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9770.6 - North Slope

The following presents regional organizational information for the North Slope Subarea:

(The area code for all phone and fax numbers is 907, unless otherwise indicated) Borough:

North Slope Borough, P.O. Box 69, Barrow, AK 99723;

Phone: 852-2611; Fax: 852-0337;

E-mail: charlotte.brower@north-slope.org http://www.north-slope.org <

Regional Native Corporation:

Arctic Slope Regional Corp., P.O. Box 129, Barrow, AK 99723;

Phone: 852-8633; Fax: 852-5733

School District:

North Slope Borough Schools, Box 169, Barrow, AK 99723-0169;

Phone: 852-5311; Fax: 852-5984

Regional Development:

North Slope Borough, Mayor's Office P.O. Box 69, Barrow, AK 99723;

Phone: 852-2611; Fax: 852-0337;

E-mail: charlotte.brower@north-slope.org http://www.north-slope.org <

Housing Authority:

Tagiugmiullu Nunamiullu Housing Authority, P.O. Box 409, Barrow, AK 99723;

Phone: 852-0290; Fax: 852-0373

Regional Health Corporation:

Arctic Slope Native Association, Box 1232 Barrow, AK 99723

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION:

ARCTIC COUNCIL WEBSITE: HTTP://WWW.ARCTIC-COUNCIL.ORG/INDEX.PHP/EN/

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9770.6.01 – Anaktuvuk Pass

ANAKTUVUK PASS

Pronunciation: an-ack-TOO-vick

a.k.a. Nagsragmiut Tribe

Population: 324 (2010 U.S. Census Population)

Incorporation Type: 2nd Class City

Borough Located In: North Slope Borough

Location & Climate:

Anaktuvuk Pass is located at 2,200 feet elevation on the divide between the Anaktuvuk and John Rivers in the central Brooks Range. The village lies about 250 miles northwest of Fairbanks and about the same distance southeast of Barrow. Anaktuvuk Pass is one of the most scenic villages on the North Slope, surrounded by tall mountains and near rivers and lakes. The community is located in the Gates of the Arctic National Parks and Preserve.

68.143 North Latitude and -151.735 West Longitude. Sec. 18, T015S, R002E, Umiat Meridian

The climate of Anaktuvuk Pass is strongly continental. Due to its high elevation, summers are cool. The average temperature in January is -14 °F. The average summer temperature is 50 °F. Extremes ranging from a low of -56 to a high of 91 °F have been recorded. Precipitation averages 11 inches and snowfall averages 63 inches per year.

EMERGENCY SERVICES				
Police,	852-6111	Fire,	Dispatch 661-6814	
North Slope Borough		Anaktuvuk Pass VFD	Office 633-6814	
VPSO		EMS	Contact VFD	
Alaska State	852-3783	Clinic,	661-3914	
Troopers, Barrow		Anaktuvuk Pass Clinic		

LOCAL ORGANIZATIONS AND STAKEHOLDERS					
	Name		Phone		Fax
City	City of	Anaktuvuk	661-3612		661-3613
	Pass				
		Primary Contact	ct:	City Cle	erk
Village/Tribal Council	Village	of Anaktuvuk	661-2575	•	661-2576
	Pass				
	(a.k.a.	Naqsragmiut			
	Tribal	Council)			
		Primary Contact	ct:	[INSER	T TITLE, President,
				Admin	istrator, Admin Asst.]
	Environmental				
	Coordinator:				
School	Nunan	niut School	661-3226	•	

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School District	North Slope Borough	852-5311	
	Schools		
Village Corporation	Nunamiut	661-3220	661-3025
	Corporation		
Regional Native	Arctic Slope Regional	339-6000 (Anch.)	339-6028
Corporation	Corp	852-8633 (Barrow)	
OTHER			

TRANSPORTATION			
ROAD:	Accessible by r	oad?	No road access.
	Airline service	available from	Scheduled and charter flights
AIR:	Fairbanks & Ba	rrow.	available.
WATER:	Accessible by b	oat?	No.
Local Transportation a	nd Services		
Local Transportation:		ATV & Snowmachines, limited truck use	
		"Cat-trains" transport cargo from the Trans-	
		Alaska pipeline haul road during winter	
Local Roads and Trails:		months	
Vehicle Rental:			
		Arctic Circle Ai	r Service, Era Alaska, Evert Air
		Alaska, Larry's	Flying Service Tanana Air
		Service, Warbelow's Air Ventures and Wright	
Airline Services:		Air Service	

LOCAL SERVICES AND FACILITIES					
Loc	Lodging & Food				
Housing					
Facility	Point of Contact		Phone		
[Name 1]					
	Food Service Availab	le: Yes/No			
Capacity:	Kitchen Available: Yes	s/No	Season:		
[Name 2]					
	Food Service Availab	le: Yes/No			
Capacity:	Kitchen Available: Yes	s/No	Season:		
Food Service	ce & Groceries				
Name/Fa					
cility	Type	Season	Phone		
	[Restaurant/Cafeteri				
	a/				
	Grocery Store]				
	[Restaurant/Cafeteri				
	a/				
	Grocery Store]				
	[Restaurant/Cafeteri				
	a/				
	Grocery Store]				

	[Restai	ırant/Cafeteri			
	a/	arany careter			
	Grocery	v Storel			
Sur		Other Services	5		
	Name	other oct vices		Phone	
General	rtanic			· ···oiic	
Store					
Hardware					
Store					
Washeter					
ia					
Bank or					
ATM					
[Other]					
Fue	el				
Fuel					
Stations	Phone		Fuel Available	Season	
[Name/O					
perator]					
Tank					
Farm	Phone		Fuel Available	Capacity	
[Name/O					
perator]					
Car		اندا المصممين	lition		
Cor	nmunica	tions and Util			
Telephone		Name/Servic	Le Provider		
(Landline)		AT&T Alasco	om, GCI, Arctic Slope Teler	phone	
Telephone		ATQT Alasec	in, dei, Aretie Slope Telep	Shorie	
(Cellular)		GCI			
Internet Se	rvice				
Provider		GCI			
Electricity					
Provider		North Slope Borough Power & Light, 852-0340			
Local Powe	r Plant	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
School Pow	/er				
Plant					
Primary Wa	ater	er Most households have water delivered by truck to holding tanks. Almost			
Supply Syst	em:	80% of home	es have running water in t	the kitchen.	
Primary Sev	Primary Sewage				
System:		Information	not available.		

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT

The following facilities may be available to support a spill response. Contact local communities for additional information.				
1				
orations Contars or Mooting Facilities				
I		Internet		
		internet		
(Organization & phone)	Size	Yes / No		
		1037 140		
1				
Contact	Capacity/ S	ize		
(organization & phone)				
nt				
Contact	Quantity			
(organization & phone)				
supply, seasonal water rationing, lacl	k of lodging, was	ste-water		
1				
What are the top two sensitive areas (<i>environmental or cultural</i>) to be protected in case of an oil spill?				
Latitude & Longitute	Reason for	protection		
		•		
	contact (organization & phone) Contact (organization & phone) Contact (organization & phone) nt Contact (organization & phone) in the community for supporting a lacupply, seasonal water rationing, lacu	erations Centers or Meeting Facilities Contact (organization & phone) Contact (organization & phone) Contact (organization & phone) Contact (organization & phone) The Contact (organization & phone) In the community for supporting a large spill responsible supply, seasonal water rationing, lack of lodging, was seasonal water rationing, lack of lod		

Economic and employment opportunities are limited in Anaktuvuk Pass, due to its isolation. Hunting and trapping for the sale of skins, guiding hunters, or making traditional Caribou skin masks or clothing provides income. Some residents have seasonal employment outside of the community. Anaktuvuk's economy is largely based on subsistence hunting of caribou.

Culture & Demographics:

Anaktuvuk Pass, a historic caribou migration route, is the last remaining settlement of the inland lñupiat Eskimo, the Nunamiut. The Nunamiut make up 88 percent of the population. The community is dependent upon subsistence activities. Caribou is the primary source of meat;

other subsistence foods include trout, grayling, moose, sheep, brown bear, ptarmigan, water fowl and berries. Caribou migrate through the area in spring and fall.

The original nomadic Nunamiut left the Brooks Range and scattered in the early 1900s, mostly due to the collapse of the caribou population. By the 1940s, several Nunamiut families returned to the area and settled at the broad, treeless Anaktuvuk Pass, "the place of caribou droppings." There is a year-round museum in Anaktuvuk Pass that celebrates the early natural, geological and cultural history of the area, including the migration of people across the Bering Land Bridge. The museum also displays Nunamiut clothing, household goods and hunting implements used around the time of the first contact with Westerners.

9770.6.02 - Atqasuk

ATQASUK - Pronunciation: AT-kuh-suck **a.k.a.** Atkasook

Population: 233 (2010 U.S. Census Population)

Incorporation Type: 2nd Class City

Borough Located In: North Slope Borough

Location & Climate:

Atqasuk is located inland from the Arctic Ocean on the Meade River, about 60 miles southwest of Barrow.

70.469 North Latitude and -157.395 West Longitude. Sec. 19, T013N, R021W, Umiat Meridian

The climate is arctic. The daily minimum temperature drops below freezing 300 days a year. Temperature extremes range from a low of -56 to a high of 78 °F. Precipitation is light, at 5 inches per year. Snowfall averages 22 inches per year.

EMERGENCY SERVICES			
Police,	852-6111	Fire, Atqasuk VFD	633-6814
North Slope Borough			
VPSO		EMS	Contact VFD
Alaska State	852-3783	Clinic, Atqasuk Clinic	633-6711
Troopers, Barrow			

LOCAL ORGANIZATIONS AND STAKEHOLDERS				
	Name		Phone	Fax
City	City of Atqasuk		633-6811	633-6812
	Primary Contact:	City Clerk		
Village/Tribal	Atqasuk Village		633-2575	633-2576
Council				
	Primary Contact:	[INSERT TITLE, Presid	lent, Administrator,	Admin
		Asst.]		
	Environmental Cod	ordinator:		
School	Meade River School		633-6315	
School District	North Slope Borough Schools		852-5311	
Village	Atqasuk Corporation	n	633-6414	633-6213
Corporation				
Regional Native	Arctic Slope Regional Corp		339-6000 (Anch.)	339-6028
Corporation			852-8633	
			(Barrow)	
OTHER				

TRANSPORTATION		
ROAD:	Accessible by road?	No road access

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AIR:	Airline service available from Barrow		Scheduled and charter flights available.	
WATER:	Accessible by b	noat?	avanasie.	
Local Transportation a				
Local Transportation:		ATVs & Snowm	nachines. Limited truck use.	
·		Air travel provi	ides the only year-round	
		•	and transportation provides	
		seasonal acces	s. The North Slope Borough	
		owns and oper	rates the Edward Burnell Sr.	
		Memorial Airp	ort, which has a 4,370' long by	
		90' wide grave	el runway. "Cat-trains" are	
	,		ed to transport freight overland	
			uring winter months.	
		Snowmachines	s, ATVs, and boats are used for	
Local Roads and Trails:		local transportation.		
Vehicle Rental:		None identified	d	
		4,370' long by	90' wide gravel runway.	
		Airlines: Cape	Smythe Air Service Frontier	
Airline Services:		Flying Service,	Era Alaska	
Docking Facilities:				
Barge Service Schedule/Freque	ency:			

LOCAL SERVICES AND FACILITIES					
Lodging & Foo	d				
Housing Facility		Point of Conta	ct	Phone	
Atqasuk Corp. Hotel &					
Restaurant					
		Food Service	Available: Yes		
Capacity: XXX		Kitchen Availal	ole: No	Seasor	1:
School CIP Camp					
		Food Service	Available:		
		Yes/No			
Capacity: XXX		Kitchen Availal	ole: Yes/No	Season:	
Food Service & Grocer	ies				T
Name/Facility	Type		Season		Phone
	Atqasu	k Corporation			
	Store (Groceries)			
	[Resta	urant/Cafeteri			
	a/				
	Grocer	y Store]			
	[Resta	urant/Cafeteri			
	a/				
	Grocery Store]				
	[Resta	urant/Cafeteri			
	a/				
		y Store]			
Supplies & Oth	er Servi	ces			

		Name		Phone	
		Atgasuk Corpo	ration Store -		
		food, clothing,			
		supplies, came			
		hardware. Pro	pane, gas,		
		diesel and mot	tor oil are also		
General Store		available.			
Hardware Store					
Washeteria					
Bank or ATM					
[Other]					
Fuel					
Fuel Stations	Phone		Fuel Available		Capacity (gallons)
Atqasuk Corp. Store			Propane, gas, o	diesel	2,000
Tank Farms					
Atqasuk Corp./NSB					
Fuel					580,000
NSB School					10,000
NSB Police					1,100
NSB Fire					7,000
NSB Clinic					6,700
NSB Power/Water					87,500
NSB Services					10,000
NSB Heavy					
Equipment					5,000
City Hall/Community					
Center					2,000
Communicatio	ns and l	Jtilities			
			Name/Service	Provide	er
Telephone (Landline)			AT&T Alascom	, GCI, Ar	ctic Slope Telephone
Telephone (Cellular)			GCI		
Internet Service Provid	er		GCI		
			· ·	rough P	ower & Light, 852-
Electricity Provider			0340		
Local Power Plant					
School Power Plant					
			Delivery to hou		
					have tanks that
			· ·	_	for the kitchen. The
					facilities, including the
Primary Water Supply S	_		school, have running water and flush system.		
Primary Sewage System:		Indoor Plumbing			

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT

The following facilities may be available to support a spill response. Contact local communities for additional information.

Potential Command Posts, C	perations Centers or Meeting Facilit	ties		
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Capacity/	Internet	
	(organization & phone)	Size		
			Yes / No	
Potential Staging Areas				
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Capacity/ S	Size	
	(organization & phone)			
Local Spill Response Equipm	ent			
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Quantity	Quantity	
	(organization & phone)			
Boom, sorbent pads, etc.				
Backhoe				
Bulldozer				
Dump truck or similar				
[other]				
[other]				
Are there any limiting factor	s in the community for supporting a	large spill respo	nse effort?	
Examples are restricted food	l supply, seasonal water rationing, la	ack of lodging, w	aste-water	
restrictions, etc.				
What are the top two sensit	ive areas (<u>environmental</u> or <u>cultural</u>) to be protected	d in case of	
an oil spill?				
Location	Latitude & Longitute	Reason for	protection	

Education and other government services provide the majority of full-time employment in Atqasuk. Some residents also produce arts and crafts for sale including masks, mittens, dolls, yoyos, ulus and parkas. Residents trap and sell furs to supplement cash income. Subsistence activities provide food sources.

Culture & Demographics:

Inupiat Eskimos comprise 91% of the population. Atqasuk's economy is largely based on subsistence caribou hunting and fishing. Fish in the Meade River include grayling, burbot, salmon and whitefish. Local game includes, ptarmigan, ducks and geese. Residents also travel to the coast to participate in whaling and hunting other marine mammals - polar bear, seal, walrus, and whale are harvested and traded.

History: Atqasuk has long been established as a hunting and fishing ground. Abandoned sod houses, an old cellar and gravesite near the village provide evidence of an early settlement here. During World War II, coal was mined in the community and freighted to Barrow. During the next 10 years, the village existed under the name of Meade River. Although the population dwindled in the 1960s, former residents from Barrow moved to the community in the 1970s and reestablished the village under the name of Atqasuk. The village was incorporated as a second-class city in 1982.

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9770.6.03 - Barrow

BARROW - Pronunciation: (BARE-row) a.k.a. Ukpeagvik

Population: 4,212 (2010 U.S. Census Population)

Incorporation Type: 1st Class City

Borough Located In: North Slope Borough

Location & Climate:

Barrow, the northernmost community in the United States, is located on the Chukchi Sea coast, 10 miles south of Point Barrow, from which it takes its name. It lies 725 air miles from Anchorage.

71.290 North Latitude and 156.788 West Longitude. Sec. 06, T022N, R018W, Umiat Meridian

The climate of Barrow is arctic. Temperatures range from -56 to 78 °F, with an average temperature of 40 °F during summer. The daily minimum temperature is below freezing 324 days of the year. Prevailing winds are easterly and average 12 mph. Annual precipitation is light, averaging 5 inches, and annual snowfall is 20 inches. The Chukchi Sea is typically ice-free from mid-June through October.

The sun does not set between May 10th and August 2nd each summer and does not rise between Nov. 18th and January 24th each winter.

EMERGENCY SERVICES			
Police,	852-6111	Fire,	852-0234
North Slope Borough		Barrow VFD	
VPSO		EMS	Contact VFD
Alaska State	852-3783	Hospital/Clinic,	852-9248/
Troopers, Barrow		Samuel Simmonds	852-0260
		Memorial Hospital	

LOCAL ORGANIZATIONS AND STAKEHOLDERS						
	Name		Phone	Fax		
City	City of Barrow		852-5211	852-3529		
	Primary Contact:	City Clerk				
Village/Tribal	Inupiat Community	of the Arctic Slope	852-4227	852-4246		
Council						
	Primary Contact:	[INSERT TITLE, Presid	lent, Administrator,	Admin		
		Asst.]				
	Environmental (Coordinator:				
Village/Tribal	Native Village of Bar	row Inupiat	852-4411	852-8844		
Council	Traditional Government					
	Primary Contact:	Executive Director/P	resident			
	Environmental (Coordinator:	_			
Schools	Barrow High School	<u>-</u>	852-8950			

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	Eben Hopson Middle School	852-3880	
	Fred Ipalook Elementary School	852-4711	
	Kiita Learning Community	852-9677	
School District	North Slope Borough Schools	852-5311	
Village	Ukpeagvik Inupiat Corporation	852-4460	852-4459
Corporation			
Regional Native	Arctic Slope Regional Corp	339-6000 (Anch.)	339-6028
Corporation		852-8633	
		(Barrow)	
OTHER	Alaska Eskimo Whaling Commission	852-2392	
	Arctic Slope Native Association, Ltd.		
	Arctic Sounder, Barrow (newspaper)		
	North Slope Health & Social Services		
	Tagiugmiullu Nunamiullu Housing		
	Authority		
	Iļisaģvik College	852-3333	
	Barrow Arctic Science Consortium	852-4881	
	KBRW (Radio Station)	852-6811	
	Inupiat Heritage Center (National Park	852-0422	
	Service)		

TRANSP	ORTATION			
ROAD:	Accessible by road?		No.	
	Airline service availa	ble		
	from Anchorage &			
AIR:	Fairbanks		Barrow is regional transportation hub.	
WATE			Seasonal marine transportation (Late June-	
R:	Accessible by boat?		September)	
	Local Transportation	and Serv	ices	
Local Tra	ansportation:	Cars &	trucks; atvs & snowmachines.	
Local Ro	ads and Trails:	Local ro	pads in town. Winter trails connect to outlying areas.	
		Jon's C	on's Car Rental Dunbar's.	
		UIC Car	Rental (852-2700)	
Vehicle I	Rental:	Multipl	e taxi services in town.	
		Regula	rly-scheduled jet services provide Barrow's only year-	
		round a	access.	
Airline S	ervices:	Alaska	Air, Era Alaska	
New bo		New bo	oat ramp and dock located at the North Salt Lagoon to	
Docking	Facilities:	be cons	structed.	
Barge Se	ervice			
Schedule	e/Frequency:			

LOCAL SERVICES AND FACILITIES				
Lodging & Food				
Housing Facility	Point of Contact	Phone		

				852-47	00 kingeider.net/main/in
King Eider Inn				dex.ph	
		Food Service Available: No		F	
Capacity: 19	rooms	Kitchen Available: No			Season: Year-round
Top of the World Hote	l			852-39	00
		Food Service Available: Yes,			
Capacity: 50		adjoi	ning restaurant		Season: Year-round
Food Service & Grocer	ies		T		
Name/Facility	Type		Season		Phone
AC Value Center	Grocer	•			
Multiple Restaurants s	erve the	community.	T		
Supplies & Otl	ner Servi				
		Name	/6 10	Phone	
Compand Stans		AC Value Cente	•	052.63	411
General Store		general merch	•	852-67 852-66	
Hardware Store		Arctic Grocery	inc	852-00	000
Washeteria					
Bank or ATM					
Major repair services a	re availe	thle for marine	auto and aircraft	t engine	. Diesel propane
marine gas, aviation fu		-		_	s. Diesei, propune,
Fuel	ici ana a	n grades of date	gus are avanasi		
Fuel Stations	Phone		Fuel Available		Season
[Name/Operator]					
Bulk Fuel	Phone				
			Fuel Available		Capacity
			Fuel Available natural gas for	home	Capacity
Barrow Utilities &					Capacity
Barrow Utilities & Electric Cooperative	852-61	.66	natural gas for		
Electric Cooperative Eskimos Inc./Airport	852-61	.66	natural gas for heating and Ba		27,000
Electric Cooperative	852-61	66	natural gas for heating and Ba		
Electric Cooperative Eskimos Inc./Airport Airport			natural gas for heating and Ba		27,000
Electric Cooperative Eskimos Inc./Airport			natural gas for heating and Ba Power Plant	rrow	27,000 240,000
Electric Cooperative Eskimos Inc./Airport Airport Communication			natural gas for heating and Ba Power Plant Name/Service	Provider	27,000 240,000
Electric Cooperative Eskimos Inc./Airport Airport Communicatio Telephone (Landline)			natural gas for heating and Ba Power Plant Name/Service AT&T Alascom,	Provider	27,000 240,000
Electric Cooperative Eskimos Inc./Airport Airport Communication			natural gas for heating and Ba Power Plant Name/Service AT&T Alascom, GCI	Provider	27,000 240,000 ctic Slope Telephone
Electric Cooperative Eskimos Inc./Airport Airport Communicatio Telephone (Landline)	ons and l		natural gas for heating and Ba Power Plant Name/Service AT&T Alascom, GCI GCI, Arctic Slop Cooperative	Provider GCI, Ar	27,000 240,000 ctic Slope Telephone
Electric Cooperative Eskimos Inc./Airport Airport Communicatio Telephone (Landline) Telephone (Cellular)	ons and l		natural gas for heating and Ba Power Plant Name/Service AT&T Alascom, GCI GCI, Arctic Slop Cooperative	Provider GCI, Ar	27,000 240,000 ctic Slope Telephone
Electric Cooperative Eskimos Inc./Airport Airport Communicatio Telephone (Landline) Telephone (Cellular) Internet Service Provice	ons and l		Name/Service AT&T Alascom, GCI, Arctic Slop Cooperative Barrow Utilities	Provider GCI, Ar De Telep	27,000 240,000 ctic Slope Telephone hone Association cric Cooperative, 852-
Electric Cooperative Eskimos Inc./Airport Airport Communicatio Telephone (Landline) Telephone (Cellular) Internet Service Provice	ons and l	Jtilities	Name/Service AT&T Alascom, GCI GCI, Arctic Slop Cooperative Barrow Utilities 6166	Provider GCI, Ar De Telep	27,000 240,000 ctic Slope Telephone hone Association cric Cooperative, 852-

Primary Sewage System:	Indoor Plumbing				
SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT					
	available to support a spill response. Co te: A Community Spill Response Agree				
-					
Potential Command Posts, Ope	erations Centers or Meeting Facilities				
Facility Name or Location	Contact (organization & phone)	Capacity/ Size	Internet		
			Yes / No		
Potential Staging Areas					
Facility Name or Location	Contact (organization & phone)	Capacity/ Size			
Land Caill Danner Francisco					
Local Spill Response Equipmen		Overatity.			
Facility Name or Location	Contact (organization & phone)	Quantity			
Boom, sorbent pads, etc.					
Backhoe					
Bulldozer					
Dump truck or similar					
[other]					
[other]					
	n the community for supporting a large upply, seasonal water rationing, lack of				
What are the <u>top two</u> sensitive oil spill?	e areas (<u>environmental</u> or <u>cultural</u>) to be	e protected i	n case of an		
Location	Latitude & Longitute	Reason for	protection		
_					
		1	1		

Barrow is the economic center of the North Slope Borough, the city's primary employer, and numerous businesses provide support services to oil field operations. State and federal agencies also provide employment. The midnight sun has attracted tourism, and arts and crafts provide some cash income. In 2010, 4 residents held commercial fishing permits. Many residents rely upon subsistence food sources: whale, seal, polar bear, walrus, duck, caribou, grayling, and

whitefish are harvested from the coast or nearby rivers and lakes.

Formation of the North Slope Borough in 1972 and the Arctic Slope Regional Corporation, as well as construction of the Prudhoe Bay oilfields and Trans-Alaska Pipeline, have each contributed to the development of Barrow. Today, tax revenues from the North Slope oil fields fund borough-wide services.

Culture & Demographics:

The majority of residents are Inupiat Eskimos (69%). Although Barrow is a modern community, subsistence hunting, fishing and whaling are still very important to the local economy. Traditional marine mammal hunts and other subsistence practices are an active part of the culture. Bowhead, gray, killer, and beluga whales migrate near Barrow each summer.

History and Historic/Cultural Properties:

<u>Birnick archaeological site</u> contains 16 dwelling mounds of a culture believed to have existed from 500-900 AD. The archaeological findings are considered a key link between the prehistoric cultures of Alaska and Canada.

In 1881, the U.S. Army established a meteorological and magnetic research station near Barrow. Another interesting site is the

<u>Cape Smythe Whaling and Trading Station</u> in nearby Browerville. Cape Smythe was built as a whaling station in 1893 and is the oldest frame building in the Arctic.

During the 1940s and 1950s, the military played an influential role in the area. Construction of the Distant Early Warning (DEW) line and exploration in the National Petroleum Reserve brought new people to the region. During the same time, the Naval Arctic Research Lab (NARL) was built near Barrow.

Visitors to Barrow will arrive at the Wiley Post-Will Rogers Memorial Airport. This airport was named to commemorate the famous pilot and the American humorist who died in an airplane crash just 15 miles south of Barrow in 1935. Across from the airport sits the Will Rogers and Wiley Post

Alaska Inland ACP North Slope-17 Version 1
9770: North Slope Geographic Zone DRAFT, June 2018

9770.6.04 - Deadhorse & Prudhoe Bay

DEADHORSE & PRUDHOE BAY - Pronunciation: PROO-doh

Population: 2,174 (2010 U.S. Census Population)

Incorporation Type: Unincorporated **Borough Located In:** North Slope Borough

Location & Climate:

Prudhoe Bay is adjacent to the Beaufort Sea, east of Nuiqsut, at the end of the Dalton Highway. Deadhorse serves as the gateway to the Prudhoe Bay and other North Slope oilfields.

70.255 North Latitude and 148.337 West Longitude. Sec. 08, T010N, R015E, Umiat Meridian

The climate of the North Slope is arctic. Temperatures range from -56 to 78 °F. Precipitation is light, averaging 5 inches, with 20 inches snow per year.

EMERGENCY SERVICES					
Police	852-6111	Fire, Greater	659-5646		
		Prudhoe Bay Fire			
		Dept.			
VPSO		EMS			
Alaska State	852-3783	Clinic	Beacon Clinic: 659-		
Troopers, Barrow			2699		
			Additional private, oil		
			industry clinics		
			available		

LOCAL ORGANIZATIONS AND STAKEHOLDERS				
	Name	Phone	Fax	
OTHER				

TRANSPORTATION					
			Yes. Dalton Highway/Haul		
ROAD:	Accessible by r	oad?	Road		
	Airline service	available from			
	Anchorage, Fai	rbanks &	Scheduled, daily jet aircraft		
AIR:	Barrow		service and chartered flights		
WATER:	Accessible by boat?		Seasonal marine vessel traffic		
Local Transportation a	nd Services				
Local Transportation:		Trucks			
		Multiple roads serve the oil fields, access is			
		restricted. The Dalton Highway is used year-			
		round by trucks to haul cargo to the North			
Local Roads and Trails:		Slope. There ar	re no services beyond this		

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	point, and the highway is hazardous during winter months.
Vehicle Rental:	
	Alaska Airlines, Era Aviation, Shared Services,
Airline Services:	Alaska Air Taxi
Docking Facilities:	
Barge Service Schedule/Frequency:	

LOCAL SERVICES AND FACILITIES						
Lodging & Food						
Housing Facility		Point of Conta				
Prudhoe Bay Hotel/				659-2449/		
Deadhorse Camp				877-474-3565 or 388-8535		
		Food Service	e Available: Yes			
Ca	pacity:	Kitcher	n Available: No		Season: Year-round	
The Aurora Hotel				670-06	500	
			e Available: Yes			
	pacity:	Kitcher	n Available: No		Season: Year-round	
Arctic Caribou Inn &						
Restaurant			A 11 1 1 1	659-23	368	
6			e Available: Yes		C	
Ca	pacity:	Kitcher	n Available: No		Season:	
Food Service & Grocer	ios					
Name/Facility					Phone	
Prudhoe Bay General	Туре		Season		Filone	
Store	Limite	d groceries Year-round		659-2412		
Supplies & Oth			Tear rearra		000 2 112	
опрриот от от		Name		Phone		
General Store		Prudhoe Bay General Store		659-24	l12	
		Brooks Range Supply: Napa				
		Auto Parts and	True Value			
Hardware Store		Hardware		659-25	550	
Washeteria						
		One is located	at Prudhoe			
ATM		Bay Hotel				
		Peak Light Duty				
Auto Repair		duty truck, mechanical & tire		659-2033		
		Conam: Ford A				
A to Door		Warranty car 8	• ,			
Auto Repair				659-92	.82	
Cargo Shinning			ransporting	CEO 2200		
Cargo Shipping 659-2398 Fuel)30 		
Fuel Stations	Phone		Fuel Available		Season	
Nana Oilfield	659-28		Fuel Available		Jeasuli	
Ivana Omieiu	033-20) , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 				

Services/ Chevron					
Tank Farm	Phone		Fuel Available		Capacity
[Name/Operator]					
Communicatio	ns and l	1		ı	
		Name/Service	Provider	Phone	
		Arctic Slope Te	lephone		
Telephone (Landline)		Association Co	operative		
		GCI			
Telephone (Cellular)		ACS			
		Arctic Slope Te	lephone		
Internet Service Provider Association		Association Co	operative		
Electricity Provider	ectricity Provider TDX Power			659-25	59
Primary Water Supply System:		Piped Water Sy		/stem	
Primary Sewage System:		Indoor Plumbir		ng	

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT				
	pe available to support a spill respo	nse. Contact local	communities	
for additional information.		<u> </u>		
Potential Command Posts, O	perations Centers or Meeting Facil	ities		
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Capacity/	Internet	
	(organization & phone)	Size		
			Yes / No	
Potential Staging Areas				
Facility Name or Location	Contact Capacity/ S		Size	
	(organization & phone)			
Local Spill Response Equipme	ent			
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Quantity		
	(organization & phone)			
Boom, sorbent pads, etc.				
Backhoe				
Bulldozer				
Dump truck or similar				
[other]				
[other]				

Are there any limiting factors in the community for supporting a large spill response effort? Examples are restricted food supply, seasonal water rationing, lack of lodging, waste-water restrictions, etc.							
What are the <u>top two</u> sensitive areas (<u>environmental</u> or <u>cultural</u>) to be protected in case of an oil spill?							
Location	Latitude & Longitude Reason for protection						

The Prudhoe Bay oil fields provide some 2-3% of the nation's domestic oil supply and employ over 5,000 individuals in drilling, pipeline operations, cargo transportation, and a variety of support positions. U.S. Census population and employment figures reflect only permanent residents of Deadhorse and Prudhoe Bay -- most oil field workers travel home to Anchorage or the lower 48 when off duty. Pre-arranged tours are available through various tour companies.

Culture & Demographics:

Prudhoe Bay is a large work camp for the oil industry. All residents are employees of oil-drilling or oil-producation and support companies and work long consecutive shifts. Living quarters and food are provided to the workforce.

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9770: North Slope Geographic Zone DR

9770.6.05 - Kaktovik

KAKTOVIK - Pronunciation: (kack-TOH-vick); includes Barter Island

Population: 239 (2010 U.S. Census) **Incorporation Type:** 2nd Class City

Borough Located In: North Slope Borough

Location & Climate:

Kaktovik lies on the north shore of Barter Island, between the Okpilak and Jago Rivers on the Beaufort Sea coast. Kaktovik is 90 miles west of the Canadian border and 280 miles southeast of Barrow. The ruins of old Kaktovik can be seen from the road linking the village to the airport. It lies in the 19.6-million-acre Arctic National Wildlife Refuge, an occasional calving ground for the porcupine caribou herd.

70.132 North Latitude and 143.624 West Longitude.

Sec. 13, T009N, R033E, Umiat Meridian

The climate of Kaktovik is arctic. Temperatures range from -56 to 78 °F. Precipitation is light, averaging 5 inches, with snowfall averaging 20 inches.

EMERGENCY SERVICES						
Police	852-6111	Fire,	640-6212			
		Kaktovik VFD				
VPSO		EMS	Contact VFD			
Alaska State	852-3783	Clinic,	640-6413			
Troopers, Barrow		Kaktovik Clinic				

LOCAL ORGANIZATIONS AND STAKEHOLDERS							
	Name		Phone	Fax			
City	City of Kaktovik		640-6313	640-6314			
	Primary Contact:	City Clerk					
Village/Tribal	Kaktovik Village (aka	a: Barter Island)	640-2042	640-2044			
Council							
	Primary Contact:	[INSERT TITLE, Presid	dent, Administrator,	Admin			
		Asst.]					
	Environmental (Coordinator:					
School	Harold Kaveolook So	Harold Kaveolook School					
School District	North Slope Borough Schools		852-5311				
Village	Kaktovik Inupiat Cor	poration	640-6120	640-6217			
Corporation							
Regional Native	Arctic Slope Regional Corp		339-6000 (Anch.)	339-6028			
Corporation			852-8633				
			(Barrow)				
OTHER							

TRANSPORTATION		
ROAD:	Accessible by road?	No road access.

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AIR:	Airline service available from Fairbanks & Barrow		Scheduled and charter flights available.		
			Seasonal marine vessel		
WATER:	Accessible by b	oat?	traffic.		
Local Transportation a	nd Services				
Local Transportation:	Local Transportation:		ATV & Snowmachines, limited truck use		
		"Cat-trains" transport cargo from the Trans-			
	Alaska pipeline		e haul road during winter		
Local Roads and Trails:		months			
Vehicle Rental:					
Airline Services:		Era Aviation			
Docking Facilities:					
Barge Service Schedule/Freque	ency:	Summer months			

LOCAL SERVICES AND FACILITIES						
Lodging & Food						
Housing Facility		Point of Conta	ct	Phone	Phone	
Waldo Arms Hotel				640-65	513	
		Food Service	Available:			
		Unknown				
Capacity:		Kitchen Availal	ole: Unknown	Seasor	n:	
Happy Valley Lodge				640-65	513	
		Food Service	Available:			
		Unknown				
Capacity:		Kitchen Availal	ole: Unknown	Seasor	1:	
Food Service & Grocer	ies					
Name/Facility	Type		Season		Phone	
General Store	Grocer	ies				
	[Resta	urant/Cafeteri				
	a/					
		y Store]				
	_	urant/Cafeteri				
	a/					
		y Store]				
	[Resta	urant/Cafeteri				
	a/					
		y Store]				
Supplies & Oth	er Servi	ces				
		Name		Phone		
		Kaktovik Inupia				
		Corporation/G				
		(groceries, clot	•			
	supplies, hard					
General Store	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		ng goods)			
Hardware Store						
Washeteria						
Bank or ATM						

		Fuel: marine gas, diesel,				
		propane, unleaded and				
		regular.				
		Auto & Aircraft repair				
		services				
		Charter aircraf	t service is			
		available.				
Other Services:						
Fuel						
Fuel Stations	Phone		Fuel Available		Season	
[Name/Operator]						
Tank Farm	Phone		Fuel Available		Capacity	
[Name/Operator]						
No information						
available.						
Communication	ns and l	Jtilities				
			Name/Service	Provide	er	
AT&T Alascom, GCI, Ar	ctic Slop	e Telephone	AT&T Alascom,	, GCI, A	rctic Slope T	elephone
GCI			GCI			
GCI			GCI			
North Slope Borough F	ower &	Light, 852-	North Slope Bo	rough	Power & Lig	ht, 852-
0340			0340			
Local Power Plant						
School Power Plant						
			Water is delive	red by	truck to hold	ding tanks;
Primary Water Supply	System:		all homes have running water in the kitchen.			
Primary Sewage Syster	n:		Indoor Plumbing/ Piped & Haul System			
SPILL RESPONSE SUPP	ORT					
The following facilities	may be	available to sup _l	port a spill respo	nse. Co	ntact local c	ommunities
for additional informat	tion.					
Potential Command P		erations Centers	or Meeting Fac	ilities		
Facility Name or Locat	ion	Contact			Capacity/	Internet
		(organization 8	& phone)		Size	

Yes / No

Potential Staging Areas				
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Capacity/ S	ize	
	(organization & phone)		0	
	,			
Local Spill Response Equipmen				
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Quantity		
Danie androue na da acta	(organization & phone)			
Boom, sorbent pads, etc.				
Backhoe				
Bulldozer				
Dump truck or similar				
[other]				
[other]				
•	in the community for supporting a larg			
-	supply, seasonal water rationing, lack o	of lodging, w	aste-water	
restrictions, etc.				
What are the top two sensitive areas (environmental or cultural) to be protected in case of				
an oil spill?				
Location	Latitude & Longitute	Reason for	protection	

Economic opportunities in Kaktovik are limited due to the community's isolation, and unemployment is high. Most employment is in education, the North Slope Borough, or city services. Part-time seasonal jobs, such as construction projects, provide income.

Like other communities in the region, subsistence hunting, fishing and whaling play a major role in the local economy. Hunting in the nearby area is for Dall sheep, moose, caribou, and fox. The community also produces arts and crafts for sale such as etched baleen, carved ivory and masks. About one in every five household heads in Kaktovik receive monies from craft income.

Culture & Demographics:

Due to Kaktovik's isolation, the village has maintained its Inupiat Eskimo traditions. In the 2010 U.S. Census, 90% of residence identified as all or part Alaska Native, mostly Inupiat Eskimo. Subsistence is highly dependent upon caribou.

Alaska Inland ACP 9770: North Slope Geographic Zone

9770.6.06 - Nuigsut

NUIQSUT - **Pronunciation**: (new-WICK-sit); var. Nooiksut

Population: 402 (2010 U.S. Census Population)

Incorporation Type: 2nd Class City

Borough Located In: North Slope Borough

Location & Climate:

Nuiqsut is located on the west bank of the Nechelik Channel of the Colville River Delta, about 35 river miles/18 air miles from the Beaufort Sea coast. It is 135 miles southeast of Barrow. The Colville River Delta has traditionally been a gathering and trading place for the Inupiat, and a good source for hunting and fishing. The Alpine Oilfield is eight miles from the village of Nuiqsut and a portion of the oilfield is on lands owned by Kuukpik Corporation and ASRC. 70.217 North Latitude and 150.976 West Longitude.

Sec. 18, T010N, R005E, Umiat Meridian

The climate is arctic. Temperatures range from -56 to 78 °F. On average, the daily minimum temperature is below freezing 297 days each year. Annual precipitation is light, averaging 5 inches, with 20 inches of snowfall.

EMERGENCY SERVICES				
Police,	852-6111	Fire, Nuiqsut VFD	480-6613	
North Slope Borough				
VPSO		EMS	Contact VFD	
Alaska State	852-3783	Clinic, Nuiqsut Clinic	480-6720	
Troopers, Barrow				

LOCAL ORGANIZATIONS AND STAKEHOLDERS					
	Name		Phone	Fax	
City	City of Nuiqsut		480-6727	480-6928	
	Primary Contact:	City Clerk			
Village/Tribal	Native Village of Nu	iqsut	480-3010	480-2714	
Council					
	Primary Contact: [INSERT TITLE, President Primary Contact President Primary Contact Primary Co		dent, Administrator, Admin		
		Asst.]			
	Environmental Coordinator:				
School	Nuiqsut Trapper Sch	nool	480-6712		
School District	North Slope Boroug	h Schools	852-5311		
Village	Kuukpik Corporation	n	480-6220	480-6126	
Corporation					
Regional Native	Arctic Slope Regional Corp		339-6000 (Anch.)	339-6028	
Corporation			852-8633		
			(Barrow)		
OTHER					

Alaska Inland ACP 9770: North Slope Geographic Zone

TRANSPORTATION			
ROAD:	Accessible by r	oad?	Nuiqsut residents have access to the Dalton Highway four months of the year.
	Airline service		Scheduled and chartered
AIR:	Barrow		flights available.
			Residents use boats on Colville River.
WATER:	Accessible by b	oat?	
Local Transportation a	nd Services		
Local Transportation:		Snowmachines and ATVs	
Local Roads and Trails:			
Vehicle Rental:		TC Rental, Rosies Taxi Rental	
		Freight arrives year-round by air cargo.	
Airline Services:		Airlines: Era Aviation	
Docking Facilities:		None	
Barge Service Schedule/Freque	ncy:	No regular ser	vice.
	ncy:		vice.

LOCAL SERVICES AND FACILITIES					
Lodging & Food					
Housing Facility Point of Contact		ct Phone			
Borough Bunkhouse		UNKNOWN/IN	SERT	UNKNO	OWN/INSERT
		Food Service	Available:		
		Yes/No			
Capacity: ??		Kitchen Availal	ole: Yes/No	Seasor	**
Kuukpik Corporation He	otel			480-62	20
		Food Service	Available:		
		Yes/No			
Capacity:		Kitchen Availal	ole: Yes/No	Seasor	1:
Food Service & Grocer			T		T -
Name/Facility	Туре		Season		Phone
	-	urant/Cafeteri			
	a/	- 1			
		ry Store]			
	_	urant/Cafeteri			
	a/	C: 1			
		y Store]			
	•	urant/Cafeteri			
	a/	. C 1			
		ry Store]			
	_	urant/Cafeteri			
	a/ Grocor	y Storol			
Supplies 9 Oth	Grocery Store] Supplies & Other Services				
Supplies & Oth	ier servi	Name		Phone	
General Store		ivaille		FIIOITE	
Hardware Store					
Haraware Store					

Washeteria					
Bank or ATM					
[Other]		Supplies available in town include groceries, clothing, first-aid supplies, hardware, camera film and sporting goods. Available fuel includes marine gas, diesel, propane, white gas kerosene and regular gasoline.			
Fuel					
Fuel Stations	Phone		Fuel Available		Season
[Name/Operator]					
Bulk Fuel	Phone		Fuel Available		Capacity
NSB Fuel Station					468,000
NSB Fire/Rescue					8,000
NSB Municipal					32,000
NSB Electric					160,000
City					10,000
NSB Schools					2,750
NSB Clinic					6,500
NSB Police					1,100
NSB old Public Safety					2,000
Assembly of God					1,100
Kuukpik Presbyterian Church					2,000
Communicatio	ns and L	Jtilities			
		Name/Service	Provider	Phone	
Telephone (Landline)			AT&T Alascom	GCI, Ar	ctic Slope Telephone
Telephone (Cellular)			GCI		
Internet Service Provid	er		GCI		
			North Slope Borough Power & Light, 852-		
Electricity Provider		0340			
Local Power Plant					
			•	•	ovides piped natural
					decreases the cost of
			~		tric generator and
Home & Building Heati	ng		heating homes	and oth	ier racilities.
			A majority of h	omes ha	ave running water to
			the kitchen. W	ater is h	auled to
Primary Water Supply S	System:		homes/facilities.		
			Majority Indoor Plumbing (haul system or		
Primary Sewage System	n:		septics)		

Residents have individual water tanks with water delivery. Hauling services are provided..

