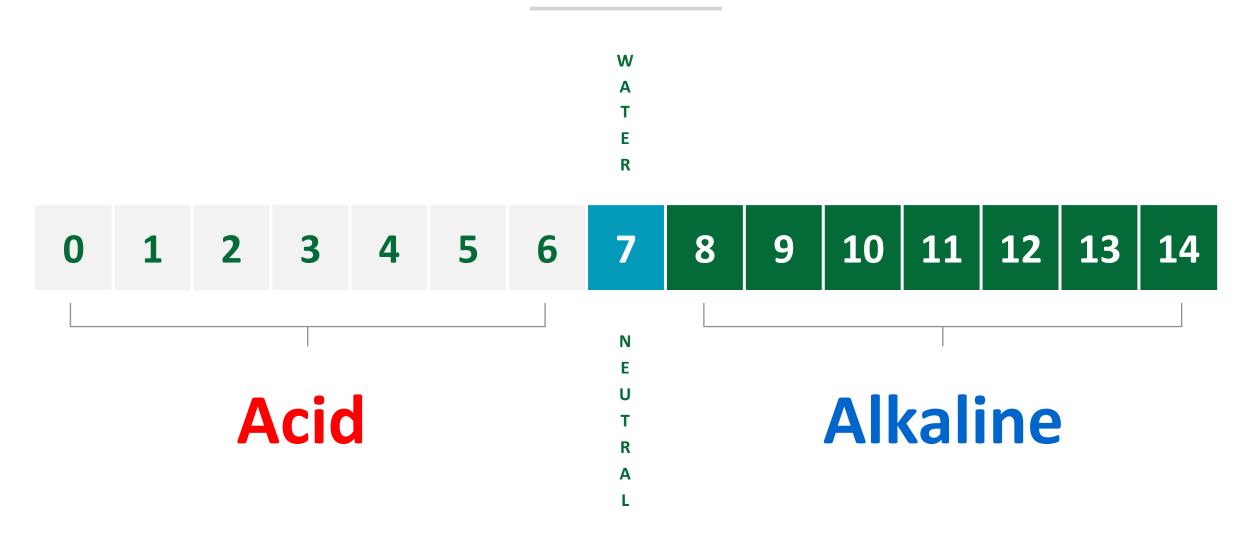


Primary Types Chemicals used in Cleaning





The pH Scale





Alkaline Cleaners

Remove Organic Soils (Fats, Oils, Greases, Proteins, Starches)



Role of Chlorine as a Cleaner

Used with an Alkaline Product:

- Removes Protein
- It is Just a Good
 Cleaning Additive







Food Processing Plant - Degreaser

Formulated for Food Plants – FDA / USDA

Usually - Low Alkalinity

Soft Metal Sale – "Buffered"



Acid Cleaners

Remove Inorganic Soils (Rust, Scale)







PRINCIPLES OF CLEANING



T.A.C.T.

T ime

A ction

C concentration

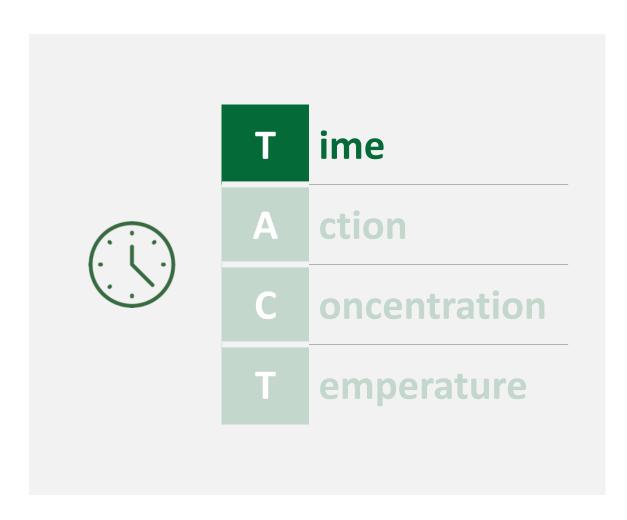
T emperature

The Principles We have Control Over.

Interdependent – Changing one affects the others.



