&Photo D



Ninagiak River viewed from the east.

Free-oil Containment and Recovery, Shallow Water

Exclusion Booming

Protected-water Boom

Tidal-seal Boom

Recommended

Bears in Area, Guards

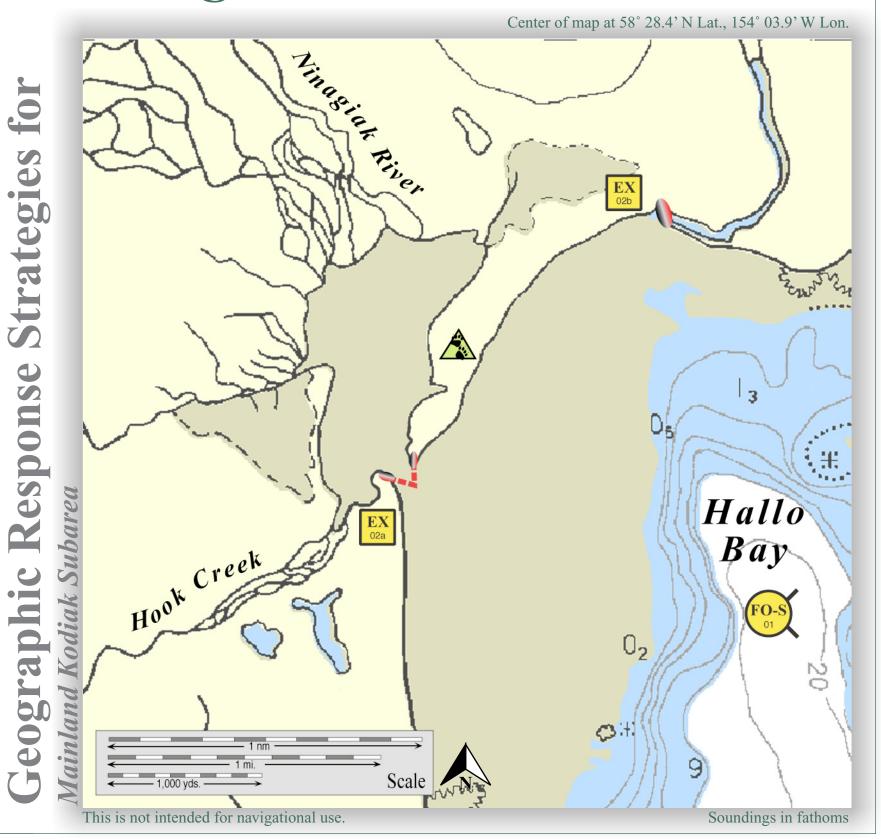


EX-02b Salmon stream viewed from the east.



Ninagiak River EX-02a viewed from the south.

Ninagiak River, K-50



Kodiak Subarea Geographic Response Strategies

June 2008

ID	Location and Description	Response Strategy	Implementation	Response Resources	Staging Area	Site Access	Resources Protected (months)	Special Considerations
KGRS-50-01	Ninagiak River Nearshore waters in the general area of: Lat. 58° 25.7 N Lon. 154°02.7 W	Free-oil Recovery Maximize free-oil recovery in the offshore & nearshore environment of Ninagiak River depending on spill location and trajectory.	Deploy free-oil recovery strike teams upwind and up current of the Ninagiak River. Use aerial surveillance to locate incoming slicks.	Deploy multiple free-oil recovery strike teams as required to maximize interception of oil before it impacts sensitive areas.	Vessel Platform	Via marine waters Chart 16608-1	Same as KGRS-50-02	Vessel master should have local knowledge. Use extreme caution, shoal waters with numerous reefs, rocks and extensive tidal flats.
KGRS-50-02	A Lat. 58° 28.61 N Lon. 154°04.56 W Salmon Stream b. Lat. 58° 29.37 N Lon. 154°02.87 W	Exclude oil from impacting the Ninagiak River and the identified salmon stream.	Deploy anchors and boom with skiffs (class 6) at high tide. For (a) place 30 ft. of tidal-seal at both ends and complete in a chevron pattern with 300 ft. of protected-water boom. For (b) place 60 ft. of tidal-seal boom across the cut in the beach at the high tide mark. Adjust both arrays to accommodate the ocean swell. Tend throughout the tide.	Deployment Equipment 300 ft. protected-water boom 120 ft. tidal-seal boom 2 ea. small anchor systems 8 ea. anchor stakes Vessels 1 ea. class 3 1 ea. class 6 Personnel/Shift 5 ea. vessel crew/general techs Tending Vessels 1 ea. class 3 1 ea. class 6 Personnel/Shift 3 ea. vessel crew/general techs	Vessel platform	Via marine waters Chart 16608-1	Fish- intertidal spawning-salmon (May-Sept.) Birds-waterfowl concentration, eagle nesting, seabird nesting Marine mammals- otters, seal Habitat- marsh, sheltered rocky shoreline, exposed tidal flats. Human use — wildlife viewing	Vessel master should have local knowledge. Seasonal Hallo Bay Wilderness Lodge located at the Kaguyak village site may provide support and local knowledge. A large population of bears forage on the tidal flats in the spring and are present during salmon runs. A bear guard is required during these periods. Title 41 - Fish Habitat Permit required from ADNR. Site surveyed: 7/13/06 KGRS Tactics Committee. Tested: not yet