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT			
The following facilities may be	available to support a spill response. Co	ontact local c	communities
for additional information.			
Potential Command Posts, Op	erations Centers or Meeting Facilities		
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Capacity/	Internet
	(organization & phone)	Size	
			Yes / No
Potential Staging Areas			
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Capacity/ S	Size
	(organization & phone)		
Local Spill Response Equipmen	nt		
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Quantity	
	(organization & phone)		
Boom, sorbent pads, etc.			
Backhoe			
Bulldozer			
Dump truck or similar			
[other]			
[other]			
	in the community for supporting a larg		
=	supply, seasonal water rationing, lack o	of lodging, w	aste-water
restrictions, etc.			
	I		
What are the top two sensitive an oil spill?	e areas (<u>environmental</u> or <u>cultural</u>) to	be protected	l in case of
Location	Latitude & Longitute	Reason for	protection
	-		

Economy:

Unemployment is high in Nuiqsut. The Kuukpik Native Corporation, school, borough services, and store provide most of the year-round employment in the village. Trapping and craft-making provide some income. Caribou, bowhead and beluga whale, seal, moose, and fish are staples of the diet. Polar bears are also hunted.

Alaska Inland ACP North Slope-30
9770: North Slope Geographic Zone

Culture & Demographics:

In the 2010 U.S. Census, 90% of residence identified as all or part Alaska Native, mostly Inupiat Eskimo. Residents practice a traditional subsistence lifestyle.

During the early 20th century, Christian missionaries were introduced to the Barrow region. This movement, along with the emergence of healthcare services and schools provided by the Bureau of Indian Affairs, prompted the Iñupiat from Nuiqsut to immigrate to Barrow. The old village of Nuiqsut (Itqilippaa) was abandoned in the late 1940s, because there was no school. In 1973, 27 Iñupiat families moved back to Nuiqsut from Barrow, and lived in tents braving the elements for over 18 months. In 1974, the Arctic Slope Regional Corporation funded construction of the village.

9770.6.07 - Point Hope

POINT HOPE

Population: 674 (2010 U.S. Census Population)

Incorporation Type: 2nd Class City

Borough Located In: North Slope Borough

Location & Climate:

Point Hope is located near the end of a triangular spit, the Point Hope peninsula, jutting 15 miles into the Chukchi Sea, 250 miles southwest of Barrow. The peninsula is a large gravel spit that forms the western-most extension of the northwest Alaska coast. Erosion and a threat of storm flooding from the Chukchi Sea led to its relocation to higher ground in the mid-1970s 68.348 North Latitude and 166.808 West Longitude.

Sec. 16, T034N, R035W, Kateel River Meridian

The climate is arctic. Temperatures range from -49 to 78 °F. Precipitation is light, averaging only 10 inches annually, with 36 inches of snowfall. The Chukchi Sea is ice-free from late June until mid-September.

EMERGENCY SERVICES				
Police,	852-6111	Fire, Point Hope VFD	368-2774	
North Slope Borough				
VPSO		EMS	Contact VFD	
Alaska State	852-3783	Clinic,	368-2234	
Troopers, Barrow		Point Hope Clinic		

LOCAL ORGANIZAT	LOCAL ORGANIZATIONS AND STAKEHOLDERS					
	Name		Phone	Fax		
City	City of Point Hope		368-2537	368-2835		
	Primary Contact:	City Manager				
Village/Tribal	Native Village of Poi	nt Hope	368-2330	368-2332		
Council						
	Primary Contact:	[INSERT TITLE, Presid	lent, Administrator,	Admin		
	Asst.]					
	Environmental Cod	ordinator:				
School	Tikigaq School		368-2662/			
			368-2663			
School District	North Slope Boroug	h Schools	852-5311			
Village	Tigara Corporation		365-6299	365-6250		
Corporation						
Regional Native	Arctic Slope Regional Corp		339-6000 (Anch.)	339-6028		
Corporation			852-8633			
			(Barrow)			
OTHER						

TRANSPORTATION

ROAD:	Accessible by road?		No	
	Airline service	available from	Scheduled and charter flights	
AIR:	Barrow & Kotz	ebue	available.	
			Yes, Late-June thru Mid-	
WATER:	Accessible by b	oat?	September	
Local Transportation and Services				
	Skiffs, umia		(skin boats), and snowmachines	
Local Transportation:		and ATVs are used for local transportation.		
Local Roads and Trails:	Local Roads and Trails:			
Vehicle Rental:		None identified		
		Airlines: Bering Air (from Kotzebue), Era		
Airline Services:		Aviation (Barrow or Kotzebue)		
Docking Facilities:		None identified		
Barge Service Schedule/Frequency:		Summer months		

LOCAL SERVICES AND	FACILITI	ES			
Lodging & Foo		-			
Housing Facility		Point of Conta	ct	Phone	
Whalers Inn				365-62	99
		Food Service	Available: Yes,		
		adjacent resta	urant		
Capacity:		Kitchen Availal	ole: Yes/No	Seasor):
Food Service & Grocer	ies				
Name/Facility	Type		Season		Phone
Tikigaq Corporation	Genera	al			
General Store	Store/	Groceries			
Whaler's Inn					
Restaurant	Restau	rant			
	[Resta	urant/Cafeteri			
	a/				
		y Store]			
	[Resta	urant/Cafeteri			
	a/				
		y Store]			
Supplies & Otl	her Servi	ces			
		Name		Phone	
		Tikigaq Corpor			
		Store - groceri	_ ·		
		first-aid supplie			
		camera film an	id sporting		
General Store goods					
Hardware Store					
Washeteria					
Bank or ATM					
[Other]					
Fuel			I =		
Fuel Stations	Phone		Fuel Available		Season

Unknown		marine gas, diesel, propane, unleaded, regular and supreme			
CHRIOWII		regular and supreme			
Tank Farm	Phone	Fuel Available	Capacity		
[Name/Operator]					
Communication	ons and Utilities				
		Name/Service Provide	Name/Service Provider		
Telephone (Landline)		AT&T Alascom, GCI, A	AT&T Alascom, GCI, Arctic Slope Telephone		
Telephone (Cellular)		GCI			
Internet Service Provid	der	GCI			
		North Slope Borough F	Power & Light, 852-		
Electricity Provider		0340			
Local Power Plant					
School Power Plant					
A number of homes have water t		ave water tanks with			
		delivery, which provid	es running water for		
Primary Water Supply System:		kitchens; others haul v	kitchens; others haul water.		
Primary Sewage System:		Indoor Plumbing & Ho	Indoor Plumbing & Honeybuckets		

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT				
The following facilities may be for additional information.	e available to support a spill response	. Contact local o	communities	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
Potential Command Posts, Operations Centers or Meeting Facilities				
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Capacity/	Internet	
	(organization & phone)	Size		
			Yes / No	
_				
Potential Staging Areas		·		
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Capacity/ S	Capacity/ Size	
	(organization & phone)			
Local Spill Response Equipment				
Facility Name or Location	Name or Location Contact Quantity			
	(organization & phone)			
Boom, sorbent pads, etc.				
Backhoe			·	

Bulldozer			
Dump truck or similar			
[other]			
[other]			
Are there any limiting factors in the community for supporting a large spill response effort? Examples are restricted food supply, seasonal water rationing, lack of lodging, waste-water restrictions, etc.			
What are the <u>top two</u> sensitive areas (<u>environmental</u> or <u>cultural</u>) to be protected in case of an oil spill?			
Location	Latitude & Longitute	Reason for protection	

Point Hope is the second largest city on the North Slope. The local economy is largely based on subsistence hunting, fishing and whaling. The Borough employs more than 18 percent of the working population and the school district employs 26 percent. Close to forty percent of the labor force works in the private sector.

Residents produce a wide array of arts and crafts for sale including carved ivory, baleen baskets, whale bone, masks, caribou skin masks, etched baleen, Eskimo parkas, ivory-tipped harpoons and bird spears.

Culture & Demographics:

In the 2010 U.S. Census, Alaska Natives, primarily Inupiat Eskimos made up 93 percent of Point Hope's population. Point Hope residents (Tikeraqmuit Inupiat Eskimos) are dependent upon marine subsistence. This highly favorable site, with its abundant resources, has enabled the Tikeraqmuit to retain strong cultural traditions after more than a century of outside influences.

This Point Hope peninsula is one of the longest continually inhabited areas in North America. Some of the earliest residents came here for bowhead whaling some 2,000 years ago after crossing the Siberian land bridge.

Visitors to the area can see the remains of Old Tigara Village, a prehistoric site with the remains of sod houses. There is an even earlier site with about 800 house pits known as Ipiutak, occupied from about 500 BC to 100 AD. Ipiutak and the surrounding archaeological district are on the National Register of Historic Places. In addition to the prehistoric village sites, there are old burial grounds in the area including a cemetery marked by large whale bones standing on end.

Alaska Inland ACP North Slope-35
9770: North Slope Geographic Zone

9770.6.08 - Point Lay

POINT LAY - Also Known As: Kali

Population: 189 (2010 U.S. Census Population)

Incorporation Type: Unincorporated **Borough Located In:** North Slope Borough

Location & Climate:

Point Lay is located on the Chukchi Sea coast, protected from the ocean by the Kasugaluk Lagoon. It is 150 miles southwest of Barrow. Kali, the Iñupiat name for the village, means "mound" and refers to the elevated mound on which it stands.

69.736 North Latitude and 163.012 West Longitude. Sec. 26, T005N, R045W, Umiat Meridian

The climate is arctic. Temperatures range from -55 to 78 °F. Precipitation is light, averaging 7 inches annually, with 21 inches of snow. The Chukchi Sea is ice-free from late June until September.

EMERGENCY SERVICES			
Police,	852-6111	Fire, Point Lay VFD	833-2714
North Slope Borough			
VPSO		EMS	Contact VFD
Alaska State	852-3783	Clinic, Point Lay Clinic	833-2526
Troopers, Barrow			

LOCAL ORGANIZATIONS AND STAKEHOLDERS					
	Name		Phone		Fax
Village/Tribal	Native Village of		833-2575		833-2576
Council	Point L	.ay			
	Primary Contact: [IN.		[INSER	<i>NSERT TITLE,</i> President,	
				Admin	istrator, Admin Asst.]
	En	vironmental			
	Coordi	nator:			
School	Kali School		833-2311		
School District	North	Slope Borough	852-5311		
	School	S			
Village Corporation	Cully Corporation		569-2705		569-2715
Regional Native	Arctic Slope Regional		339-6000 (Anch.)		339-6028
Corporation	Corp		852-8633 (Barrow)		
OTHER				•	

TRANSPORTATION		
ROAD:	Accessible by road?	No
	Airline service available from	Scheduled and chartered air
AIR:	Barrow	service is available

Alaska Inland ACP 9770: North Slope Geographic Zone

			Seasonal access (Late June
WATER:	Accessible by b	oat?	thru Mid-September)
Local Transportation a	nd Services		
Local Transportation:		Snowmachines	and ATVs
Local Roads and Trails:		Seasonal land transportation	
Vehicle Rental:		None identified	
Airline Services:		Airlines: Era Aviation	
Docking Facilities:			
		Barge deliveries during summer months (Lat	
Barge Service Schedule/Frequency:		June-September)	

LOCAL SERVICES AND FACILITIES						
Lodging & Food						
Housing Facility	Point of Contac		ct	Phone		
None identified	ne identified					
		Food Service Available:				
		Yes/No				
Capacity:		Kitchen Availal	ole: Yes/No	Seasor	1:	
[Name 2]						
		Food Service	Available:			
		Yes/No				
Capacity:		Kitchen Availal	ole: Yes/No	Seasor	1:	
Food Service & Grocer			T		Т -	
Name/Facility	Type		Season		Phone	
Native Village						
General Store	Grocer					
		urant/Cafeteri				
	a/	C: 1				
		y Store]				
	-	urant/Cafeteri				
	a/	n. Ctorol				
		y Store] urant/Cafeteri				
	a/	uranit/Careteri				
	•	y Store]				
Supplies & Oth		<u> </u>				
Supplies & Oti	iei seivi	Name		Phone		
		Native Village	of Point	THORE		
		_				
		Lay/General Store (groceries and clothing). Available fuel				
			es propane,			
General Store		diesel and regu	• •			
Hardware Store			G			
Washeteria				1		
Bank or ATM						
[Other]				1		
Fuel						

Fuel Stations	Phone	Fuel Available	Season		
		propane, diesel and			
NSB Fuel Station		regular gasoline			
Bulk Fuel	Phone	Fuel Available	Capacity (gallons)		
NSB Power Plant			10,000		
NSB Fire			7,000		
NSB Maintenance			5,000		
NSB Clinic			6,000		
NSB Schools			10,000		
NSB Fuel Station			548,000		
Communication	ons and Utilities				
		Name/Service Provide	er		
Telephone (Landline)		AT&T Alascom, GCI, A	AT&T Alascom, GCI, Arctic Slope Telephone		
Telephone (Cellular)		GCI	GCI		
Internet Service Provid	ler	GCI	GCI		
		North Slope Borough	North Slope Borough Power & Light, 852-		
Electricity Provider		0340	0340		
Local Power Plant					
School Power Plant					
		Households have water	er delivered to home		
			tanks, which allows running water for the		
Primary Water Supply	System:	kitchen.	kitchen.		
Primary Sewage Syster	n:	Unknown			

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT						
The following facilities may be available to support a spill response. Contact local communities for additional information.						
jor addresonar mjormac						
Potential Command Po	osts, Op	erations Centers	or Meeting Fac	ilities		
Facility Name or Contact Capacity/ Size Internet Location (organization & phone)					Internet	
		,			Yes / No	
Potential Staging Area	S					
Facility Name or Location Contact (organization & phone) Capacity/ Size			ty/ Size			
Local Spill Response Ed	quipmer	nt		,		
Facility Name or Locat	ion	Contact		Quanti	ty	

	(organization & phone)	
Boom, sorbent pads, etc.		
Backhoe		
Bulldozer		
Dump truck or similar		
[other]		
[other]		
Examples are restricted food restrictions, etc.	supply, seasonal water ration	ning, lack of lodging, waste-water
restrictions, etc.		ning, lack of lodging, waste-water ultural) to be protected in case of
restrictions, etc. What are the <u>top two</u> sensiti		
restrictions, etc. What are the <u>top two</u> sensition oil spill?	ve areas (<u>environmental</u> or <u>cu</u>	ultural) to be protected in case of

Economy:

Most year-round employment opportunities are with the borough government or the school. Subsistence activities provide food sources.

Culture & Demographics:

In the 2010 U.S. Census, Alaska Natives, primarily Inupiat Eskimos made up 93 percent of Point Lay's population. Point Lay is a traditional Inupiat Eskimo village, with a dependence upon subsistence activities. Seals, walrus, beluga, caribou, and fish are staples of the diet. The deeply indented shoreline prevented effective bowhead whaling and the village never fully participated in the whaling culture. The village's traditional hunt of the beluga whales is similar to the bowhead whaling culture in other North Slope villages.

Point Lay is probably the last remaining village of the Kuukpaagruk people.

9770.6.09 - Wainwright

WAINWRIGHT - **Pronunciation**: (WANE-rite)

Population: 556 (2010 U.S. Census Population)

Incorporation Type: 2nd Class City

Borough Located In: North Slope Borough

Location & Climate:

Wainwright sits on a wave-eroded coastal bluff of a narrow peninsula which separates Wainwright Inlet from the Chukchi Sea. It is 3 miles northeast of the Kuk River estuary and about 70 miles southwest of Barrow.

70.637 North Latitude and 160.038 West Longitude. Sec. 26, T005N, R045W, Umiat Meridian

The climate is arctic. Temperatures range from -56 to 80 °F. Precipitation is light, averaging 5 inches annually, with 12 inches of snow. The Chukchi Sea is ice-free from mid-July through September.

EMERGENCY SERVICES					
Police,	852-6111	Fire, Wainwright VFD	763-2728		
North Slope Borough					
VPSO		EMS	Contact VFD		
Alaska State	852-3783	Clinic, Wainwright	763-2714		
Troopers, Barrow		Health Clinic			

LOCAL ORGANIZATIONS AND STAKEHOLDERS					
	Name	Phone	Fax		
City	City of Wainwright	763-2815	763-2811		
	Primary Contact:	City Clerk			
Village/Tribal	Village of Wainwright	763-2726	763-2536		
Council					
	Primary Contact:	[INSERT TITLE, Presider	nt, Administrator,		
		Admin Asst.]			
	Environmental				
	Coordinator:				
School	Alak School	763-7800			
School District	North Slope Borough	852-5311			
	Schools				
Village Corporation	Olgoonik Corporation	763-2614	763-2926		
Regional Native	Arctic Slope Regional	339-6000 (Anch.)	339-6028		
Corporation	Corp	852-8633 (Barrow)			
OTHER					

TRANSPORTATION		
ROAD:	Accessible by road?	No

Alaska Inland ACP 9770: North Slope Geographic Zone North Slope-40

	Airline service available from		Scheduled and chartered flights available. Air travel provides only year-
AIR:	Barrow		round access.
WATER:	Accessible by b	oat?	No
Local Transportation a	and Services		
Local Transportation:		Skiffs, ATVs, and snowmachines	
Local Roads and Trails:			
Vehicle Rental:			
Airline Services:		RAVN Alaska	
Docking Facilities:			
		Barge service during summer months (Late	
Barge Service Schedule/Frequency:		June thru mid-Sept)	

LOCAL SERVICES AND FACILITIES						
Lodging & Food						
Housing Facility	Point of Contact			Phone		
Olgoonik Hotel			763-2514			
	Food Service Available:	Yes, attached				
Capacity: 12	restaurant					
rooms	Kitchen Available: No		Seasor	n:		
High School	Alak School		763-25	41		
	Food Service Available:	No				
Capacity:	Kitchen Available: Unkno	own	Seasor	n:		
Food Service & Gro	ceries					
Name/Facility	Туре	Season		Phone		
Wainwright						
Cooperative	Prepared entrees,					
Association	groceries			907-763-2715		
Olgoonik Hotel &						
Restaurant	Restaurant			907-763-2514		
Supplies & 0	Other Services					
	Name		Phone			
	Wainwright Cooperative					
	(groceries, clothing, first-	• •				
	hardware, camera film a	nd sporting				
General Store	goods)		907-76	33-2715		
Hardware Store						
Washeteria	Washeteria/General Stor			3-2615		
Bank or ATM	ATM at the General Store	9	907-763-2615			
[Other]						
Fuel						
Fuel Stations	Phone	Fuel Available		Season		
		marine gas, di				
Olgoonik Corp. Fuel		propane, unle				
Station	907-763-2832 regular and su		•			
Bulk Fuel	Phone Fuel Available			Capacity(gallons)		

	_		,	
NSB				
Schools/Olgoonik				
Corp. Fuel Station			908,000	
NSB Schools			10,000	
City	907-763-2815		2,400	
Olgoonik Corp.	907-763-2614		50,000	
NSB Water	907-763-2553		10,000	
NSB Fire	907-763-2728		7,500	
NSB Sewage	907-763-2553		1,500	
NSB Power)	907-763-2712		500,000	
SKW/Eskimos	BARROW		1,000	
Olgoonik Hotel &				
Restaurant	907-763-2514		1,500	
NSB Clinic	907-763-2714		6,000	
Communication	ons and Utilities			
		Name/Service Provide	r	
Telephone (Landline)		AT&T Alascom, GCI, A	rctic Slope Telephone	
Telephone (Cellular)		GCI		
Internet Service Provid	ler	ASTAC (Arctic Slope Te	ASTAC (Arctic Slope Telephone)	
		North Slope Borough Power & Light, 852-		
Electricity Provider		0340		
Local Power Plant				
School Power Plant				
		Piped Water System/	Central Watering Point	
Primary Water Supply	System:	(Haul)/ Water Truck D	(Haul)/ Water Truck Delivery	
		Indoor Plumbing (Pipe	d Sewer or Septic	
Primary Sewage Syster	n:	System)/ Honeybucke	ts/ Outhouses	

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT The following facilities may be available to support a spill response. Contact local communities for additional information. **Potential Command Posts, Operations Centers or Meeting Facilities** Contact Internet **Facility Name or Location** Capacity/ (organization & phone) Size Alak High School 907-763-7800 Yes 567 Main Street Wainwright, AK 99782 **Potential Staging Areas Facility Name or Location** Contact Capacity/ Size (organization & phone)

Local Spill Response Equipmen	nt				
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Quantity			
	(organization & phone)				
Boom, sorbent pads, etc.					
Backhoe					
Bulldozer					
Dump truck or similar					
[other]					
[other]					
Are there any limiting factors in the community for supporting a large spill response effort? Examples are restricted food supply, seasonal water rationing, lack of lodging, waste-water restrictions, etc.					
What are the <u>top two</u> sensitive areas (<u>environmental</u> or <u>cultural</u>) to be protected in case of an oil spill?					
Location	Latitude & Longitude	Reason for protection			

Economy:

Economic opportunities in Wainwright are influenced by its proximity to Barrow and the fact that it is one of the older, more established villages. Most of the year-round positions are in borough services. Wainwright has a larger private sector than most villages: 38 percent of the work force is employed by private businesses, primarily the village and regional corporations. The Borough employs 30 percent of the work force and the School District provides jobs for another 25 percent.

Sale of local Eskimo arts and crafts supplement income.

Culture & Demographics:

Most Wainwright inhabitants are Inupiat Eskimos who practice a subsistence lifestyle. Their ancestors were the Utukamiut (people of the Utukok River) and Kukmiut (people of the Kuk River).

Wainwright's subsistence hunting revolves primarily around Bowhead and beluga whales and caribou. Seal, walrus, polar bear, birds, and fish are also harvested. Local arts and crafts include carved ivory figurines and jewelry, baleen boats, whale bone carvings, clocks, knitted caps and gloves.

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9770.7 - Northwest Arctic

The Northwest Arctic encompasses the Northwest Arctic Borough and the area to the south that is not within a borough but is part of the Bering Strait Native Corporation. Regional organizations exist for both areas. Listed below are the regional organizations for the borough and for the unorganized area.

1. Borough regional organizations

Boroughs

Borough	Organization	Phone
Northwest Arctic Borough	Borough Clerk	442-8204
	Emergency Management	442-3599

Regional Native Corporations

CORPORATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	FAX	WEBSITE
NANA Regional	1001 East Benson	265-	265-	http://www.nana-
Corporation	Blvd.	4100	4311	online.com/introlhtm
	Anchorage, AK 99508			

School Districts

ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	FAX	WEBSITE/EMAIL
Northwest	Box 51	442-	442-	http://www.nwabsd.schoolzone.ne
Arctic Schools	Kotzebue, AK 99752	3472	2392	<u>t</u>
				cmason@kotzebue.nwabsd.schoolz
				one.net

Regional Economic Development

ORGANIZA	ATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	FAX	EMAIL
NW	Arctic	P.O. Box 1110	442-	442-	denise koutchak@yahoo.com
Economic	Dev.	Kotzebue, AK 99752	2500	2930	
Comm.					

Housing Authorities

ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	FAX	EMAIL	
Northwest	P.O. Box 331	442-	442-	nihaed@ptialaska.net	
Inupiat Housing	Kotzebue, AK 99752	3450	3486		
Authority					

Regional Health Corporations

ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	FAX	EMAIL
Maniilaq	P.O. Box 256	442-	442-	
Association	Kotzebue, AK 99752	3311	2381	

2. Unorganized area regional organizations

Regional Native Corporation

CORPORA	ATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	FAX	WEBSITE
Bering	Strait	P.O. Box 1008	443-	443-	http://www.beringstraits.com
Native		Nome, AK 99762	5252	2985	
Corporat	ion				

School District

ORGANIZ	ATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	FAX	WEBSITE/EMAIL
Bering	Strait	P.O. Box 225	624-	624-	http://www.bssd.org
Schools		Unalakleet, AK 99684	3611	3099	jadavis@bssd.org

Regional Economic Development

ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	FAX	EMAIL
Bering Strait	P.O. Box 948	443-	443-	stadem@kawerak.org
ARDOR Program	Nome, AK 99762	9005	2591	

Housing Authorities

ORGANIZA	ATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	FAX	EMAIL
Bering	Strait	P.O. Box 995	443-	443-	bsrha@nome.net
Housing		Nome, AK 99762	5256	2160	
Authority					

Regional Health Corporations

ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	FAX	EMAIL
Norton Sound	P.O. Box 966	443-	443-	crowder@nshcorp.org
Health	Nome, AK 99762	3311	3139	
Corporation				

Regional Native Non-Profit

ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	FAX	EMAIL
Kawerak,	P.O. Box 948	443-	443-	marine.advocate@kawerak.org
Incorporated	Nome, AK 99762	5231	3708	

9770.7.01 - Ambler

9//0.7.01 – Ambier	AMBLER		
Location and	Ambler is located on the north bank of the Kobuk River, near the		
Climate	confluence of the Ambler and the Kobuk Rivers. It lies 138 air miles		
	northeast of Kotzebue, 30 miles northwest of Kobuk and 30 miles		
	downriver from Shungnak, at approximately 67d 05m N Latitude, 157d		
	52m W Longitude. Ambler is in a continental climate zone;		
	temperatures average -10 to 15 during winter, 40 to 65 during summer.		
	Temperature extremes have been recorded from -65 to 92. Snowfall		
	averages 80 inches, and precipitation is 16 inches total per year. The		
	Kobuk River is navigable from early July to mid-October.		
History, Culture, &	Ambler was permanently settled in 1958 when people from Shungnak		
Demographics	and Kobuk moved down stream because of the variety of fish, wild game		
	and spruce trees in the area. The residents of Ambler are Kowagniut		
	Inupiat Eskimos, with a traditional subsistence lifestyle. The sale or		
	importation of alcohol is banned in the village.		
Economy	Cash employment is limited to the school, city, clinic and local stores,		
	although some mining occurs. In 2009, only two residents held		
	commercial fishing permits. Subsistence is a major part of the Ambler		
	economy. Birch baskets, fur pelts, and jade, quartz, bone and ivory		
	carvings are sold in gift shops throughout the state. The community is		
	interested in developing a lapidary facility for local artisans.		
Subsistence	Chum salmon and caribou are the most important food sources;		
	freshwater fish, moose, bear, and berries are also harvested for		
	subsistence.		
Population	261 (2009 DCCED Certified)		
Borough Located	Northwest Arctic		
In			
Incorporation	2 ND Class City		
Туре			
Native Entities	Regional:		
	Profit:		
	Nonprofit:		
	Village:		

EMERGENCY SERVICES		
State Troopers	800-789-3222 (Kotzebue) VPO: 445-5200	
Fire		
Medical	Ambler Health Clinic, 445-2129, 445-2179 (fax)	
	Operated by Maniilaq Association. Auxiliary health care provided by	
	flight to Kotzebue.	

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL
City of Ambler	P.O. Box 9	445-2122	amblercity@gmail.com
	Ambler, AK 99786	445-2174	
		(fax)	
Ambler Traditional	P.O. Box 47	445-2196	ambler@smtp.ak.bia.gov
Council	Ambler, AK 99786	445-2181	ambler@aitc.org
		(fax)	

	TRANSPORTATION
Accessibility	By barge, plane, small boat and snowmachine. There are no roads
	linking the city to other parts of the state. Boats are used for inter-
	village travel and subsistence activities. ATVs and snowmachines are
	commonly used in winter.
Airport Facilities	A State-owned 3,000' lighted gravel airstrip, with a 2,400' gravel
	crosswind airstrip, is located one and a half miles from the city.
	Elevation 289 feet. Daily scheduled services are provided out of
	Kotzebue, and air taxis provide charter flights. The airstrip has recently
	undergone major improvements.
Airline Services	Bering Air; Ravn Air; Ryan Air (freight).
Freight	Crowley Marine Services barges fuel and supplies to Ambler each
	summer.
Vessel Support:	The Kobuk River is navigable from early July to mid-October.

FACILITIES & UTILITIES		
Telephone	Cellular Service: GCI	
	In-State Phone: OTZ Telephone Co-op, Inc.	
	Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom; GCI; OTZ Telephone	
Internet Provider	GCI (www.gci.net)	
TV Stations	ARCS	
Radio Stations	KOTZ-AM	COMMUNICATIONS
Cable Provider	City of Ambler	00
Teleconferencing	Alaska Teleconferencing Network	
Electricity	Provided by Alaska Village Electrical Cooperative	
Fuel	Gasoline, aviation, diesel, and propane.	
Fuel Storage	Tank Owner (number of tanks @ total capacity): AVEC (12 @ 101,275	
	gals.); NWAB Schools (4 @ 56,172); NANA Bulk Plant (225,200); City of	
	Ambler (4 @ 6,200).	
Housing	Accommodations and meals available at Kobuk River Lodge & General	
	Store, 445-2150.	
Water & Sewage	The main source of water for the community is a 167' well near the	
	Kobuk River. Water is pumped 940 feet to the treatment facility and	
	stored in a 210,000-gallon insulated tank, then piped to most homes.	
	An 80 feet standby well is also located at the water treatment plant.	

	Sewage is collected via 6- and 8-inch arctic pipes and flows to a		
	facultative lagoon through two lift stations, where it discharges to a		
	natural watershed, then to the Kobuk River. As last reported, 57		
	homes are served by the piped water and sewer system.		
Services	Groceries, clothing, first-aid supplies, hardware items available. No		
	laundromat or banking facilities. Rental transportation includes autos,		
	off-road vehicles, boats, and charter aircraft.		
Miscellaneous	The community has one school, attended by 61 students. The landfill		
	is not permitted.		

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT			
(Contact lo	(Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)		
Potential	Community hall, etc.		
Command Posts	School		
Potential Staging	Airport, 442-3147 (Kotzebue)		
Areas	Other government facilities		
Local Spill	Sorbent pads maintained by City of Ambler		
Response			
Equipment			

9//0./.02 – Brevig	1411331011	BREVIG MISSION		
Location and	Brevig Missi	on is located at the mouth of Shelman Creek on Port Clarence,		
Climate	_	hwest of Teller and 65 miles northwest of Nome, at		
		ely 65d 20m N Latitude, 166d 29m W Longitude. Brevig		
	Mission has a maritime climate with continental influences when the			
		reezes. Summer temperatures average 44 to 57; winter		
		es average -9 to 8. Precipitation averages 11.5 inches, with 50		
	•	owfall. Port Clarence is generally ice-free between early June		
	and mid-No	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
History, Culture,	The Kauwer	ak Eskimos in this area lived in migratory communities in		
&	pursuit of h	unting and fishing grounds and traded furs with Siberia, Little		
Demographics	Diomede an	d King Island. They formed alliances with Wales, Little		
	Diomede, ar	nd others for protection. The "Teller Reindeer Station" opened		
	near this site	e in 1892, and the U.S. government operated it until 1900. In		
	1963, the Br	evig Mission post office was established. Reindeer were the		
	economic ba	ase of this community until 1974, when the industry began to		
	decline. App	decline. Approximately 92% of the population are Alaska Natives; and a		
	federally recognized tribe is located in the community. Brevig Mission is			
	predominantly Eskimo with a subsistence lifestyle. The sale, importation			
	and possession of alcohol are banned in the village.			
Economy	The primary employers are the city and school district. Year-round jobs			
	-	nemployment is high, and seasonal jobs in mining and		
		are limited. Arts and crafts provide some cash income.		
Subsistence		of Brevig Mission subsist upon fish, moose, reindeer, seal,		
		peluga whales.		
Population	•	OCCED Certified)		
Borough	Unorganized	d		
Located In				
Incorporation	2 ND Class City			
Туре	1			
Native Entities	Regional:	Bering Strait		
	Profit:			
	Nonprofit:			
	Village:			

EMERGENCY SERVICES		
State Troopers	800-443-2835 (Nome)	
VPSO	642-2264, 642-2274 (fax)	
Fire		
Medical	Brevig Mission Health Clinic – 642-4311. Auxiliary health care provided	
	by flight to Nome	

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL
City of Brevig	P.O. Box 85021	642-3851	ktsmayor@gmail.com
Mission	Brevig Mission, AK	642-2194	
	99785	(fax)	
Brevig Mission	P.O. Box 85024	642-4091	bmncp@hughes.net
Native Corporation	Brevig Mission, AK	642-2060	
	99785	(fax)	
Native Village of	P.O. Box 85039	642-4301	brevig@aitc.org
Brevig Mission	Brevig Mission, AK	642-2099	
	99785	(fax)	

	TRANSPORTATION		
Accessibility	By barge, plane, small boat and snowmachine. Teller is 5 miles away by		
	boat; a 72-mile gravel road between Teller and Nome is maintained by		
	the State during the summer. ATVs and snowmachines are commonly		
	used in winter. A 72-mile gravel road between Teller and Nome is		
	maintained by the State during the summer.		
Airport Facilities	The State-owned 2,100' gravel airstrip, with 1,000' crosswind strip,		
	enables year-round access. Elevation 25'. Airport has lights and freight		
	terminal but runway condition is not monitored. Regular air service is		
	available from Nome, and charters are provided from Nome and Teller.		
Airline Services	Bering Air; Ravn Air; Ryan Air (freight).		
Freight	A cargo ship stops annually.		
Vessel Support:	Port Clarence is generally ice-free between early June and mid-		
	November.		

FACILITIES & UTILITIES		
Telephone	Cellular Service: GCI; TelAlaska; AT&T	
	In-State Phone: Mukluk Telephone Co./TelAlaska	NS
	Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom; GCI; Mukluk Telephone)E
Internet Provider	GCI (www.gci.net); TelAlaska	2
TV Stations	ARCS	COMMUNICATIONS
Radio Stations	KICY-AM; KNOM-AM	≥
Cable Provider	City Of Brevig Mission	0
Teleconferencing	Alaska Teleconferencing Network	
Electricity	Provided by Alaska Village Electrical Cooperative	
Fuel	Aviation and regular gasoline, diesel, and propane.	
Fuel Storage	Tank Owners (number of tanks @ total capacity): Bering Strait Schools	
	(2 @ 54,000 gals.); City (7 @ 79,750); Church (8,000); Army Nat'l Guard	
	(3 @ 4,750); AVEC (9; 232,731); Corporation (7 @ 189,000).	
Housing	No hotels. Accommodations may be arranged at the high school by	
	contacting the school (642-4021) or the city office (642-3851).	

Water & Sewage	The tank is filled monthly. Water is piped into the school from the city's		
	water mains. Some residents use honeybuckets and deposit waste in a		
	sewage lagoon.		
Services	No restaurants or banking services. Lodging may be available in either		
	the the washeteria building (642-2267) or at the health clinic (642-		
	4311). Groceries, clothing, first-aid supplies, and hardware available at		
	the Brevig Muit Store (642-4091). Marine engine and boat repair		
	available, and arrangements can be made to rent boats.		
Miscellaneous	The community has one school, attended by 113 students. The landfill		
	is not permitted.		

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT		
(Contact lo	cal officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)	
Potential	Potential Community hall, School, etc.	
Command Posts		
Potential Staging	Airport, 443-2500 (Nome)	
Areas	National Guard Armory	
	Other government facilities	
Local Spill	Up to 20 boats, some sorbent pads, sorbent boom, a backhoe, and a	
Response	Response loader may be available.	
Equipment		

9770.7.03 - Buckland

		BUCKLAND		
Location and	Buckland is I	ocated on the west bank of the Buckland River, about 75 miles		
Climate	southeast of	Kotzebue, at approximately 65d 59m N Latitude, 161d 08m		
	W Longitude	W Longitude. Buckland is in a transitional arctic climate zone that is		
	characterize	characterized by long, cold winters and cool summers. Temperatures		
	range from -	60 to the mid 80s. Snowfall averages 40 inches, with 9 inches		
	of precipitat	ion per year. Crosswinds can restrict flying during the winter.		
History, Culture,	The resident	s have moved from one site to another along the river at least		
&	five times in	recent memory, to places known as Elephant Point, Old		
Demographics	Buckland an	d New Site. The presence of many fossil finds at Elephant		
	Point indicat	es prehistoric occupation of the area. The Inupiaq Eskimos		
	depend on r	eindeer, beluga whale and seal for survival. Approximately		
	95% of the p	opulation are Alaska Natives; a federally recognized tribe is		
	located in th	e community. Buckland is an Eskimo village, and subsistence		
	activities are	an important focus of the economy. The sale or importation		
	of alcohol is	banned in the village.		
Economy	Residents depend on a subsistence lifestyle for most food sources.			
	Employment	t is primarily with the school, city, health clinic, and stores.		
	Some mining	g also occurs. In 2009, one resident held a commercial fishing		
	permit. The	community is interested in developing a Native food products		
	and crafts m	and crafts manufacturing facility to produce reindeer sausage, berry		
	products, La	brador tea, and ivory and wood carving. Some mining also		
	occurs.			
Subsistence				
Population	432 (2009 D	CCED Certified)		
Borough	Northwest A	rctic		
Located In				
Incorporation	2 ND Class Cit	У		
Туре				
Native Entities	Regional:	NANA		
	Profit:			
	Nonprofit:			
	Village:			

EMERGENCY SERVICES		
State Troopers	800-789-3222 (Kotzebue)	
VPSO	494-3222	
Fire	494-2121 / 494-2176	
Medical	Buckland Health Clinic – 494-2122. Auxiliary health care provided by	
	flight to Kotzebue.	

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL
City of Buckland	P.O. Box 49	494-2121	cityofbucklandalaska@gmail.com
	Buckland, AK 99727	494-2138	
		(fax)	
Native Village of	P.O. Box 67	494-2171	tribeadmin@nunachiak.org
Buckland	Buckland, AK 99727	494-2217	
		(fax)	

	TRANSPORTATION		
Accessibility	By barge, plane, small boat and snowmachine. There are no roads		
	outside the village.		
Airport Facilities	A State-owned 2,580' gravel airstrip that serves a number of scheduled		
	and chartered flights is one mile southwest from village. Elevation 30'.		
	Runway condition not monitored, and area subject to turbulent		
	crosswinds in the summer.		
Airline Services	Bering Air; Tanana Air Service; Ravn Air; Ryan Air (freight).		
Freight	Crowley Marine barges in fuel, and various lighterage companies		
	deliver cargo and supplies each summer.		
Vessel Support:	Barge and smaller vessels.		

	FACILITIES & UTILITIES	
Telephone	Cellular Service: GCI	
	In-State Phone: OTZ Telephone Co-op, Inc.	
	Long-Distance Phone: AT&T GCI; OTZ Telephone Co-op, Inc.) E
Internet Provider	GCI	COMMUNICATIONS
TV Stations	ARCS	2
Radio Stations	KOTZ-AM	<u> </u>
Cable Provider	City of Buckland	S
Teleconferencing	Alaska Teleconferencing Network	
Electricity	Provided by City of Buckland	
Fuel	Gasoline, diesel and propane	
Fuel Storage	Tank Owners (number of tanks @ total capacity): Village (8 @ 140,000	
	gals.); NWAB Schools (4 @ 94,128).	
Housing	No lodging	
Water & Sewage	Water is pumped from Buckland River, treated in the washeteria	
	building, and stored in a 100,000-gallon tank. Some residents have	
	water delivered to home tanks, but most haul their own water. The city	
	pumps flush/haul waste tanks or hauls honeybuckets to the sewage	
	lagoon; a flush/haul system has been problematic on the south side of	
	town, and it sometimes freezes and fails during the winter. Only eight	
	homes and the school have functioning plumbing; 74 homes are not	
	served.	

Services	No restaurant or banking services. Groceries, clothing, first-aid		
	supplies, and hardware available at four stores. Laundry facilities		
	available at city washeteria, open daily. No rental transportation.		
Miscellaneous	The community has one school, attended by 164 students. The school		
	has full plumbing. Individuals dispose of refuse in dumpsters, which		
	are hauled to the landfill; DEC has approved the landfill for use,		
	although it is not permitted.		

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT		
(Contact lo	cal officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)	
Potential	Potential Community hall, etc. –	
Command Posts	School	
Potential Staging	Airport – 442-3147 (Kotzebue)	
Areas	Areas National Guard Armory – 494-3222	
	Other government facilities –	
Local Spill	Village maintains a small supply of sorbent pads	
Response		
Equipment		

9770.7.04 - Candle

		CANDLE	
Location and	Candle is located on the Kewalik River, 90 miles southeast of Kotzebue.		
Climate	Winters are	similar to Kotzebue. June is clear and cool, July hot and dry,	
	August expe	ect rain, then usually 2 or 3 weeks of Indian summer in	
	September.		
History, Culture, &	Candle is a r	mining community started in 1904. Most of the town	
Demographics	burned dow	n about 30 years ago; just a few of the houses were left	
	standing. Population increases in May with the beginning of mining		
	season and decreases with freeze-up in late September or October.		
Economy	Mining and some subsistence fishing and hunting.		
Subsistence			
Population	Approximately four year-round; up to 35 during summer mining season.		
Borough Located	Northwest Arctic		
In			
Incorporation Type	Unincorporated		
Native Entities	Regional:	Not applicable	
	Profit:		
	Nonprofit:		
	Village:		

EMERGENCY SERVICES	
State Troopers	800-789-3222 (Kotzebue)
Fire	
Medical	None

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION ADDRESS PHONE WEBSITE/EMAIL			
None Identified			

TRANSPORTATION		
Accessibility	By plane, small boat and snowmachine. There are no roads outside of	
	immediate area.	
Airport Facilities	A 5,200' gravel airstrip adjacent northeast. Elevation 15'.	
Airline Services	Seasonal and irregularly scheduled, plus chartered air service.	
Freight	No scheduled service	
Vessel Support:	No information	

FACILITIES & UTILITIES		
Telephone	No information.	ATI
Wireless and		3,
Internet Service		֓֞֝֝֓֞֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓
Provider		COMMUNIC
TV Stations		8

Radio Stations		
Cable Provider		
Teleconferencing		
Electricity	No information	
Fuel	None available	
Fuel Storage	Tank Owners (number of tanks @ total capacity):	
Housing	No lodging.	
Water & Sewage	No information.	
Services	No services available.	
Miscellaneous	There is no state-operated school located in the community.	