Time



Time Availability

Soil Type

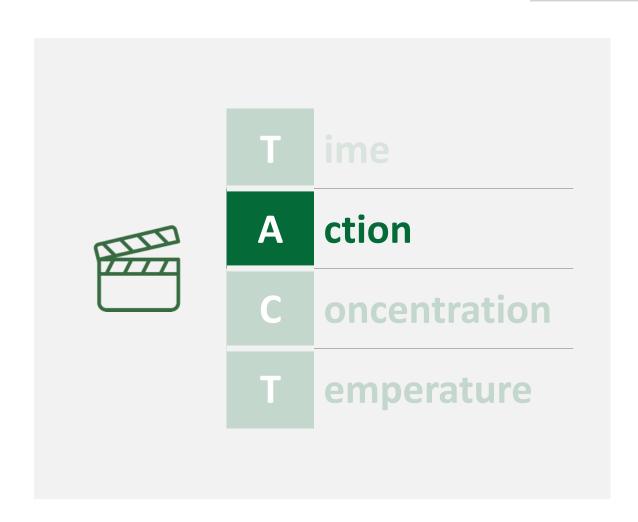
Soil Amount

Process Temperature

Equipment Being Cleaned



Action



CIP

COP

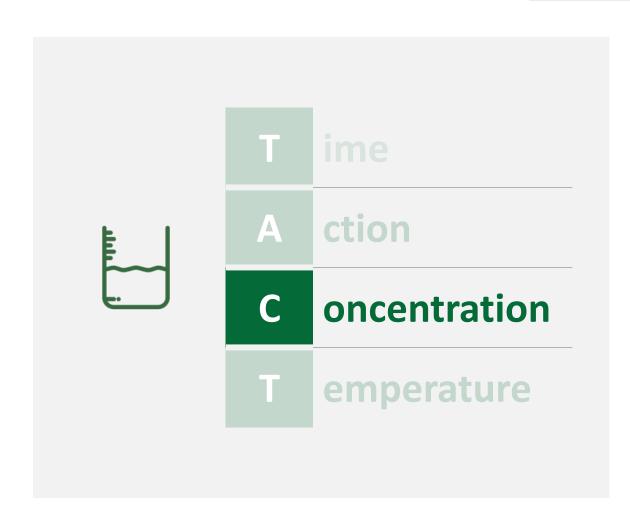
Foam Cleaning

High Pressure Cleaning

Manual/Brush Cleaning



Concentration



Depends On:

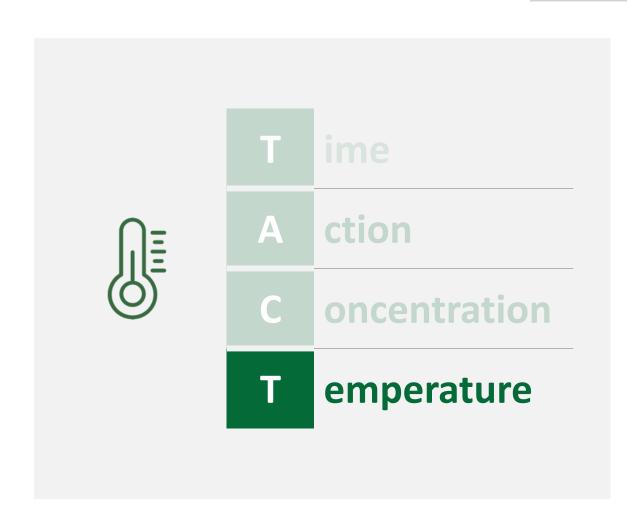
- Nature of the Soil
- Chemical Type

Testing Is Critical:

- Test Kits
- Test Strips



Temperature



Cleaning Enhanced with Correct Temp:

- Clean at 10°F Higher Than Process Temp.
- For Every 18ºF 20ºF Increase in Temp
 - Double the Activity of the Cleaner.

Chlorinated – Alkaline – Acid



W.I.N.S.

W aterI ndividualN ature of SoilS urface

Factors are the Specific Components of Cleaning that Change Infrequently.



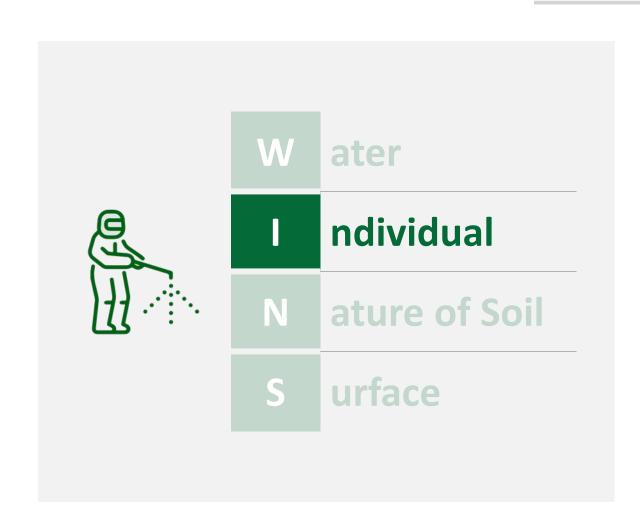
Water

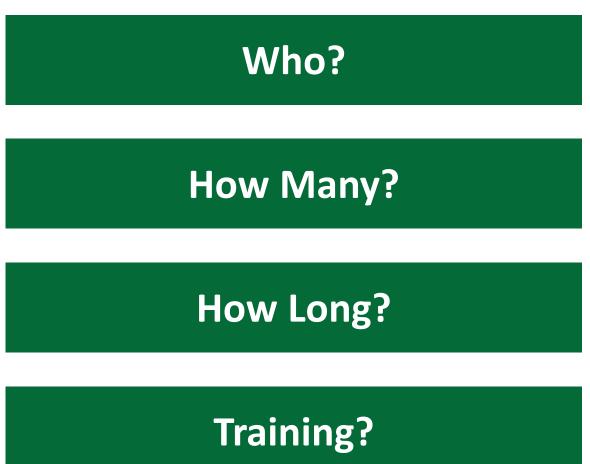


Hard Water Soft Water Sea Water Hot Water Cold Water



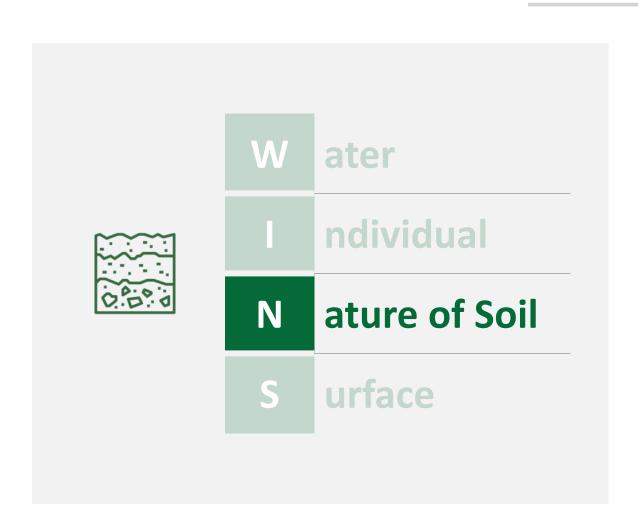
Individual







Nature of Soil



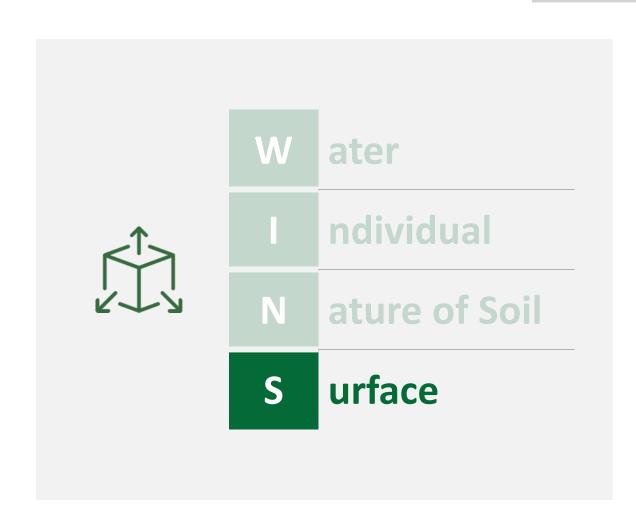
Organic

Inorganic

Combination



Surface







Process - Steps

1

Prior to Rinse

Remove Trash,
Packaging, Chunks
and Pieces of
Product. Protect
Anything That
Cannot Get Wet.

2

Rinse

Use Water,
Shovels, Fingers,
or Bushes to
Remove as Much
of the Debris as
Possible.

3

Wash

Apply Detergent: Foam - CIP - COP -Manual 4

Rinse

Use Water to Remove Detergent and Soils from Surfaces. 5

Inspect

Visually Inspect
Equipment/Area
Cleaned to Make
Sure There is
Nothing On It.

6

Sanitize

Flood the
Equipment and
Surrounding Area
with an Adequate
Solution of
Sanitizer.



Rinse – Rinse – Rinse

Pre-Rinse Removes 90% - 98% of the Gross Soils.