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT			
(Contact loc	(Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)		
Potential			
Command Posts			
Potential Staging			
Areas			
Local Spill	None Identified.		
Response			
Equipment			

9//0./.05 – Councii		
		COUNCIL
Location and	Council is located at the terminus of the Nome/Council road, 60 miles	
Climate	northeast of	f Nome, on the left bank of the Niukluk River at
		ely 64d 54m N Latitude, 163d 40m W Longitude. Council
	has a contin	ental climate with maritime influences when Norton Sound
	is ice-free. Its inland location gives greater daily variation in	
	temperatures than nearby coastal communities. Seasonal	
		es range from -9 to 64.
History, Culture, &	•	this was a fish camp for the Fish River Tribe, who originally
Demographics		es downstream. Council's history is synonymous with the
	-	eriod; gold was first discovered in the area in 1897. By 1898,
		50 log houses, and during the summers of 1897-99 the
	population of	of "Council City" was estimated at 15,000. The depletion of
	gold, the flu	epidemic of 1918, the depression, and World War II all
	contributed	to the decline of the population. By 1950, only nine people
	remained; the post office closed in 1953. Today, the community is not	
	occupied year-round, but serves primarily as a summer fish camp for	
	Nome residents. Nearly two-thirds of the seasonal population are	
	Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the	
	community.	
Economy	Council is a seasonal fish camp. Several Nome residents have homes in	
	Council, use	d for summer subsistence food-gathering activities.
Subsistence		
Population	None year-round, up to 50 in summer.	
Borough Located	Unorganized	
In		
Incorporation Type	Unincorpora	ated
Native Entities	Regional:	Bering Strait
	Profit:	
	Nonprofit:	
	Village:	

EMERGENCY SERVICES		
State Troopers	800-443-2835 (Nome)	
Fire		
Medical	None. Auxiliary health care is provided by Norton Sound Regional	
	Hospital (443-3311) in Nome.	

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION ADDRESS PHONE WEBSITE/EMAIL			
Council Native	P.O. Box 1183	443-6513	council@arctic.net
Corporation	Nome, AK 99762	443-4452	
		(fax)	

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION ADDRESS PHONE WEBSITE/EMAIL			
Native Village of	P.O. Box 2050	443-7649	tc.cou@kawerak.org
Council	Nome, AK 99762	443-5965	
		(fax)	

	TRANSPORTATION		
Accessibility	By plane, small boat, snowmachine/dogsled, and by vehicle from Nome		
	when the road is passable.		
Airport Facilities	There is a State-owned 3,000' gravel airstrip, but it is not maintained in		
	the winter. Elevation 95'. The airstrip has recently undergone major		
	improvements.		
Airline Services	Air charter services are available from Nome: Bering Air.		
Freight	No services		
Vessel Support:			

	FACILITIES & UTILITIES	
Telephone	Cellular Service: N/A	
	In-State Phone: Mukluk Telephone Co./TelAlaska	
	Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom	TIC
Internet Provider		ICA
TV Stations	ARCS	N
Radio Stations	KICY-AM; KNOM-AM	Σ
Cable Provider	None	COMMUNICATIONS
Teleconferencing		
Electricity	There is no central electric system. Electricity is provided by individual	
	generators.	
Fuel	Gasoline and propane available seasonally.	
Fuel Storage	Tank Owners (number of tanks @ total capacity): No information.	
Housing		
Water & Sewage	Households must haul water from a central watering point or nearby	
	river. Sewage is deposited in septic tanks or outhouses. Only a few	
	homes have plumbing.	
Services	Accommodations and meals available in summer at Camp Bendeleben	
	fishing lodge (443-2880). Limited groceries available from small store	
	in residence. No laundromat or banking facilities.	
Miscellaneous	There is no state-operated school located in the community. One	
	phone in the community building (665-8001) and radio.	

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT		
(Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)		
Potential Command		
Posts		

Potential Staging	Airport – 443-2500 (Nome)		
Areas			
Local Spill Response	None identified.		
Equipment			

9770.7.06 – Deering		DEERING	
Location and	Deering is located on Kotzebue Sound at the mouth of the Inmachuk		
Climate	River, 57 miles southwest of Kotzebue. It is built on a flat sand and		
	gravel spit, 300 feet wide and a half-mile long, at approximately 66d		
	04m N Latitude, 162d 42m W Longitude (Sec. 20, T008N, R019W, Kateel		
	River Meridian). Deering is located in the transitional climate zone,		
	which is characterized by long, cold winters and cool summers. The		
		temperature during January is -18; the average high during	
	_	emperature extremes have been measured from -60 to 85.	
	-	erages 36 inches, with a total precipitation of 9 inches per	
		bue Sound is ice-free from early July until mid-October.	
History, Culture, &		was established in 1901 as a supply station for Interior gold	
Demographics	_	the historic Malemiut Eskimo village of Inmachukmiut. The	
Demograpmes	_	ng was probably taken from the 90-ton schooner "Abbey	
	Deering," which was in nearby waters around 1900. Nearly 95% of the		
	population are Alaska Natives, primarily Inupiat Eskimo; a federally		
	recognized tribe is located in the community. The people are active in		
	subsistence. The sale or importation of alcohol is banned in the village.		
Economy	Deering's economy is a mix of cash and subsistence activities. Three		
Leonomy	_	old commercial fishing permits. Management of the	
		to reindeer herd of 1,400 animals provides some local	
	employment. A number of residents earn income from handicrafts and		
	trapping. The school, the city, Maniilaq Association, several stores, and		
	an airline provide the only year-round jobs. Some mining occurs in the		
	Seward Peninsula's interior.		
Subsistence	Moose, seal and beluga whale provide most meat sources; pink salmon,		
		rring, ptarmigan, rabbit and waterfowl are also harvested	
	for subsister		
Population	118 (2009 DCCED Certified)		
Borough Located	Northwest Arctic		
In	Not all west Alletie		
Incorporation Type	2 ND Class City		
Native Entities	Regional:	NANA	
	Profit:		
	Nonprofit:		
	Village:		
	. 0		

EMERGENCY SERVICES			
State Troopers	800-789-3222 (Kotzebue)		
Fire	None		
Medical	Pauline Aliitchaq Barr Health Health Clinic – 363-2137. Auxiliary health		
	care provided by flight to Kotzebue. Emergency Services have coastal		

and river access and are generally provided by health aides and
volunteers.

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL
City of Deering	P.O. Box 36049	363-2136	cityofdeering@yahoo.com
	Deering, AK 99736	363-2156	
		(fax)	
Ipnatchiaq Electric	P.O. Box 36021	363-2157	
Company	Deering, AK 99736	363-2307	
		(fax)	
Native Village of	P.O. Box 89	363-2138	tribeadmin@ipnatchiaq.org
Deering	Deering, AK 99736	363-2158	
		(fax)	

TRANSPORTATION			
Accessibility	Deering is accessible year-round by plane. Small boats, ATVs and		
	snowmachines are used for local travel. Winter trails provide access to		
	Candle and Buckland.		
Airport Facilities	A new State-owned 2,600' gravel airstrip, with a 2,080' crosswind strip.		
Airline Services	Bering Air; Ravn Air; Ryan Air (freight).		
Freight	Crowley Marine Services barges fuel and supplies from Kotzebue each		
	summer.		
Vessel Support:			

FACILITIES & UTILITIES			
Telephone	Cellular Service: GCI		
	In-State Phone: OTZ Telephone Co-op, Inc.		
	In-State Phone: OTZ Telephone Co-op, Inc. Long-Distance Phone: AT&T GCI; OTZ GCI ARCS KOTZ-AM City of Deering		
Internet Provider	GCI	<u>S</u>	
TV Stations	ARCS	S	
Radio Stations	KOTZ-AM	Σ	
Cable Provider	City of Deering		
Teleconferencing	Alaska Teleconferencing Network		
Electricity	Provided by Ipnatchiaq Electric Company		
Fuel	Gasoline, diesel, and propane		
Fuel Storage	Tank Owners (number of tanks @ total capacity): Electric Co. (4 @		
	70,000 gals.); NWAB Schools (2 @ 43,638); NANA Bulk Fuel (167,000);		
	Other (7,914).		
Housing	Accommodations with kitchen privileges available at Deering		
	Multipurpose facility (363-2136).		
Water & Sewage	Water is derived from the Inmachuk River, then treated and pumped to		
	a 400,000-gallon insulated storage tank. Water is delivered to home		

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	tanks or hauled from the watering point. Archaeological remains were		
	discovered while excavating for the new system.		
Services	Groceries, clothing, first-aid supplies, and hardware available at		
	Deering Native Store (363-2159) and Beep's Store (363-2125).		
	Laundromat available. No major repair service or rental		
	transportation.		
Miscellaneous	The community has one school, attended by 34 students. The city		
	would like to purchase an incinerator with waste heat recovery to		
	reduce the volume of refuse.		

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT			
(Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)			
Potential Command	Potential Command Community hall, etc.		
Posts School			
Potential Staging Areas Airport – 442-3147 (Kotzebue)			
Other government facilities -			
Local Spill Response	Native Village of Deering maintains conex with sorbent pads,		
Equipment sorbent boom and containment boom.			

9770.7.07 – Diomede	DIOMEDE			
Location and	Diomede is located on the west coast of Little Diomede Island in the			
Climate	Bering Strait, 135 miles northwest of Nome, at approximately 65d 47m			
	N Latitude, 169d 00m W Longitude (Sec. 08, T004N, R049W, Kateel			
	River Meridian). It is only 2.5 miles to Big Diomede Island, Russia, and			
	the International Boundary lies between the two islands. Summer			
	temperatures average 40 to 50; winter temperatures average from -10			
	to 6. Annual precipitation is 10 inches, with 30 inches of snowfall.			
	During summer months, cloudy skies and fog prevail. Winds blow			
	consistently from the north, averaging 15 knots, with gusts to 60 and			
	above. The Bering Strait is generally frozen between mid-December and			
11'-1 C 11 0	mid-June.			
History, Culture, &	Early Eskimos on the islands were fearless men of the ice and sea, with			
Demographics	an advanced culture practicing elaborate whale hunting ceremonies. They traded with both continents. The 1880 Census counted 40			
	people, all Ingalikmiut Eskimos, in the village of "Inalet." When the Iron			
	Curtain was formed, Big Diomede became a Soviet military base, and all			
	Native residents were moved to mainland Russia. During World War II,			
	Little Diomede residents who strayed into Soviet waters were taken			
	captive. The city was incorporated in 1970. Some residents are			
	interested in relocating the village, due to the rocky slopes, harsh			
	storms, lack of useable land for housing construction, and inability to			
	construct a water/sewer system, landfill, or airport. Nearly 94% of the			
	population are Alaska Natives; a federally recognized tribe is located in			
	the community. Diomede is a traditional Ingalikmiut Eskimo village			
	with a subsistence lifestyle; mainland Natives come to Diomede to hunt			
_	polar bears. The sale or importation of alcohol is banned in the village.			
Economy	The Diomede villagers depend almost entirely upon a subsistence			
	economy for their livelihood. Regular employment is limited to the City			
	of Diomede, the tribal office, Inalik Corporation and the school.			
	Seasonal mining, construction and commercial fishing positions have			
	been on the decline. The Diomede people are excellent ivory carvers; the city serves as a wholesale agent for the ivory.			
Subsistence	Fish, crab, walrus, seal, beluga whales and polar bear are harvested for			
Jubaisterice	subsistence.			
Population	117 (2009 DCCED Certified)			
Borough Located	Unorganized			
In				
Incorporation Type	2 ND Class City			
Native Entities	Regional: Bering Strait			
	Profit:			
	Nonprofit:			
	Village:			

EMERGENCY SERVICES			
State Troopers	800-443-2835 (Nome)		
Fire	636-3071		
Medical	Little Diomede Health Clinic – 686-3311. Auxiliary health care provided		
	by Diomede Volunteer Fire Dept./First Responders (686-3071) and/or		
	by flight to Nome.		

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES				
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL	
City of Diomede	P.O. Box 7039	686-3071	Dio.city@yahoo.com	
	Little Diomede, AK	686-2192		
	99762	(fax)		
Diomede	P.O. Box 7020	686-3051		
Joint Utilities	Diomede, AK 99762	686-3061		
		(fax)		
Diomede Native	P.O. Box Holder	686-3221		
Corporation	Little Diomede, AK	686-3222		
	99762	(fax)		
Native Village of	P.O. Box 7099	686-2175	tc.dio@kawerak.org	
Diomede	Diomede, AK 99762	686-2203		
		(fax)		

TRANSPORTATION			
Accessibility	Due to weather/sea conditions, access is often limited. Mail delivery is		
	once per week via Helicopter. Villagers travel the 27 miles to Wales by		
	boat for supplies; aluminum skiffs are the main method of sea travel.		
	The popular method was by walrus skin boat until 2011, impacted by		
	climate change.		
Airport Facilities	A State-owned heliport allows for weekly mail delivery. There is no		
	airstrip due to the steep slopes and rocky terrain. In the past ski planes		
	would land on an ice strip in winter but more recently the ice does not		
	freeze thick enough to scrape a landing strip for fixed-wing landing.		
	Few float plane pilots attempt to land on the rough, often foggy, open		
	sea during summer.		
Airline Services	Regular flights are scheduled from Nome, weather permitting: Erickson		
	Helicopters. Last airplane: Bering Air landing was in May of 2013.		
Freight	Cargo barge stops are irregular due to sea or ice conditions, but deliver		
	at least annually.		
Vessel Support:	There is a breakwater and small boat harbor.		

	FACILITIES & UTILITIES	
Telephone	Cellular Service: GCI; TelAlaska	Σ
	In-State Phone: Mukluk Telephone Co./TelAlaska	00

	Long-Distance Phone: Mukluk Telephone	
Internet Provider	TelAlaska	
TV Stations	None	
Radio Stations	KICY-AM; KNOM-AM	
Cable Provider	None	
Teleconferencing	Alaska Teleconferencing Network	
Electricity	Provided by Diomede Joint Utilities.	
Fuel	Gasoline, diesel, and propane. Provided by Little Store to the	
	community residents.	
Fuel Storage	Tank Owners (number of tanks @ total capacity): Bering Strait Schools	
	(2 @ 42,200 gals.); City of Diomede (34,500); Diomede Joint Utility	
	(34,500); Native Store (34,500).	
Housing	A room with efficiency kitchen is available through Inalik Native	
	Corporation (686-3221). Diomede School rents space for \$70/night.	
	Clinic houses itinerants in the Clinic building.	
Water & Sewage	Water drawn from a mountain spring is treated and stored in a 426,000	
	steel tank; households haul water from this source. The tank is filled	
	for winter use, but the water supply typically runs out around June; the	
	washeteria is then closed for laundry and shower services and	
	residents are required to melt snow and ice for drinking water until the	
	tank is refilled. The city and the school requested funding for new	
	water storage tanks to alleviate demands on the city water supply, to	
	improve the water catchment system, and be a community back-up.	
	All households use privies and honeybuckets; the washeteria/clinic is served by a septic system and seepage pit. Diomede School also serves	
	a septic system.	
Services	No restaurant or banking services. Laundromat with showers available.	
Services	Limited groceries and supplies available at Diomede Native Store (686-	
	3611). Little Store (Private owned) sales heating fuel and limited	
	groceries. Inalik Native Corporation sales groceries, tobacco, and	
	supplies and housing equipment. Arrangements can be made to rent	
	private-owned boats for summer transportation.	
Miscellaneous	The community has one school, attended by 35 students, Kindergarten	
	to Grade 12, with 4 certified Teachers, 6 classified staff, and 3	
	temporary laborers. Due to the soil condition, lack of ground cover and	
	steep terrain, there are limited waste disposal methods. Refuse	
	disposal to community bins is an individual responsibility: combustibles	
	are burned at the burn box incinerator; the remaining is disposed on	
	the pack ice in winter. City of Diomede owns the Burn Box incinerator.	
	There is no hired City Solid Waste Technician; Native Village of	
	Diomede has been in charge of solid waste disposal from community	
	bins. Native Village of Diomede-IGAP Program collects and ships out	
	recyclables of Universal Waste to Kawerak in Nome. DIO IGAP also	

partners with other organizations to conduct Community & Beach
Clean-Ups.

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT			
(Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)			
Potential Command	Community hall, etc.		
Posts	School		
Potential Staging Areas	Heliport – 443-2500 (Nome)		
	Inaliq Recycling Staging Center – 686-2202		
Local Spill Response	None identified.		
Equipment			

9770.7.08 – EIIM		ELIM	
Location and	Elim is located on the northwest shore of Norton Bay on the Seward		
Climate	Peninsula, 9	6 miles east of Nome, 460 miles northwest of Anchorage. It	
	lies at appro	ximately 64d 37m N Latitude, 162d 15m W Longitude (Sec.	
	15, T010S, R	018W, Kateel River Meridian). Elim has a subarctic climate	
	with maritim	ne influences. Norton Sound is ice-free generally between	
	mid-June and mid-November. Summers are cool and moist; winters are		
	cold and dry	. Summer temperatures average between 46 to 62; winter	
	temperature	es average -8 to 8. Annual precipitation is 19 inches,	
	including ap	proximately 80 inches of snow.	
History, Culture, &	This settlem	ent was formerly the Malemiut Inupiat Eskimo village of	
Demographics	Nuviakchak,	with a Native culture well-developed and well-adapted to	
	the environr	nent. Each tribe possessed a defined subsistence harvest	
	territory. Th	e area became a federal reindeer reserve in 1911, and in	
	1914 a Cove	nant mission and school, called Elim Mission Roadhouse,	
	was founded	d. When Congress passed the Alaska Native Claims	
	Settlement Act (ANCSA) in 1971, Elim decided not to participate and		
	instead opted for title to the 298,000 acres of land in the former Elim		
	Reindeer Reserve. The Iditarod Sled Dog Race passes through Elim each		
	year. Over 90% of the population are Alaska Natives; a federally		
	recognized t	ribe is located in the community, an Inupiat Eskimo village	
	with a fishin	g and subsistence lifestyle. The sale or importation of	
	alcohol is ba	nned in the village.	
Economy	The Elim eco	nomy is based on subsistence harvests; cash employment	
	is limited to	fishing, the city, and the school. Unemployment is high,	
	and seasona	l part-time employment in nearby Nome has declined	
	recently. In	2009, 26 residents held commercial fishing permits; the	
	village wants	s to develop a fish processing plant.	
Subsistence	Residents re	ly on fish, seal, walrus, beluga whale, reindeer, moose, and	
	garden harv		
Population	337 (2009 DCCED Certified)		
Borough Located	Unorganized		
In			
Incorporation Type	2 ND Class City	У	
Native Entities	Regional:	Not applicable	
	Profit:		
	Nonprofit:		
	Village:		

EMERGENCY SERVICES	
State Troopers	800-443-2835 (Nome)
VPO	890-3611 Cell 907-890-8197
Fire	890-5155

Medical	Elim Health Clinic – 890-3311. Auxiliary health care is provided by flight
	to Nome.

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL
City of Elim	P.O. Box 39009	890-3441	cityofelim@yahoo.com
	Elim, AK 99739	890-3811	
		(fax)	
Elim Native	P.O. Box 39010	890-3741	
Corporation	Elim, AK 99739	890-3091	
		(fax)	
Native Village of	P.O. Box 39070	890-3737	tc.eli@kawerak.org
Elim	Elim, AK 99739-0070	890-3738	
		(fax)	

	TRANSPORTATION
Accessibility	By plane, small boat and snowmachine.
Airport Facilities	Recent improvements have made the State-owned airfield one of the
	most modern in the region. It offers a 3,400 gravel runway. Elevation
	130'. Elim Native Corporation also owns a private 3000' by 60' paved
	airstrip with a 1,390' crosswind runway at Moses Point.
Airline Services	Bering Air; Ravn Air; Ryan Air (freight).
Freight	A company operating from Nome brings a cargo ship with freight
	annually; supplies must be lightered to shore.
Vessel Support:	There is no dock in the village, but plans are underway to develop a
	harbor and dock; an access road is under construction.

FACILITIES & UTILITIES		
Telephone	Cellular Service: GCI; TelAlaska	_
	In-State Phone: Mukluk Telephone Co./TelAlaska	NS
	Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom; GCI; Mukluk Telephone	E
Internet Provider	TelAlaska	COMMUNICATIONS
TV Stations	ARCS	2
Radio Stations	KICY-AM; KNOM-AM	Σ
Cable Provider	Elim Native Corporation	S
Teleconferencing	Alaska Teleconferencing Network	
Electricity	Provided by Alaska Village Electrical Cooperative.	
Fuel	Gasoline, diesel, and propane.	
Fuel Storage	Tank Owners (number of tanks @ total capacity): Bering Strait Schools	
	(3 @ 45,000 gals.); City (12 @ 142,430); Army Nat'l Guard (3 @ 4,500);	
	AK DOT (3,000); Elim Native Store (68,130); AVEC (6 @ 155,154)	
Housing	Accommodations may be secured through the City of Elim (890-344	l1),
	which has 2 rooms with 2 beds each.	

Water & Sewage	Water is derived from a well and is treated. BIA and HUD housing, and
	water and sewer systems built by PHS in 1974, have provided residents
	with piped water and sewer, indoor water heaters and plumbing, and
	in-home washers and dryers. Wastes flow to a sewage treatment plant
	with ocean outfall. The city needs to replace cracked PVC pipes and to
	locate a new water source, since water shortages occur.
Services	Groceries, clothing, and sundry items available at Elim Native Store and
	Eagle Cache Store. Laundry facilities available but no restaurant nor
	banking services. Rental transportation includes autos, off-road
	vehicles, and boats. Boat, auto and aircraft repairs may be available.
Miscellaneous	The community has one school, attended by 80 students. The landfill is
	not permitted.

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT		
(Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)		
Potential Command	Community hall, etc. –	
Posts	School –	
Potential Staging Areas	Airport – 624-3261 (Unalakleet)	
	National Guard Armory –	
	Other government facilities –	
Local Spill Response	None identified	
Equipment		

9770.7.09 – Gambell	
	GAMBELL
	(a.k.a. Sivuqaq)
Location and Climate	Gambell is located on the northwest cape of St. Lawrence Island in the Bering Sea, 200 miles west of Nome. The town is 36 miles from the Chukotsk Peninsula of Siberia and lies at approximately 63d 47m N Latitude, 171d 45m W Longitude (Sec. 03, T020S, R067W, Kateel River Meridian). Gambell has a maritime climate with continental influences in the winter. Winds and fog are common, and precipitation occurs 300 days per year. Average annual precipitation is 15", including 80" of snowfall. The Bering Sea freezes in late November, with break-up at the end of May. Average summer temperatures are 34 to 48; average winter temperatures are -2 to 10. Extremes from -30 to 65 have been recorded.
History, Culture, & Demographics	St. Lawrence Island has been inhabited intermittently for the past 2,000 years by both Alaskan and Siberian Yup'ik Eskimos. In the 18th and 19th centuries, over 4,000 people inhabited the island in 35 villages. A tragic famine between 1878 and 1880 decimated the population. In 1900, reindeer were introduced to the island for local use, and in 1903, President Roosevelt established a reindeer reservation. When ANCSA was passed in 1971, Gambell and Savoonga decided not to participate and instead opted for title to the 1.136 million acres of land in the former St. Lawrence Island Reserve; the island is jointly owned by Savoonga and Gambell. Numerous species of birds, some of them rare Asiatic species, populate the island during the summer. Approximately 96% of the population are Alaska Natives; a federally recognized tribe is located in the community. The isolation of Gambell has helped to maintain the traditional Siberian-Yup'ik Eskimo culture, their language, and a subsistence lifestyle based upon marine mammals. Walrus-hide boats are still used to hunt. The sale, importation or possession of alcohol is banned in the village.
Economy	The economy in Gambell is largely based upon subsistence harvests from the sea. Fox are trapped as a secondary source of cash income. Some reindeer roam free on the island, but most harvesting occurs out of Savoonga. Ivory carving provides a popular source of income. The community benefits from a small tourism industry built around birdwatchers coming to see the abundant number of seabird colonies. One resident holds a commercial fishing permit.
Subsistence	Seal, walrus, fish, and bowhead and gray whales are harvested for
	subsistence.
Population	666 (2009 DCCED Certified)
Borough Located	Unorganized
In	
Incorporation Type	2 ND Class City
o.po.acion Type	_ class city

Native Entities	Regional:	Not Applicable
	Profit:	
	Nonprofit:	
	Village:	

	EMERGENCY SERVICES
State Troopers	800-443-2835 (Nome)
Dept. of Public	985-5333
Safety	985-5042
VPSO	
Fire	
Medical	Gambell Health Clinic – 985-5012

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL
City of Gambell	P.O. Box 189	985-5112	cityofgambell@yahoo.com
	Gambell, AK 99742	985-5927	
		(fax)	
Sivuqaq	P.O. Box 101	985-5826	
Incorporated	Gambell, AK 99742	985-5426	
		(fax)	
Native Village of	P.O. Box 99	985-5346	gambell@smtp.ak.bia.gov or
Gambell	Gambell, AK 99742	985-5014	gambell@aitc.org
		(fax)	

TRANSPORTATION		
Accessibility	Gambell's isolated location on an island with no seaport results in	
	heavy dependence upon air transport.	
Airport Facilities	The State-owned airport provides a 4,500' by 96'asphalt runway.	
	Elevation 27'.	
Airline Services	Regular flights from Nome and charters from Unalakleet are available:	
	Bering Air; Ravn Air; Ryan Air (freight)	
Freight	Lighterage services bring freight from Kotzebue and Shishmaref.	
Vessel Support:		

	FACILITIES & UTILITIES	
Telephone	Cellular Service: GCI	
	In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc.	NS
	Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom; United Utilities	TIC
Internet Provider	School Only - GCI (www.gci.net)	COMMUNICATIONS
TV Stations	ARCS	
Radio Stations	KICY-AM; KNOM-AM	Z
Cable Provider	Frontier Cable, Inc.	CO
Teleconferencing	Alaska Teleconf. Network	

Electricity	Provided by Alaska Village Electrical Cooperative.		
Fuel	Gasoline, diesel, and propane.		
Fuel Storage	Tank Owners (number of tanks @ total capacity): AVEC (9 @ 232,056		
	gals.); Bering Strait Schools (5 @ 90,000); ANICA Native Store		
	(332,400); 7th Day Adventist Church (2,300); Army National Guard		
	(10,400); City (55,300); Presbyterian Church (2,700)		
Housing	Accommodations and meals reportedly available at one lodge (from		
	mid-May to mid-August lodge is usually booked up by bird watchers).		
Water & Sewage	Water is derived from wells and Troutman Lake, then treated and		
	stored in three storage tanks. Most homes (116) are connected to the		
	piped water and sewer system; but 37 homes in the original townsite		
	still haul water and honeybuckets. The schools and washeteria have		
	individual water wells and septic tank systems. A new water source is		
	needed to ensure that no shortages will occur.		
Services	Groceries, clothing, first-aid supplies, and hardware available at		
	Gambell Native Store (985-5211). Laundry facilities available but no		
	banking services. Arrangements can be made to rent off-road vehicles		
	and boats. No major repair service available.		
Miscellaneous	The community has one school, attended by 186 students. The city-		
	operated landfill is not permitted.		

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT				
(Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)				
Potential Command	Community hall, etc. –			
Posts	School			
Potential Staging Areas	Airport – 443-2500 (Nome)			
	National Guard Armory – 985-5534			
	Other government facilities –			
Local Spill Response	City maintains spill kit with sorbent pads and boom			
Equipment				

Version 1

9770.7.10 – Golovin		20101111		
		GOLOVIN		
	(GOLL-uh-vin); a.k.a. Chinik			
Location and	Golovin is located on a point of land between Golovnin Bay and			
Climate	Golovnin Lagoon on the Seward Peninsula, 70 miles east of Nome, at			
	approximate	ely 64d 33m N Latitude, 163d 02m W Longitude (Sec. 11,		
	T011S, R022W, Kateel River Meridian). Marine climatic influences			
	prevail during the summer when the sea is ice-free. Summer			
	temperatures average 40 to 60; winter temperatures average -2 to 19.			
	Extremes from -40 to 80 have been recorded. Average annual			
	precipitation	n is 19 inches, with 40 inches of snowfall. Golovnin Bay is		
	frozen from	early November to mid-May.		
History, Culture, &	The Eskimo	village of "Chinik," located at the present site of Golovin,		
Demographics	was original	ly settled by the Kauweramiut Eskimos, who later mixed		
	with the Un	aligmiut Eskimos. When gold was discovered in 1898 at		
	Council, Gol	ovin became a supply point for the gold fields; Supplies		
		d from Golovin across Golovnin Lagoon and up the Fish and		
	Niukluk Rivers to Council. A post office opened in 1899. Reindeer			
	herding was an integral part of the church missions in the area in the			
		rly 93% of the population are Alaska Natives; a federally		
	_	ribe is located in the community. Golovin is an Eskimo		
		a fishing, herding, and subsistence lifestyle. The sale or		
		of alcohol is banned in the village.		
Economy		economy is based on subsistence activities, reindeer		
	herding, fish processing and commercial fishing. In 2009, fifteen			
	residents held commercial fishing permits. The salmon fishery and			
	reindeer herding offer some potential for cash income to augment			
	subsistence food harvests.			
Subsistence	Fish, beluga whale, seal, moose, and reindeer are the main sources of			
	meat; bird eggs and berries are gathered from the tundra.			
Population	154 (2009 DCCED Certified)			
Borough Located	Unorganized			
In				
Incorporation Type	2 ND Class Cit	У		
Native Entities	Regional:	Bering Strait		
	Profit:			
	Nonprofit:			
	Village:			

EMERGENCY SERVICES				
State Troopers	800-443-2835 (Nome)			
VPSO	VPSO 739-1010			
Fire	779-3971			
Medical	Golovin Health Clinic – 779-3311			

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES				
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL	
City of Golovin	P.O. Box 62059	779-3211	Golovin_ak@hotmail.com	
	Golovin, AK 99762	779-2239		
		(fax)		
Golovin Native	P.O. Box 62099	779-3251		
Corporation	Golovin, AK 99762	779-3261		
		(fax)		
Chinik Eskimo	P.O. Box 62020	779-2214	Chinik@aitc.org	
Community	Community Golovin, AK 99762			
		(fax)		

TRANSPORTATION				
Accessibility	Access is limited to air and sea; there are no roads connecting the city			
	with other areas.			
Airport Facilities	State-owned airport with a 4,000' long by 75' wide gravel runway.			
Airline Services	Scheduled and chartered flights available from Nome: Bering Air; Ravn			
	Air; Ryan Air (freight).			
Freight	A cargo ship brings supplies once each summer to Nome; the supplies			
	are lightered from Nome and offloaded on the beach since there is no			
	dock.			
Vessel Support:	No shipping dock			

FACILITIES & UTILITIES				
Telephone	Cellular Service: GCI; TelAlaska			
	In-State Phone: Mukluk Telephone Co./TelAlaska			
	Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom (Long Distance): ; GCI;	ō		
	Mukluk Telephone			
Internet Provider	GCI (<u>www.gci.net</u>); TelAlaska	Ž		
TV Stations	ARCS	COMMUNICATIONS		
Radio Stations	KICY-AM; KNOM-AM	M		
Cable Provider	Golovin Native Corporation			
Teleconferencing	Alaska Teleconferencing Network			
Electricity	Provided by Golovin Power Utility.			
Fuel	Gasoline, diesel, and propane.			
Fuel Storage	Tank Owners (number of tanks @ total capacity): City (6 @ 135,486			
	gals.); Bering Strait Schools (2 @ 47,586)			
Housing	No hotel, but reportedly, Maggie Olson has rooms for rent.			
Water & Sewage	Water is pumped from Chinik Creek, then treated and stored in three			
	large tanks. Approximately 50% of households are plumbed; twenty-			
	eight homes have water delivered by truck, 27 haul their own water,			
	and 13 collect rain water during the summer. Ten homes with septic			

	tanks have experienced drainfield failures, 25 households use			
	honeybuckets, and 21 homes use pit privies.			
Services	No restaurant or banking services. Washeteria is available.			
	Groceries/supplies available at Olson & Sons.			
Miscellaneous	The community has one school, attended by 45 students. City has a			
	permitted landfill; the access road is completed.			

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT				
(Contact local off	(Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)			
Potential Command	Potential Command Community hall, etc. –			
Posts School –				
Potential Staging Areas Airport – 443-2500 (Nome)				
Other government facilities –				
Local Spill Response	None identified			
Equipment				

		(kai-ANN-uh) ted on the north bank of the Kobuk River, 57 air miles east		
		<u>`</u>		
		ted on the north bank of the Kobuk River, 57 air miles east		
Climate o	of Kotzebue	Kiana is located on the north bank of the Kobuk River, 57 air miles east		
	of Kotzebue, at approximately 66d 58m N Latitude, 160d 26m W			
L	Longitude (Sec. 09, T018N, R008W, Kateel River Meridian). Kiana is			
		ne transitional climate zone. Temperatures average -10 to		
		inter; 40 to 60 during summer. Temperature extremes		
h	ave been r	ecorded from -54 to 87. Snowfall averages 60 inches, with		
1	.6 inches of	total precipitation per year. The Kobuk River is navigable		
f	rom the en	d of May to early October.		
History, Culture, & K	(owagmiut	Inupiat Eskimos established Kiana, which means "a place		
Demographics v	vhere three	rivers meet," long ago as the central village of the Kobuk		
R	River. Appro	oximately 93% of the population are Alaska Natives; a		
f	ederally red	cognized tribe is located in the community. Kiana is a		
t	raditional E	skimo village practicing a subsistence lifestyle. The sale or		
iı	importation of alcohol is banned in the village.			
Economy T	The economy depends on traditional subsistence activities, but is			
iı	increasingly augmented by a cash economy. The school, the city, and			
N	Maniilaq Association provide the majority of year-round jobs in town;			
t	the Red Dog Mine also offers area employment. In 2009, two residents			
h	held commercial fishing permits; seasonal employment also includes			
V	work on river barges, BLM fire-fighting, and jade and copper ore			
n	mining. Kiana is one of the more modern villages in the borough and			
h	has three general stores.			
Subsistence R	Residents harvest chum salmon, freshwater fish, moose, caribou,			
v	waterfowl, and berries.			
Population 3	374 (2009 DCCED Certified)			
Borough Located N	Northwest Arctic			
In				
Incorporation Type 2	ND Class Cit	у		
Native Entities	Regional:	NANA		
	Profit:			
N	Nonprofit:			
	Village:			

EMERGENCY SERVICES					
State Troopers	800-789-3222 (Kotzebue)				
VPSO	475-5117				
Fire	475-2132				
Medical	Kiana Health Clinic – 475-2199. Auxiliary health care provided by flight				
	to Kotzebue.				

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES				
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL	
City of Kiana	P.O. Box 150	475-2136	administrator@cityofkiana.org	
	Kiana, AK 99749	475-2174	cityofkiana@aol.com	
		(fax)		
Kiana Traditional	P.O. Box 69	475-2109	tribeclerk@katyaaq.org	
Council	Kiana, AK 99749	475-2180	kiana@aitc.org	
		(fax)		

	TRANSPORTATION	
Accessibility	By barge, plane, small boat and snowmachine. Boats, ATVs and	
	snowmachines are used extensively for local travel, and there are many	
	trucks. A road extends along the river to Kobuk Camp, and a network	
	of old trading trails exists.	
Airport Facilities	The State-owned Bob Baker Memorial Airport has a 3,400' lighted	
	gravel runway, no facilities, and is located approximately one mile from	
	the village. Elevation 150'.	
Airline Services	Daily scheduled flights and charter flights are available. Bering Air;	
	Ravn Air; Ryan Air (freight).	
Freight	Crowley Marine Services barges fuel and supplies each summer, and	
	local store owners have large boats to bring supplies upriver.	
Vessel Support:	There is no dock.	

	FACILITIES & UTILITIES	
Telephone	Cellular Service: GCI; TelAlaska	
	In-State Phone: OTZ Telephone Coop	_
	AT&T Alascom (Long Distance): 1-800-288-2020 / www.att.com;	NS
	GCI; OTZ Telephone)E
Internet Provider	GCI; TelAlaska	<u>5</u>
TV Stations	ARCS	COMMUNICATIONS
Radio Stations	KOTZ-AM	<u> </u>
Cable Provider	City of Kiana	00
Teleconferencing	Alaska Teleconferencing Network; Kotzebue Legislative	
	Information Office	
Electricity	Provided by Alaska Village Electrical Cooperative.	
Fuel	Gasoline, diesel, and propane.	
Fuel Storage	Tank Owners (number of tanks @ total capacity): AVEC (14 @ 138)	,146
	gals.); Kiana Trading Post/Margaret & Donald Dorsey (4 @ 51,208);	
	NWAB Schools (9 @ 88,152); City (94,000).	
Housing	Land Sea Air has lodging available in Kiana; a seasonal lodge is ten miles	
	upstream.	

Water & Sewage	A 200,000-gallon steel tank is intermittently filled from two wells near
	the Kobuk River; water is chlorinated prior to distribution through
	buried water mains. Piped water and sewer are provided to the clinic,
	school, community hall, and 73 homes. Kiana maintains a 6-inch buried
	gravity sewer system, which drains to a lift station for pumping through
	a buried force main to the sewage treatment lagoon northeast of the
	village. Nineteen households haul water and use honeybuckets or
	septic tanks. A water and sewer Master Plan is being conducted for
	needed infrastructure improvements.
Services	No restaurant, laundromat, or banking facilities. Groceries, clothing,
	first-aid supplies, and hardware available among the three stores in the
	community. Rental transportation includes boats and charter aircraft.
	Small engine repair only.
Miscellaneous	The community has one school, attended by 113 students. The landfill
	is located west of the sewage disposal lagoon; the site needs to be
	relocated.

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT			
(Contact local off	(Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)		
Potential Command	Community hall, etc. –		
Posts	School –		
Potential Staging Areas	Airport – 442-3147 (Kotzebue)		
	Other government facilities –		
Local Spill Response	City maintains absorbent pads and boom, large storage tanks, 300		
Equipment	gal vats, sump pumps, a Caterpillar, a grader, and a loader.		

9770.7.12 – Kivalina				
	T	KIVALINA		
Location and	Kivalina is at the tip of an 8-mile barrier reef located between the			
Climate	Chukchi Sea and Wulik River, approximately 80 air miles northwest of			
	Kotzebue. I	t lies at approximately 67d 43m N Latitude, 164d 32m W		
	Longitude (S	Sec. 21, T027N, R026W, Kateel River Meridian). Kivalina is		
	in the transi	tional climate zone, characterized by long, cold winters and		
	cool summe	ers. The average low temperature during January is -15; the		
	average high	n during July is 57. Temperature extremes have been		
	measured fr	om -54 to 85. Snowfall averages 57 inches, with 8.6 inches		
	of precipitat	tion per year. The Chukchi Sea is ice-free and open to boat		
	traffic from	mid-June to early November.		
History, Culture, &		long been a stopping-off place for seasonal travelers		
Demographics		ctic coastal areas and Kotzebue Sound communities. It is		
	the only villa	age in the region where people hunt the bowhead whale.		
	During the 1	1970s, new houses, a new school and an electric system		
	_	ucted in the village. Due to severe erosion, the city intends		
		to relocate - a site has yet to be determined by discussion and vote of		
	the public. Approximately 97% of the population are Alaska Natives, a			
	federally recognized tribe is located in the community. Kivalina is a			
	traditional Inupiat Eskimo village; subsistence activities, including			
		ovide most food sources. The sale or importation of alcohol		
	is banned in	· ·		
Economy		conomy depends on subsistence practices, where 79% of the		
•	food consumed is harvested from sea and land. The school, the city,			
	Maniilaq Association, village council, and local stores provide year-			
	round jobs. The Red Dog Mine also offers area employment. In 2009,			
	two residents hold commercial fishing permits.			
Subsistence	Bearded sea	al, walrus, bowhead whale, beluga whale, salmon, whitefish,		
	trout and ca	ribou are harvested for subsistence.		
Population	410 (2009 DCCED Certified) 475 local census			
Borough Located	Unorganized			
In				
Incorporation Type	2 ND Class City			
Native Entities	Regional:	NANA		
	Profit:			
	Nonprofit:	Kivalina Council		
	Village:	Native Village of Kivalina		

EMERGENCY SERVICES		
State Troopers	800-789-3222 (Kotzebue)	
VPSO	None	
Fire	645-2137	

Medical	Kivalina Health Clinic – 645-2141. Auxiliary health care provided by
	flight to Kotzebue.

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL
City of Kivalina	P.O. Box	645-2137	kivalinacity@aol.com
	50079	645-2175	
	Kivalina, AK		
	99750		
Native Village of	P.O. Box	645-2153	environmental.irrcoordinator@kivaliniq.org
Kivalina	50051	645-2193	millie.hawley@ymail.com
	Kivalina, AK		
	99750		

	TRANSPORTATION	
Accessibility	By barge, plane, small boat and snowmachine. There are no roads	
	linking the community to other parts of the state. Boats are used for	
	inter-village travel and subsistence activities. ATVs and snowmachines	
	are commonly used in winter. The community needs a road to the	
	proposed new school site, 7.5 miles away. Two main hunting trails	
	follow the Kivalina and Wulik Rivers.	
Airport Facilities	A State-owned 3,000' gravel airstrip serves daily flights from Kotzebue.	
	Elevation 10'.	
Airline Services	Bering Air; Ravn Air; Ryan Air (freight).	
Freight	Crowley Marine Services barges fuel and supplies from Kotzebue during	
	July and August.	
Vessel Support:		

FACILITIES & UTILITIES		
Telephone	Cellular Service: GCI	
	In-State Phone: OTZ Telephone Co-op, Inc.	SI
	Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom (Long Distance): 1-800-	ō
	288-2020 / www.att.com; GCI; OTZ Telephone	COMMUNICATIONS
Internet Provider	GCI (<u>www.gci.net</u>); OTZ Telephone	Ž
TV Stations	ARCS	Σ
Radio Stations	KOTZ-AM	Σ
Cable Provider	None	ö
Teleconferencing	Alaska Teleconferencing Network	
Electricity	Provided by Alaska Village Electrical Cooperative.	
Fuel	Gasoline, diesel, and propane.	
Fuel Storage	Tank Owners (number of tanks @ total capacity): AVEC (16 @ 130)	,559
	gals.); Native Store (13 @ 114,400); NWAB Schools (4 @ 47,252)	
Housing	Accommodations sometimes available in private homes, visitors ma	ay
	be lodged at the school.	

Water & Sewage	Wells have proven unsuccessful in Kivalina. Water is drawn from the
water & sewage	
	Wulik River via a 3-mile surface transmission line to a 670,000-gallon
	raw water tank and then to a 500,000-gallon tank, where it is treated
	when it is pumped. The water generally lasts the community only for a
	six-month period, and the washeteria is closed to the public when the
	last tank is down to 12 feet, and water use is limited to 30 gallons a day
	for the public during this period so it can last through May. Water is
	hauled by residents from this tank, which can be difficult during winter
	since snow can create hills 20 to 30 feet high that must be negotiated.
	One-seventh of residents have tanks that provide running water for the
	kitchen, but homes are not fully plumbed. There is a public washeteria
	which offers up to four (4) washers when they are working and no
	showers available. The school and clinic have individual water and
	sewer systems. Residents haul their own honeybuckets to the landfill
	disposal site, which has no barrier around it and is subject to visits from
	wild animals, such as bears and foxes.
Services	No restaurant, laundromat or banking facilities. Groceries, clothing,
	first-aid supplies, and hardware can be purchased in the community
	store owned by ANICA, Inc. Boats can sometimes be rented.
Miscellaneous	The community has one school, attended by 122 students. Seagulls
	and crows forage for food at the landfill creating a threat to airplane
	traffic at the landing strip.

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT			
(Contact local off	(Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)		
Potential Command	Community hall, etc. – 645-2137		
Posts	School – 645-2125		
Potential Staging Areas Airport – 442-3147 (Kotzebue)			
	National Guard Armory –		
	Other government facilities –		
Local Spill Response	AVEC maintains a conex of spill response equipment		
Equipment			

		КОВИК	
Location and	Kobuk is located on the right bank of the Kobuk River, about 7 miles		
Climate	northeast o	f Shungnak and 128 air miles northeast of Kotzebue. It is	
	the smallest	village in the Northwest Arctic Borough and lies at	
	approximate	ely 66d 55m N Latitude, 156d 52m W Longitude (Sec. 03,	
	T017N, R009	9E, Kateel River Meridian). Kobuk is located in the	
	transitional climate zone. Temperatures average -10 to 15 during		
	winter; 40 t	o 65 during summer. Temperature extremes have been	
	recorded fro	om -68 to 90. Snowfall averages 56 inches, with 17 inches of	
	total precipi	tation per year. The Kobuk River is navigable from the end	
	of May thro	ugh October.	
History, Culture, &	Kobuk was f	ounded in 1899 as a supply point for mining activities in the	
Demographics	Cosmos Hill:	s to the north. High School students attend school in	
	Shungnak.	ce jams on the river cause high water each year, and in May	
	1973, a floo	d covered the entire village. Nearly 90% of the population	
	are Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the		
	community. It is an Inupiat Eskimo village practicing a traditional		
	subsistence	lifestyle. The sale or importation of alcohol is banned in the	
	village.		
Economy	The economy of Kobuk is based on subsistence. Cash employment is		
	limited to the school, city government and Maniilaq clinic. Seasonal		
	construction and BLM fire fighting provide some income.		
Subsistence	Whitefish, caribou and moose provide the majority of meat sources for		
	subsistence.		
Population	96		
Borough Located	Northwest Arctic		
In			
Incorporation Type	2 ND Class City		
Native Entities	Regional:	NANA	
	Profit:		
	Nonprofit:		
	Village:		

EMERGENCY SERVICES			
State Troopers	800-789-3222 (Kotzebue)		
VPO	948-5067		
Medical	Kobuk Health Clinic – 948-2218. The clinic has water and sewer freezing		
	problems; needs major renovations and expansion. Auxiliary health		
	care provided by flight to Kotzebue.		

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS PHONE WEBSITE/EMAIL		
City of Kobuk	P.O. Box 20	948-2217	kobukcity@yahoo.com

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL
	Kobuk, AK 99751	948-2228	
		(fax)	
Kobuk Valley	P.O. Box 53090	948-2251	
Electric	Kobuk, AK 99753	948-2130	
Cooperative		(fax)	
Native Village of	P.O. Box 39	948-2203	tribeadmin@langviik.org
Kobuk	Kobuk, AK 99751	948-2123	
		(fax)	

TRANSPORTATION			
Accessibility	By barge, plane, small boat and snowmachine. There are many trails		
	along the river for year-round inter-village travel and subsistence		
	activities, including a 7-mile road to Shungnak.		
Airport Facilities	A State-owned 2,360' lighted gravel airstrip is served by scheduled air		
	carriers. Elevation 145'. Float planes land on the Kobuk River and		
	nearby lake.		
Airline Services	Bering Air; Ravn Air; Ryan Air (freight).		
Freight	Crowley Marine Services barges fuel and supplies during the spring and		
	fall, when high water stages occur. There is a barge off-loading area.		
Vessel Support:			

FACILITIES & UTILITIES		
Telephone	Celllar Service: GCI	
	In-State Phone: OTZ Telephone Coop, Inc.	
	Long-Distance Phone: AT&T GCI; OTZ Telephone	
Internet Provider	GCI (www.gci.net)	S
TV Stations	ARCS	
Radio Stations	KOTZ-AM	COMMUNICATIONS
Cable Provider	None	Ö
Teleconferencing	Alaska Teleconferencing Network	
Electricity	Provided by Kobuk Valley Electric Cooperative, which purchases power	
	from AVEC over the Kobuk-Shungnak intertie.	
Fuel	Gasoline, diesel, and propane.	
Fuel Storage	Tank Owners (number of tanks @ total capacity): NWAB Schools (4 @	
	27,244 gals.); City (37,000)	
Housing	Some accommodations can be arranged within the community.	
Water & Sewage	A 30-foot well provides water, which is treated and currently hauled by	
	residents from the washeteria. Honeybuckets and privies are currently	
	used by most residences. Major construction underway to provide a	
	piped water and sewer system, including household plumbing. The	
	washeteria has its own septic tank. Waste is disposed of at Dall Cre	ek.

Services	Groceries, clothing, first-aid supplies, and hardware available.		
	Laundromat with showers. No restaurant or banking services. Rental		
	transportation includes boats and charter aircraft. No public		
	transportation.		
Miscellaneous	There is one school located in the community, attended by 35		
	students. A new landfill was recently completed.		

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT				
(Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)				
Potential Command	otential Command Community hall, etc. –			
Posts	School –			
Potential Staging Areas	Areas Airport – 442-3147 (Kotzebue)			
Other government facilities –				
Local Spill Response	Up to ten boats and a backhoe may be available.			
Equipment	Equipment			

9770.7.14 - Kotzebue

Version 1

	KOTZEBUE
Location and Climate	Kotzebue lies on the Baldwin Peninsula in Kotzebue Sound, on a 3-milelong spit, which ranges in width from 1,100 to 3,600 feet. It is located near the discharges of the Kobuk and Noatak Rivers, 549 air miles northwest of Anchorage and 26 miles above the Arctic Circle, at approximately 66d 54m N Latitude, 162d 35m W Longitude (Sec. 03, T017N, R018W, Kateel River Meridian). Kotzebue is located in the transitional climate zone, which is characterized by long, cold winters and cool summers. The average low temperature during January is -12; the average high during July is 58. Temperature extremes have been measured from -52 to 85. Snowfall averages 40 inches, with total precipitation of 9 inches per year. Kotzebue Sound is ice-free from
History, Culture, & Demographics	early July until early October. This site has been occupied by Inupiat Eskimos for at least 600 years. "Kikiktagruk" was the hub of ancient arctic trading routes long before European contact due to its coastal location near a number of rivers. Since the turn of the century, expansion of economic activities and services in the area has enabled Kotzebue to develop relatively rapidly. An Air Force Base and White Alice Communications System were later constructed. Approximately three-quarters of the population are Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the community. The residents of Kotzebue are primarily Inupiat Eskimos, and subsistence activities are an integral part of the lifestyle. Each summer, the North Tent City fish camp is set up to dry and smoke the season's catch. As a regional economic center, it offers a mixture of government, transportation, and other private sector businesses. The sale is banned in the City, although importation or possession of alcohol
Economy	is allowed. Kotzebue is the service and transportation center for all villages in the northwest region. It has a healthy cash economy, a growing private sector, and a stable public sector. Due to its location at the confluence of three river drainages, Kotzebue is the transfer point between ocean and inland shipping. It is also the air transport center for the region. The majority of income is directly or indirectly related to government employment, such as the School District, Maniilaq Association, and the City and Borough. The Cominco Alaska Red Dog Mine is a significant regional employer. Commercial fishing for chum salmon and processing at Kotzebue Sound Area Fisheries provide some seasonal employment. Over 131 residents hold commercial fishing permits. Most residents rely on subsistence to supplement income.
Subsistence	
Population	3000
Borough Located In	Northwest Arctic

Incorporation Type	2 ND Class City	
Native Entities	Regional:	NANA
	Profit:	
	Nonprofit:	
	Village:	

EMERGENCY SERVICES			
State Troopers	442-3222		
Police	442-3351		
Fire	442-3404		
Medical	Maniilaq Health Center (PHS) – 442-3321. Hospital is a qualified Acute		
	Care facility.		
	Auxiliary health care provided by the Fire Dept. and Maniilaq Air		
	Ambulance – 442-3321 x7344.		

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES				
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL	
City of Kotzebue	P.O. Box 46	442-3401	http://www.kotzebuepolice.com	
	Kotzebue, AK 99752	442-3742	dmartin@kotzebue.org	
		fax)		
Kotzebue Electric	P.O. Box 44	442-3491		
Association	Kotzebue, AK 99752	442-2482		
		(fax)		
Northwest Inupiat	P.O. Box 331	442-3450	nihaed@ptialaska.net	
Housing Authority	Kotzebue, AK 99752	442-3486		
		(fax)		
NW Arctic	P.O. Box 1110	442-2500	Denise koutchak@yahoo.com	
Economic Dev.	Kotzebue, AK 99752	442-2930		
Comm.		(fax)		
Maniilaq	P.O. Box 256	442-3311		
Association	Kotzebue, AK 99752	442-2381		
		(fax)		
NANA Regional	P.O. Box 49	442-3301		
Corp.	Kotzebue, AK 99752	442-2866		
		(fax)		
	1001 E. Benson Blvd.	265-4100	http://www.nana-	
	Anchorage, AK 99508	265-4311	online.com/intro.htm	
		fax)		
Kikiktagruk	P.O. Box 1050	442-3165		
Inupiat Corp.	Kotzebue, AK 99752	442-2165		
		(fax)		
Kotzebue IRA	P.O. Box 296	442-3467	kotzebueira@gmail.com or	
Council	Kotzebue, AK 99752	442-2162	alex.whiting@qira.org	
		(fax)		

TRANSPORTATION		
Accessibility	By barge, plane, boat and snowmachine, though air is the primary	
	means of transportation year-round. The shipping season lasts 100	
	days, from early July to early October, when the Sound is ice-free. Due	
	to river sediments deposited by the Noatak River 4 miles above	
	Kotzebue, the harbor is shallow. There are 26 miles of local gravel	
	roads, used by cars, trucks and motorcycles during the summer.	
	Snowmachines are preferred in winter for local transportation.	
Airport Facilities	The State-owned Ralph Wien Memorial Airport supports daily jet	
	service to Anchorage and several air taxis to the region's villages. It has	
	a 5,900' main paved runway and 3,900' crosswind gravel runway.	
	Elevation 11'. A seaplane base is also operated by the State.	
Airline Services	Alaska Airlines; Bering Air; Ravn Air; Ryan Air (freight).	
Freight	Crowley Marine Services operates shallow draft barges to deliver cargo	
	to area communities. The City of Kotzebue is the transfer point	
	between ocean and inland shipping for northwest Alaska. It does not	
	have a natural harbor, and is ice-free for only 3 months each year. Deep	
	draft vessels must anchor 15 miles out, and cargo is lightered to the	
	docking facility.	
Vessel Support:	Docking facility but no harbor.	

FACILITIES & UTILITIES		
Telephone	Cellular Service: GCI; OTZ	
	In-State Phone: OTZ Telephone Coop, Inc.	NS
	Long-Distance Phone: AT&T GCI; OTZ Telephone)E
Internet Provider	GCI; OTZ Telephone Coop, Inc.	COMMUNICATIONS
TV Stations	ARCS; KUAC; KYAC	S
Radio Stations	KOTZ-AM	Σ
Cable Provider	GCI Cable, Inc.	Ö
Teleconferencing	Alaska Teleconferencing Network; Legislative Information Office	
Electricity	Provided by Kotzebue Electric Association	
Fuel	Aviation, including Jet A, and regular gasoline, diesel, and propane.	
Fuel Storage	Tank Owners (number of tanks @ total capacity): Crowley Marine	
	Services Tank Farm (15 @ 6,200,000 gals.); Airport/Bering Air (20,0	00);
	Air Nat'l Guard (17,000); NWAB Schools (8 @ 221,748); Pacific Alaska	
	Fuel Services; Baker's Fuel; Hanson's; Bison Street; Lee's Auto; K.I.C	.;
	NAPA Auto Parts.	
Housing	Nullagvik Hotel (442-3331), Bayside Inn (442-3600), and Drake's Ca	mp
	(442-2736)	
Water & Sewage	Water is supplied by the 150-million-gallon Vortac Reservoir, locate	ed
	one and a half miles from the city. After treatment, water is stored	l in a
	1.5-million-gallon tank. The water is heated with a waste heat	
	recovery system at the electric plant and distributed in circulating	

	mains. Piped sewage is treated in a 32-acre zero discharge facultative
	lagoon west of the airport. Significant improvements are needed to this
	30-year-old facility. Around 80% of homes are fully plumbed, and 521
	homes are served by the city system. The 30-year-old PVC water and
	sewer mains are currently undergoing replacement.
Services	There are several restaurants, including at the Nullagvik and the
	Bayside, banking services, and several stores at which to get most any
	kind of supplies. The town also boasts a library, a National Park Service
	office, and the NANA Museum of the Arctic.
Miscellaneous	There are three schools located in the community, attended by 928
	students. A new transfer station and landfill with baler has recently
	been completed. Recycling and hazardous waste disposal have been
	improved. A wind energy demonstration project is underway.

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT			
(Contact local off	(Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)		
Potential Command	Community hall, Fire Department, etc. –		
Posts	School –		
Potential Staging Areas	Airport – DOT&PF 442-3147		
	National Guard Armory – 442-3447		
	Other government facilities –		
Local Spill Response	ADEC Spill Response Equipment Conex.		
Equipment			

3770.7.13 – ROYUR		коуик	
Location and	Koyuk is loca	ated at the mouth of the Koyuk River, at the northeastern	
Climate	end of Norton Bay on the Seward Peninsula, 90 air miles northeast of		
	Nome, at ap	proximately 64d 56m N Latitude, 161d 09m W Longitude	
	(Sec. 32, T00	06S, R012W, Kateel River Meridian). Koyuk has a subarctic	
	climate with	a maritime influence. Average summer temperatures	
	range from	46 to 62; winter temperatures average -8 to 8. Annual	
	precipitation	n is 19 inches, including 40 inches of snowfall. Extremes	
	from -49 to	87 have been recorded. Norton Bay is usually ice-free from	
	May to Octo	ber.	
History, Culture, &	The site of "	lyatayet" on Cape Denbigh to the south has traces of early	
Demographics	man that are	e 6,000 to 8,000 years old. The villagers were historically	
	nomadic. Lt	Zagoskin of the Russian Navy noted the village of	
	•	miut" here in 1842-44, and a Western Union Telegraph	
	•	n 1865 found the village of "Konyukmute." Around 1900,	
		townsite began to be populated where supplies could	
	-	ntered to shore. In addition to gold, coal was mined a mile	
	•	upply steam ships and for export to Nome. The first school	
	•	e church in 1915; the U.S. government built a school in	
	-	28. Nearly 95% of the population are Alaska Natives. A	
		cognized tribe is located in the community. Koyuk is a	
		Unalit and Malemiut Eskimo village that speaks a dialect of	
	•	mo. They maintain a subsistence lifestyle. The sale or	
	-	of alcohol is banned in the village.	
Economy	-	conomy is based on subsistence, supplemented by limited	
		bs. Unemployment is high. There is a small amount of	
		fishing, and some income is derived from reindeer herding.	
		sidents hold commercial fishing permits.	
Subsistence		urces of meat are fish, reindeer, seal, beluga whale and	
0	moose.		
Population	289		
Borough Located	Unorganized		
In Insurporation Type	2 ND Class City		
Incorporation Type Native Entities	Regional:	,	
ivative entitles	Regional: Profit:	Bering Strait	
	Nonprofit:		
	Village:		

EMERGENCY SERVICES	
State Troopers	800-443-2835 (Nome)
VPSO	963-8143
Police	963-3541

Fire	963-3441
Medical	Koyuk Health Clinic – 963-3311

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL
City of Koyuk	P.O. Box 53029	963-3441	cityofkoyuk@hughes.net
	Koyuk, AK 99753	963-3442	
		(fax)	
Koyuk Native	P.O. Box 53050	963-2424	Knoyn2015@outlook.com
Corporation	Koyuk, AK 99753	963-3552	
		(fax)	
Native Village of	P.O. Box 53030	963-3651	tc.kka@kawerak.org
Koyuk	Koyuk, AK 99753	963-2653	
		(fax)	

	TRANSPORTATION
Accessibility	By plane, small boat and snowmachine. No roads connect Koyuk with
	other villages, although an 18-mile road to Six Mile Point is under
	construction, and access is limited to air and sea.
Airport Facilities	A State-owned 3,000' gravel airstrip was recently improved. Elevation
	130'.
Airline Services	Regular flight service from Nome and Unalakleet is available. Bering Air;
	Ravn Air; Ryan Air (freight).
Freight	Supplies barged to Nome, delivered in smaller vessel, and lightered to
	shore.
Vessel Support:	No dock in the village. (City is seeking a small boat harbor feasibility
	study.)

FACILITIES & UTILITIES		
Telephone	Cellular Service: GCI, TelAlaska	
	In-State Phone: Mukluk Telephone Co./TelAlaska	SI
	Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom (Long Distance): 1-800-	ō
	288-2020 / www.att.com; GCI; Mukluk Telephone	AT
Internet Provider	GCI (<u>www.gci.net</u>), TelAlaska	COMMUNICATIONS
TV Stations	ARCS	Σ
Radio Stations	KICY-AM; KNOM-AM	M
Cable Provider	City of Koyuk	ö
Teleconferencing	Alaska Teleconferencing Network	
Electricity	Provided by Alaska Village Electrical Cooperative.	
Fuel	Gasoline, diesel, and propane.	
Fuel Storage	Tank Owners (number of tanks @ total capacity): Bering Strait Sch	ools
	(3 @ 81,000 gals.); AVEC (5 @ 129,295); Koyuk Native Corp. (5 @	-

	101 000) 011 (01 000) 111 11 1/0 0 0 000) 1707/11
	194,000); City (24,000); Unknown/beach (2 @ 6,500); ADOT/Airport
	(3,000).
Housing	No hotel, but lodging possibly available at the pool hall (963-3661).
	Native Corporation has apartment available (963-2424). Local resident
	has some lodging possible (963-3221).
Water & Sewage	A piped water and sewer system was recently completed for the west
	side of town, serving 51 households. The east loop system is under
	construction. The school has requested funding to connect to the new
	sewer system, since its septic effluent is posing a health hazard. Funds
	have been requested to construct a new water plant and small
	washeteria.
Services	Groceries available at the Koyuk Native Store (963-3451). Koyuk
	Native Corporation Store sells gas and has some snacks, etc. Corinne's
	Videos has some hot food for sell. Washeteria and pay phone
	available. No restaurants, banking facilities, major repair services,
	moorage facilities or rental transportation.
Miscellaneous	There is one school located in the community, attended by 97
	students. ADEC has approved the landfill for use, although it is not
	permitted.

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT			
(Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)			
Potential Command	Community hall, etc. –		
Posts	School –		
Potential Staging Areas	Airport – 624-3261 (Unalakleet)		
	Other government facilities –		
Local Spill Response	Up to 25 boats and some sorbent pads may be available.		
Equipment			

MARY'S IGLOO

Location and	Mary's Igloo is located on the northwest bank of the Kuzitrin River, on			
Climate	the Seward Peninsula, northeast of Nome. It lies 40 miles southeast of			
	Teller. Average summer temperatures range from 44 to 57, winter			
	average -9 to 8, with extremes measured from -45 to 82.			
History, Culture, &	Natives of "Kauwerak," as the village was originally called, were Inupiaq			
Demographics	Eskimos known as Kauweramiuts. This village was originally located			
	about 15 miles downriver, but by 1900, Kauwerak was abandoned, and			
	most Natives moved to Teller or Nome because of the schools and			
	employment opportunities. Some settled at the present site, which			
	they called "Aukvaunlook," meaning "black whale." During the gold			
	prospecting boom, non-Natives renamed the village "Mary's Igloo,"			
	after an Eskimo woman named Mary, who welcomed miners, trappers			
	and other newcomers into her home for coffee. Supplies for the gold			
	fields upriver were transferred onto river boats here. A post office and			

store were opened in 1901. By 1910, Mary's Igloo became a large mixed community of Eskimos, white traders, miners, innkeepers, missionaries and support crews for barges. The flu epidemic of 1918-19, and a tuberculosis epidemic two years later, devastated the community. A Catholic orphanage, "Our Lady of Lourdes Mission," was opened at nearby Pilgrim Springs, and a Lutheran orphanage was built at nearby New Igloo. The BIA school closed in 1948 and the Alaska Native School was closed in 1952 for lack of students. The post office and store also closed in 1952. Mary's Igloo is a summer fish camp; many traditional villagers live in Teller. Villagers are interested in rebuilding the community, near the old site of Kauwerak.

Economy

Mary's Igloo is a summer fish camp. There is no employment or commercial activity in Mary's Igloo.

Subsistence

None permanent - small summer population

Population Borough Located

Unorganized

Borougn Located

pe Unincorporated

Incorporation Type
Native Entities

Regional: Bering Strait

Profit: Nonprofit: Village:

EMERGENCY SERVICES

No emergency services

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL
Mary's Igloo	P.O. Box 572	642-3731	
Native Corporation	Teller, AK 99778		
Native Village of	P.O. Box 629	642-3731	tc.mi@kawerak.org
Mary's Igloo	Teller, AK 99778	642-2189	
		(Fax)	

TRANSPORTATION		
Accessibility Mary's Igloo is accessible by riverboat in the summer and by winte trails. Snowmachines and dog teams are used over a well-establish trail to Teller. There is no connecting road and no air transportatio accessibility.		
Airport Facilities		
Airline Services		
Freight		
Vessel Support:		

FACILITIES & UTILITIES

None

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT

None

9770.7.16 - Noatak

		NOATAK		
Location and	Noatak is located on the west bank of the Noatak River, 55 miles north			
Climate	of Kotzebue and 70 miles north of the Arctic Circle. This is the only			
	settlement on the 396 mile-long Noatak River, just west of the 66-			
	million acre Noatak National Preserve, at approximately 67d 34m N			
	Latitude, 162d 58m W Longitude (Sec. 16, T025N, R019W, Kateel River			
	Meridian). Noatak is located in the transitional climate zone.			
	Temperatur	Temperatures average -21 to 15 during winter; 40 to 60 during		
	summer. Te	mperature extremes have been recorded from -59 to 75.		
	Snowfall ave	erages 48 inches, with 10 to 13 inches of total precipitation		
	per year. Th	e Noatak River is navigable by shallow-draft boats from		
	early June to	o early October.		
History, Culture, &	Established	as a fishing and hunting camp in the 19th century, the rich		
Demographics	resources of	f this region enabled the camp to develop into a permanent		
	settlement.	The 1880 census listed the site as Noatagamut, which		
	means "inla	means "inland river people." Over 95% of the population are Alaska		
	Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the community. The			
	village is Inupiat Eskimo. Subsistence activities are the central focus of			
	the culture,	the culture, and families travel to fish camps during the summer. The		
	sale or impo	ortation of alcohol is banned in the village.		
Economy	Noatak's eco	onomy is principally based on subsistence, although the		
	available en	nployment is diverse. The school district, the city, Maniilaq		
	Association, and four stores are the primary employers. Eight residents			
	hold commercial fishing permits. During the summer, many families			
	travel to seasonal fish camps at Sheshalik, and others find seasonal			
	work in Kotzebue or fire-fighting.			
Subsistence	Chum salmo	on, whitefish, caribou, moose and waterfowl are harvested		
	for subsistence.			
Population	423			
Borough Located	Northwest Arctic			
In				
Incorporation Type	2 ND Class Cit	у		
Native Entities	Regional:	NANA		
	Profit:			
	Nonprofit:			
	Village:			

EMERGENCY SERVICES			
State Troopers 800-789-3222 (Kotzebue)			
VPSO	VPSO 485-5322		
Fire			
Medical	Noatak Health Clinic – 485-2162. Auxiliary health care provided by		
	flight to Kotzebue.		

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES				
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS PHONE WEBSITE/EMAIL			
Noatak Village	P.O. Box 89	485-2173	tribeadmin@nautaaq.org	
Council	Noatak, AK 99761	485-2137		
		(fax)		

	TRANSPORTATION			
Accessibility	Noatak is primarily accessed by air. Small boats, ATVs and			
	snowmachines are used extensively for local transportation. Many			
	historic trails along the Noatak River are important today for inter-			
	village travel and subsistence uses.			
Airport Facilities	A State-owned 4,000' lighted gravel airstrip. Elevation 99'. No other			
	airport facilities or transportation to the village.			
Airline Services	Cargo, mail and passenger services. Bering Air; Ravn Air; Ryan Air			
	(freight).			
Freight	There is currently no barge service to Noatak.			
Vessel Support:				

	FACILITIES & UTILITIES		
Telephone	Cellular Service: GCI		
	In-State Phone: OTZ Telephone Coop, Inc.		
	Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom (Long Distance): 1-800-288-2020 / www.att.com; GCI; OTZ Telephone GCI (www.gci.net) ARCS KOTZ-AM Noatak IRA Council		
	288-2020 / www.att.com; GCI; OTZ Telephone	Ę	
Internet Provider	GCI (www.gci.net)	2	
TV Stations	ARCS	2	
Radio Stations	KOTZ-AM	<u> </u>	
Cable Provider	Noatak IRA Council	Ö	
Teleconferencing	Alaska Teleconferencing Network; Kotzebue Legislative		
	Information Office		
Electricity	Provided by Alaska Village Electric Cooperation.		
Fuel	Gasoline, diesel, and propane.		
Fuel Storage	Tank Owners (number of tanks @ total capacity): AVEC (12 @ 95,254		
	gals.); NWAB Schools (9 @ 95,137); Alaska Native Store (6 @ 69,000);		
	Noatak Fish Hatchery.		
Housing	No hotel, but arrangements can be made for sleeping at the school or		
	private homes. Possible B&B at 485-2116.		
Water & Sewage	Water is derived from the Noatak River and is treated. The primary		
	well occasionally runs dry; groundwater wells have been unsuccessful		
	in the area. A piped, recirculating water and sewer distribution system		
	serves 77 homes, the school and businesses in Noatak. However, over		
	half of the homes cannot use the service due to lack of plumbing.		
	These residents haul water and honeybuckets. The village has		
	requested funding to upgrade and add plumbing facilities where		
	necessary and to construct a washeteria.		

Services	No restaurant, laundromat or banking facilities. Groceries, some		
	clothing, hardware, and first-aid supplies available. No moorage		
	facilities. Rental boats available.		
Miscellaneous	There is one school located in the community, attended by 135		
	students. The landfill has recently been relocated west of the airport.		

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT			
(Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)			
Potential Command Community hall, etc. –			
Posts School –			
Potential Staging Areas Airport – 442-3147 (Kotzebue)			
	Other government facilities –		
Local Spill Response	onse Up to 25 boats, a backhoe, fuel truck, excavator, dump truck, and		
Equipment some sorbent pads may be available.			

	NOME
Location and	Nome sits along the Bering Sea, on the south coast of the Seward
Climate	Peninsula, facing Norton Sound, at approximately 64d 30m N Latitude,
	165d 25m W Longitude (Sec. 26, T011S, R034W, Kateel River Meridian).
	It lies 102 miles south of the Arctic Circle, 161 miles east of Russia, and
	539 air miles northwest of Anchorage, a 75-minute flight. January
	temperatures range from -3 to 11; July temperatures are typically 44 to
	65. Average annual precipitation is 18 inches, including 56 inches of
	snowfall.
History, Culture, &	Malemiut, Kauweramiut and Unalikmiut Eskimos, with a well-developed
Demographics	culture adapted to the environment, have occupied the Seward
	Peninsula historically. Gold discoveries in the Nome area had been
	reported as far back as 1865 by Western Union surveyors seeking a
	route across Alaska and the Bering Sea. But it was a \$1500-to-the-pan
	gold strike on tiny Anvil Creek in 1898, and two years later the
	discovery of gold on the beaches, that brought thousands of miners.
	Almost overnight an isolated stretch of tundra fronting the beach was
	transformed into a tent-and-log cabin city of 20,000 prospectors,
	gamblers, claim jumpers, saloon keepers, and prostitutes. The gradual
	depletion of gold, a major influenza epidemic in 1918, the depression,
	and finally World War II, each influenced Nome's population. A
	disastrous fire in 1934 destroyed most of the city A federally-
	recognized tribe is located in the community the Nome Eskimo
	Community. The population of Nome is a mixture of Inupiat Eskimos
	and non-Natives. Although some employment opportunities are
	available, subsistence activities are prevalent in the community.
	Although many employment opportunities are available, subsistence
	activities are prevalent in the community. Contact Alaska Department
	of Fish and Game at (907) 443-5167 for current subsistence activities.
Economy	Nome is the center of the Bering Strait/Seward Peninsula region.
	Government services provide the majority of employment. Less than
	50 residents hold commercial fishing permits. Retail services,
	transportation, mining, medical and other businesses provide year-
	round income. Alaska Gold Company operates a placer gold mine that
	provides some employment. Subsistence activities contribute to the
	local diet.
Subsistence	Moose, caribou, salmon, bear, ptarmigan, reindeer, musk ox, seal and
	walrus are harvested for subsistence. Alaska Department of Fish and
	Game regional supervisor has most up to date information regarding
	fishing and subsistence activities 907-443-5167.
Population	3721
Borough Located	Unorganized
In	

Incorporation Type	1st Class City	
Native Entities	Regional: Bering Strait Native Corp	
	Profit: Sitnasuak Native Corp	
	Nonprofit: Kawerak Inc	
	Village: Nome Eskimo Community	

	EMERGENCY SERVICES	
State Troopers	443-5525/2441	
Police	443-5262	
Fire	443-2310	
Medical	Norton Sound Regional Hospital – 443-3311. Auxiliary health care	
	provided by Nome Volunteer Ambulance Service, Inc – 443-8521; and	
	Norton Sound Health Corp Medevac – 443-3311. There is 911 phone	
	capability.	

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL
Nome Chamber of	P.O. Box 250	443-3879	director@nomecham
Commerce	Nome, AK 99762-	443-3892 (fax)	ber.com
	0250		
City of Nome	P.O. Box 281	443-6663	http://www.nomeala
	Nome, AK 99762	443-5345 (fax)	ska.org/
			admin@ci.nome.ak.u
			<u>s</u>
			City Manager: Tom
			Moran
Nome Convention &	P.O. Box 240	443-2477	http://www.alaska.n
Visitors Bureau	Nome, AK 99762	443-2478 (fax)	et/~nome/
			tourinfo@ci.nome.ak
			<u>.us</u>
Norton Sound	601 W. 5 th Ave., #415	274-2248	
Economic Dev. Corp.	Anchorage, AK 99503	274-2249 (fax)	
Bering Strait	P.O. Box 995	443-5256	bsrha@nome.net
Housing Authority	Nome, AK 99762	443-8652 (fax)	
Bering Strait	P.O. Box 948	443-9005	stadem@kawerak.or
ARDOR Program	Nome, AK 99762	443-2591 (fax)	g
Norton Sound	P.O. Box 966	443-3311	crowder@nshcorp.or
Health Corp.	Nome, AK 99762	443-3139 (fax)	g
Bering Strait	P.O. Box 1008	443-5252	http://www.beringst
Native Corp.	Nome, AK 99762	443-2985 (fax)	raits.com/
Kawerak Inc.	P.O. Box 948	443-5231	
	Nome, AK 99762	443-4445 (fax)	
<u> </u>	,	_ (- ,	

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL
Nome City Schools	Box 131	443-2231	apapineau@nomesc
	Nome, AK 99762-	443-5144	<u>hools.com</u>
	0131		
Sitnasuak Native	179 Front St.	387-1200	morr@snc.org
Corp.	Nome, AK 99762	443-3063 (fax)	tkenick@snc.org
Nome Eskimo	P.O. Box 1090	443-2246	info@necalaska.org
Community	Nome, AK 99762	443-3539	Nome@aitc.org
Eskimo Walrus	P.O. Box 948	443-4380	
Commission	Nome, AK 99762	443-4461	
Vera Metcalf &			
Katya Wassili			

	TRANSPORTATION		
Accessibility	By barge, plane, boat and snow machine, and by vehicle from several		
	nearby towns. Nome is a regional center of transportation for		
	surrounding villages. Local roads lead to Teller, Council, Taylor and the		
	Kougarok River. The entire seaward side of the city is protected by a		
	3,350-foot-long sea wall of granite boulders.		
Airport Facilities	The Nome Airport has two paved runways, one 6,000' in length, the		
	other 5,500'. Elevation 36'. An \$8.5 million airport improvement		
	project is nearing completion. The City Field offers a 1,950' gravel		
	airstrip. Elevation 59'.		
Airline Services	Alaska Airlines; Bering Air; Ravn Air; Erickson Helicopters; Ryan Air		
	(freight); Northern Air Cargo.		
Freight	A port and berthing facilities accommodate vessels up to 18 feet of		
	draft with an outer basin depth of 22 feet. Lighterage services		
	distribute cargo to area communities.		
Vessel Support:	A port and berthing facilities can accommodate vessels up to 18 feet of		
	draft, and a new harbor channel entrance and breakwater. Local		
	development groups and the city are funding harbor dredging, two		
	seasonal floating docks, and a boat launch.		

FACILITIES & UTILITIES		
Telephone	Cellular Service: GCI, Telalaska	
	In-State Phone: Mukluk Telephone Co./TelAlaska	SI
	Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom (Long Distance): 1-800-	O
	288-2020 / <u>www.att.com</u> ; GCI	AT
Internet Provider	GCI (www.gci.net); Telalaska	N
TV Stations	ARCS; KUAC; KYAC	M
Radio Stations	KICY-AM/FM; KNOM-AM/FM; KUAZ repeater	COMMUNICATIONS
Cable Provider	GCI Cable, Inc.	ິວ
Teleconferencing	Alaska Teleconferencing Network; Legislative Information Office	

	Descrided by News Leight Htility Costones
Electricity	Provided by Nome Joint Utility Systems
Fuel	Aviation, including Jet A, and regular gasoline, diesel, and propane.
Fuel Storage	Tank Owners (number of tanks @ total capacity): Chevron/Arctic
	Lighterage (5,233,000 gals.); Bonanza Fuel (3,055,000); Air Nat'l Guard
	(20,000).
Housing	Nome Nugget Inn; Polaris Hotel; Nanuaq Manor; Ponderosa Inn; Mai's
	Guest House;; Oceanview Manor; Chateau de Cape Nome; Golden
	Sands Guest House; Serenity Lodge; Trails End; June's B & B; No Place
	Like Nome B&B Aurora Inn; Dredge #7; Sweet Dreams B&B Weeks
	Apartments (Nome Convention and Visitors Bureau 443-5535). Other
	Potential Housing- NPS Bunkhouse; ADFG Bunk House; School
	Gymnasium; Nome Rec Center; Mini Convention Center
Water & Sewage	A well at Moonlight Springs supplies water, which is treated at the
	Snake River Power Plant and stored in a 50,000-gallon tank. A million-
	gallon back-up tank is also available. Water is heated and pumped to
	residences via a wooden utilidor; trucks also deliver water. Sewage is
	piped from most homes. Over 95% of residences currently have
	complete plumbing. Construction has begun on a six-phase upgrade
	to drill additional wells at Moonlight Springs, to replace the water
	storage tank and pumping station, and to replace the 1960's-era
	wooden utilidor distribution system with buried Arctic piping. The city
	wants to develop a water source closer to New Town. Some homes still
	haul their own honeybuckets (service is not provided) and have water
	delivered to home tanks. Funds have been requested to expand water
	and sewer to these areas.
Services	Groceries, clothing, first-aid supplies, and hardware available at several
	local stores. There are a number of restaurants, a bank, laundry and
	shower facilities. Rental transportation includes autos, off-road
	vehicles, boats, and charter aircraft. Credit Union Buses. Car rental
	companies include Budget, Stampede, and Bonanza. Taxis include
	Checker, Mr. Cab, and EZ Cab.
Miscellaneous	There are five schools located in the community, attended by 774
	students. Refuse collection services are provided by a contractor and
	hauled to a new landfill on Beam Road by Anderson Services. There are
	2 National Weather Service Employees located in Nome.
L	

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT			
(Contact local off	(Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)		
Potential Command Community hall, etc. – NEC Triss Hall, Mini Convention Center			
Posts School – Nome Beitz JR/SR High and Nome Elementary School			
Potential Staging Areas Airports – DOT&PF 443-2500			
AK State Troopers – 443-6263			
Other government facilities – DOT&PF 443-3520			

Local Spill Response	Hard boom, sorbent boom, and sorbent pads are available for spill		
Equipment	response. Heavy equipment available for diking/berming, etc.		
	ADEC Spill Response Equipment Conex.		

9770.7.18 - Noorvik

3770.7.18 - NOOIVIK	NOORVI	IK	
Location and	Noorvik is located on the right bank of the Nazuruk Channel of the		
Climate	Kobuk River, 33 miles northwest of Selawik and 45 miles east of		
	Kotzebue. The village is downriver from the 1.7-million acre Kobuk		
	Valley National Park, and lies at approximately 66d 50m N Latitude,		
	161d 03m W Longitude (Sec. 27, T017N, R011W, Kateel River Meridian	1).	
	Located in the transitional climate zone, temperatures average -10 to		
	15 during winter; 40 to 65 during summer. Temperature extremes		
	have been recorded from -54 to 87. Snowfall averages 60 inches, with		
	16 inches of total precipitation per year. The Kobuk River is navigable		
	from early June to mid-October.		
History, Culture, &	Noorvik means "a place that is moved to." The village was established		
Demographics	in the early 1900s by Kowagmuit Inupiat Eskimo fishermen, hunters		
	from Deering, and transplants from the village of Oksik, a few miles		
	upriver. Nearly 94% of the population are Alaska Natives. A federally		
	recognized tribe is located in the community. Noorvik is primarily an		
	Inupiat Eskimo community with a subsistence lifestyle. The sale or		
	importation of alcohol is banned in the village.		
Economy	Subsistence is the major focus of the Noorvik economy. The primary		
	local employers are the school district, the city, Maniilaq Association,		
	the health clinic, and two stores. Seasonal employment at the Red Dog		
	Mine, BLM fire fighting, or work in Kotzebue supplement income.		
	Seven residents hold commercial fishing permits.		
Subsistence	Caribou, fish, moose, waterfowl and berries are harvested for		
	subsistence.		
Population	634		
Borough Located	Northwest Arctic		
In			
Incorporation Type	2 ND Class City		
Native Entities	Regional: NANA		
	Profit:		
	Nonprofit:		
	Village:		

EMERGENCY SERVICES		
State Troopers	800-789-3222 (Kotzebue)	
Search & Rescue	636-2345	
Fire	636-3222	
Medical	Medical Noorvik Health Clinic – 636-2103. Auxiliary health care provided by	
	flight to Kotzebue.	

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL
City of Noorvik	P.O. Box 146	636-2100	cityofnoorvik@gmail.com
	Noorvik, AK 99763	636-2135	
		(fax)	
Noorvik Native	P.O. Box 71	636-2144	tribemanager@nuurvik.org
Community	Noorvik, AK 99763	636-2284	
		(fax)	

	TRANSPORTATION		
Accessibility	By plane, snowmachine, and shallow-draft vessels. There are no roads		
	linking the village to other parts of the state. Boats are used for inter-		
	village travel and subsistence activities. ATVs and snowmachines are		
	common means of local transportation.		
Airport Facilities	The State-owned Robert Curtis Memorial Airport has a 3,200' lighted		
	gravel runway and a 2,600' gravel crosswind runway. Elevation 63'.		
	The airport is the second-largest in the borough; a new \$5 million		
	airport is under construction.		
Airline Services	Bering Air; Ravn Air; Ryan Air (freight).		
Freight	Crowley Marine Services barges fuel and supplies during the summer.		
Vessel Support:			

FACILITIES & UTILITIES		
Telephone	Cellular Service: GCI; OTZ	
	In-State Phone: OTZ Telephone Coop, Inc.	_
	Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom (Long Distance): 1-800-	NS
	288-2020 / <u>www.att.com</u> ; GCI; OTZ Telephone	Ę
Internet Provider	GCI (www.gci.net)	COMMUNICATIONS
TV Stations	ARCS	2
Radio Stations	KOTZ-AM	<u> </u>
Cable Provider	City of Noorvik	Ö
Teleconferencing	Alaska Teleconferencing Network; Kotzebue Legislative	
	Information Office	
Electricity	Provided by Alaska Village Electrical Cooperative	
Fuel	Gasoline, diesel, and propane.	
Fuel Storage	Tank Owners (number of tanks @ total capacity): NWAB Schools (9 @	
	99,876 gals.); AVEC (8 @ 205,072); City (2 @ 45,000); Native Corp.	
	Store (135,000); Morris Trading Post (50,000)	
Housing	Mom & Pop's B&B is available seasonally (636-5376).	
Water & Sewage	Water is pumped from the Kobuk River to the water treatment/utility	
	building and stored in a tank. From there, a pressurized circulating	
	system distributes water in utilidors. Groundwater wells have prov	en

	was a careful. No amili had a vacuum as vacuum sustama in vuhiah vuasta in
	unsuccessful. Noorvik has a vacuum sewer system in which waste is
	carried by air instead of water. Vacuum pressure pumps the sewage to
	the 60,000-gal. collection and treatment plant. The system requires
	special toilets and water valves that collect wastewater from the sinks,
	toilets and showers. Over 100 homes, the school and businesses are
	served. Funds have been requested to connect and plumb the
	remaining 16 unserved homes on the south side of town and along
	River Road.
Services	Groceries, clothing, first-aid supplies, and hardware available (Noorvik
	Native Store, 636-2212; Morris Trading Post, 636-2161). One
	restaurant but no banking facilities. Rental transportation includes
	autos, off-road vehicles, and boats.
Miscellaneous	There is one school located in the community, attended by 243
	students. A new landfill and access road are under development.