Should be Ambient Temperature to 120°F – Not Hot Water

Reduces Cleaning Chemical Usage





DRY CLEANING



Dry Cleaning



Cleaning Without Water:

Vacuum Cleaning

Scraping

Brushing

Sweeping

Blowing*

Blasting: Sand / CO2*

Limited Damp Cloth



Dry Cleaning

Dry Cleaning Methods are Associated with:

Dry Processing Equipment

Cleaning
Overheads
Walls
Outside Areas
Bulk Receiving
Compactor Area

Grain Handling Equipment



Dry Cleaning Process - Steps

1	2	3	4	5	6
Prep Work Remove Trash and Packaging Material	Gross Soils Remove Gross Soil Deposits from Equipment by Brushing or Vacuuming	Residual Soils Scrape Dried Residual Soils	Difficult to Reach Areas Blow Difficult- to-Reach Soils with Low Pressure Compressed Air (30 psi) to a More Accessible Area	Final Removal of Soils Vacuum or Sweep Remaining Soils	Sanitize Use D2 Alcohol Sanitizer

Dry Cleaning

Micro Issues & Sanitizing

Water = Micro Issues

Salmonella Potential

Be Aware of All Potential Water Sources

D2 Sanitizers & Wipes

Alcohol

Misting Sanitizers





SANITATION CONTROL FOR ALLERGENS



FALCPA* Required Food Allergen Labeling

Milk

Eggs

Peanut

Tree Nuts

Wheat

Soy

Fish

Crustacean Shellfish

Sesame





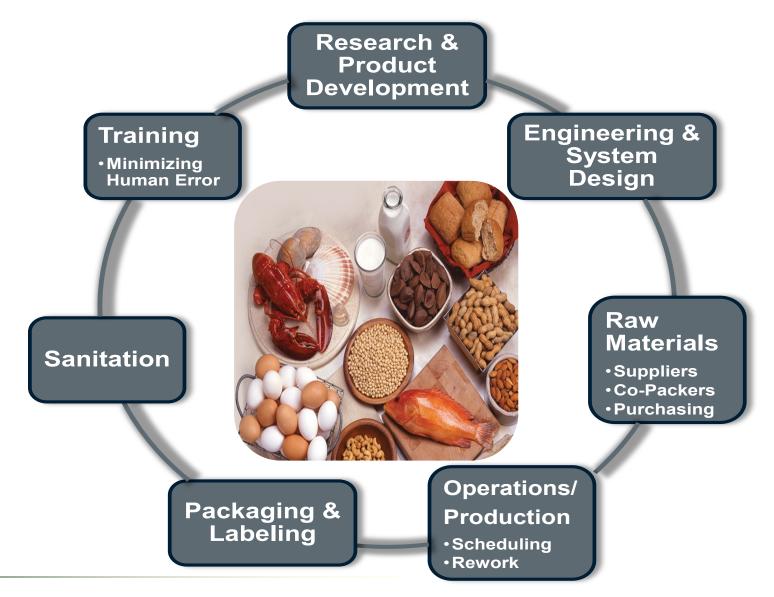








FALCPA* Required Food Allergen Labeling





Sanitation Control for Allergens

Clean Equipment to Remove Allergens

- Water and/or Sanitizers Will Not Remove Protein
- Have Written Procedures

Validate Procedures

Test to Ensure cleaning Method Will Work

Verify

- Verify Employees are Cleaning According to the Written Procedure
- Verify Through Testing of Equipment and Finished Product



Allergen Cleaning

- Visually Clean 1st Step
- Dry Cleaning (without Dusting in the Air)
- Wet Cleaning (Chemistry Removes Protein)
- Document Cleaning Procedures (cGMP)
- Residual Testing Recommended

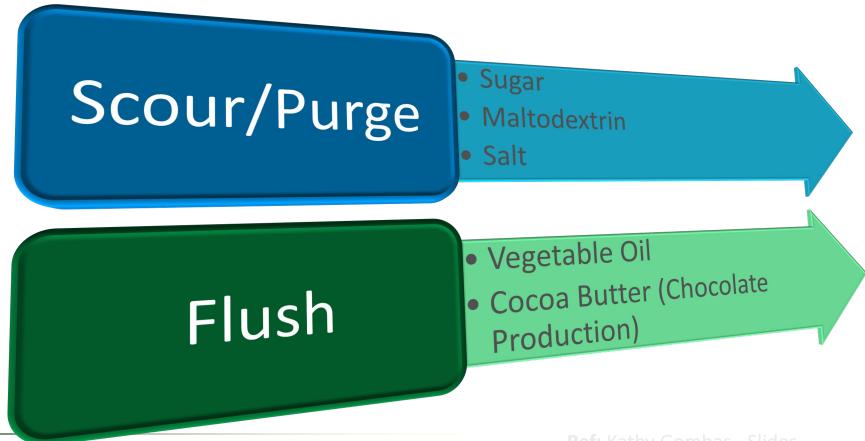
- Visual Results (Inspections)
- Allergen Protein Test Kits
- **General Protein Test Kits**
- Complex Tests





Other Dry-Cleaning Techniques

It May be Necessary to PUSH Residues Out of the System





THANK YOU

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