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT		
(Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)		
Potential Command	Community hall, etc. –	
Posts	School –	
Potential Staging Areas	Airport – 442-3147 (Kotzebue)	
	Other government facilities –	
Local Spill Response	Several boats, a backhoe, loader, and dump trucks may be	
Equipment	available.	

9770.7.19 – Saint Mic	
	SAINT MICHAEL
Location and	St. Michael is located on the east coast of St. Michael Island in Norton
Climate	Sound, approximately 125 miles southeast of Nome and 48 miles
	southwest of Unalakleet. It lies at approximately 63d 29m N Latitude,
	162d 02m W Longitude (Sec. 24, T023S, R018W, Kateel River Meridian).
	St. Michael has a subarctic climate with maritime influences during the
	summer when rain and fog are common. Summer temps average 40 to
	60; winters average -4 to 16. Extremes recorded from -55 to 70°.
	Annual precipitation is 12 inches, with snowfall of 38 inches. Norton
	Sound is ice free from early June to mid-November.
History, Culture, &	The Russian-American Company built a fortified trading post called
Demographics	"Redoubt St. Michael" at this location in 1833; it was the northernmost
	Russian settlement in Alaska. The Native village of "Tachik" stood to the
	northeast. When the Russians left Alaska in 1867, several of the post's
	traders remained. "Fort St. Michael," a U.S. military post, was
	established in 1897, and during that year's gold rush, it was a major
	gateway to the interior via the Yukon River. As many as 10,000 persons
	were said to live in St. Michael during the gold rush. The town was also
	a popular trading post for Eskimos to trade their goods for Western
	supplies. The village remained an important trans-shipment point until
	the Alaska Railroad was built. There are many historic remnants about
	the area, and the old U.S. fort and the Russian redoubt are on the
	National Register of Historic Places. Over 90% of the population are
	Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the
	community. Saint Michael's population is largely Yup'ik Eskimo today,
	and many residents are descendants of Russian traders. The sale or
	importation of alcohol is banned in the village.
Economy	The Saint Michael economy is based on subsistence food harvests
	supplemented by part-time wage earning. Most cash positions are
	found in city government, the IRA council and village corporation,
	schools, and local stores. Eight residents hold commercial fishing
	permits, primarily for the herring fishery. Stebbins and St. Michael
	jointly manage a herd of reindeer.
Subsistence	Seal, beluga whale, moose, caribou, fish and berries are harvested for
	subsistence.
Population	368
Borough Located	Unorganized
In	
Incorporation Type	2 ND Class City
Native Entities	Regional: Bering Strait
	Profit:
	Nonprofit:
	Village:

EMERGENCY SERVICES		
State Troopers 800-443-2835 (Nome)		
VPO 923-2308		
Fire		
Medical	Saint Michael Health Clinic – 923-3311	

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL
City of Saint Michael	P.O. Box 59070	923-3222	smkcityoffice659@ya
	St. Michael, AK	923-2284 (fax)	<u>hoo.com</u>
	99659		
St. Michael Native	P.O. Box 49	923-3143	<u>saintmichaelnativeco</u>
Corporation	St. Michael, AK	923-3142 (fax)	rp@hughes.net
	99659		
Native Village of	P.O. Box 58	923-2304	ekobuk@kawerak.or
St. Michael	St. Michael, AK	923-2406 (fax)	<u>g</u>
	99659		

TRANSPORTATION			
Accessibility	By plane, boat and snowmachine. A 10.5-mile road exists to Stebbins.		
	There are no roads linking the town to other parts of the state. It is	5	
	near the Yukon River delta and has a good natural harbor, but no d	ock.	
	ATVs and snowmachines are commonly used in winter.		
Airport Facilities	A State-owned 4,000' gravel airstrip (elevation 30'), complemented	by	
	seaplane base.		
Airline Services	Flights available from Nome and Unalakleet: Bering Air; Ravn Air; R	yan	
	Air (freight).		
Freight	Saint Michael receives at least one annual shipment of bulk cargo.		
	Lighterage service is provided on a frequent basis from Nome.		
Vessel Support	No dock, but does offer a good natural harbor.		
	FACILITIES & UTILITIES		
Telephone	Cellular Service: GCI; TelAlaska		
	In-State Phone: Mukluk Telephone Co./TelAlaska	S	
	Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom (Long Distance): 1-800-	ō	
	288-2020 / www.att.com; GCI; Mukluk Telephone	CAT	
Internet Provider	GCI (<u>www.gci.net</u>); TelAlaska	Ž	
TV Stations	ARCS	Σ	
Radio Stations	KICY-AM; KNOM-AM	COMMUNICATIONS	
Cable Provider	None	Ö	
Teleconferencing	Alaska Teleconferencing Network		
Electricity	Provided by Alaska Village Electrical Cooperative		

Fuel	Diesel			
Fuel Storage	Tank Owners (number of tanks @ total capacity): Bering Strait Schools			
	(2 @ 60,000 gals.); City (5 @ 90,000); St. Michael Fuel (15 @ 125,000).			
Housing	Arrangements can sometimes be made for sleeping at the school or			
	private homes (school principal, 923-3041).			
Water & Sewage	Water is derived from Clear Lake, treated and stored in a 1.2 million-			
	gallon tank. A new sanitation system is under construction to provide			
	water delivery/holding tanks for homes, a piped gravity sewer system			
	with septic treatment, and household plumbing. Presently, 44 homes			
	are served by the new system, and another 37 houses are being			
	connected. These unserved residents currently haul treated water and			
	use honeybuckets. Funds have been requested to expand the			
	washeteria. DEC has approved the landfill for use, although it is not			
	permitted.			
Services	There is a washeteria, but no hotel, restaurant or banking facilities.			
	Some supplies available.			
Miscellaneous	There is one school located in the community, attended by 125			
	students			

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT			
(Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)			
Potential Command	Potential Command Community hall, etc. –		
Posts	School –		
Potential Staging Areas Airport – 6243261 (Unalakleet)			
	Other government facilities –		
Local Spill Response	None identified		
Equipment			

9770.7.20 - Savoonga		SAVOONGA				
Location and	_	located on the northern coast of St. Lawrence Island in the				
Climate		164 miles west of Nome and 39 miles southeast of Gambell.				
		proximately 63d 42m N Latitude, 170d 29m W Longitude				
	•	21S, R061W, Kateel River Meridian). Savoonga has a				
		aritime climate with some continental influences during the				
		nmer temperatures average 40 to 51; winters average -7 to ature extremes from -34 to 67 have been recorded.				
	•	ecipitation is 10 inches annually, with 58 inches of snowfall.				
		s subject to prevailing winds, averaging 18 MPH. Freeze-up				
		ng Sea occurs in mid-November, with break-up in late May.				
History Cultura 9						
History, Culture, & Demographics		e Island has been inhabited intermittently for the past 2,000 th Alaskan and Siberian Yup'ik Eskimos. The island had				
Demographics		illages with a total population of around 4,000 by the 19th				
		, ,				
	•	century, thought the population was severely reduced by a tragic famine in 1878-80. In 1900 a herd of reindeer was moved to the island,				
		•				
		and by 1917 this herd had grown to over 10,000 animals. When the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (ANCSA) was passed in 1971,				
	Gambell and Savoonga decided not to participate, and instead opted					
		for title to the 1.136 million acres of land in the former St. Lawrence				
		ve. The island is jointly owned by Savoonga and Gambell.				
		f the population are Alaska Natives. A federally recognized				
		ted in the community. It is a traditional Eskimo village with a				
	subsistence	lifestyle surrounding walrus and whale hunting. Savoonga				
	is hailed as t	the "Walrus Capitol of the World." Due to the island's				
	isolation, m	ost residents are bilingual. Islanders today have successfully				
	mixed the p	ast with the present. The sale, importation and possession				
	of alcohol a	re banned in the village.				
Economy	The econom	ny of Savoonga is largely based upon subsistence hunting				
	with some o	ash income. Ten residents hold commercial fishing permits,				
	and a fish processing facility was recently completed. Reindeer					
	harvests occur, but the herd is not managed. Fox are trapped as a					
	secondary source of income. Islanders are known for their quality ivory					
		ome tourism occurs by bird-watchers.				
Subsistence	-	, fish and bowhead and gray whale are harvested for				
	subsistence	•				
Population	652					
Borough Located	Unorganized	d				
In	ND .					
Incorporation Type	2 ND Class Cit					
Native Entities	Regional:	Not applicable				
	Profit:					
	Nonprofit:					

Village:

EMERGENCY SERVICES		
State Troopers	800-443-2835 (Nome)	
VPO	984-6011	
Fire		
Medical	Savoonga Health Clinic – 984-6513. Auxiliary health care provided by	
	Savoonga First Responders/Rescue Team (984-6234).	

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL
City of Savoonga	P.O. Box 40	984-6614	kavajane@yahoo.com
	Savoonga, AK 99769	984-6411	
		(fax)	
St. Lawrence Island	P.O. Box 169	984-6614	
Economic	Savoonga, AK 99769		
Development			
Company			
Savoonga Native	P.O. Box 160	984-6613	
Corp.	Savoonga, AK 99769		
Native Village of	P.O. Box 120	984-6414	tc.sva@kawerak.org
Savoonga	Savoonga, AK 99769	984-6027	
		(fax)	

	TRANSPORTATION		
Accessibility	Savoonga's isolated location on an island with no seaport and iced-in		
	conditions during the winter means a dependence on air transport.		
Airport Facilities	A State-owned 4,000' gravel airstrip, undergoing major improvements.		
	Elevation 53'.		
Airline Services	Regular air service is available from Nome and Unalakleet: Bering Air;		
	Ravn Air; Ryan Air (freight).		
Freight	No barge service; supplies must be lightered from Nome and off-loaded		
	on the beach.		
Vessel Support:	There is no dock		

	FACILITIES & UTILITIES	
Telephone	Cellular Service: GCI	
	In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc.	NS NS
	Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom (Long Distance): 1-800-	ΙĘ
	288-2020 / www.att.com; United Utilities	<u></u> 5
Internet Provider	School Only - GCI (www.gci.net)	S
TV Stations	ARCS	Σ
Radio Stations	KICY-AM; KNOM-AM	COMMUNICATIONS
Cable Provider	Frontier Cable, Inc.	

Teleconferencing	Alaska Teleconferencing Network		
Electricity	Provided by Alaska Village Electrical Cooperative.		
Fuel	Gasoline, diesel, kerosene and propane.		
Fuel Storage	Tank Owners (number of tanks @ total capacity): Village Council &		
	Store (216,600 gals.); Bering Strait Schools (3 @ 84,000); AVEC (8 @		
	225,728); City (46,600); PHS Clinic (4,600).		
Housing	Alowa's Lodge and the native village have some rooms for lodging.		
	Accommodations may be available at a city or school facility; contac	:t	
	the city administration.		
Water & Sewage	Well water is treated and stored in a 100,000-gallon tank at the		
	washeteria. A new circulating water and sewer utilidor system,		
	including household plumbing, came on-line in January 1999 and no	W	
	serves the whole village.		
Services	Groceries, clothing, first-aid supplies, and hardware available		
	(Savoonga Native Store, 984-6132/6134). Washeteria closed down		
	after plumbing was installed throughout village. Arrangements can	be	
	made to rent off-road vehicles.		
Miscellaneous	There is one school located in the community, attended by 186		
	students. A new landfill was recently completed.		

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT			
(Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)			
Potential Command	Community hall, etc. –		
Posts	School –		
Potential Staging Areas	Airport – 443-2500 (Nome)		
	National Guard Armory – 984-6415		
	Other government facilities –		
Local Spill Response	None identified		
Equipment	Equipment		

9770.7.21 - Selawik		SELAWIK		
Location and	Selawik is located at the mouth of the Selawik River where it empties			
Climate	into Selawik Lake, about 70 miles southeast of Kotzebue, some 670			
		west of Anchorage. The city lies at approximately 66d 36m		
		160d 00m W Longitude (Sec. 20, T014N, R006W, Kateel		
	River Meridian), which is near the Selawik National Wildlife Refuge, a			
	key breeding and resting spot for migratory waterfowl. The area is a			
	transitional climate zone and temperatures average -10 to 15 during			
	winter, 40 to	o 65 during summer. Temperature extremes have been		
		om -50 to 83. Snowfall averages 35 to 40 inches, with 10		
		tal precipitation per year. The Selawik River is navigable		
		une to mid-October.		
History, Culture, &	•	Russian Navy first reported the village in the 1840s as		
Demographics	"Chilivik;" Se	elawik is an Eskimo name for a species of fish. Around 1908,		
	the site had	a small wooden schoolhouse and church. The village has		
	continued to	grow and has expanded across the Selawik River onto		
	three banks, linked by bridges. Approximately 95% of the population			
	are Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the			
	community. Selawik is an Inupiat Eskimo community active in			
	traditional subsistence fishing and hunting. The sale or importation of			
	alcohol is banned in the village.			
Economy	The primary	employers in the community include the school, the city,		
	the IRA cour	ncil, Maniilaq Association, and three grocery stores.		
	Seasonal work is also found outside of Selawik at the Red Dog Mine,			
	BLM fire fightin, and in lighterage operations. Four residents hold			
	commercial fishing permits. Inhabitants of Selawik rely largely on			
	subsistence based economy. Occasionally, bartered seal and beluga			
	whale supplement the diet.			
Subsistence	Whitefish, sheefish, caribou, moose, ducks, ptarmigan and berries are			
	harvested for subsistence.			
Population	792			
Borough Located	Northwest Arctic			
In				
Incorporation Type	2 ND Class City			
Native Entities	Regional:	NANA		
	Profit:			
	Nonprofit:			
	Village:			

EMERGENCY SERVICES				
State Troopers 800-789-3222 (Kotzebue)				
Search and Rescue	Search and Rescue 484-2211			
VPO	484-3222			

Medical	Selawik Health Clinic – 484-2199. Auxiliary health care provided by
	flight to Kotzebue.

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES						
ORGANIZATION	ORGANIZATION ADDRESS PHONE WEBSITE/EMAIL					
City of Selawik	P.O. Box 99	484-2132	tballot@hotmail.com			
	Selawik, AK 99770	484-2209 (fax)				
Selawik IRA Council	P.O. Box 59	484-2165	tribeadmin@akuligaq			
	Selawik, AK 99770	484-2226 (fax)	.org			

TRANSPORTATION				
Accessibility	By barge, plane, small boat and snowmachine. There are no roads			
	linking the village to other parts of the state. Boats are used for inter-			
	village travel and subsistence activities; ATVs and snowmachines are			
	commonly used in winter. Boardwalks have been constructed within			
	the village.			
Airport Facilities	The Roland Norton Memorial Airport, located 12 miles form the			
	community, provides a 3,000' gravel runway owned by the city.			
	Elevation 360'. Also, the State owns a 3,000' gravel airstrip with a			
	2,670' crosswind strip.			
Airline Services	Scheduled flights are available to Kotzebue and area villages: Bering Air;			
	Ravn Air; Ryan Air (freight).			
Freight	Crowley Marine Services ships freight upriver from Kotzebue each			
	summer.			
Vessel Support:	Docking facilities and a barge landing area exist.			

FACILITIES & UTILITIES		
Telephone	Cellular Service: GCI; OTZ Telephone	
	In-State Phone: OTZ Telephone Co-op, Inc.	_
	Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom (Long Distance): 1-800-	NS
	288-2020 / <u>www.att.com</u> ; GCI; OTZ Telephone	E
Internet Provider	GCI (<u>www.gci.net</u>); OTZ Telephone	COMMUNICATIONS
TV Stations	ARCS	2
Radio Stations	KOTZ-AM ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	
Cable Provider	City of Selawik	
Teleconferencing	Alaska Teleconferencing Network; Kotzebue Legislative	
	Information Office	
Electricity	Provided by Alaska Village Electrical Cooperative.	
Fuel	Gasoline, diesel, and propane.	
Fuel Storage	Tank Owners (number of tanks @ total capacity): NWAB Schools (3 @	
	132,699 gals.); AVEC (7 @ 282,955); Village Corp./IRA Fuel Project	
	(167,000); Rotman Stores (130,079).	
Housing	McCoy's (484-2125) has some lodging available. Contact the city office	
	to arrange for accommodations in private homes or at the school.	

Water & Sewage	A new water and sewer system is under construction. A central treatment and washeteria facility pumps water from the Selawik River, providing up to 8,000 gallons a day. Groundwater wells have been unsuccessful. A 3-mile distribution line is available during the summer. A circulating water and vacuum sewer system was recently completed; fifty-three homes in the western area of town and new HUD housing have been plumbed and connected. About thirty homes yet to be served use honeybuckets.
Services	Groceries, clothing, first-aid supplies, and hardware available. No restaurant or banking facilities.
Miscellaneous	There is one school located in the community, attended by 253 students. The landfill is not permitted and needs to be relocated.

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT			
(Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)			
Potential Command	Community hall, etc. –		
Posts	School –		
Potential Staging Areas	Airport – 442-3147 (Kotzebue)		
	National Guard Armory – 484-2223		
	Other government facilities –		
Local Spill Response	None identified		
Equipment			

9770.7.22 - Silaktoolii		SHAKTOOLIK		
Location and Climate	Shaktoolik is located on the east shore of Norton Sound, 125 miles east of Nome and 33 miles north of Unalakleet. It lies at approximately 64d 20m N Latitude, 161d 09m W Longitude (Sec. 23, T013S, R013W, Kateel River Meridian). Shaktoolik has a Subarctic climate with maritime influences when Norton Sound is ice-free, usually from May to October. Summer temperatures average 47 to 62; winter temperatures average 4 to 11. Extremes from -50 to 87 have been recorded. Average annual precipitation is 14 inches, including 43 inches of snowfall.			
History, Culture, & Demographics	Shaktoolik was the first and southernmost Malemiut settlement on Norton Sound, occupied as early as 1839. Twelve miles northeast, on Cape Denbigh, is "lyatayet," a site that is 6,000 to 8,000 years old. Nearly 95% of the population are Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the community. It is a Malemiut Eskimo village with a fishing and subsistence lifestyle. Resources include seal, beluga whale, caribou, reindeer, moose and fish. The sale or importation of alcohol is banned in the village.			
Economy	The Shaktoolik economy is based on subsistence, supplemented by part-time wage earnings. Commercial fishing is on the increase and provides a major source of income. Development of a new fish processing facility is a village priority; 32 residents hold commercial fishing permits. Reindeer herding also provides income and meat.			
Subsistence	Reindeer, salmon, moose, whale, seal and rabbit are harvested for subsistence.			
Population	227			
Borough Located In	Unorganized			
Incorporation Type	2 ND Class City			
Native Entities	Regional:	-		
	Profit:			
	Nonprofit:			
	Village:			

EMERGENCY SERVICES				
State Troopers	800-443-2835 (Nome)			
Police	955-8193			
VPO				
Fire				
Medical	Shaktoolik Health Clinic – 955-3311.			

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS PHONE WEBSITE/EMAIL		
City of Shaktoolik	P.O. Box 10	955-3441	skkcity@arctic.net

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL
	Shaktoolik, AK 99771	944-3221	
		(fax)	
Shaktoolik Native	P.O. Box 46	955-3241	fnsago@yahoo.com
Corporation	Shaktoolik, AK 99771	955-3243	
		(fax)	
Native Village of	P.O. Box 100	955-3701	tc.skk@kawerak.org
Shaktoolik	Shaktoolik, AK 99771-	955-2352	
	0100	(fax)	

	TRANSPORTATION
Accessibility	By plane, boat and snowmachine. There are no roads linking the
	community to other parts of the state. Boats are used for inter-village
	travel and subsistence activities. Snowmachines and ATVs are
	commonly used in winter; motorbike, truck and boat in the summer.
Airport Facilities	A State-owned 2,220' gravel airstrip (elevation 15') allows for regular
	air service from Nome. Plans are underway to relocate the airstrip,
	which is 3 miles northwest of town.
Airline Services	Bering Air; Ravn Air; Ryan Air (freight).
Freight	Cargo is barged into Nome, then lightered to local shore from there.
Vessel Support:	No docking facilities

	FACILITIES & UTILITIES	
Telephone	Cellular Service: GCI; TelAlaska	
	In-State Phone: Mukluk Telephone Co./TelAlaska	S
	Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom (Long Distance): 1-800-	ō
	288-2020 / www.att.com; GCI; Mukluk Telephone	AT
Internet Provider	GCI (<u>www.gci.net</u>); TelAlaska	Ž
TV Stations	ARCS	Σ
Radio Stations	KICY-AM; KNOM-AM	COMMUNICATIONS
Cable Provider	Shaktoolik Native Corp	Ö
Teleconferencing	Alaska Teleconferencing Network	
Electricity	Provided by Alaska Village Electrical Cooperative.	
Fuel	Gasoline, diesel, and propane.	
Fuel Storage	Tank Owners (number of tanks @ total capacity): AVEC (11 @ 97,8	809
	gals.); Bering Strait Schools (8 @ 69,300); Village Corp. (10 @ 110,0	00);
	City (3 @ 18,000); Anika Store (6,400).	
Housing	Sunny Polar Bear B&B, private homes, or the school. Corporation h	nas
	apartment to rent.	
Water & Sewage	Water is pumped three miles from the Togoomenik River to the	
	pumphouse, where it is treated and stored in a 848,000-gallon	
	insulated tank. A piped water and sewage collection system serves	
	most homes. Most households have complete plumbing and kitche	
	facilities. The school has received funding to develop a community	-
	wide sewage treatment system.	
Services	No restaurant or banking facilities. A laundromat with shower	
	available. Two stores in the village. Groceries, clothing, first-aid	
	supplies, and hardware generally available.	
Miscellaneous	There is one school located in the community, attended by 71	
	students. The city burns refuse in an incinerator. The landfill needs	to
	be relocated; the current site is not permitted.	

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT			
(Contact local off	(Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)		
Potential Command	Potential Command Community hall, etc. –		
Posts	Posts School –		
Potential Staging Areas	tential Staging Areas Airport – 624-3261 (Unalakleet)		
Other government facilities –			
Local Spill Response	Local Spill Response Spill kit is maintained in village with sorbent pads and boom.		
Equipment			

9//0./.23 - Snishmare	-	SHISHMAREF		
Location and	Shishmaref i	is located on Sarichef Island, in the Chukchi Sea, just north		
Climate	of Bering Strait, five miles from the mainland, twenty miles south of the			
	'	, 126 miles north of Nome and 100 miles southwest of		
	Kotzebue. Shishmaref is surrounded by the 2.6 million acre Bering Land			
	_	onal Reserve and has been proposed to become part of the		
	_	ational Heritage Park, endorsed by Presidents Bush and		
	Gorbachev in 1990. It lies at approximately 66d 15m N Latitude, 166d 04m W Longitude (Sec. 23, T010N, R035W, Kateel River Meridian). The			
	area experiences a transitional climate between the frozen arctic and			
	•	ntal Interior. Summers can be foggy, with average		
		es ranging from 47 to 54; winter temperatures average -12		
	•	ge annual precipitation is about 8 inches, including 33		
	inches of sn	ow. The Chukchi Sea is frozen from mid-November through		
	mid-June.			
History, Culture, &		at "Keekiktuk" by archaeologists around 1821 provided		
Demographics		Eskimo habitation from several centuries ago. After 1900,		
		oly center was established to serve gold mining activities on		
		Peninsula, the village was renamed for Shishmarev Inlet.		
		During October 1997, a severe storm eroded over 30 feet of the north		
	shore, threatening the loss of 14 homes and destroying many winter food caches. Nearly 95% of the population are Alaska Natives. A			
		cognized tribe is located in the community. It is a traditional		
	•	ge with a fishing and subsistence lifestyle. The sale or		
		of alcohol is banned in the village.		
Economy	The Shishma	aref economy is based on subsistence supplemented by		
	•	age earnings. One resident holds a commercial fishing		
	permit. Year-round jobs are limited, and villagers rely on subsistence			
	foods. Two reindeer herds are managed from here; the reindeer skins			
	are tanned locally, and meat is available at the village store. The			
	Friendship Center, a cultural center and carving facility, was recently completed for local artisans.			
Subsistence		seal, polar bear, and rabbit are harvested for subsistence.		
Population	547			
Borough Located	Unorganized	1		
In	J			
Incorporation Type	2 ND Class City			
Native Entities	Regional:	Bering Strait		
	Profit:			
	Nonprofit:			
	Village:			

EMERGENCY SERVICES

State Troopers	800-443-2835 (Nome)
VPSO	649-3411
VPO	649-8499
Search and Rescue	649-2160
Medical	Shishmaref Health Clinic – 649-3311. Auxiliary health care provided by
	city Volunteer Fire Department/Emergency Services.

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES				
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL	
City of Shishmaref	P.O. Box 83	649-3781	cityofshhclerk@gci.net	
	Shishmaref, AK 99772	649-2131		
		(fax)		
Shishmaref Native	General Delivery	649-3751	shhnativecorp@yahoo.com	
Corporation	Shishmaref, AK 99772	649-3731		
		(fax)		
Native Village of	P.O. Box 72110	649-3821	tc.shh@kawerak.org	
Shishmaref	Shishmaref, AK 99772	649-2140		
		(fax)		

	TRANSPORTATION	
Accessibility	Shishmaref's primary link to the rest of Alaska is by air, though most	
	people own boats for trips to the mainland.	
Airport Facilities	An unattended, State-owned 5000' paved runway is available. Eleva	tion
	10'.	
Airline Services	Bering Air; Ravn Air; Ryan Air (freight).	
Freight	Services available from Nome	
Vessel Support:		
	FACILITIES & UTILITIES	
Telephone	Cellular Service: GCI; TelAlaska	
	In-State Phone: Mukluk Telephone Co./TelAlaska	S
	Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom (Long Distance): 1-800-288-	
	2020 / <u>www.att.com</u> ; GCI; Mukluk Telephone	ΑŢ
Internet Provider	GCI (www.gci.net); TelAlaska	Ž
TV Stations	ARCS	COMMUNICATIONS
Radio Stations	KOTZ-AM	Σ
Cable Provider	Shishmaref Village Corp.	ö
Teleconferencing	Alaska Teleconferencing Network	
Electricity	Provided by Alaska Village Electrical Cooperative.	
Fuel	Gasoline, diesel, and propane.	
Fuel Storage	Tank Owners (number of tanks @ total capacity): Bering Strait School	ols
	(3 @ 54,200 gals); AVEC (20 @ 159,838); City (94,900); Corporation (1	L1
	@ 110,120).	

Housing	Accommodations possible at the city hall and the school (floor), the
	Nayokpuk General Store (trailer), the Lutheran Church, and some private
	homes.
Water & Sewage	Water is derived from a surface source, treated and stored in a new tank.
	Shishmaref is undergoing major improvements, including the
	construction of a flush/haul system and household plumbing; nineteen
	HUD homes have been completed, and 71 homes remain. This new
	system provides water delivery, but the unserved homes continue to
	haul water. Honeybuckets and the new flush tanks are hauled by the
	city. The school, clinic, Friendship Center, city hall and fire hall are
	connected to a sewage lagoon.
Services	Groceries, clothing, first-aid supplies, and hardware generally available at
	Shishmaref Native (Anika) Store and Nayokpuk General Store. Food is
	available at a snack bar. Washeteria available, but no banking services or
	rental transportation.
Miscellaneous	There is one school located in the community, attended by 179 students.
	An access road is under construction for a planned new landfill.

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT			
(Contact local off	(Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)		
Potential Command	d Community hall, etc. –		
Posts	School –		
Potential Staging Areas	Airport – 443-2500 (Nome)		
National Guard Armory – 649-3891			
Other government facilities –			
Local Spill Response	Some sorbent pads available for small spills.		
Equipment			

9770.7.24 - Snungnak		SHUNGNAK	
Location and	Shungnak is	located on the right bank of the Kobuk River about 150	
Climate	miles east of Kotzebue, at approximately 66d 52m N Latitude, 157d		
	09m W Longitude (Sec. 09, T017N, R008E, Kateel River Meridian).		
	Temperatures average -10 to 15 during winter; 40 to 65 during		
	summer. Te	emperature extremes have been recorded from -60 to 90.	
	Snowfall ave	erages 80 inches, with 16 inches of total precipitation per	
	year. The Ko	buk River is navigable from the end of May to mid-October.	
History, Culture, &	Founded in	1899 as a supply point for mining activities in the Cosmos	
Demographics	Hills, this Inc	upiat Eskimo village was forced to move in the 1920s	
	because of r	river erosion and flooding. The old site, 10 miles upstream,	
	was rename	d Kobuk by those who remained there. The new village was	
	named "Koo	huk," but later reverted to Shungnak, a name derived from	
		word "Issingnak," which means jade, a stone found	
	· ·	throughout the surrounding hills. Nearly 95% of the	
		are Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in	
	the community. It is a traditional Eskimo village with a subsistence		
	lifestyle. The sale or importation of alcohol is banned in the village.		
	_	students from Kobuk attend school in Shungnak.	
Economy		ne employment is with the school district, the city, Maniilaq	
	-	two stores and a lodge. BLM provides seasonal	
		t in fire fighting, hiring over 30 residents each year.	
	_	ubsists mainly on fishing, hunting and trapping. Shungnak	
		rong arts and crafts industry.	
Subsistence		nitefish, caribou, moose, ducks and berries are harvested	
	for subsister	nce.	
Population	257		
Borough Located	Northwest A	Arctic	
In	ND		
Incorporation Type	2 ND Class City		
Native Entities	Regional:	NANA	
	Profit:		
	Nonprofit:		
	Village:		

EMERGENCY SERVICES		
State Troopers	800-789-3222 (Kotzebue)	
VPSO	437-5110	
Fire		
Medical	Shungnak Health Clinic – 437-2138. Auxiliary health care provided by	
	flight to Kotzebue.	

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL
City of Shungnak	P.O. Box 59	437-2161	shungnak@gmail.com
	Shungnak, AK 99773	437-2176	
		(fax)	
Native Village of	P.O. Box 64	437-2163	tribeadmin@issingnak.org
Shungnak	Shungnak, AK 99773	437-2183	
		(fax)	

TRANSPORTATION		
Accessibility	By barge, plane, small boat and snowmachine. There are no roads	
	linking the city to other parts of the state, though trails along the river	
	are still used for inter-village travel. Boats, ATVs, snowmachines, and	
	dog sleds are used for inter-village travel and subsistence activities.	
Airport Facilities	A State-owned 3,160' lighted gravel airstrip. Elevation 200'. Major	
	airport improvements are underway.	
Airline Services	Bering Air; Ravn Air; Ryan Air (freight).	
Freight	Fuel and supplies are barged in each summer by Crowley Marine	
	Services of Kotzebue.	
Vessel Support:		

FACILITIES & UTILITIES		
Telephone	Cellular Service: GCI	
	In-State Phone: OTZ Telephone Co-op, Inc.	SI
	Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom (Long Distance): 1-800-	0
	288-2020 / www.att.com; GCI; OTZ Telephone	AT
Internet Provider	GCI (www.gci.net)	COMMUNICATIONS
TV Stations	ARCS	Σ
Radio Stations	KOTZ-AM	M
Cable Provider	City of Shungnak	ŏ
Teleconferencing	Alaska Teleconferencing Network	
Electricity	Provided by Alaska Village Electrical Cooperative.	
Fuel	Gasoline, diesel, kerosene and propane.	
Fuel Storage	Tank Owners (number of tanks @ total capacity): AVEC (14 @ 116)	,286
	gals.); Native Store (7 @ 59,000); NWAB Schools (5 @ 41,099).	
Housing	Accommodations may be coordinated with the school and the health	
	clinic.	
Water & Sewage	The water infiltration gallery was destroyed by ice several years ago)
	and needs replacement. A reservoir is intermittently filled from the	9
	Kobuk River – a portable pump fills a 200,000-gallon steel storage t	ank
	through 1,110' of buried arctic pipe. Groundwater wells have proven	
	unsuccessful. Piped water and sewer are provided to 53 homes (those	
	at the top of the bluff), the clinic, school and community building.	
	Shungnak has a 6-inch buried gravity sewage main, which drains in	to a

	small, diked lake one-half mile northwest of the city. The effluent is
	chlorinated before discharge.
Services	Groceries and supplies available at Shungnak Native Store (437-2148).
	No laundromat available and no banking facilities.
Miscellaneous	There is one school located in the community, attended by 95
	students. A new city-operated landfill has recently been completed, but
	it is not permitted by ADEC.

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT		
(Contact local off	icials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)	
Potential Command	Potential Command Community hall, etc. –	
Posts	School –	
Potential Staging Areas	Airport – 442-3147 (Kotzebue)	
National Guard Armory – 437-2168		
Other government facilities –		
Local Spill Response	Some boats and sorbent pads may be available.	
Equipment		

9//U./.25 - Solomon				
		SOLOMON		
Location and	Solomon is l	ocated on the west bank of the Solomon River, one mile		
Climate	north of No	rton Sound, 34 miles east of Nome, at approximately 64d		
	34m N Latit	ude, 164d 26m W Longitude (Sec. 03, T011S, R029W, Kateel		
	River Meridian). The climate is both continental and maritime.			
	Summers ar	Summers are short, wet and mild; winters are cold and windy.		
	Temperatur	es range between -30 and 56. Annual precipitation is 16		
	inches, with	54 inches of snowfall.		
History, Culture, &	The village v	vas originally settled by Eskimos of the Fish River tribe. The		
Demographics	gold rush du	ring the summers of 1899 and 1900 brought thousands of		
	people to th	e Solomon area, and by 1904 Solomon had seven saloons, a		
	post office,	a ferry dock, and was the southern terminus of a narrow		
	gauge railro	ad that ran to the Kuzitrin River. In 1913, the railroad was		
	washed out	by storms, and in 1918, the flu epidemic struck. The BIA		
	constructed	constructed a large school in 1940, but during World War II, a number		
	of families moved away from Solomon. The post office and BIA school			
	were closed in 1956. The Solomon Roadhouse operated until the			
	1970s. A federally recognized tribe has an office in Nome. Solomon is a			
	subsistence-use area for Nome residents.			
Economy	Some gold mining still occurs. Many Nome residents have seasonal			
	homes or camps in Solomon.			
Subsistence	Fishing and hunting for waterfowl and ptarmigan.			
Population	0			
Borough Located	Unorganized			
In				
Incorporation Type	2 ND Class City			
Native Entities	Regional:	Bering Strait		
	Profit:	Bering Strait Native Corporation		
	Nonprofit:	Kawerak, Inc.		
	Village:	Village of Solomon		

EMERGENCY SERVICES		
State Troopers	800-443-2835 (Nome)	
VPSO		
Fire		
Medical	The closest health care is available at Norton Sound Regional Hospital in	
	Nome.	

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL
Solomon Native	P.O. Box 243	222-6668	gregoryptimbers@gmail.com
Corporation	Nome, AK 99762	443-2844	
		(fax)	

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS PHONE WEBSITE/EMAIL		WEBSITE/EMAIL
Native Village of	P.O. Box 2053	443-4985	tc.sol@kawerak.org
Solomon	Nome, AK 99762	443-5189	
		(fax)	

	TRANSPORTATION
Accessibility	Solomon is located along the Nome/Council road. Snowmachines and
	dogsleds are important forms of transportation during the winter.
Airport Facilities	The 1,150' dirt/gravel airstrip in Solomon has been abandoned and
	deeded to the State of Alaska to be held in trust by the State of Alaska's
	Municipal Land Trust Office for the future city of Solomon.
Airline Services	Charter flights available from Nome.
Freight	No information
Vessel Support:	

FACILITIES & UTILITIES		
Telephone	Cellular Service: none	
	In-State Phone: Mukluk Telephone Co./TelAlaska	S
	Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom (Long Distance): 1-800-	ō
	288-2020 / <u>www.att.com</u> ;	'AT
Internet Provider	None	Ĭ
TV Stations	ARCS	COMMUNICATIONS
Radio Stations	None	M
Cable Provider	None	S
Teleconferencing	None	
Electricity	None	
Fuel	Gasoline, diesel, and propane.	
Fuel Storage	Tank Owners (number of tanks @ total capacity): Solomon Mines, Inc.	
	(20,000 gals.)	
Housing	The Tribe owns and operates the Solomon B&B (907) 443-2403.	
Water & Sewage	There are no public facilities in Solomon. Residents haul water from	
	Manilla Creek, Jerusalem Creek, or Solomon River, and use	
	honeybuckets.	
Services	No services or facilities available.	
Miscellaneous	There are no state-operated schools located in the community.	

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT			
(Contact local off	(Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)		
Potential Command Community hall, etc. –			
Posts School –			
Potential Staging Areas Airstrip –			
Other government facilities –			

Local Spill Response	None identified
Equipment	

9770.7.26 - Stebbins		STEBBINS		
Location and	Stebbins is located on the northwest coast of St. Michael Island on			
Climate	Norton Sound, 8 miles north of St. Michael and 120 miles southeast of			
	Nome. It lies at approximately 63d 31m N Latitude, 162d 17m W			
	Longitude (Sec. 02, T023S, R019W, Kateel River Meridian). Stebbins has			
	a subarctic o	climate with a maritime influence during the summer.		
	Average sun	nmer temperatures are 40 to 60; winter temps range from -		
	4 to 16. Ext	remes have been measured from -55 to 77. Annual		
	precipitatio	n is 12 inches, including 38" of snowfall. Norton Sound is		
	ice-free fror	n June to November, but clouds and fog are common.		
History, Culture, &	Redoubt St.	Michael was built at nearby St. Michael by the Russian-		
Demographics	American Co	ompany in 1833. The Yup'ik name for the village is Tapraq,		
	the Inupiaq	name is Atriviq, and the name Stebbins was first recorded		
	in 1900. The	first U.S. Census occurred in 1950, indicating 80 Yup'ik		
	Eskimos. Ne	early 95% of the population are Alaska Natives. A federally		
	recognized t	ribe is located in the community. It is a majority Yup'ik		
	Eskimo villa	ge with a commercial fishing and subsistence lifestyle. The		
	sale or importation of alcohol is banned in the village.			
Economy	The Stebbins economy is based on subsistence harvests supplemented			
	by part-time wage earnings. The city government and school provide			
	the only full-time positions. The Stebbins Native Corporation has			
	established a mining company, selling raw gravel to rip raft materials,			
	and armored rock. The commercial herring fishery has become			
	increasingly important, including fishing on the lower Yukon. Twenty-			
	one residents hold commercial fishing permits. Reindeer herding has			
	occurred in conjunction with Saint Michael; there is an unmanaged			
	herd on Stuart Island.			
Subsistence	Residents subsist upon fish, seal, walrus, reindeer and beluga whale,			
	with gardens providing vegetables during the summer months.			
Population	543			
Borough Located	Unorganized			
In	- ND			
Incorporation Type	2 ND Class City			
Native Entities	Regional:	Bering Strait		
	Profit:			
	Nonprofit:			
	Village:			

EMERGENCY SERVICES			
State Troopers	800-443-2835 (Nome)		
VPO	934-2662		
Fire	934-2662		
Medical	Stebbins Health Clinic – 934-3311/2464		

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES				
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL	
City of Stebbins	P.O. Box 22	934-3451	stebbinscity@yahoo.com	
	Stebbins, AK	934-3452		
	99671	(fax)		
Stebbins Native	P.O. Box 71110	934-3074	stebbinsnativecorporation@hotmail.com	
Corporation	Stebbins, AK	934-2399		
	99671	(fax)		
Stebbins	P.O. Box 2	934-3561	tc.wbb@kawerak.org	
Community	Stebbins, AK	934-3560		
Association	99671	(fax)		

TRANSPORTATION			
Accessibility	By plane, boat and snowmachine. A 10.5-mile road runs to Saint		
	Michael; there are no roads linking the village to other parts of the		
	state. ATVs and snowmachines commonly used in winter.		
Airport Facilities	A State-owned 3,000' gravel airstrip. Elevation 26'.		
Airline Services	Regular flights, charters and freight services are available from Bethel:		
	Bering Air; Ravn Air; Ryan Air (freight).		
Freight	A cargo ship brings supplies annually by way of Nome and goods are		
	lightered to shore.		
Vessel Support:	No dock or harbor.		

FACILITIES & UTILITIES				
Telephone	Cellular Service: GCI; TelAlaska			
	In-State Phone: Mukluk Telephone Co./TelAlaska			
	Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom (Long Distance): 1-800-	ō		
	288-2020 / <u>www.att.com</u> ; GCI; Mukluk Telephone	AT		
Internet Provider	GCI (<u>www.gci.net</u>); TelAlaska	COMMUNICATIONS		
TV Stations	ARCS	M		
Radio Stations	KICY-AM; KNOM-AM	M		
Cable Provider	City	ö		
Teleconferencing	Alaska Teleconferencing Network			
Electricity	Provided by Alaska Village Electrical Cooperative			
Fuel	Gasoline, diesel, and propane.			
Fuel Storage	Tank Owners (number of tanks @ total capacity): AVEC (9 @ 387,642			
	gals.); Bering Strait Schools (2 @ 80,000); Tapraq Fuel Co./City (9 @			
	111,800); Ferris General Store (4 @ 26,800); Army Nat'l Guard (3,000);			
	AK DOT (3,000); Charlie Steves (3,000).			
Housing	No hotel, but arrangements can sometimes be made for sleeping at the			
	school or private homes.			

Water & Sewage	Major improvements are under way to enable a piped water system with household plumbing and vacuum-powered sewer. Residents				
	currently haul water and deposit honeybuckets in bunkers. Water is				
	derived during the summer from Big Clear Creek, treated and stored in				
	a 1,000,000-gallon steel water tank. In the summer there are several				
	watering points in the village, distributed from the tank via plastic				
	pipelines. A reservoir at Clear Lake and a new water storage tank are				
	under construction to alleviate winter water shortages.				
Services	No restaurant or banking services. Groceries, clothing, first-aid				
	supplies, and hardware available at Stebbins Native Store (934-3241).				
	Laundry and shower facilities available. No repair services.				
	Arrangements can be made to rent off-road vehicles and boats.				
Miscellaneous	There is one school located in the community, attended by 197				
	students. ADEC has approved the landfill for use, although it is not				
	permitted. Refuse is collected by the city from central bins.				

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT				
(Contact local off	(Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)			
Potential Command	d Community hall, etc. –			
Posts	School –			
Potential Staging Areas	Airport – 624-3261 (Unalakleet)			
Other government facilities –				
Local Spill Response	Local Spill Response The Denali Commission funded a new community tank farm and			
Equipment provided oil spill response equipment. Up to 30 boats, some				
sorbent pads, 800' of boom, a backhoe, two tractors, a scraper,				
and two dump trucks may be available.				

9770.7.27 - Teller		TELLER		
Location and	Teller is loca	ited on a spit between Port Clarence and Grantley Harbor		
Climate	on the Seward Peninsula, 72 miles northwest of Nome, at			
	approximately 65d 16m N Latitude, 166d 22m W Longitude (Sec. 01,			
	T003S, R038W, Kateel River Meridian). The climate is maritime when			
	ice-free, then changes to a continental climate after freezing. Grantley			
	-	nerally ice-free from early June to mid-October. Average		
		nperatures range from 44 to 57, winter average -9 to 8, with		
		easured from -45 to 82. Annual precipitation is 11.5 inches,		
		es of snowfall.		
History, Culture, &		fishing camp called "Nook" was reported 20 miles south of		
Demographics		27. Present-day Teller was also established in 1900 after the		
Zemegrupmes		lacer Mine discovery 15 miles to the south. During these		
		, Teller had a population of about 5,000 and was a major		
		ding center, attracting Natives from Diomede, Wales,		
	_	and King Island. In May 1926, bad weather caused the		
		orge" to detour to Teller on its first flight over the North		
	_	orway to Nome. Approximately 87% of the population are		
	Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the			
	community. Teller is a traditional Kawerak Eskimo village with a			
	1	lifestyle. Many residents today were originally from Mary's		
		of alcohol is banned in the village.		
Economy		conomy is based on subsistence activities supplemented by		
,		age earnings. One resident holds a commercial fishing		
	permit. There are mineral deposits in the area. A herd of over 1,000			
	reindeer wander the area, and the annual round-up provides meat and			
	a cash product, which is sold mainly on the Seward Peninsula. Over			
	one-third of households produce crafts or artwork for sale, and some			
	residents trap fox.			
Subsistence	Fish, seal, m	oose, beluga whale and reindeer are harvested for		
	subsistence.			
Population	281			
Borough Located	Unorganized			
In				
Incorporation Type	2 ND Class Cit	у		
Native Entities	Regional:	Bering Strait		
	Profit:			
	Nonprofit:			
	Village:			

EMERGENCY SERVICES				
State Troopers	State Troopers 800-443-2835 (Nome)			
VPSO	642-3408			

Fire	
Medical	Teller Health Clinic – 642-3311. Auxiliary health care provided by flight
	to Nome.

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES					
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL		
City of Teller	P.O. Box 548	642-3401	cityofteller@gmail.com		
	Teller, AK 99778	642-2051			
		(fax)			
Teller Power	#1 Grantley Avenue	642-3692			
Company	Teller, AK 99778				
Teller Native Corp.	P.O. Box 509	642-6132			
	Teller, AK 99778	642-2181			
		(fax)			
Native Village of	P.O. Box 590	642-3381	tc.tla@kawerak.org		
Teller	Teller, AK 99778	642-2072			
		(fax)			

TRANSPORTATION	
Accessibility	By sea and air, plus Teller has a road link to Nome from May to
	September via a 72-mile gravel road. ATVs and snowmachines are
	commonly used in winter.
Airport Facilities	A State-owned 3,000' gravel airstrip. Elevation 293'.
Airline Services	Regular flights to Nome: Bering Air;Ravn Air; Baker Air; Ryan Air
	(freight).
Freight	Goods are lightered from Nome and offloaded on the beach.
Vessel Support:	There is no dock, but Port Clarence is a natural harbor and has been
	considered for a deep water port.

FACILITIES & UTILITIES		
Telephone	Cellular Service: GCI; TelAlaska	
	In-State Phone: Mukluk Telephone Co./TelAlaska	S
	Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom (Long Distance): 1-800-	ō
	288-2020 / www.att.com; GCI; Mukluk Telephone	ΆΤ
Internet Provider	GCI (<u>www.gci.net</u>); TelAlaska	COMMUNICATIONS
TV Stations	ARCS	Σ
Radio Stations	KICY-AM; KNOM-AM	Σ
Cable Provider	City of Teller	ö
Teleconferencing	Alaska Teleconferencing Network	
Electricity	Provided by Teller Power Company.	
Fuel	Gasoline, diesel, and propane.	
Fuel Storage	Tank Owners (number of tanks @ total capacity): AVEC (4 @ 185,7	'59
	gals); Bering Strait Schools (3 @ 63,000); Teller Native Fuel/Village	

	Corp. (63,300); Richard Blodgett (213,000); Thurman Oil & Mining
	(20,000).
Housing	Accommodations possible at the school (642-3041).
Water & Sewage	During summer, water is hauled from the Gold Run River (20 miles
	away) by the city water truck and delivered to home storage tanks. A
	few residents use their own ATVs or snowmachines to haul water.
	During winter, treated water is delivered from a large storage tank at
	the washeteria, or melt ice is used from area creeks. Preliminary work
	has begun on a piped water and sewer system, but a new water source
	must first be developed. Wells have proven unsuccessful. The school
	operates its own sewer system. A few homes and facilities have septic
	tanks, but 42 residents use honeybuckets, which are hauled by the city.
Services	Groceries, clothing, first-aid supplies, and hardware available at Teller
	Native Store (642-4521). Washeteria available, but no banking
	facilities. Car rental may be possible at Grantley Harbor Tours.
Miscellaneous	There is one school located in the community, attended by 66
	students. The community participates in hazardous waste collection.

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT			
(Contact local off	(Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)		
Potential Command Community hall, etc. –			
Posts	School –		
Potential Staging Areas	Airport – 443-2500 (Nome) Also, DOT&PF 642-3351		
	National Guard Armory – 642-2117		
Local Spill Response	None identified		
Equipment			

9770.7.28 - Unalaklee	UNALAKLEET
Location and	Unalakleet is located on Norton Sound at the mouth of the Unalakleet
Climate	River, 148 miles southeast of Nome and 395 miles northwest of
	Anchorage. It lies at approximately 63d 52m N Latitude, 160d 47m W
	Longitude (Sec. 03, T019S, R011W, Kateel River Meridian). Unalakleet
	has a subarctic climate with considerable maritime influences when
	Norton Sound is ice-free, usually from May to October. Winters are cold
	and dry, temperatures average -4 to 11, and average summer temps
	range 47 to 62;. Extremes have been measured from -50 to 87.
	Precipitation averages 14 inches annually, with 41 inches of snow.
History, Culture, &	Archaeologists have dated house remnants along the beach ridge from
Demographics	200 B.C. to 300 A.D. The name Unalakleet means "place where the east
	wind blows." Unalakleet has long been a major trade center as the
	terminus for the Kaltag Portage, an important winter travel route
	connecting to the Yukon River. Indians on the upper river were
	considered "professional" traders who had a monopoly on the Indian-
	Eskimo trade across the Kaltag Portage. The Russian-American
	Company built a post here in the 1830s. In 1898, reindeer herders from
	Lapland were brought to Unalakleet to establish sound herding
	practices. In 1901, the Army Signal Corps built over 605 miles of
	telegraph line from St. Michael to Unalakleet, over the Portage to
	Kaltag and Fort Gibbon. Approximately 82% of the population are
	Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the
	community. The sale of alcohol is prohibited in the community,
	although importation and possession are allowed.
Economy	Unalakleet has a history of diverse cultures and trade activity. The local
	economy is the most active in Norton Sound and includes a traditional
	Unaligmiut Eskimo subsistence lifestyle. Both commercial herring
	fishing and subsistence activities are major components of Unalakleet's
	economy. A fish processing plant that employs over 50 seasonal
	workers was recently completed, and 113 residents hold commercial
	fishing permits. Government and school positions are relatively
	numerous, along with many retail and service positions. Tourism is becoming increasingly important; there is world-class silver fishing in
	the area.
Subsistence	Fish, waterfowl, seal, caribou, moose and bear are harvested for
Subsistence	subsistence.
Population	757
Borough Located	Unorganized
In	
Incorporation Type	2 ND Class City
Native Entities	Regional: Bering Strait
	Profit:

Nonprofit	
Village	

EMERGENCY SERVICES	
State Troopers	800-443-2835 (Nome)
Police	624-3008
VPSO	624-3055
Fire	624-3008
Medical	Unalakleet Euksavik Clinic – 624-3535

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL
City of Unalakleet	P.O. Box 28	624-3531	counk@alaskan.com
	Unalakleet, AK 99684	624-3130	
Unalakleet Valley	P.O. Box 186	624-3474	uvec@gci.net
Electric	Unalakleet, AK 99684	624-3009	
Cooperative		(fax)	
Bering Strait	P.O. Box 225	624-3611	http://www.bssd.org
Schools	Unalakleet, AK 99684	624-3099	jadavis@bssd.org,
		(fax)	
Unalakleet Native	P.O. Box 100	624-3411	
Corporation	Unalakleet, AK 99684	624-3833	
Native Village of	P.O. Box 270	624-3622	tc.unk@kawerak.org
Unalakleet	Unalakleet, AK 99684	624-3402	

TRANSPORTATION		
Accessibility	By barge, plane, small boat and snowmachine. There are no roads	
	linking the city to other parts of the state. Boats are used for inter-	
	village travel and subsistence activities. Local overland travel is mainly	
	by ATVs, snowmachines and dogsleds in winter.	
Airport Facilities	A State-owned 6,200' gravel airstrip, which recently underwent major	
	improvements. Elevation 21'.	
Airline Services	There are regular flights to Anchorage: PenAir; Bering Air; Ravn Air;	
	Ryan Air (freight).	
Freight	Cargo is lightered from Nome.	
Vessel Support:	There is a dock.	

FACILITIES & UTILITIES		
Telephone	Cellular Service: GCI	
	In-State Phone: United KUC, Inc.	
	Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom (Long Distance): 1-800-	SNC
	288-2020 / <u>www.att.com</u> ; GCI	Ĕ
Internet Provider	GCI (www.gci.net)	COMMUNICATIONS
TV Stations	ARCS	Į
Radio Stations	KNSA-AM	≥
Cable Provider	Frontier Cable, Inc	S
Teleconferencing	Alaska Teleconferencing Network; Nome Legislative Information	
	Office	
Electricity	Provided by Unalakleet Valley Electric Cooperative. Matanuska Ele	ctric
	Assoc. owns and operates the electrical system in Unalakleet throu	gh
	the Unalakleet Valley Electric Cooperative.	
Fuel	Gasoline, diesel, and propane.	
Fuel Storage	Tank Owners (number of tanks, total capacity): Native Corp. (8 @	
	153,500 gals.); Alaska DOT (2 @ 40,800); City (71,400); West Coast	
	Aviation (8 @ 305,600); Bering Strait Schools (4 @ 186,400); Ryan A	۱ir
	(17,000); Alaska Commercial Co. (17,500); UVEC (7 @ 411,000).	
Housing	Accommodations available at Unalakleet Lodge (624-3333); the Sle	ер
	Inn; Shafter Building.	
Water & Sewage	Water is derived from an infiltration gallery on Powers Creek, treat	
	and stored in a million-gallon steel tank. 190 households are conne	
	to the piped water and sewer system and have complete plumbing	
	Only two households haul water and honeybuckets.	
Services	Groceries, clothing, first-aid supplies, and hardware available at sev	/eral
	stores, including Alaska Commercial (624-3272) and UNC General	
	Store (624-3322). Food available at The Igloo (624-3640) and Peac	
	Earth (pizza) restaurant. No Laundromat or banking facilities. Repa	
	services available, and rental transportation includes autos, off-roa	d
	vehicles, boats, and charter aircraft.	

Miscellaneous	There is one school located in the community, attended by 230	
	students. Residents haul refuse to the baler facility for transportation	
	to the landfill.	

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT			
(Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)			
Potential Command	Community hall, etc. –		
Posts	School –		
Potential Staging Areas	Airport – 624-3261		
Local Spill Response	Some sorbent pads and boom maintained in the village. ADEC		
Equipment	Spill Response Equipment Conex.		

		WALES	
Location and	Wales is loc	ated on Cape Prince of Wales at the western tip of the	
Climate	Seward Pen	insula, 111 miles northwest of Nome, at approximately 65d	
	37m N Latit	ude, 168d 05m W Longitude (Sec. 05, T002N, R045W, Kateel	
	River Merid	ian). It has a maritime climate when the Bering Strait is ice-	
	free, usually	June to November. After the freeze, there is an abrupt	
	change to a	cold continental climate. Average summer temperatures	
	range from	40 to 50; winter temperatures range from -10 to 6. Annual	
	precipitation	n is 10 inches, including 35 inches of snow. Frequent fog,	
	wind and bl	izzards limit access to Wales.	
History, Culture, &	In 1827 the	Russian Navy reported the Eskimo villages of "Eidamoo"	
Demographics	near the coa	ast and "King-a-ghe" further inland. In 1890, the American	
	Missionary A	Association established a mission here, and in 1894 a	
	reindeer sta	ition was organized. Wales became a major Kinugmiut	
	Eskimo wha	ling center due to its location along migratory routes, and it	
	became the	region's largest and most prosperous village, with more	
	than 500 residents. The influenza epidemic in 1918-19 claimed the		
	lives of many of Wales' finest whalers. A burial mound of the "Birnirk"		
	culture (500	A.D. to 900 A.D.) was discovered near Wales and is now a	
	national lan	dmark. Ancient songs, dances, and customs are still	
	practiced. I	n the summer Little Diomede residents travel between the	
	_	in large traditional skin boats.	
Economy	The econom	ny of Wales is based on subsistence hunting and fishing,	
	trapping, Na	ative arts and crafts, and some mining. A private reindeer	
	herd is man	aged out of Wales, and local residents are employed to	
	assist in the	assist in the harvest.	
Subsistence	Whales, walrus, polar bear, moose, reindeer, salmon, and other fish are		
	harvested for subsistence.		
Population	154		
Borough Located	Unorganized		
In			
Incorporation Type	2 ND Class Cit		
Native Entities	Regional:	Bering Strait	
	Profit:		
	Nonprofit:		
	Village:		

EMERGENCY SERVICES		
State Troopers	800-443-2835 (Nome)	
VPSO		
Fire		
Medical	Wales Health Clinic – 664-3311/3691	

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL
City of Wales	P.O. Box 489	664-3501	ccofwales@gmail.com
	Wales, AK 99783	664-2359	
		(fax)	
Wales Native	P.O. Box 529	664-2138	
Corporation	Wales, AK 99783	664-3641	
		(fax)	
Native Village of	P.O. Box 549	664-3062	tc.waa@kawerak.org
Wales	Wales, AK 99783	664-2200	
		(fax)	

	TRANSPORTATION
Accessibility	By plane, small boat and snowmachine. An unimproved road covers the
	6.5 miles to Tin City, but there are no roads linking the city to other parts
	of the state. Aluminum skiffs have replaced skin boats as the primary
	method of sea travel, and snowmachines are used in winter.
Airport Facilities	A State-owned 4,800' gravel airstrip. Elevation 25'. Easterly winds may
	cause turbulence. Frequent fog, wind and occasional blizzards limit
	access to Wales. In the winter, planes frequently use the ice on the
	Strait for landings.
Airline Services	Ravn Air Service.
Freight	A cargo ship delivers goods to Nome; the goods are transferred to Wales
	and lightered a half mile to shore.
Vessel Support	

FACILITIES & UTILITIES				
Telephone	Cellular Service: GCI; TelAlaska			
	In-State Phone: Mukluk Telephone Co./TelAlaska	SI		
	Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom (Long Distance): 1-800-288-	0		
	2020 / <u>www.att.com</u> ; GCI; Mukluk Telephone	AT		
Internet Provider	GCI (www.gci.net)	COMMUNICATIONS		
TV Stations	ARCS	Σ		
Radio Stations	KICY-AM; KNOM-AM	Σ		
Cable Provider	Wales Native Corp.	ö		
Teleconferencing	Alaska Teleconferencing Network			
Electricity	Provided by Alaska Village Electrical Cooperative.			
Fuel	Gasoline, diesel, and propane.			
Fuel Storage	Tank Owners (number of tanks @ total capacity): AVEC (7 @ 64,749			
	gals.); Native Corp. (97,500); Bering Strait Schools (3 @ 39,500).			
Housing	Accommodations (trailer) may be arranged with the Wales Native Co	rp.		
	(664-3641); also check with the City of Wales (664-3501) for possible			
	room.			
Water & Sewage	Water is obtained from Gilbert Creek during the summer, and resider	nts		
	haul treated water from a 500,000-gal. storage tank at the washeteri	a.		
	Some use untreated water from Village Creek. The community needs	s a		
	second water source, and has experienced water shortages; Cape			
	Mountain is being investigated as a possible source. Almost all residents			
	use honeybuckets, and very few homes currently have plumbing. The			
	school, clinic and city building are connected to a piped water and se	ptic		
	system.			
Services	Groceries, clothing, first-aid supplies, and hardware available at Wale	es.		
	Native Store (664-3351). Laundromat and showers available. No			
	restaurant or banking facilities. Arrangements may be made to rent			
	private vehicles or boats.			
Miscellaneous	There is one school located in the community, attended by 53 studen	its.		
	The landfill is not permitted.			

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT		
(Contact local off	icials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)	
Potential Command	Community hall, etc. –	
Posts	School –	
Potential Staging Areas Airport – 443-2500 (Nome)		
	Other government facilities –	
Local Spill Response	Up to 12 boats, some sorbent pads, a dump truck (Village of	
Equipment Wales), a loader and bulldozer (both DOT) may be available.		

9770.7.30 - White Mountain

		WHITE MOUNTAIN	
Location and	White Mour	ntain is located on the west bank of the Fish River, near the	
Climate	head of Gol	ovin Lagoon, on the Seward Peninsula, 63 miles east of	
	Nome. It lie	s at approximately 64d 41m N Latitude, 163d 24m W	
	Longitude (S	Sec. 26, T009S, R024W, Kateel River Meridian). White	
	Mountain h	as a transitional climate with less extreme seasonal and	
	daily tempe	ratures than Interior Alaska. Continental influences prevail	
	in the ice-bound winter. Winter temperatures average -7 to 15,		
		nperatures range from 43 to 80. Annual precipitation is 15	
	1	60 inches of snow. The Fish River freezes up in November;	
		curs in late May.	
History, Culture, &		ntain is a Kawerak Eskimo village, with historical influences	
Demographics	_	ld rush. Nearly 90% of the population are Alaska Natives. A	
	,	cognized tribe is located in the community. Subsistence	
_	activities are prevalent.		
Economy	The entire population depends on subsistence hunting and fishing, and		
		nts spend the entire summer at fish camps. The school,	
		and White Mountain Lodge provide the only local	
	, ,	t. Construction outside of town and fire fighting provide	
		ployment. Four residents hold commercial fishing permits.	
	-	one carvings contribute some cash. A reindeer farm is run	
Cubalatanaa	by a local resident.		
Subsistence	Ducks, geese, salmon, other fish, beluga whale, seal, moose, caribou,		
Population	reindeer, and brown bear are harvested for subsistence. 207		
		1	
Borough Located	Unorganized	,	
Incorporation Type	and class City.		
Native Entities	2 ND Class City Regional: Bering Strait		
Native Littles	Profit:	White Mountain Native Corporation	
	Nonprofit:	City of White Mountain	
	Village:	Native Village of White Mountain	
	village.	Tradite village of villice infoditially	

EMERGENCY SERVICES		
State Troopers	800-443-2835 (Nome)	
VPSO	638- 3626/2100	
Fire	638-3771/3626	
Medical	White Mountain Health Clinic – 638-3311	

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES				
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL	
City of White	P.O. Box 130	638-3411	wmocity@gci.net	
Mountain	White Mountain, AK	638-3421		
	99784	(fax)		

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES				
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL	
White Mountain	P.O. Box 89	638-1101 or	wmnativecorp@gmail.com	
Native	White Mountain, AK	1-877-622-		
Corporation	99784	5003		
Village of	P.O. Box 84090	638-3651	tc.wmo@kawerak.org	
White Mountain	White Mountain, AK	638-3652		
	99784			

	TRANSPORTATION
Accessibility	By plane, small boat and snowmachine. There are no roads linking the
	village to other parts of the state. Boats are used for inter-village travel
	and subsistence activities. ATVs and snowmachines are commonly
	used in winter. Locals are interested in a road to Golovin to permit fuel
	deliveries, or the construction of a docking facility for barges.
Airport Facilities	A State-owned 3,000' gravel airstrip. Elevation 262'.
Airline Services	Scheduled flights are available regularly from Nome: Bering Air; Ravn
	Air; Ryan Air (freight).
Freight	Cargo barges cannot currently land at White Mountain, and supplies
	are lightered from Nome and offloaded on the beach.
Vessel Support:	There is no dock at the village.

FACILITIES & UTILITIES		
Telephone	Cellular Service: GCI; TelAlaska	
	In-State Phone: Mukluk Telephone Co./TelAlaska	S
	Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom (Long Distance): 1-800-	ō
	288-2020 / <u>www.att.com</u> ; GCI; Mukluk Telephone	AT
Internet Provider	GCI (<u>www.gci.net</u>); TelAlaska	COMMUNICATIONS
TV Stations	ARCS	MU
Radio Stations	KICY-AM; KNOM-AM	M
Cable Provider	Dish Network	ö
Teleconferencing	Alaska Teleconferencing Network	
Electricity	Provided by White Mountain Utilities.	
Fuel	Gasoline, white gas, diesel, and propane.	
Fuel Storage	Tank Owners (number of tanks @ total capacity): City (6 @ 138,00	0
	gals.); Bering Strait Schools (2 @ 46,000); Native Store (4 @ 92,000);	
	Lodge (2,000); AK DOT (3,000).	
Housing	Native village has a couple of rooms available to rent.	
	Accommodations may be possible at the high school or the city offi	ce
	guest room.	
Water & Sewage	Water is obtained from a well near the Fish River and treated. Sixty	'-
	four households and facilities are connected to the piped water and	
	sewer system, but two other households haul honeybuckets.	

Services	Groceries, clothing, and some supplies available in town. No		
	laundromat available. No restaurant or banking facilities.		
Miscellaneous	There is one school located in the community, attended by 71		
	students. Funding has been requested to relocate the landfill; the		
	current site is a permitted Class III Municipal Solid Waste Landfill.		

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT			
(Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)			
Potential Command City Office (638-3411)/ Village Office (638-3651)			
Posts	Posts School (638-3021)		
Potential Staging Areas Airport (443-2500) -Nome			
	Other government facilities –		
Local Spill Response	ponse Up to ten boats, a backhoe, and emergency vehicles may be		
Equipment	Equipment available.		

9770.8 – Prince William Sound

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http://commerce.alaska.gov/dnn/dcra/Home.aspx

REGIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

No organized boroughs or municipalities are located in the Prince William Sound Subarea. Most major regional organizations are listed below.



The area code for all phone and fax numbers is 907, unless otherwise indicated.

Regional Native Corporations:

ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	FAX	WEBSITE/EMAIL
Ahtna, Incorporated	P.O. Box 349	822-3476	822-3495	www.ahtna-inc.com
	Glennallen, AK 99588			
Chugach Alaska	560 E. 34 th Avenue	563-8866	563-8402	www.chugach-ak.com
Corporation	#300			
	Anchorage, AK 99503-			
	4396			
Doyon, Limited	1 Doyon Place, Suite	452-4755	459-2060	www.doyon.com
	300			
	Fairbanks, AK 990701			

School Districts:

ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	FAX	WEBSITE/EMAIL
Alaska Gateway Schools	1313.5 Alaska Highway	883-5151	883-5154	www.agsd.us
	P.O. Box 226			
	Tok, AK 99780			
Chugach School District	9312 Vanguard Drive	522-7400	522-3399	www.chugachschools.com
(serves Whittier,	Anchorage, AK 99507			
Chenega, and Tatitlek)				
Copper River Schools	1976 Aurora Drive	822-3234	822-3949	www.crsd.us
	P.O. Box 108			
	Glennallen, AK 99588			
Cordova School District	675 Second Street	424-3265	424-3271	www.cordovasd.org
	P.O. Box 1330			
	Cordova, AK 99574			
Valdez City Schools	1112 West Klutina Street	835-4357	835-4964	www.valdezcityschools.org
	P.O. Box 398			
	Valdez, AK 99686			

Regional Development:

ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	FAX	WEBSITE/EMAIL
Copper Valley	P.O. Box 9	822-5001	(888) 256-	www.coppervalley.org
Development Association,	Glennallen, AK 99588		5569	
Inc.				
Prince William Sound	2207 Spenard Road	222-2440	222-2411	www.pwsedd.org
Economic Development	Suite 207			
District	Anchorage, AK 99503			

Housing Authorities:

ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	FAX	WEBSITE/EMAIL
Copper River Basin	P.O. Box 8	822-3633	822-3662	www.crbrha.org
Regional Housing	Glennallen, AK 99588	1-800-478-		info@crbrha.org
Authority		3633		
North Pacific Rim Housing	8300 King Street	562-1444	562-1445	www.nprha.com
Authority (NPRHA)	Anchorage, AK 99518	1-888-274-		
	_	1444		

Regional Health Corporations:

ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	FAX	WEBSITE/EMAIL
Copper River Native Association (Serves Gulkana, Gakona, Chistochina, Chitina,	Mile 104 Richardson Hwy Drawer H Copper Center, AK	822-5241	822-8801	www.crnative.org
Copper Center, and Tazlina)	99573			
Mt. Sanford Tribal Consortium (Serves Chistochina, Mentasta Lake, Gakona villages.)	P.O. Box 357 Gakona, AK 99586	822-5399	822-5810	www.mstc.org info@mstc.org
Chugachmiut (Serves tribal organizations: Chenega, Native Village of Eyak, Nanwalek, Port Graham, Qutekcak Native Tribe, Tatilek IRA, Valdez Native Tribe.)	1840 Bragaw Street Suite 110 Anchorage, AK 99508	562-4155	563-2891	www.chugachmiut.org info@chugachmiut.org

CHENEGA BAY COMMUNITY PROFILE

	CHENEGA DAT COMMUNITT PROFILE				
Location and Climate	Chenega Bay is located on Evans Island at Crab Bay, 42 miles southeast of Whittier in Prince William Sound. It is 104 air miles southeast of Anchorage and 50 miles east of Seward. It lies at approximately 60.06571° N Latitude and -148.01038° W Longitude. (Sec. 24, T001S, R008E, Seward Meridian) Chenega Bay is located in the Valdez Recording District. Winter temperatures range from 17 to 28; summer temperatures range 49 to 63. Average annual precipitation includes 66 inches of rain and 80 inches of snowfall.				
History, Culture, &	The name of this Alutiiq village was first reported by Ivan Petroff in the 1880 census. At				
Demographics	that time, the village was located on the southern tip of Chenega Island. A post office was established in 1946. The village was destroyed and over half of all residents perished by tsunamis in the Sound after the 1964 earthquake. The village was reestablished twenty years later on Evans Island, at the site of the former Crab Bay herring saltery. In the summer of 1984, 21 homes, an office building, community hall, school, two teacher's houses, a church and community store were constructed. A federally recognized tribe is located in the community – the Native Village of Chenega. The 52.63% of the population are Alaska Native or part Native. Chenega Bay is an Aluting community practicing a subsistence and commercial fishing lifestyle.				
	During the 2010 U.S. Census, there were 51 total housing units, and 21 were vacant. Fourteen of these vacant housing units are used only seasonally. The median household income was \$45,833, per capita income was \$16,366, and 26.09% of residents were				
E a a m a m u	living below the poverty level. Commercial fishing and subsistence activities are the focus of the economy. One				
Economy	resident hold commercial fishing permit. The school, health clinic, and tribal council provide some employment.				
Subsistence	Residents of Chenega Bay hunt, fish and gather for the following food sources in and around Prince William Sound: salmon, halibut, deer, waterfowl, seal sea lions, herring/spawn, bear, oysters, clams, octopus and berries.				
Population	76 (2010 U.S. Census)				
Borough Located In	Unorganized				
Incorporation Type	Unincorporated				
Native Entities	Regional: Chugach Alaska Corporation (Anchorage)				
	The end of the control of the contro				

	EMERGENCY SERVICES
VPSO	State VPSO (573-2046)
Fire	State VPSO (573-2046)
Medical	Chenega Bay Health Clinic (573-5129). Auxiliary care provided by Chenega Bay EMS.

Village: Native Village of Chenega (Federally Recognized Tribe)

Profit: Chenega Corporation (Anchorage)

Nonprofit: Chugachmiut (Anchorage)

LOCAL CONTA	LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES				
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL		
Chugach Alaska	3800 Centerpoint Drive,	561-2668	www.chugach-ak.com		
Corporation	Suite 700	562-5258 (fax)	randi.gause@chugach-ak.com		
	Anchorage, AK 99503				
Chugachmiut	1840 Bragaw Street, Suite	562-4155 563-2891 (fax)	www.chugachmiut.org		
	Anchorage, AK 99508- 3463	2 02 202 ()			
Native Village of	P.O. Box 8079	573-5132	s.angaiak@nativevillageofchagega.com		
Chenega	Chenega Bay, AK 99574- 8079	573-5120 (fax)			
North Pacific Rim	8300 King Street	562-1444	www.nprha-ak.or/index.htm		
Housing Authority	Anchorage, AK 99518	562-1445 (fax)			
PWS Economic	2207 Spenard Road, Suite	222-2440	www.pwsedd.org		
Development District	207	222-2411 (fax)			

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES					
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL		
	Anchorage, AK 99503				
Chenega Corporation	3000 C Street, Suite 301	277-5706	www.chenega.com		
	Anchorage, AK 99503	277-5700 (fax)			

	TRANSPORTATION
Accessibility	Chenega Bay is an isolated community accessible only by air or water. Charter airlines
	provide the majority of the transportation and the Alaska Marine Highway Ferry System
	provides weekly ferry service year round.
Airport Facilities	A 3,000-feet gravel runway and float plane landing area are available. Scheduled and
	chartered flights depart from Cordova, Valdez, Anchorage, and Seward.
Airline Services	Copper Valley Air
Freight	None identified
Vessel Support:	Chenega Bay has a small boat harbor and dock, and ferry dock. The Alaska State Ferry provides "whistle-stop" service (<u>www.FerryAlaska.com</u>)

	FACILITIES & UTILITIES	
Telephone	AT&T (Long Distance): 1-800-288-2020 / <u>www.att.com</u>	Ş
Wireless and Internet	GCI: 1-800-800-4800 / <u>www.gci.net</u>	COMMUNICATIONS
Service Provider	HughesNet: 1-866-687-7094 / www.isatelliteinternet.com	AT
TV Stations	Satellite	IC,
Radio Stations	KCHU Public Radio: 835-4665 (office) / 835-4671 (news) / <u>news@kchu.org</u> /	<u> </u>
	www.kchu.org	\mathbf{Z}
Cable Provider	None	ON
Teleconferencing	Alaska Teleconferencing Network; Valdez Legislative Information Office	ರ
Electricity	Provided by Chenega Bay Utilities	
Fuel	Gasoline and diesel	
Fuel Storage	Tank Owner: Village Council / Number of Tanks: 4 / Tank Capacity: (2) 12,000	
	gals, (2) 3,000 gals	
Housing	Chenega IRA Council has housing with 14 people capacity. Call 573-5132 for availability.	
Water & Sewage	A surface water collection system with a dam, treatment, and storage capacity of 50,0 gallons, allows for piped distribution most homes. Approximately 80 % of the reside homes are fully plumbed. Sewage is piped to a 20,000-gallon community septic tank some homes use individual septic tanks; some homes use individual septic tanks.	nt's
Miscellaneous	Refuse collection services are provided through the Chenega IRA Council, who operathe Chegena Bay Landfill. An oil and hazardous waste recycling center was complete in 1998. ADEC Landfill Classification is Class III and the permit number is 0023-BA003. The landfill permit expired on September 26, 2006. There is no record of permit renewal.	

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT			
(Contact local	l officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)		
Potential Command Posts	Contact IRA council for available facilities (573-5131)		
Potential Staging Areas	Airport, National Guard Armory, and Other government facilities. You and also		
	lease land through the Chenega Corporation. Alyeska Pipeline Services Company		
	has lease agreement in place with the Chenega Corporation.		
Local Spill Response	Emergency response equipment owned by SERVS is located near the deep-water		
Equipment	dock in the village (conexes containing boom, skimmers etc.) with additional		
	conexes along a small stretch of beach in the village. Additional emergency		
	response equipment is located at the Sawmill Bay Hatchery, which is adjacent to		
	the village. The SERVS fishing vessel administrator is responsible for		
	deployment of this equipment in a crisis. The fishing vessel administrator lives in		
	the community year around.		

CHISTOCHINA COMMUNITY PROFILE

Location and Climate

Chistochina is located at mile 32.7 on the Tok Cutoff to the Glenn Highway, 42 miles northeast of Glennallen. Sinona Creek, Bolder Creek, Chistochina River and Copper River surround the village. It lies at approximately 62.565° N Latitude and -144.66472° W Longitude. (Sec. 16, T009N, R004E, Copper River Meridian.) Chistochina is located in the Chitina Recording District. The climate in Chistochina is continental, characterized by long, cold winters and relatively warm summers. Snowfall averages 61 inches, with a total annual precipitation of 13 inches. Temperature extremes have been recorded from -62° to 91° F.

History, Culture, & **Demographics**

Chistochina began as an Ahtna fish camp and a stopover place for traders and trappers. The village access road later became part of the Valdez-Eagle Trail, constructed by miners during the gold rush to the Eagle area in 1897. Chistochina Lodge was built as a roadhouse for prospectors. The Trail was used for construction of U.S. Army Signal Corps telegraph lines from Valdez to Eagle between 1901 and 1904. Gold was mined along the upper Chistochina River and its runoff creeks. The area was settled by homesteaders, although it has remained a traditional Native village. Chistochina is the most traditional of all Copper River Athabascan Indian villages. Subsistence activities are a crucial component of the lifestyle in the village.

A federally recognized tribe is located in the community – the Chistochina Village Council. The 2010 U.S. Census data showed 36.56% of the population are Alaska Native or part Native. The census data also showed 68 total housing units, and 32 were vacant, of which 7 units are used only seasonally. The median household income was \$24,653, per capita income was \$20,402, and 10.74% of residents were living below the poverty level.

Economy

Subsistence hunting, fishing, trapping and gathering are the basis of the village's economy. Most cash employment is seasonal.

Subsistence Population

Native Entities

Unknown 93 (2010 U.S. Census)

Borough Located In Incorporation Type

Unorganized Unincorporated

Regional: Ahtna, Incorporated

Nonprofit: Copper River Native Association Cheesh-Na Tribe (Federally Recognized Tribe) Village:

EMERGENCY SERVICES

VPSO Handled through the Copper River Native Association (822-4454) Serviced through the Glennallen Post (822-3263) State Troopers Fire Chistochina Volunteer Fire Department (822-3503) Chistochina Health Clinic (822-3280). Auxiliary care provided by Copper River EMS Medical Council (822-3671)

LOCAL CONTAC	LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES		
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL
Ahtna, Incorporated	P.O. Box 649	822-3476	www.ahtna-inc.com
	Glennallen, AK 99588	822-3495 (fax)	
Alaska Power and	P.O. Box 3222	1-800-982-0136	www.aptalaska.com
Telephone Company	Port Townsend, WA	(360) 385-5177	
	98368	(fax)	
Cheesh-Na Tribe	P.O. Box 241	822-3503	wjustin@cheesna.org
	Chistochina, AK 99586	822-5179 (fax)	
Copper River Basin	P.O. Box 89	822-3633	www.crbrha.org
Regional Housing	Glennallen, AK 99588	822-3662 (fax)	
Authority			
Copper River Native	Mile 104 Old Richardson	822-5241	www.crnative.org
Association	Hwy	822-8803 (fax)	
	P.O. Box H		

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL
	Copper Center, AK		
	99573		
Copper Valley	P.O. Box 9	822-5001	www.copervalley.org
Development Association	Glennallen, AK 99588	822-5009 (fax)	
Mt. Sanford Tribal	P.O. Box 357	822-5399	www.mstc.org
Consortium	Gakona, AK 99586	822-5810 (fax)	

TRANSPORTATION		
Accessibility	Chistochina is accessible year-round by the Glenn and Richardson Highways.	
Airport Facilities	Small aircraft may land at a State-owned 2,060-feet turf/gravel airstrip.	
Airline Services	None	
Freight	None	
Vessel Support:	None	

	FACILITIES & UTILITIES	
Telephone	Copper Valley Telecom provides both local and long-distance services (822-3551	SZ
	/ www.cvinternet.net	Ō
Wireless and Internet	Copper Valley Telecom: 822-3551 / www.cvinternet.net	
TV Stations	Satellite	Σ
Radio Stations	KCAM-AM; KCHU-AM	Z
Cable Provider	None identified	COMMUNICATIONS
Teleconferencing	Glennallen Legislative Information Office; Prince William Sound Community	Σ
	College located at Mile 188 Glenn Highway (822-3673)	5
Electricity	Provided by Copper Valley Electric Association	
Fuel	Gasoline, diesel, and propane	
Fuel Storage	None identified	
Housing	Red Eagle Lodge; Chistochina Bed and Breakfast	
Water & Sewage	Almost half of residences have individual wells; the remainder haul treated water fro	m
	the Community Center. Some residents use individual septic tanks, but the majority	
	have outhouses or pit privies. About 40% of homes are completely plumbed. Refuse	е
	disposal at the local landfill is the responsibility of each individual.	
Miscellaneous	The community needs a washeteria and a new landfill.	

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT			
(Contact local	l officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)		
Potential Command Posts	Potential Command Posts Community Hall; Chistochina School		
Potential Staging Areas	None identified		
Local Spill Response	None identified		
Equipment			

PROFILE

Location and Climate

Chitina is located on the west bank of the Copper River at its confluence with the Chitina River, at mile 34 of the Edgerton Highway, 53 miles southeast of Copper Center. It lies outside the western boundary of the Wrangell-St. Elias National Park and Preserve, 66 miles southeast of Glennallen.

The climate in Chitina is continental, characterized by long, cold winters and relatively warm summers. Total annual precipitation averages 12 inches, with an average annual snowfall of 52 inches. Temperature extremes from a low of -58 to a high of 91 °F have been recorded. Chitina is usually 10° warmer than its neighbor, Kenny Lake.

History, Culture, & Demographics

Athabascan Indians have reportedly occupied this region for the last 5,000 to 7,000 years. Archaeological sites are located to the south and east of Chitina. Chitina was historically a large Native village whose population was slowly decimated by the influx of people, disease, and conflicts. Rich copper deposits were discovered at the turn of the century along the northern flanks of the Chitina River Valley, bringing a rush of prospectors and homesteaders to the area. The Copper River & Northwestern Railway enabled Chitina to develop into a thriving community by 1914. It had a general store, clothing store, meat market, stables, tinsmith, five hotels, rooming houses, pool hall, bars, restaurants, dance halls, and movie theater. Almost all of Chitina was owned by Otto Adrian Nelson, a surveying engineer for the Kennecott Mines. He supplied electric power to all structures with a unique hydroelectric system. After the mines closed in 1938, support activities moved to the Glennallen area, and Chitina became a virtual ghost town with only the Natives and a few non-Natives staying on. In 1963, the Nelson estate was purchased by "Mudhole" Smith, a pioneer bush pilot, who sold off the town site and buildings.

Students are home-schooled or attend school at Kenny Lake, 28 miles away. Most Athabascan residents are involved in subsistence activities year-round. During the summer, subsistence dip netting for salmon on the Copper River brings a large number of Alaskans from Anchorage and other areas of the state. Gardening, berry picking, herb gathering, and other 'wild crafting' are popular pursuits, as are various arts and crafts. Winter activities include trapping, snow machining, dog mushing, skiing and skijoring, and ice fishing.

Economy

Employment is primarily with the village council, Village Corporation, or the National Park Service. Many residents are self-employed or work in retail establishments. The summer influx of fishermen, tourists and campers provides some cash income in fish guiding and other services. Two residents hold commercial fishing permits. Many villagers participate in subsistence activities year-round.

Subsistence Population Borough Located In Incorporation Type

Native Entities

Unknown

126 (2010 U.S. Census Data) Unorganized

Unincorporated

Regional: Ahtna, Incorporated

Nonprofit: Community Improvement Association of Chitina, Chitina Native

Corporation

Village: Native Village of Chitina (Federally-recognized Tribe)

EMERGENCY SERVICES

VPSO State Troopers Handled through the Copper River Native Association (822-4454)

popers Serviced through the Glennallen Post (822-3263)

Fire Chitina Volunteer Fire Department (823-2235)

Fire Medical

Chitina Health Clinic 823-2213. Clinic was damaged by an avalanche; needs major repairs or replacement. Copper River EMS Council (822-3671)

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL
Ahtna, Incorporated	P.O. Box 649	822-3476	www.ahtna-inc.com
	Glennallen, AK 99588	822-3495 (fax)	
Chitina Chamber of	P.O. Box 54	259-2239	www.chitinachamber.org
Commerce	Chitina, AK 99566		
Chitina Electric,	P.O. Box 88	823-2220	
Incorporated	Chitina, AK 99566	823-2202 (fax)	
Chitina Native	P.O. Box 3	823-2223	www.chitinanative.com
Corporation	Chitina, AK 99566	823-2202 (fax)	
Community Improvement	P.O. Box 2	823-2270	
Association of Chitina	Chitina, AK 99566		
Copper River Basin	P.O. Box 89	822-3633	www.crbrha.org
Regional Housing	Glennallen, AK 99588	822-3662 (fax)	
Authority			
Copper River Native	Mile 104 Old	822-5241	www.crnative.org
Association	Richardson Hwy	822-8803 (fax)	
	P.O. Box H		
	Copper Center, AK		
	99573		
Copper Valley	P.O. Box 9	822-5001	www.coppervalley.org
Development Association	Glennallen, Ak 99588	822-5009 (fax)	
Native Village of Chitina	P.O. Box 31	823-2215	nativevillageofchitina@yahoo.com
	Chitina, AK 99566	823-2233 (fax)	

TRANSPORTATION		
Accessibility	The Edgerton Highway and Richardson Highway link Chitina with the rest of the state	
	road system.	
Airport Facilities	The state owns the Chitina Airport, with a 2,850-feet long by 75-feet wide gravel airstrip,	
	5 miles north of town along the Edgerton Highway.	
Airline Services	Copper Valley Air	
Freight	Not identified	
Vessel Support:	Not applicable	

	FACILITIES & UTILITIES	
Telephone	Copper Valley Telecom provides both local and long-distance services (822-3551	Š
	/ <u>www.cvinternet.net</u>	Ō
Wireless and Internet	Copper Valley Telecom: 822-3551 / www.cvinternet.net	T
TV Stations	Satellite	ζ
Radio Stations	KCAM-AM; KCHU-AM	Z
Cable Provider	None identified	Z
Teleconferencing	Glennallen Legislative Information Office; Prince William Sound Community	COMMUNICATIONS
	College located at Mile 188 Glenn Highway (822-3673)	\ddot{c}
Electricity	Provided by Copper Valley Electric Association	
Fuel	Gasoline, diesel, and propane.	
Fuel Storage	None identified	
Housing	Gilpatrick Hotel Chitina; Alaska Halfway House B&B Chitina House Bed & Breakfa	ast;
	Chitina Guest Cabins	
Water & Sewage	Residents haul water from a treated well source at the Fire Hall or have individual we	lls.
	The water system is operated by the Community Improvement Association of Chitina	ι.
	Outhouses and individual septic systems provide sewage disposal. Less than 20% of	
	homes are completely plumbed.	
Miscellaneous	Refuse collection services are available from Copper Basin Sanitation. To serve the	
	heavy influx of tourists in summer, the community has asked for funding for a public	
	facility with parking and an RV dump station. DOT is constructing a visitor wayside.	

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT			
(Contact los	(Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)		
Potential Command Posts None identified			
Potential Staging Areas	None identified		
Local Spill Response	None identified		
Equipment			

COPPER CENTER COMMUNITY PROFILE

Location and Climate

Copper Center is located between miles 101 and 105 of the Richardson Highway. It is on the west bank of the Copper River at the confluence of the Klutina River. It lies just west of the Wrangell-St. Elias National Park.

Copper Center is located in the continental climate zone. Winters are long and cold, and summers are relatively warm. Temperature extremes have been recorded from a low of -74 to a high of 96°F. Annual snowfall averages 39 inches, and total precipitation averages 9 inches per year.

History, Culture, & **Demographics**

The Ahtna people have occupied the Copper River basin for the past 5,000 to 7,000 years. They had summer fish camps at every bend in the river and winter villages throughout the region. Copper Center was a large Ahtna Athabascan village at one time. In 1896 Ringwald Blix built Blix Roadhouse, which was very highly regarded for its outstanding services. The Trail of '98 from Valdez joined with the Eagle Trail to Forty Mile and Dawson. 300 destitute miners spent the winter here, and many died of scurvy. Copper Center became the principal supply center for miners in the Nelchina-Susitna region. A telegraph station and post office were established in 1901. A school was constructed in 1905, which brought a number of Native families to Copper Center. In 1909 it was designated a government agricultural experiment station. In 1932 the original roadhouse was destroyed in order to build the Copper Center Lodge. This lodge is on the National Register of Historic Roadhouses and is now considered the jewel of Alaskan roadhouses. In the late 1930s and early 40s, construction of the Richardson and Glenn Highways made the region more accessible. The first church in the Copper River region, the Chapel on the Hill, was built here in 1942 by Vince Joy and U.S. Army volunteers stationed in the area. Mr. Joy built other churches and a Bible college in the area over the years.

Athabascan Indians represent the primary Alaska Native group. There are two distinct settlements, a Native area and a non-Native area. The 2010 U.S. Census data showed 45.73% of the population are Alaska Native or part Native. The census data also showed 199 total housing units, and 76 were vacant, of which 25 units are used only seasonally. The median household income was \$59,375, per capita income was \$24,269, and 10.74% of residents were living below the poverty level.

Economy

The economy is based on local services and businesses and highway-related tourism. The National Park Service's Wrangell-St. Elias Visitor Center was completed in 2002. The Copper River Princess Wilderness Lodge was also completed in 2002. Two RV Parks and three river boat charter services operate from Copper Center. Many Native residents depend on subsistence hunting, fishing, trapping and gathering. Eight residents hold commercial fishing permits.

Subsistence **Population**

Unknown

328 (2010 U.S. Census)

Borough Located In Unorganized Incorporation Type Native Entities

Unincorporated Regional: Ahtna, Incorporated

Nonprofit: Copper River Native Association

Village: Native Village of Kluti Kaah (Federally-recognized Tribe)

EMERGENCY SERVICES Handled through the Copper River Native Association (822-4454) **VPSO** State Troopers Serviced through the Glennallen Post (822-3263) Copper Center Volunteer Fire Department and Fire Hall (822-3047) Fire Sierra & Kluti-Kaah Health clinic (822-3541). Auxiliary care is provided by Copper River EMS Medical Council (822-3671).

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL
Ahtna, Incorporated	P.O. box 649	822-3476	www.ahtna-inc.com
	Glennallen, AK 99588	822-3495 (fax)	

LOCAL CONTAC	TS & REGIONAL/STATE	ORGANIZATIONS	S WITH LOCAL OFFICES
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL
Copper Center	P.O. Box 338	822-5604	
Community Association	Copper Center, AK 99573		
Copper River Basin	P.O. Box 89	822-3633	www.crbrha.org
Regional Housing	Glennallen, AK 99588	822-3662 (fax)	
Authority			
Copper River Native	Mile 104 Old Richardson	822-5241	www.crnative.org
Association	Hwy	822-8803 (fax)	
	P.O. Box H		
	Copper Center, AK		
	99573		
Copper Valley	P.O. Box 9	822-5001	www.coppervalley.org
Development Association	Glennallen, AK 99588	822-5009 (fax)	
Native Village of Kluti	P.O. Box 68	822-5541	nvkkadmin@cvinternet.net
Kaah	Copper Center, AK	822-5130 (fax)	
	99573		

TRANSPORTATION			
Accessibility	The Richardson Highway connects Copper Center to Anchorage, Fairbanks and outside		
	year-round.		
Airport Facilities	A State-owned 2,500-feet gravel airstrip provides for chartered flights and general.		
Airline Services	Copper Valley Air		
Freight	None identified		
Vessel Support:	None identified		

FACILITIES & UTILITIES				
Telephone	Copper Valley Telecom provides both local and long-distance services (822-3551	SO.		
	/ <u>www.cvinternet.net</u>	COMMUNICATIONS		
Wireless and Internet	Copper Valley Telecom: 822-3551 / www.cvinternet.net	Ĭ		
Service Provider		$C\mathbf{A}$		
TV Stations	Satellite	Ž		
Radio Stations	KCAM-AM; KCHU-AM	1U		
Cable Provider	None identified	Ĭ.		
Teleconferencing	Glennallen Legislative Information Office; Prince William Sound Community College located at Mile 188 Glenn Highway (822-3673)	00		
Electricity	Provided by Copper Valley Electric Association			
Fuel	Gasoline, diesel, and propane			
Fuel Storage	None identified			
Housing	Copper Center Lodge; Klutina River B&B private campgrounds			
Water & Sewage	The majority of homes use individual water wells and septic tanks. Others haul treate well water from a site operated by Copper Center Safe Water. A private Glennallen is delivers water to home storage tanks for a fee. The washeteria is currently not functioning. The well at Kluti-Kaah Memorial Hall is contaminated and on boil water notice. The school operates its own well water system. 75% of homes are fully plumbed.	īrm		
Miscellaneous	Refuse collection services are available from Copper Basin Sanitation. There is a loc landfill, and an incinerator at mile 102 Richardson Hwy. Copper Valley Electric purchases power from the state-owned Solomon Gulch Hydro Facility, and own diese plants in Glennallen and Valdez.			

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT			
(Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)			
Potential Command Posts	None identified		
Potential Staging Areas	None identified		
Local Spill Response	None identified		
Equipment			

CORDOVA COMMUNITY PROFILE

Location and Climate

Cordova is located at the southeastern end of Prince William Sound in the Gulf of Alaska. The community was built on Orca Inlet, at the base of Eyak Mountain. It lies 52 air miles southeast of Valdez and 150 miles southeast of Anchorage. It lies at approximately 60.54278° N Latitude and -145.7575° W Longitude. (Sec. 28, T015S, R003W, Copper River Meridian.) Cordova is located in the Cordova Recording District. Winter temperatures average from 17° to 28° F; summer temperatures average 49° to 63° F. Annual precipitation is 167 inches, including 80 inches of snowfall.

History, Culture, & Demographics

The area has historically been home to the Alutiiq, with the addition of migrating Athabascan and Tlingit natives who called themselves Eyaks. Alaskan Natives of other descents also settled in Cordova. Orca Inlet was originally named "Puerto Cordova" by Don Salvador Fidalgo in 1790. One of the first producing oil fields in Alaska was discovered at Katalla, 47 miles southeast of Cordova, in 1902. The town of Cordova was named in 1906 by Michael Heney, builder of the Copper River and Northwestern Railroad, and the City was formed in 1909. Cordova became the railroad terminus and ocean shipping port for copper ore from the Kennecott Mine up the Copper River. The first trainload of ore was loaded onto the steamship "Northwestern," bound for a smelter in Tacoma, Washington, in April 1911. The Bonanza-Kennecott Mines operated until 1938 and yielded over \$200 million in copper, silver and gold. The Katalla oil field produced until 1933, when it was destroyed by fire. Fishing became the economic base in the early 1940s. Cordova has a significant Eyak Athabascan population with an active Village Council. Commercial fishing and subsistence are central to the community's culture.

The 2010 U.S. Census data showed 8.84% of the population are Alaska Native or part Native. The census data also showed 1,100 total housing units, and 178 were vacant, of which 72 units are used only seasonally. The median household income was \$91,477, per capita income was \$38,287, and 2.04% of residents were living below the poverty level.

Economy

Cordova supports a large fishing fleet for Prince William Sound and several fish processing plants. 343 residents hold commercial fishing permits, and nearly half of all households have someone working in commercial harvesting or processing. Copper River red salmon, pink salmon, herring, halibut, bottom fish and other fisheries are harvested. Reduced salmon prices have affected the economy. The largest employers are North Pacific Processors, Cordova School District, Cordova Hospital, the City, and the Department of Transportation. The U.S. Forest Service and the U.S. Coast Guard maintain personnel in Cordova.

Subsistence

While the largest portion of Cordova residents do not live a subsistence lifestyle, the tribal residents still practice the subsistence way of life. The food gathered is salmon, seal, deer, waterfowl, berries, and halibut. 2,239 (2010 U.S. Census)

Population Borough Located In Incorporation Type Native Entities

Unorganized

Home Rule City

424-6400

Regional: Chugach Alaska Corporation

Profit: Tatitlek Corporation – Cordova and the Eyak Corporation

Nonprofit: Chugachmiut

Village: Native Village of Eyak

EMERGENCY SERVICES

State Troopers

City Police Dept. (424-6100); State Fish & Wildlife Protection

State Trooper :Post (424-3184)

Fire Medical

Police

City Fire Dept. & Volunteer Fire/EMS/Search & Rescue (424-6117)

The hospital is a qualified Acute Care and Long Term Care facility (424-8000). Auxiliary care provided by Cordova Volunteer Fire Dept./EMS/Search & Rescue (424-

6117/424-6100). Cordova Medical Clinic (424-8200)

Harbormaster

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES				
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL	
Chugach Alaska	3800 Centerpoint Drive	561-2668	www.chugach-ak.com	
Corporation	Suite 700	562-5258 (fax)		
	Anchorage, AK 99503			
City of Cordova	P.O. Box 1210	424-6200	www.cityofcordova.net	
	Cordova, AK 99574	424-6000 (fax)	cityclerk@cityofcordova.net	
Cordova Chamber of	P.O. Box 99	424-7260	www.cordovachamber.com	
Commerce and Visitors	Cordova, AK 99574	424-7259 (fax)		
Center				
Cordova City School	P.O. Box 1330	424-3265	www.cordovasd.org	
District	Cordova, AK 99574	424-3271 (fax)		
Cordova Electric	P.O. Box 20	424-5527	www.cordovaelectric.com	
Cooperative, Incorporated	Cordova, AK 99574	424-5527 (fax)		
Cordova Times			www.thecordovatimes.com	
Native Village of Eyak	P.O. Box 1388	424-7738	www.nveyak.com	
	Cordova, AK 99574	424-7739 (fax)		
North Pacific Rim Housing	8300 King Street	562-1444	www.nprha-ak.org/index.htm	
Authority	Anchorage, AK 99518	562-1445		
Prince William Sound	P.O. Box 1110	424-7511	www.pwsac.com	
Aquaculture Corporation	Cordova, AK 99574	424-7514 (fax)		
Prince William Sound	2207 Spenard Road,	222-2440	www.pwsedd.org	
Economic Development	Suite 207	222-2411 (fax)		
District	Anchorage, AK 99503			
The Eyak Preservation	P.O. Box 460	424-5890	www.redzone.org	
Council	Cordova, AK 99574	424-5891 (fax)		

	TTD A NOTE OF THE OWN			
TRANSPORTATION				
Accessibility	Cordova is accessed by plane or boat. It is linked directly to the North Pacific Ocean			
	shipping lanes through the Gulf of Alaska. It receives year-round barge services and			
	State Ferry service. A 48-mile gravel road provides access to the Copper River Delta to			
	the east. Plans for a highway up the Copper River to connect with the statewide road			
	system have been controversial.			
Airport Facilities	The Merle K. "Mudhole" Smith Airport at mile 13 is State-owned and operated, with a			
	7,500' asphalt runway and 1,900' gravel crosswind runway. The State-owned and City-			
	operated Cordova Municipal Airport has a 1,840' gravel runway. Float planes land at the			
	Lake Eyak seaplane base or the boat harbor.			
Airline Services	Daily scheduled jet flights and air taxis are available. Alaska Airlines; Era Aviation;			
	Cordova Air Service; Alaska Wilderness.			
Freight	It receives year-round barge services and State Ferry service.			
Vessel Support:	Harbor facilities include a breakwater, dock, a 500-slip small boat harbor, boat launch,			
	boat haul-out, a ferry terminal, and marine repair services. A proposed deep draft port at			
	Shepard Point has been funded and is in the final Environmental Impact Statement phase.			
	This will provide access to the mile 13 airport, connected to the deep draft dock with			
	staging for spill response.			

	FACILITIES & UTILITIES	
Telephone	Cordova Telephone Cooperative (424-2345); GCI (424-7317)	7.0
Wireless and Internet	Wireless: Copper Valley Wireless (1-800-235-5414); Cordova Wireless (424-	COMMUNICATIONS
	2300)	Ĕ
	Internet: Copper Valley Telephone Cooperative (424-2345); Cordova Telephone	ZA.
	Cooperative (424-2345); GCI (424-7317 or 1-800-800-4800 / <u>www.gci.com</u>)	Ĕ
TV Stations	ARCS; GCI Cable.	9
Radio Stations	KLAM-AM (424-3796); KCHU-FM	∮
Cable Provider	GCI Cable, Inc.	Į.
Teleconferencing	Alaska Teleconferencing Network; Legislative Information Office	_
Electricity	Provided by Cordova Electric Cooperative, Inc.	
Fuel	Gasoline, diesel, and propane	
Fuel Storage	Cordova Electric Co-op (60,000 gals.); U.S. Coast Guard (22,000 gals.)	
Housing	Reluctant Fisherman; Orca Adventure lodge; Cordova Lighthouse Inn; Prince William	n
	Motel	

FACILITIES & UTILITIES

Water & Sewage

Cordova utilizes water from Murcheson Falls, Heney Creek dam, Meals Reservoir, the Orca Reservoir, and Eyak Lake. The water is treated, but only the Eyak water is filtered. Water storage capacity is 2.1 million gallons. The City operates a piped water and sewer system. Sewage is treated before discharge. Over 90% of homes are fully plumbed. Some homes use individual wells and septic systems. The City wants to design a new wastewater treatment plant.

Miscellaneous

A new Class 2 landfill and sludge disposal is available at Mile 17. The community participates in recycling and a household hazardous waste program. Cordova Electric Cooperative operates two diesel-powered plants, at Eyak and Orca, and the Humpback Creek Hydro Facility.

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT

(Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)

Potential Command Posts Potential Staging Areas

None identified

A proposed deep draft port at Shepard Point has been funded and is in the final Environmental Impact Statement phase. This will provide access to the mile 13 airport, connected to the deep draft dock with staging for spill response.

Local Spill Response Equipment

urport, connected to the deep draft dock with staging for spill response. USCG spill response conex; ADEC spill response conex (see page B-72 for an inventory of spill response assets)

Cordova has a large stockpile of equipment located in the community. The equipment is stored in a fenced in area on Industry Road behind the Alaska Marine Trucking facility. There is also a large stockpile of barges located near the ferry dock. Wilson Construction (907-424-3452) is responsible for the deployment of this equipment in a crisis response.

GAKONA COMMUNITY PROFILE

Location and Climate

Gakona is located at 62°18′17″N latitude and 145°16′24″W longitude (62.301940, -145.30194) (Sec. 18, T006N, R001E, Copper River Meridian). Gakona is located in the Chitina Recording District. Gakona is located in the center of Copper Valley, surrounded by mountains and the famous Copper River.

Gakona is at the confluence of the Copper and Gakona Rivers, 15 miles northeast of Glennallen. It lies at mile 2 on the Tok Cutoff to the Glenn Highway, just east of the Richardson Highway. It lies at approximately 62.30194° N Latitude and -145.30194° W Longitude. (Sec. 18, T006N, R001E, Copper River Meridian.) Gakona is located in the Chitina Recording District. Gakona is located in the continental climate zone, with long, cold winters and relatively warm summers. Temperature extremes have been recorded from -62 to 91. Snowfall averages 61 inches, with total precipitation of 13 inches per year.

History, Culture, & Demographics

Ahtna Indians have lived in the Copper River basin for 5,000 to 7,000 years. Gakona served as a wood and fish camp, and later became a permanent village. In 1904 Doyle's Roadhouse was constructed at the junction of the Valdez-Eagle and Valdez-Fairbanks Trails, and became an essential stopping point for travelers. There was also a post office, stagecoach station and blacksmith shop here. Some buildings are still standing. Gakona Lodge was built in 1929 and is on the National Register of Historical Places. The lodge contains many old relics of the gold rush era.

A federally recognized tribe is located in the community -- the Native Village of Gakona. The 2010 Census data shows 19.72 % of the population are Alaska Native or part Native. The community has a commercial district, a non-Native residential area, and an Athabascan village. The 2010 Census data also shows 131 total housing units, of which 45 were vacant. Twenty one of these vacant housing units are used only seasonally. The median household income was \$98,750, per capita income was \$31,038, and 4.46% of residents were living below the poverty level.

Economy

Gakona depends upon local businesses and seasonal tourist travel. There is a motel, restaurant, bar, newspaper print shop, sawmill and dog sled maker in Gakona. Summers provide income for local fishing and hunting guides, rafting operations and outfitters. Three residents hold commercial fishing permits. Some residents rely on subsistence activities and trapping. Recording equipment for the High Frequency Active Auroral Research Program (HAARP) is located near Gakona.

Subsistence

Residents of Gakona hunt, fish, and gather for the following food sources in and around Copper River Basin area: salmon, moose, dall sheep, bear, and berries.

Population Borough Located In Incorporation Type Native Entities

Unorganized Unincorporated

218 (2010 Census)

Regional: Ahtna, Incorporated Profit: None identified

Nonprofit: Copper River Native Association

Village: Native Village of Gakona (Federally-recognized Tribe)

EMERGENCY SERVICES

VPSO
State Troopers
Fire
Medical
Handled through the Copper River Native Association (822-4454)
Serviced through the Glennallen Post (822-3263)
Gakona Volunteer Fire Department (822-3935)
The Gakona Health Clinic is operated by Copper River Native Ass

The Gakona Health Clinic is operated by Copper River Native Association and housed in the Buster Gene Memorial Facility (822-5175). Auxiliary care provided by Copper River EMS (822-3671) and Cross Road Medical Center in Glennallen (822-3203).

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL
Ahtna, Incorporated	P.O. box 649	822-3476	www.ahtna-inc.com
	Glennallen, AK 99588	822-3495 (fax)	

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES				
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL	
Copper River Basin	P.O. Box 89	822-3633	www.crbrha.org	
Regional Housing	Glennallen, AK 99588	822-3662 (fax)		
Authority				
Copper River Native	Mile 104 Old Richardson	822-5241	www.crnative.org	
Association	Hwy	822-8803 (fax)		
	P.O. Box H			
	Copper Center, AK 99573			
Copper Valley	P.O. Box 9	822-5001	www.coppervalley.org	
Development	Glennallen, AK 99588	822-5009		
Association				
Gakona Volunteer Fire	P.O. Box 337	822-3935		
Department	Gakona, AK 99586			
Mt. Sanford Tribal	P.O. Box 357	822-5399	www.mstc.org	
Consortium	Gakona, AK 99586	822-5810 (fax)		
Native Village of	P.O. Box 102	822-5777	www.nvgakona.com	
Gakona	Gakona, AK 99586	822-5997 (fax)	gakonavc@cvinternet.net	

TRANSPORTATION			
Accessibility	The Glenn Highway, Richardson Highway, and Tok Cutoff provide access to the		
	Anchorage, Fairbanks and the Lower 48.		
Airport Facilities	A 5,000-foot paved runway is available at nearby Gulkana.		
Airline Services	Copper Valley Air		
Freight	Ellis Air		
Vessel Support:	Not applicable		

FACILITIES & UTILITIES				
Telephone	Copper Valley Telecom provides both local and long-distance services (822-3551	S		
	/ <u>www.cvinternet.net</u>	Ž		
Wireless and Internet	Copper Valley Telecom: 822-3551 / www.cvinternet.net	Ĭ		
Service Provider		$\mathbf{C}^{\mathbf{A}}$		
TV Stations	Satellite	Ž		
Radio Stations	KCAM-AM; KCHU-AM	1		
Cable Provider	None identified	COMMUNICATIONS		
Teleconferencing	Glennallen Legislative Information Office; Prince William Sound Community	9		
	College located at Mile 188 Glenn Highway (822-3673)			
Electricity	Provided by Copper Valley Electric Association			
Fuel	Gasoline, diesel, and propane.			
Fuel Storage	None identified			
Housing	Gakona Junction Village, Gakona Cabin, Red Igloo Cabins, Maclaren River Loge, Riverview Bed and Breakfast, Copper River Country B & B, Gakona Lodge & Tradir Post.	ıg		
Water & Sewage	The primary source of water is groundwater under direct influence of surface water through a community water system. The water system serves 83 residents.			
Miscellaneous	Refuse collection services are available from Copper Basin Sanitation, which hauls waste to the Glennallen Regional Landfill in Glennallen. ADEC Landfill Classification is Class II and the permit number is SW2A009-15. The landfill permit expiration date March 1, 2015.			

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT		
(Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)		
Potential Command Posts Gakona Elementary School		
Potential Staging Areas None identified		
Local Spill Response	None identified	
Equipment		

GLENNALLEN COMMUNITY PROFILE

Location and Climate

The community of Glennallen lies along the Glenn Highway at its junction with the Richardson Highway, 189 road miles east of Anchorage. It is located just outside the western boundary of Wrangell-St. Elias National Park. It lies at approximately 62.10917° N Latitude and -145.54639° W Longitude (62.1092, -145.5464) (Sec. 23, T004N, R002W, Copper River Meridian). Glennallen is located in the Chitina Recording District. Glennallen is located in the continental climate zone, with long, cold winters, and relatively warm summers. Temperature extremes range from -74 to 96. The mean temperature in January is -10°F; in July, it is 56°F. Snowfall averages 39 inches, with total precipitation of 9 inches per year.

History, Culture, & Demographics

The name was derived from Maj. Edwin Glenn and Lt. Henry Allen, both leaders in the early explorations of the Copper River region. It is one of the few communities in the region that was not built on the site of a Native village. The area has historically been occupied by the Ahtna, although Glennallen is currently a non-Native community.

The 2010 U.S. Census data shows 7.66% of the population are Alaska Native or part Native. During the 2010 U.S. Census, there were 336 total housing units, and 133 were vacant, of which 65 of these vacant housing units are used only seasonally. The median household income was \$45,688, per capita income was \$22,545, and 0% of residents were living below the poverty level.

Economy

Glennallen is the supply hub of the Copper River region. Local businesses serve area residents and Glenn Highway traffic, supplies and services, schools and medical care. State highway maintenance and federal offices are in Glennallen. RV parks, lodging, fuel and other services cater to independent travelers. The National Park Service's Wrangell-St. Elias Visitor Center and the Copper River Princess Wilderness Lodge were completed in 2002 at Copper Center. Offices for the Bureau of Land Management, Alaska State Troopers, and the Dept. of Fish and Game are located here. There are several small farms in the area. Four residents hold commercial fishing permits.

Subsistence Population Borough Located In

State Troopers

Medical

None identified 483 (2010 U.S. Census)

Unorganized Unincorporated Not applicable

Incorporation Type
Native Entities

EMERGENCY SERVICES State Trooper Post: 822-3263 Glennallen Volunteer Fire Department (822-5885) The Cross Road Medical Center is a qualified Emergency Care Center and provides Critical Care Air Ambulance Services (822-3203). Auxiliary care provided by Copper River EMS Council (822-3671).

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL
Copper River Record	P.O. Box 277	259-5277	www.copperriverrecord.net
(Newspaper)	Glennallen, AK 99588	1-888-870-3169	
		(fax)	
Copper River School	P.O. Box 108	822-3234	www.crsd.us
District	Glennallen, AK 99588	822-3949 (fax)	
Copper Valley	P.O. Box 469	822-5555	www.traveltoalaska.com
Chamber of Commerce	Glennallen, AK 99588	822-5558 (fax)	
Copper Valley	P.O. Box 173	822-5427	
Community Library	Glennallen, AK 99588		
Copper Valley	P.O. Box 9	822-5001	www.coppervalley.org
Development Org.	Glennallen, AK 99588	822-5009 (fax)	
Copper Valley Electric	P.O. Box 45	822-3211	www.cvea.org
Association, Inc.	Glennallen, AK 99588		
Glennallen	P.O. Box 343	822-3181	
Improvement	Glennallen, AK 99588		
Corporation			

TRANSPORTATION		
Accessibility	The Glenn and Richardson Highways provide year-round road access to Anchorage,	
	Fairbanks and other areas of the state.	
Airport Facilities	Brenwick's Airport provides public air access, and scheduled services are available. The	
	2,070-feet turf airstrip is owned and operated by Copper Basin District, Inc. The	
	Gulkana Airport is located 4.3 miles northeast.	
Airline Services	Copper Valley Air (822-4200 or 1-866-570-4200)	
Freight	None identified.	
Vessel Support:	A public boat launch site is available at Lake Louise.	

	FACILITIES & UTILITIES	
Telephone	Copper Valley Telecom provides both local and long-distance services (822-3551	\mathbf{S}
	/ <u>www.cvinternet.net</u>	10
Wireless and Internet	Copper Valley Telecom: 822-3551 / www.cvinternet.net	ΑT
TV Stations	Satellite	IC
Radio Stations	KCAM-AM; KCHU-AM	5
Cable Provider	None identified	Ξ
Teleconferencing	Glennallen Legislative Information Office; Prince William Sound Community College located at Mile 188 Glenn Highway (822-3673)	COMMUNICATIONS
Electricity	Provided by Copper Valley Electric Association. Copper Valley Electric purchases power from the state-owned Solomon Gulch Hydro Facility, and owns diesel plants in Glennallen and Valdez.	n
Fuel	Heating oil, gasoline, diesel fuel, jet fuel, AvGas 100LL, propane	
Fuel Storage	Crowley maintains 168,000 gallon refined product bulk storage/loading facility and a 30,000 gallong bulk propane storage facility.	
Housing	Caribou Hotel, Wolverine Lodge, Glennallen's Rustic Resort Bed & Breakfast,	
Water & Sewage	Evergreen Lodge, Tangle Lakes Lodge Alaska Bible College: Public Water System ID AK2292099, Primary Source – Groundwater, System Type – Community Water System, Population Served – 15). Blackburn Place Apartments: Public Water System ID AK2291261, Primary Source – Groundwater, System Type – Community Water System, Population Served – 56). Copper River School District: Public Water System ID AK2291384, Primary Source – Groundwater, System Type – Non Transient Non Community, Population Served – 59). Glennallen Water Works: Public Water System ID AK2291499, Primary Source – Groundwater, System Type – Community Water System, Population Served – 360). Tazlina River Mobile Home Park: Public Water System ID AK2291279, Primary Source – Groundwater, System Type – Community Water System, Population Served – 100). The majority of downtown is connected to a piped sewage system operated by The	
Miscellaneous	Glennallen Improvement Corporation. The sewage system serves 52 homes and businesses. Most residences have individual septic tank system, but permafrost and h water tables cause drainage failures. Refuse collection services are available from Copper Basin Sanitation, which hauls waste to the Glennallen Regional Landfill. ADEC Landfill Classification is Class II at the permit number is SW2A009-15. The landfill permit expiration date is March 1, 2015.	Ū

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT			
(Contact lo	(Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)		
Potential Command Posts	Potential Command Posts Copper River Correspondence School, Glennallen Elementary School, Glennallen		
	Jr./Sr. High School, and Lottie Sparks Elementary School		
Potential Staging Areas	Bureau of Land Management Glennallen Field Office at milepost 186.5 of the		
	Glenn Highway (822-3217).		
Local Spill Response	nse ADEC spill response conex located at Tazlina (see page B-72 for an inventory of		
Equipment spill response assets)			

GULKANA COMMUNITY PROFILE

Location and Climate

Gulkana is located on the east bank of the Gulkana (Kulkana) River at its confluence with the Copper River. It lies at mile 127 of the Richardson Highway, 14 miles north of Glennallen. It lies at approximately 62.27139° N Latitude and -145.38222° W Longitude. (Sec. 27, T006N, R001W, Copper River Meridian.) Gulkana is located in the Chitina Recording District. Gulkana is located in the continental climate zone, with long, cold winters, and relatively warm summers. Temperature extremes range from -65°F to 91° F. Average snowfall is 47 inches, with 11 inches of precipitation per year.

History, Culture, & Demographics

165°F to 91°F. Average snowfall is 47 inches, with 11 inches of precipitation per year. The Ahtna people have occupied this area for 5,000 to 7,000 years. Gulkana was originally established in 1903 as a telegraph station, and was named "Kulkana" after the nearby river. The Gulkana Roadhouse was built in the early 1900s by C.L. Hoyt, a fur dealer who ran the roadhouse until 1916. A store, post office and Orr stage station were located nearby. Gulkana was originally located across the river from its present site; it was cut in half during construction of the Richardson Highway during World War II. In the early 1950s, the first house was built at the new site. Chief Ewan and his family were the first Native residents, and eventually all of the villagers relocated. Gulkana is an Athabascan village. Subsistence activities supplement incomes. The sale, importation and possession of alcohol are prohibited.

A federally recognized tribe is located in the community - the Gulkana Village Council. The 2010 U.S. Census data showed 76.47% of the population are Alaska Native or part Native. The 2010 U.S. Census data also shows there were 60 total housing units, and 24 were vacant, of which 5 of these units are used only seasonally. The median household income was \$63,750, per capita income was \$20,351 and 1.35% of residents were living below the poverty level.

Economy

Residents of Gulkana depend somewhat on subsistence hunting, fishing, trapping and gathering. Employment is limited to the village council and seasonal construction. None identified

Subsistence Population Borough Located In Incorporation Type

Native Entities

119 (2010 U.S. Census) Unorganized

Unincorporated

Regional: Ahtna, Incorporated

Nonprofit: Copper River Native Association

Village: Gulkana Village (Federally-recognized Tribe)

EMERGENCY SERVICES		
VPSO Handled through the Copper River Native Association (822-4454)		
State Troopers Serviced through the Glennallen Post (822-3263)		
Fire Gulkana Volunteer Fire Department (822-3935)		
Medical	Gulkana Community Health Clinic: 822-3646	

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL
Ahtna, Incorporated	P.O. Box 649	822-3476	www.ahtna-inc.com
	Glennallen, AK 99588	822-3495 (fax)	
Copper River Basin	P.O. Box 89	822-3633	www.crbrha.org
Regional Housing	Glennallen, AK 99588	822-3662 (fax)	
Authority			
Copper River Native	Mile 104 Old Richardson	822-5241	www.crnative.org
Association	Hwy	822-8803 (fax)	
	P.O. Box H		
	Copper Center, AK 99573		
Copper Valley	P.O. Box 9	822-5001	www.coppervalley.org
Development Association	Glennallen, AK 99588	822-5009	
Gulkana Village	P.O. Box 254	822-3746	www.gulkanacouncil.org
	Gulkanan, AK 99586	822-3976	admin@gulkanacouncil.org

TRANSPORTATION		
Accessibility	The Richardson Highway passes close by the village and is maintained year-round.	
Airport Facilities	A state-owned 5,001-feet by 100-feet paved runway is available at the Gulkana Airport.	
Airline Services	Copper Valley Air (822-4200 or 1-866-570-4200)	
Freight	Not identified	
Vessel Support:	None	

	FACILITIES & UTILITIES	
Telephone	Copper Valley Telecom provides both local and long-distance services (822-3551	
	/ <u>www.cvinternet.net</u>	COMMUNICATIONS
Wireless and Internet	Copper Valley Telecom: 822-3551 / www.cvinternet.net	Ţ
TV Stations	Satellite	Ľ.
Radio Stations	KCAM-AM; KCHU-AM	<u>S</u>
Cable Provider	None identified	\mathbf{Z}
Teleconferencing	Glennallen Legislative Information Office; Prince William Sound Community	O
	College located at Mile 188 Glenn Highway (822-3673)	ŭ
Electricity	Provided by Copper Valley Electric Association	
Fuel	Jet A, Jeb B, 100LL, heating oil, gasoline, diesel	
Fuel Storage		
	deliveries, 2,800-gallon capacity truck for heating oil deliveries, and 12,500-gallon	
	capacity FlameShield storage tank for high-flow Jet A and heating oil pump.	
Housing	Sourdough Campground	
Water & Sewage	Water is currently derived from a well, is treated and stored in a 100,000-gal. tank. D	
	to iron and magnesium levels, a new infiltration gallery on the Gulkana River and wat	
	treatment improvements are under construction. A piped water and sewer system serv	
	most homes. A community septic tank treats wastewater. Individual wells and septic	
	tanks are also used by a number of residences. A Master Plan is underway to examine	•
	connection of all homes to a new system. Permafrost and high water tables are	
15: 11	problematic in this region.	,
Miscellaneous	Refuse collection services are available from Copper Basin Sanitation Compnay, which	
	hauls waste to the Glennallen Regional Landfill. ADEC Landfill Classification is Classification is Classification.	
	II and the permit number is SW2A009-15. The landfill permit expiration date is Marc	n
	1, 2015.	

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT		
(Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)		
Potential Command Posts None identified		
Potential Staging Areas	None identified	
Local Spill Response	None identified	
Equipment		

KENNY LAKE COMMUNITY PROFILE

Location	and	Climate	Ker

Kenny Lake lies off of the Richardson Highway, between mile 1 and 17 on the Edgerton Highway, and between mile 1 and 8 of the Old Edgerton Highway. It is along the preferred route into the Wrangell-St. Elias National Park. It lies at approximately 61.68361° N Latitude and -144.85234° W Longitude. (Sec. 31, T001S, R003E, Copper River Meridian.) Kenny Lake is located in the Chitina Recording District. Kenny Lake lies in the continental climate zone, with long, cold winters, and relatively warm summers. Temperature extremes range from -58 to 91° F. Snowfall averages 52 inches, with total precipitation of 12 inches per year.

History, Culture, & Demographics

The Ahtna people have occupied the region historically. The area was settled in the 1960s by a number of homesteaders due to the rich fertile soil and agricultural potential. However, a number of homesteaders cleared 20 acres of land, built a cabin and lived there for 6 months of every year for five years as required to obtain ownership, then subdivided and sold the property. There are still four original homesteaders farming their land. Until the 1970s the Old Edgerton Highway was the only road into Kenny Lake. Kenny Lake is an agricultural community. The Kenny Lake Community League organizes activities, is an advocate for local concerns, and administers state grants.

The 2010 U.S. Census data showed 8.17% of the population are Alaska Native or part Native. The 2010 U.S. Census data also shows there were 258 total housing units, and 113 were vacant, of which 70 of these units are used only seasonally. The median household income was \$63,438, per capita income was \$28,665 and 13.19% of residents were living below the poverty level.

Economy

Agricultural crops such as hay and vegetables are grown locally, and cattle are raised as well. A school, sawmill and lumber business, a fur farm, a feed and seed supplier, a glass company and a construction company are located in Kenny Lake. Horse backpacking trips are available for visitors.

Subsistence Population None identified 355 (2010 U.S. Census)

Borough Located In Incorporation Type

Unorganized Unincorporated

Native Entities

Copper River Native Association (Native Non-Profit: Regional)

EMERGENCY SERVICES	
Police	None
VPSO	Handled through the Copper River Native Association (822-4454)
State Troopers	Serviced through the Glennallen Post (822-3263)
Fire	Kenny Lake Volunteer Fire Department (822-5202)
Medical	Kenny Lake does not have a health clinic. Health care is provided by Copper River EMS
	Council (822-3671) and Copper Center Clinic.

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION	ORGANIZATION ADDRESS PHONE WEBSITE/EMAIL		
Copper River Native	Mile 104 Old Richardson	822-5241	www.crnative.org
Association	Hwy	822-8803 (fax)	
	P.O. Box H		
	Copper Center, AK 99573		
Copper Valley	P.O. Box 9	822-5001	www.coppervalley.org
Development Association	Glennallen, AK 99588	822-5009 (fax)	
The Kenny Lake	P.O. Box 231	822-3313/5315	Community Non-profit
Community League	Copper Center, AK 99573		

	TRANSPORTATION
Accessibility	From the Edgerton Highway, Kenny Lake has access to the entire state road system.
Airport Facilities	No airport facilities. Landing strips are available nearby for general aviation.
Airline Services	None
Freight	None identified
Vessel Support:	None identified

	FACILITIES & UTILITIES	
Telephone	Copper Valley Telecom provides both local and long-distance services (822-3551	S
	/ www.cvinternet.net	<u> </u>
Wireless and Internet	Copper Valley Telecom: 822-3551 / www.cvinternet.net	A_T
TV Stations	Satellite	Ľ.
Radio Stations	KCAM-AM; KCHU-AM	S
Cable Provider	None identified	\mathbf{z}
Teleconferencing	Glennallen Legislative Information Office; Prince William Sound Community	COMMUNICATIONS
	College located at Mile 188 Glenn Highway (822-3673)	ರ
Electricity	Provided by Copper Valley Electric Association.	
Fuel	Gasoline, diesel, and propane.	
Fuel Storage	None identified	
Housing	Kenny Lake Mercantile, Diner & Hotel; Copper Moose B&B Wellwood Center Bed	and
	Breakfast; Golden Spruce Cabins; Kenny lake Chalet	
Water & Sewage	Most residents and businesses haul water from one of two community wells, located a	at
	Mile 5 of the Edgerton Highway, or have water delivered by truck from Glennallen.	
	There are a few successful private wells. The schools use their own well water system	ns.
	The majority of the occupied households use individual septic tank systems and are fu	ılly
	plumbed.	
Miscellaneous	Refuse collection services are available from Copper Basin Sanitation Compnay, which	
	hauls waste to the Glennallen Regional Landfill. ADEC Landfill Classification is Cla	ass
	II and the permit number is SW2A009-15. The landfill permit expiration date is Marc	ch
	1, 2015.	

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT		
(Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)		
Potential Command Posts	Kenny Lake Community Hall; Kenny Lake School	
Potential Staging Areas	None identified	
Local Spill Response	None identified	
Equipment		

McCARTHY COMMUNITY PROFILE

Location and Climate

McCarthy lies 61 miles east of Chitina off the Edgerton Highway. It is on the Kennicott River at the mouth of McCarthy Creek, 12 miles northeast of the junction of the Nizina and Chitina Rivers, in the heart of the Wrangell-St. Elias National Park and Preserve. It lies at approximately 61.43333° North Latitude and -142.92167° West Longitude. (Sec. 16, T005S, R014E, Copper River Meridian.) McCarthy is located in the Chitina Recording District. It is located in the continental climate zone. Temperature extremes range from -58 to 91. Snowfall averages 52 inches, with total precipitation of 12 inches per year.

History, Culture, & Demographics

The Kennecott copper mines and camp were established about 1908 across from the Kennicott Glacier, 4.5 miles up the mountain from McCarthy. An early misspelling named the mine and mining company Kennecott, while the town, river and glacier are spelled Kennicott. In 1911, the Copper River & Northwestern Railway carried its first car load of ore from Kennecott to Cordova. Since no gambling or drinking were allowed at the town of Kennicott, nearby McCarthy developed as a colorful diversion for the miners. It provided a newspaper, stores, hotels, restaurants, saloons, a red light district, housing over 800 residents. Kennicott became a company town with homes, a school, hospital, gym, tennis court and silent movie theater. Over its 30-year operation, \$200 million in ore was extracted from Kennecott, the richest concentration of copper ore known in the world. In 1938, the mines closed and both towns were abandoned.

Zero percent of the population are Alaska Native or part Native. The old mine buildings, artifacts, and colorful history attract visitors during the summer months. The area ranks as one of the nation's most endangered landmarks by the National Trust for Historic Preservation. Emergency stabilization of the old buildings has been required, and future work will be necessary. During the 2010 U.S. Census, there were 74 total housing units, and 54 were vacant. 53 of these vacant housing units are used only seasonally. The median household income was \$145,069, per capita income was \$37,592, and 0% of residents were living below the poverty level.

Economy

Employment is limited and seasonal. Local businesses include lodges, a museum, a small store, gift shop, and guide services.

Subsistence Population Borough Located In

Unknown 28 (2010 Census) Unorganized Unincorporated

Not applicable

Borough Located In Incorporation Type Native Entities

EMERGENCY SERVICES

Medical

No clinic in McCarthy. Alternate health care provided by Chitina Health Clinic or Copper Center Clinic.

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL
McCarthy Area Council	P.O. Box MXY	554-4511	
	Glennallen, AK 99588		
Alaska Regional	P.O. Box 9	822-5001	www.coppervalley.org
Development Organization	Glennallen, AK 99588	822-5009 (fax)	
Wrangell-St.Elias News	McCarthy #42 P.O. Box	554-4454	www.wsen.net/wsen
	MXY	554-4494 (fax)	
	Glennallen, AK 99588		

TRANSPORTATION Accessibility McCarthy is accessible from the Richardson via Edgerton Highways. The 58-mile McCarthy Road starts in Chitina and continues into the Wrangell-St. Elias Park. A footbridge is used to cross the Kennicott River. There are two gravel airstrips in the vicinity. A private airstrip airstrip is 2,000' long by 35' wide; the state-owned gravel airstrip is 3,500' long by 60' wide. DOT performs irregular winter maintenance of the McCarthy airport. Airline Services Wrangell Mountain Air

None identified No information			
Telephone Telephone In-State Phone: Copper Valley Telephone Cooperative Long-Distance phone: AT&T None TV Stations Radio Stations Cable Provider Teleconferencing Electricity Fuel Fuel Storage Housing Water & Sewage Find Station McCarthy Lodge (333-5402); McCarthy Road Farm & Rides; Fireweed Mountain Lodge; Kennicott Glacier Lodge (258-2350) Water & Sewage Water is drawn by hand from a clear water spring. Outhouses are prevalent, although a few septic systems are in use.	Freight	None identified	
Telephone In-State Phone: Copper Valley Telephone Cooperative Long-Distance phone: AT&T Wireless and Internet TV Stations Radio Stations Cable Provider Teleconferencing Electricity Fuel Fuel Storage Housing Water & Sewage In-State Phone: Copper Valley Telephone Cooperative Long-Distance Phone: AT&T None None None None Provided by individual generators Gasoline, diesel, and propane None identified McCarthy Lodge (333-5402); McCarthy Road Farm & Rides; Fireweed Mountain Lodge; Kennicott Glacier Lodge (258-2350) Water & Sewage Water is drawn by hand from a clear water spring. Outhouses are prevalent, although a few septic systems are in use.	Vessel Support:	No information	
Telephone In-State Phone: Copper Valley Telephone Cooperative Long-Distance phone: AT&T None None Radio Stations Cable Provider Teleconferencing Electricity Fuel Fuel Storage Housing Water & Sewage Water is drawn by hand from a clear water spring. Outhouses are prevalent, although a few septic systems are in use.			
Wireless and Internet None None Radio Stations Radio Stations Cable Provider Teleconferencing Electricity Fuel Fuel Storage Housing Water & Sewage Long-Distance phone: AT&T None None KXKM-FM None None Provided by individual generators Gasoline, diesel, and propane None identified McCarthy Lodge (333-5402); McCarthy Road Farm & Rides; Fireweed Mountain Lodge; Kennicott Glacier Lodge (258-2350) Water is drawn by hand from a clear water spring. Outhouses are prevalent, although a few septic systems are in use.		FACILITIES & UTILITIES	
Fuel Storage Fuel Storage Housing Water & Sewage Fluel Storage Water & sewage Fruel Storage Housing Fruel Storage Water & sewage Fruel Storage Housing McCarthy Lodge (333-5402); McCarthy Road Farm & Rides; Fireweed Mountain Lodge; Kennicott Glacier Lodge (258-2350) Water is drawn by hand from a clear water spring. Outhouses are prevalent, although a few septic systems are in use.	Telephone	In-State Phone: Copper Valley Telephone Cooperative	9
Fuel Storage Fuel Storage Housing Water & Sewage Fluel Storage Water & sewage Fruel Storage Housing Fruel Storage Water & sewage Fruel Storage Housing McCarthy Lodge (333-5402); McCarthy Road Farm & Rides; Fireweed Mountain Lodge; Kennicott Glacier Lodge (258-2350) Water is drawn by hand from a clear water spring. Outhouses are prevalent, although a few septic systems are in use.		Long-Distance phone: AT&T	Ę
Fuel Storage Fuel Storage Housing Water & Sewage Fluel Storage Water & sewage Fruel Storage Housing Fruel Storage Water & sewage Fruel Storage Housing McCarthy Lodge (333-5402); McCarthy Road Farm & Rides; Fireweed Mountain Lodge; Kennicott Glacier Lodge (258-2350) Water is drawn by hand from a clear water spring. Outhouses are prevalent, although a few septic systems are in use.	Wireless and Internet	None	Σ
Fuel Storage Fuel Storage Housing Water & Sewage Fluel Storage Water & Sewage Fruel Storage Housing Fruel Storage Water & Sewage Fruel Storage Housing McCarthy Lodge (333-5402); McCarthy Road Farm & Rides; Fireweed Mountain Lodge; Kennicott Glacier Lodge (258-2350) Water is drawn by hand from a clear water spring. Outhouses are prevalent, although a few septic systems are in use.	TV Stations	None	ZZ
Fuel Storage Fuel Storage Housing Water & Sewage Fluel Storage Water & Sewage Fruel Storage Housing Fruel Storage Water & Sewage Fruel Storage Housing McCarthy Lodge (333-5402); McCarthy Road Farm & Rides; Fireweed Mountain Lodge; Kennicott Glacier Lodge (258-2350) Water is drawn by hand from a clear water spring. Outhouses are prevalent, although a few septic systems are in use.	Radio Stations	KXKM-FM	Z
Fuel Storage Fuel Storage Housing Water & Sewage Fluel Storage Water & Sewage Fruel Storage Housing Fruel Storage Water & Sewage Fruel Storage Housing McCarthy Lodge (333-5402); McCarthy Road Farm & Rides; Fireweed Mountain Lodge; Kennicott Glacier Lodge (258-2350) Water is drawn by hand from a clear water spring. Outhouses are prevalent, although a few septic systems are in use.	Cable Provider	None	Σ
Fuel Storage Housing Water & Sewage Gasoline, diesel, and propane None identified McCarthy Lodge (333-5402); McCarthy Road Farm & Rides; Fireweed Mountain Lodge; Kennicott Glacier Lodge (258-2350) Water is drawn by hand from a clear water spring. Outhouses are prevalent, although a few septic systems are in use.	Teleconferencing	None	ŏ
Fuel Storage Housing None identified McCarthy Lodge (333-5402); McCarthy Road Farm & Rides; Fireweed Mountain Lodge; Kennicott Glacier Lodge (258-2350) Water & Sewage Water & sewage Water & sewage Water & sewage None identified McCarthy Road Farm & Rides; Fireweed Mountain Lodge; Kennicott Glacier Lodge (258-2350) Water is drawn by hand from a clear water spring. Outhouses are prevalent, although a few septic systems are in use.	Electricity	Provided by individual generators	
Housing McCarthy Lodge (333-5402); McCarthy Road Farm & Rides; Fireweed Mountain Lodge; Kennicott Glacier Lodge (258-2350) Water & Sewage Wat	Fuel	Gasoline, diesel, and propane	
Water & Sewage Lodge; Kennicott Glacier Lodge (258-2350) Water is drawn by hand from a clear water spring. Outhouses are prevalent, although a few septic systems are in use.	Fuel Storage	None identified	
Water & Sewage Water is drawn by hand from a clear water spring. Outhouses are prevalent, although a few septic systems are in use.	Housing	McCarthy Lodge (333-5402); McCarthy Road Farm & Rides; Fireweed Mountain	
few septic systems are in use.		Lodge; Kennicott Glacier Lodge (258-2350)	
1 2	Water & Sewage	Water is drawn by hand from a clear water spring. Outhouses are prevalent, although	ı a
Miscellaneous		few septic systems are in use.	
	Miscellaneous		

TRANSPORTATION

	SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT			
(Contact local	officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)			
Potential Command Posts	None identified			
Potential Staging Areas	None identified			
Local Spill Response	None identified			
Equipment				

MENTASTA LAKE COMMUNITY PROFILE

	1	Location	and	Cl	limate
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Mentasta Lake is located 6 miles off the Tok-Slana Cutoff of the Glenn Highway on the west side of Mentasta Pass, 38 miles southwest of Tok Junction. The community lies at approximately 62.931550° North Latitude and -143.792730° West Longitude. (Sec. 07, T013N, R009E, Copper River Meridian.) Mentasta Lake is located in the Chitina Recording District. Mentasta Lake is located in the continental climate zone, with long, cold winters and relatively warm summers. Temperature extremes range from -57° to 93°F. Average annual snowfall is 69 inches, with a total of 16 inches of precipitation per year.

History, Culture, & Demographics

The area is reported to have been the best-known route of Native immigration across the Alaska Range. Early village settlements have been located at various sites around the lake. The families that presently reside in Mentasta Lake comes from Nabesna, Suslota, Slana, and other villages within the area. The U.S. Army Signal Corps established a telegraph station at Mentasta Pass in 1902. A post office was established at the village in 1947 but was discontinued in 1951. The community if primarily Athabascan, and subsistence activities are important.

A federally- ecognized tribe is located in the community – the Mentasta Traditional Council. The 2010 U.S. Census data showed 75.89% of the population are Alaska Native or part Native. The 2010 U.S. Census data also shows there were 90 total housing units, and 44 were vacant, of which 26 of these units are used only seasonally. The median household income was \$23,333, per capita income was \$10,349 and 48.10% of residents were living below the poverty level.

Economy

VPSO

Fire

Medical

State Troopers

Subsistence hunting, fishing, trapping, and gathering make up much of Mentasta Lake's economy. Cash employment is limited and seasonal.

Subsistence Population Borough Located In Incorporation Type Native Entities None identified 112 (2010 U.S. Census) Unorganized Unincorporated

Regional: Ahtna, Incorporated

Squad (883-5111/291-2312).

Village: Mentasta Traditional Council (Federally-recognized Tribe)

EMERGENCY SERVICES Handled through the Copper River Native Association (822-4454) Serviced through the Glennallen Post (822-3263) Mentasta Lake Volunteer Fire Department (291-2319) Local hospitals or health clinics include Mentasta Lake Health Clinic (291-2320). Emergency Services include highway air and lake access. Emergency service is provided by volunteers and a health aide. Auxiliary health care is provided by Mentasta Rescue

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL
Ahtna, Incorporated	P.O. Box 649	822-3476	www.ahtna-inc.com
	Glennallen, AK 99588	822-3495 (fax)	
Alaska Power and	P.O. Box 3222	1-800-982-0136	www.aptalaska.com
Telephone Company	Port Townsend, WA 98368	(360) 385-5177 (fax)	
Copper River Basin	P.O. Box 89	822-3633	www.crbrha.org
Regional Housing Authority	Glennallen, AK 99588	822-3662 (fax)	
Copper River Native	Mile 104 Old Richardson	822-5241	www.crnative.org
Association	P.O. Box H	822-8803 (fax)	
	Copper Center, AK 99573		
Copper Valley Development	P.O. Box 9	822-5001	www.coppervalley.org
Association	Glennallen, AK 99588	822-5009	
Mentasta Traditional	P.O. Box 6019	291-2319	mentastatraditionalcouncil@yahoo.com
Council	Mentasta Lake, AK 99780	291-2305 (fax)	
Mt. Sanford Tribal	P.O. Box 357	822-5399	www.mstc.org
Consortium	Gakona, AK 99586	822-5810 (fax)	

TRANSPORTATION

Accessibility	Mentasta Lake is connected to the Tok Cutoff to the Glenn Highway by a six-mile spur road.
Airport Facilities	There is a small airstrip at Mentasta Lodge.
Airline Services	None identified
Freight	None identified
Vessel Support:	None

	FACILITIES & UTILITIES	
Telephone	Copper Valley Telecom provides both local and long-distance services (822-3551	0
	/ www.cvinternet.net)	Ξ
Wireless and Internet	Copper Valley Telecom: 822-3551 / www.cvinternet.net	. გ
TV Stations	Satellite	COMMUNICATIO
Radio Stations	KCAM-AM; KCHU-AM	5
Cable Provider	None identified	₹
Teleconferencing	Glennallen Legislative Information Office; Prince William Sound Community	Ó
	College located at Mile 188 Glenn Highway (822-3673)	Ŭ
Electricity	Alaska Power and Telephone Company (1-800-982-0136 / www.aptalaska.com)	
Fuel	Gasoline, diesel	
Fuel Storage	Unknown	
Housing	Mentasta Lodge	
Water & Sewage	Almost half of homes have individual wells and septic tanks and are fully plumbed.	
_	Treated well water is available from the washeteria, and privies are used by most	
	residents.	
Miscellaneous	None identified	

	SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT
(Contact local	al officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)
Potential Command Posts	Mentasta Lake School
Potential Staging Areas	None identified
Local Spill Response	None identified
Equipment	

NORTHWAY COMMUNITY PROFILE

Location and Climate

Northway is located on the east bank of Nabesna Slough, 50 miles southeast of Tok. It lies off the Alaska Highway on a 9-mile spur road, adjacent to the Northway airport. It is 42 miles from the Canadian border in the Tetlin National Wildlife Refuge. Northway presently consists of three dispersed settlements: Northway Junction, at milepost 1264, Northway, at the airport, and the Native village, 2 miles north. It lies at approximately 62.96167° North Latitude and -141.9372° West Longitude. (Sec. 26, T014N, R018E, Copper River Meridian.) Northway is located in the Fairbanks Recording District. Northway lies in the Continental climate zone, with long, cold winters and relatively warm summers. Temperatures range from -27 to 70. The average low temperature in January is -27; the average high during July is 69. Extreme temperatures have been recorded from -72 to 91. Average precipitation is 10 inches per year; snowfall is 30 inches annually.

History, Culture, & Demographics

The area around Northway was first utilized by semi-nomadic Athabascans who pursued seasonal subsistence activities in the vicinity of Scottie and Gardiner Creeks and Chisana, Nabesna, and Tanana Rivers. The Native settlement of Northway Village is located 2 miles south of Northway. The Native village was named in 1942 after Chief Walter Northway, who adopted his name from a Tanana and Nabesna riverboat captain. The development and settlement of Northway was due to construction of the airport during World War II. The Northway airport was a link in the Northwest Staging Route, a cooperative project between the U.S. and Canada. A chain of air bases through Canada to Fairbanks were used to supply an Alaska defense during World War II, and during the construction of the Alcan Highway. A post office was first established in 1941.

77.92% of the population is Alaska Native or part Native. The area was traditionally Athabascan, though road construction and the airport have brought a permanent non-Native population. During the 2010 U.S. Census, there were 38 total housing units, and 11 were vacant. 4 of these vacant housing units are used only seasonally. The median household income was \$85,750, per capita income was \$30,402, and 9.32% of residents were living below the poverty level.

Economy

Most wage employment is with local government or services for the airport. A grocery store provides some employment. Firefighting, construction, maintenance, social work, and trapping also income. Subsistence is important to the Native population.

Population Borough Located In Incorporation Type Native Entities 71 (2010 Census) Unorganized Unincorporated

Federally Recognized Tribe: Northway Village

State Troopers State Trooper Post (778-2245) Fire Medical Northway Clinic (778-2283) EMERGENCY SERVICES State Trooper Post (778-2245) Northway Village Fire Department (778-2211) Northway Clinic (778-2283)

ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL
Doyon, Limited	1 Doyon Place, Suite 300	459-2000	www.doyon.com / info@doyon.com
	Fairbanks, AK 99701		
Interior Regional	828 27 th Ave	452-8315	www.irha.org
Housing Authority	AK, Fairbanks 99701		
Northway Village	PO BOX 516	778-2311	Alaskabee40@yahoo.com
	Northway, AK 99764		
Tanana Chiefs	122 First Ave, Suite 600	452-8251	www.tananachiefs.org
Conference	Fairbanks, AK 99701		
Tanana Chiefs	201 First Avenue, Suite 300	452-8251	www.tananachiefs.org/health-
Conference, Dept. of	Fairbanks, AK 99701		services/
Health Services			

TRANSPORTATION		
Accessibility	Connected to the Alaska Highway by an unpaved road. Scheduled buses are available.	
Airport Facilities	A state owned 5,100' long by 100' wide asphalt-gravel runway. Charter services	
	available to Tok.	
Airline Services	Information not available.	
Freight	Trucking services deliver freight to the community.	
Vessel Support:	Not applicable	

FACILITIES & UTILITIES			
Telephone	ACS (Local & long distance; no cell phone service)		
Wireless and Internet	Alaska Power and Telephone Company: 800-982-0136 / www.aptalaska.com	COMMUNICATIO NS	
Service Provider		Γ	
TV Stations	ARCS		
Radio Stations	KCAM-AM	\mathbf{E}	
Cable Provider	None	Σ	
Teleconferencing	Alaska Teleconferencing Network; Tok Legislative Information Office	ರ	
Electricity	Alaska Power and Telephone Company: 800-982-0136 / www.aptalaska.com / dies	sel	
	generator		
	Power plant operator (907-778-2241)		
Fuel	Gasoline and diesel.		
Fuel Storage	Tank Owner: Alaska DOT / Tank Capacity: 99,000 gallons		
	Tank Owner: Northway Power Plant / Tank Capacity: 13,500 gallons		
Housing	No lodging.		
Water and Sewage	Alaska Gateway School District & Northway Traditional Council: Haul water and	1	
	pump sewer to all homes and facilities.		
Miscellaneous	An ADEC permitted, Class 3 landfill is operated by Northway Village Council. Groce		
	store run by Naabia Niigen, LTD. Washeteria run by Northway Council (907-778-224	1 1).	

	SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT			
(Con	tact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)			
Potential Command	Northway Community Center: No current internet, but could be installed upon request;			
Posts	100 person capacity (907-590-0299); Walter Northway School (Alaska Gateway School			
	District; 907-883-5151)			
Potential Staging	None identified.			
Areas				
Local Spill Response	None identified. The community has privately owned backhoes, bulldozers, and skiffs			
Equipment	with outboard motors.			

PAXSON COMMUNITY PROFILE

Location and Climate

Paxson lies on Paxson Lake, at mile 185 of the Richardson Highway, at its intersection with the Denali Highway. It is south of Delta Junction and 62 miles north of Gulkana. It lies at approximately 63.03333° North Latitude and -145.49167° West Longitude. (Sec. 05, T022S, R012E, Fairbanks Meridian.) Paxson is located in the Chitina Recording District. Interior Alaska experiences seasonal temperature extremes. January temperatures average from -22 to -2; July temperatures average 50 to 72. Annual precipitation is 11.3 inches.

History, Culture, & Demographics

More than 400 archeological sites indicate that this area has been inhabited for at least 10,000 years. In 1906 Alvin Paxson established the Timberline Roadhouse at mile 192, which consisted of a small cabin for a kitchen and two tents for bunkhouses. His cook, Charles Meier, later started Meier's Roadhouse at mile 174. Paxson then built a two-story roadhouse at mile 191. He later added a barn with a drying room, pump and sleeping quarters, two rooms and a bath. A post office, store, wood house and small ice room followed. The Denali Highway was built in the 1950s from Paxson to Cantwell and the Denali National Park. The 160-mile gravel road was the only access into the park prior to construction of the George Parks Highway. The Denali Highway also provides access to the Tangle Lakes Recreation Area, Summit Lake, and the largest active gold mine in Alaska.

Zero percent of the population are Alaska Native or part Native. The primary residents of Paxson are State highway maintenance personnel and their families. There is no local school. It is a non-Native community. During the 2010 U.S. Census, there were 179 total housing units, and 157 were vacant. 156 of these vacant housing units are used only seasonally. The per capita income was \$38,100 and none of residents were living below the poverty level.

Economy

There are five lodges with restaurants and bars in the area, several gift shops, a post office, gas station, grocery store and bunk house. This area has been a testing site for snowmachine companies for the past several years. Most income is generated during the summer months. One resident holds a commercial fishing permit. Hunting and other subsistence activities contribute to their livelihoods.

Subsistence Population Borough Located In Incorporation Type Native Entities Unknown 40 (2010 Census) Unorganized Unincorporated

Not applicable

EMERGENCY SERVICES

Medical

No clinic within Paxson. Alternate health care provided by Copper River EMS (822-3671); Delta Junction Health Clinic or Gulkana Clinic.

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES				
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL	
Copper Valley	P.O. Box 9	822-5001	www.coppervalley.org	
Development Association	Glennallen, AK 99588	822-5009 (fax)		
Paxson Community Affairs	HC2 Box 7275	822-3603		
2 00	Gakona, AK 99586			

TRANSPORTATION			
Accessibility	The Richardson Highway provides access to Anchorage or Fairbanks. The Denali		
	Highway provides summer access to Cantwell and the Denali Park.		
Airport Facilities	Paxson Lodge owns and maintains a 2,800' gravel airstrip, and float planes can land at		
	Summit Lake.		
Airline Services	None		
Freight	No information		
Vessel Support:	No information		

	FACILITIES & UTILITIES	
Telephone	In-State Phone: Copper Valley Telephone Cooperative	2
	Long-Distance Phone: AT&T	COMMUNICATIO
Wireless and Internet	None	\sim
TV Stations	ARCS	
Radio Stations	KIAK-FM	E
Cable Provider	None	\mathbf{Z}
Teleconferencing	Glennallen Legislative Information Office	ರ
Electricity	Private generators are used for electricity.	
Fuel	Gasoline, diesel, and propane.	
Fuel Storage	None identified	
Housing	Paxson Inn & Lodge; Maclaren River Lodge; Tangle River Inn; The Waters Edge	
Water & Sewage	Individual wells and septic tanks are used by residents, and public water sources are	
	available for hauling. Over half of all homes are completely plumbed.	
Miscellaneous	Garbage collection is provided monthly by Copper Basin Sanitation, then hauled to the	he
	Glennallen landfill. A large number of homes in this area are only used seasonally.	
	Funds have recently been provided to develop residential telephone service.	

	SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT		
(Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)			
Potential Command Posts	None identified		
Potential Staging Areas	None identified		
Local Spill Response	None identified		
Equipment			

TANACROSS COMMUNITY PROFILE

Location and Climate

Tanacross is located on the south bank of the Tanana River, 12 miles northwest of Tok, off of the Alaska Highway. It lies at approximately 63.38528° North Latitude and - 143.34639° West Longitude. (Sec. 32, T019N, R011E, Copper River Meridian.) Tanacross is located in the Fairbanks Recording District. Tanacross lies within the continental climatic zone, with cold winters and warm summers. In the winter, cold air settles in the valley and ice fog and smoke are common. The average low during January is -22; the average high during July is 65. Extreme temperatures have been measured from -75 to 90.

History, Culture, & Demographics

Residents are Tanah, or Tinneh, Athabascan Indians. Most villagers relocated from Mansfield Village, Kechumstuk and Last Tetlin in 1912 when Bishop Rowe established St. Timothy's Episcopal Mission. The village was originally located on the north side of the Tanana River, and was called "Tanana Crossing." It is located where the Eagle Trail crossed the Tanana River. A trading post opened near the mission in 1912, and the St. Timothy's post office opened in 1920. More Natives moved from Mansfield when a formal school opened in 1932, although classes had been held at the mission. The name was eventually shortened to Tanacross. In the mid-1930s, an airfield was built across the river from the village. In 1941, the village gave the military permission to use its airfield as an emergency deployment post during World War II. The airfield was paved in 1942, and temporary camps were established. Thousands of troops were deployed through Tanacross airfield during the War. People of the village served as volunteer scouts and backup support for the army. After the war, the airfield was closed. In 1972, the village relocated from the north bank of the Tanana River to the south bank, due to water contamination. In 1979, the old village site burned when a grass fire spread out of control.

A federally recognized tribe is located in the community, the Native Village of Tanacross. 80.15% of the population are Alaska Native or part Native. Tanacross is a traditional Athabascan village with a subsistence lifestyle. The possession of alcohol is banned in the community. During the 2010 U.S. Census, there were 73 total housing units, and 20 were vacant. The median household income was \$36,875, per capita income was \$13,039 and 9.27% of residents were living below the poverty level. Many residents are able to work during the summer as emergency fire fighters for the

Economy

Many residents are able to work during the summer as emergency fire fighters for the BLM. Some people engage in trapping or in making Native handicrafts to sell. Nearly every family depends on subsistence activities for food. Whitefish, moose, porcupine, rabbit, ptarmigan, ducks and geese are utilized. Caribou may be hunted by lottery permit. Some travel to Copper River for salmon each summer. Employment at the washeteria and clinic is provided by the tribe. They have formed two profit making corporations, Orh Htaad Global Services and Dihthaad Construction, to employ members of their tribe.

Subsistence Population Borough Located In Incorporation Type Native Entities

Unknown 136 (2010 Census) Unincorporated Unorganized

Regional: Doyon, Ltd.

Nonprofit: Tanana Chiefs Conference

Profit: Tanacross Incorporated (Village Corporation)

Village: Native Village of Tanacross (Federally-recognized Tribe)

EMERGENCY SERVICES

Fire Medical Tanacross Volunteer Fire Department

Tanacross Health Clinic (883-4131). Alternate health care can be obtained in Tok or

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL
Alaska Power and	P.O. Box 3222	1-800-982-0136	www.aptalaska.com
Telephone Company	Port Townsend, WA	360-385-5177	
	98368	(fax)	

ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL
Doyon, Limited	1 Doyon, Limited	459-2000	www.doyon.com / info@doyon.com
	Fairbanks, AK 99701-	459-2060 (fax)	
	2941		
Interior Regional	828 27 th Ave	452-8315	www.irha.org
Housing Authority	Fairbanks, AK 99701	456-8941 (fax)	•
Native Village of	P.O. Box 76009	883-4008	tanacrossvillagecouncil@yahoo.com
Tanacross	Tanacross, AK 99776	883-5815 (fax)	
Tanacross	P.O. Box 76029	883-4130	www.tanacrossinc.com
Incorporated	Tanacross, AK 99776	883-4129 (fax)	
Tanana Chiefs	122 First Ave, Suite 600	452-8251	www.tananachiefs.org
Conference	Fairbanks, AK 99701	459-3851 (fax)	
	TRANS	PORTATION	
Accessibility	Tanacross is a mile north of	the Alaska Highway.	Regular bus services are available out
	of Tok.		
Airport Facilities	A 5,100-foot paved runway	provides regular fligh	its to Fairbanks. It is owned by the U.S.
	Bureau of Land Managemen	nt.	
Airline Services	Unknown		
Freight	Unknown		

	FACILITIES & UTILITIES	
Telephone	Alaska Telephone Company/AP&T	Ą
Wireless and Internet	School Only - GCI (<u>www.gci.net</u>)) F
TV Stations	None	52
Radio Stations	None	COMMUNICA
Cable Provider	None	
Teleconferencing	Tok Legislative Information Office	5
Electricity	Provided by Alaska Power Company	
Fuel	Gasoline, diesel, and propane	
Fuel Storage	None identified	
Housing	None identified	
Water & Sewage	Piped services have been available in Tanacross since 1976. Water is treated, stored	in a
	25,000-gallon tank, and piped to most homes. Some residents have individual wells. piped sewage and septic system serve approximately half of the community; individu septic tanks are also used. Funds have been requested to replace seven failing individual septic tanks with a piped central septic system.	ıal
Miscellaneous	The landfill is not permitted.	

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT		
(Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)		
Potential Command Posts	There is a community hall and one school (Tanacross School)	
Potential Staging Areas	None identified	
Local Spill Response	None identified	
Equipment		

TATITLEK COMMUNITY PROFILE

Loc	cation	and	Climate

Tatitlek is located on the northeast shore of Tatitlek Narrows, on the Alaska Mainland in Prince William Sound. It lies 30 miles east of Valdez by sea near Bligh Island, and 30 air miles northwest of Cordova. It lies at approximately 60.86472° North Latitude and -146.67861° West Longitude. (Sec. 32, T011S, R008W, Copper River Meridian.) Tatitlek is located in the Valdez Recording District. Winter temperatures range from 17 to 28; summers average 49 to 63. Annual precipitation includes 28 inches of rain and 150 inches of snowfall.

History, Culture, & Demographics

It is an Alutiiq village first reported in the 1880 U.S. Census as "Tatikhlek," with a population of 73. The present spelling was published in 1910 by the U.S. Geological Survey, who wrote that the village originally stood at the head of Gladhaugh Bay, but was moved to its present site in the shadow of Copper Mountain around 1900. A post office was established in 1946. Many residents of Chenega moved to Tatitlek following its destruction by tsunami after the 1964 Good Friday earthquake. The dominant feature in the village is the blue-domed Russian Orthodox Church. Tatitlek is a coastal Alutiiq village with a fishing- and subsistence-based culture. The sale or importation of alcohol is banned in the village.

A federally recognized tribe is located in the community -- the Native Village of Tatitlek. The 2010 U.S. Census data showed 60.23% of the population are Alaska Native or part Native. The 2010 U.S. Census data also shows there were 75 total housing units, and 39 were vacant, of which 29 of these units are used only seasonally. The median household income was \$29,464, per capita income was \$17,381 and 17.02% of residents were living below the poverty level.

Economy

Fish processing and oyster farming provide some employment in Tatitlek. Four residents hold commercial fishing permits. Subsistence activities provide the majority of food items. A coho salmon hatchery at Boulder Bay is nearing completion for subsistence use. A fish and game processing facility is under construction. A small community store has recently opened.

Subsistence

Residents of Tatitlek hunt and fish for the following food sources in and around Prince William Sound. Salmon, halibut, deer, waterfowl, seal, sea lions, herring/spawn, bear, oysters/clams, octopus and berries.

Population Borough Located In Incorporation Type Native Entities

88 (2010 U.S. Census) Unorganized

Unincorporated Regional: Chugach Alaska Corporation

Profit: Tatitlek Corporation
Nonprofit: Chugachmiut

Village: Native Village of Tatitlek (Federally-recognized Tribe)

Police VPSO A41-5541 State Troopers Fire Medical Medical Local hospitals or health clinics include Tatitlek Health Clinic (325-2235). Auxiliary health care is provided by Tatitlek EMS (325-2235/2301/2313).

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL
Chugach Alaska	3800 Centerpoint Drive, Ste.	561-2668	www.chugach-ak.com
Corporation	700	562-5258 (fax)	
Chugachmiut	1840 Bragaw Street, Ste. 110	562-4155	www.chugachmiut.org
	Anchorage, AK 99508	563-2891 (fax)	
Native Village of	P.O. Box 171	325-2311	
Tatitlek	Tatitlek, AK 99677	325-2298 (fax)	
North Pacific Rim	8300 King Street	562-1444	www.nprha-ak.org/index.htm
Housing Authority	Anchorage, AK 99518	562-1445 (fax)	

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL
PWS Economic	2207 Spenard Road, Suite	222-2440	www.pwsedd.org
Development District	207	222-2411 (fax)	
	Anchorage, AK 99503		
Tatitlek Electric Utility	P.O. Box 171	325-2311	
	Tatitlek, AK 99677	325-2298 (fax)	
The Tatitlek	561 E 36 th Ave	278-4000	www.tatitlek.com
Corporation	Anchorage, AK 99503	278-4050 (fax)	

	TRANSPORTATION
Accessibility	Tatitlek is accessible by plane (float or wheel) or boat. The Alaska State Ferry stops in
	the village on request (<u>www.alaskaferry.com</u>).
Airport Facilities	Tatitlek has a state-owned 3,701-feet long by 75-feet wide lighted gravel airstrip and a
	seaplane landing area; air charters are available from Valdez and Cordova. Boats are the
	primary means of local transportation. In 1996, the Alaska Marine Highway began
	"whistle stop" service.
Airline Services	There is no regularly scheduled flights in or out of the Village of Tatitlek. Commercial
	flights are available from Anchorage-Valdez-Anchorage on ERA Aviation (248-4422 /
	www.era-aviation.com) and then charter to Tatitlek.
	From Anchorage: Alaska Air Transit (276-5422)
	From Cordova: Cordova Air (424-3289)
Freight	None identified
Vessel Support	Dock

	FACILITIES & UTILITIES	
Telephone	Copper Valley Telephone Cooperative (835-2231)	E
Wireless and Internet	GCI (1-800-800-4800)	COMMUNICA
TV Stations	ARCS	TUNI
Radio Stations	KCHU-AM; KVAK-AM	Ę č
Cable Provider	GCI	Ξ
Teleconferencing	Alaska Teleconferencing Network; Valdez Legislative Information Office	22
Electricity	Provided by Tatitlek Electric Utility.	
Fuel	Gasoline, diesel, and propane.	
Fuel Storage	School (20,000 gals.); Village Council (2 @ 12,000); ADOT (3,000)	
Housing	Village Council apartment	
Water & Sewage		
Miscellaneous	An oil and hazardous waste recycling center was completed in 1998.	

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT		
(Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)		
Potential Command Posts	Youth Teen Center, Tatitlek Community Center	
Potential Staging Areas	None identified	
Local Spill Response	USCG spill response conex.	
Equipment		
	Emergency response equipment owned by SERVS is located near the deep-water dock in the village (con-x's containing boom, skimmers etc.) The fishing vessel administrator in the community is responsible for deployment of this equipment in a crisis. The fishing vessel administrator lives in the community year around.	

TAZLINA COMMUNITY PROFILE

Location and Climate	- '
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Tazlina is located 5 miles south of Glennallen on the Richardson Highway, at mile 110.5. It is comprised of several small residential subdivisions and a business district. Copperville, Aspen Valley, Tazlina Terrace and Copper Valley School Road are all part of this area. It lies at approximately 62.05079° North Latitude and -145.43588° West Longitude. (Sec. 21, T003N, R001W, Copper River Meridian.) Tazlina is located in the Chitina Recording District. Tazlina is located in the continental climate zone, with long, cold winters, and relatively warm summers. Temperature extremes range from -74 to 96. Snowfall averages 39 inches, with total annual precipitation of 9 inches.

History, Culture, & Demographics

The village reportedly was a fishing camp of the Ahtna Indian tribes who historically moved up and down the Copper River and its tributaries. Tazlina is Athabascan for "swift water." By 1900 a permanent village had been established on the north and south banks off the Tazlina River near its confluence with the Copper River. During the pipeline era, Tazlina developed around the old Copper Valley School, built to board students from all over the state. It closed in 1971, when local high schools were constructed in the remote areas of the state and boarding schools were discontinued.

A federally recognized tribe is located in the community -- the Native Village of Tazlina. The 2010 U.S. Census data showed 33.67% of the population are Alaska Native or part Native. The 2010 U.S. Census data also shows there were 165 total housing units, and 54 were vacant, of which 25 of these units are used only seasonally. The median household income was \$63,667, per capita income was \$33,618 and 11.71% of residents were living below the poverty level.

Economy

Construction, retail, and office work activities are the focus of the economy. One resident holds commercial fishing permit. The school, health clinic, and tribal council provide some employment.

Subsistence **Population** Borough Located In

Some residents depend on subsistence hunting and fishing.

297 (2010 U.S. Census) Unorganized

Incorporation Type Native Entities

Unincorporated Regional: Ahtna, Incorporated

Nonprofit: Copper River Native Association

Village: Native Village of Tazlina (Federally-recognized Tribe)

	EMERGENCY SERVICES
VPSO	Copper River VPSO Headquarter (822-5242 or 822-8878) <u>ifpepper@crnative.org</u>
Fire	Copper River VPSO Headquarter (822-5242 or 822-8878) jfpepper@crnative.org
Medical	Tazlina Health Clinic (822-4385)

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL
Ahtna, Inc.	PO Box 649	822-3476	www.ahtna.com
	Glennallen, AK 99588	822-3495 (fax)	
Copper River Native	Mile 104 Richardson	822-5241	www.crnative.org
Association	Hwy	822-8803 (fax)	
	P.O. Box H		
	Copper Center, AK		
	99573		
Native Village of Tazlina	P.O. Box 87	822-4375	tazlina@cvinternet.net
	Glennallen, AK 99588	822-5865 (fax)	
Copper Valley	PO Box 9	822-5001	www.coppervalley.org
Development Association	Glennallen, AK 99588	822-5009 (fax)	
Copper River Basin	PO Box 89	822-3633	www.crbrha.org
Regional Housing	Glennallen, AK 99588	822-3662 (fax)	
Authority			
The Association of Tazlina	PO Box 532	259-4112	
Residents	Glennallen, AK 99588		

	TRANSPORTATION		
Accessibility	Located on the Richardson Highway.		
Airport Facilities	A 1,200-foot long by 40-foot wide gravel runway and float plane landing area are available.		
Airline Services	Information not available.		
Freight	Information not available.		
Vessel Support:	Not applicable		

	FACILITIES & UTILITIES	
Telephone	AT&T (Long Distance): 1-800-288-2020 / <u>www.att.com</u>	9
Wireless and Internet	Copper Valley Telecom: 1-800-478-6612 / 822-3551 www.cvinternet.net	COMMUNICATIO NS
TV Stations	Satellite	\sim
Radio Stations	KXGA Public Radio: 835-4665 (office) / 835-4671 (news) / <u>news@kchu.org</u> /	
	www.kchu.org	\geq
Cable Provider		Z
Teleconferencing	Alaska Teleconferencing Network; Valdez Legislative Information Office	ರ
Electricity	Copper River Valley Electric Association, Inc: 822-3211 / www.cvea.org	
Fuel	Gasoline, diesel, and propane	
Fuel Storage	None Identified	
Housing		
Water & Sewage	The majority of residents have individual wells and septic systems. Others haul water	ror
	have it delivered from Glennallen.	
Miscellaneous	Refuse is collected by Copper Basin Sanitation Service Co.	

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT		
(Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)		
Potential Command Posts	Contact Native Village of Tazlina for available facilities at 822-4375.	
Potential Staging Areas	None identified	
Local Spill Response	None identified	
Equipment		

TETLIN COMMUNITY PROFILE

Location and Climate

Tetlin is located along the Tetlin River, between Tetlin Lake and the Tanana River, 20 miles southeast of Tok. It lies in the Tetlin National Wildlife Refuge. The village is not connected by road to the Alaska Highway. It lies at approximately 63.13722° North Latitude and -142.51611° West Longitude. (Sec. 29, T018N, R015E, Copper River Meridian.) Tetlin is located in the Fairbanks Recording District. Tetlin lies within the continental climatic zone, with cold winters and warm summers. In the winter, cold air settles in the valley and ice fog and smoke are common. The average low during January is -32° F; the average high during July is 72° F. Extreme temperatures have been measured from -71° to 99° F.

History, Culture, & **Demographics**

The semi-nomadic Athabascan Indians have historically lived in this area, moving with the seasons between several hunting and fishing camps. In 1885, Lt. H.T. Allen found small groups of people living in Tetlin and Last Tetlin, to the south. The residents of Last Tetlin had made numerous trips to trading posts on the Yukon River. In 1912, villagers from Tetlin would trade at the Tanana Crossing Trading Post. During the Chisana gold stampede in 1913, a trading post was established across the river from Tetlin. When two trading posts were opened in the village during the 1920s by John Hajdukovich and W.H. Newton, residents from Last Tetlin relocated to Tetlin. A school was constructed in 1929, and a post office was opened in 1932. The 786,000-acre Tetlin Indian Reserve was established in 1930. An airstrip was constructed in 1946. When the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (ANCSA) was passed in 1971, the reserve was revoked. Tetlin opted for surface and subsurface title to the 743,000 acres of land in the former Reserve. Due to the community's isolation, the residents are able to pursue a traditional Athabascan culture and lifestyle. The sale or importation of alcohol is banned in the village.

A federally recognized tribe is located in the community - the Native Village of Tetlin. 89.8% of the population are Alaska Native or part Native. During the 2010 U.S. Census, there were 43 total housing units, and 19 were vacant. 11 of these vacant housing units are used only seasonally. 41 residents were employed. The unemployment rate at that time was 42.25%. The median household income was \$45,417, per capita income was \$11,789, and 16.67% of residents were living below the poverty level.

Economy

The school, health clinic, and tribal council provide most employment. Some residents are also employed seasonally with wildland firefighting.

Subsistence

Residents of Tetlin hunt large game, small game, and waterfowl, trap fur bearing animals, fish for salmon, whitefish, burbot, grayling, suckers, and pike, and pick a variety of berries and plants.

Population Borough Located In Incorporation Type Native Entities 127 (2010 U.S. Census) Unorganized

Unincorporated Tetlin Native Corporation (Tok) **Corporation:** Tanana Chiefs Conference (Fairbanks) Nonprofit:

Native Village of Tetlin (Federally-recognized Tribe) Village:

EMERGENCY SERVICES		
Police	None	
<i>VPSO</i>	Tanana Chiefs VPSO HQ (800-478-6822 xt. 3236) jody.potts@tananachiefs.org	
State Troopers	None	
Fire	Tanana Chiefs VPSO HQ (800-478-6822 xt. 3236) jody.potts@tananachiefs.org	
Medical	Tetlin Health Clinic 324-2151.	

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL
Tetlin Native	PO Box 657	347-2741	www.tetlin-nativecorp.com
Corporation	Tok, AK 99780	(general)	
		883-6652 (office)	
Tanana Chiefs	122 First Ave, Suite 600	452-8251/324-	www.tananachiefs.org
Conference	Fairbanks, AK 99701	2130	
•		459-3851 (fax)	

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LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL
Native Village of Tetlin	PO Box 797	883-2021	tetlinvillagecouncil@gmail.com
	Tok, AK 99780	883-1267 (fax)	
Interior Regional	828 27 th Ave	452-8315	www.irha.org
Housing Authority	Fairbanks, AK 99701	456-8941 (fax)	

TRANSPORTATION		
Accessibility	Tetlin is connected by a gravel road to the Alaska Highway. Many residents own cars,	
	trucks, skiffs, and snow machines for hunting, fishing, and hauling wood.	
Airport Facilities	The state owns a 3,500' long by 75' wide runway. The village also owns and maintains a	
	1,700' turf airstrip. Scheduled and charter flights are available from Tok.	
Airline Services	40-mile Air (883-5191, www.fortymileair.com)	
Freight	40-mile Air (883-5191, www.fortymileair.com)	
Vessel Support:	Not applicable	

	FACILITIES & UTILITIES	
Telephone	Alaska Power & Telephone Co. 1-800-982-0136 / www.aptalaska.com	TI
Wireless and Internet	Alaska Power & Telephone Co. 1-800-982-0136 / www.aptalaska.com	COMMUNICATI
TV Stations	Satellite	IND.
Radio Stations	KUAC Public Radio: 474-4791 (office) / 474-6700 (news) / <u>www.kuac.org</u>	ξ
Cable Provider		M
Teleconferencing	Alaska Teleconferencing Network; Valdez Legislative Information Office	\mathcal{Z}
Electricity	Alaska Power and Telephone Company: 1-800-982-0136 / www.aptalaska.com.	
	Diesel generator receives power from Tok intertie.	
Fuel	Gasoline, diesel, and propane	
Fuel Storage	Tank Owner: Village Council / Number of Tanks: 3 / Tank Capacity: 45,000 gall	ons
_	Tank Owner: Village Corp / Number of Tanks: / Tank Capacity: 120,000 gallons	3
Housing		
Water & Sewage	Tetlin IRA Council responsible for community water system.	
Miscellaneous	Tetlin IRA Council responsible for landfill (0.5 mile east).	

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT		
(Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)		
Potential Command Posts	Contact Native Village of Tetlin for available facilities (883-2021).	
Potential Staging Areas	None identified	
Local Spill Response	None identified	
Equipment		

TOK COMMUNITY PROFILE

Location and Climate

Tok is located at the junction of the Alaska Highway and the Tok Cutoff to the Glenn Highway, 200 miles southeast of Fairbanks. It is called the "Gateway to Alaska," as it is the first major community upon entering Alaska, 93 miles from the Canadian border. It lies at approximately 63.33667° North Latitude and -142.98556° West Longitude. (Sec. 18, T018N, R013E, Copper River Meridian.) Tok is located in the Fairbanks Recording District. Tok is in the continental climate zone, with cold winters and warm summers. In the winter, ice fog and smoke conditions are common. The average low temperature during January is -32° F; the average high during July is 72° F. Extreme temperatures have been measured from -71° F to 99° F. Annual precipitation is 11 inches, including 33 inches of snow.

History, Culture, & Demographics

There are several versions of how Tok obtained its name. The nearby "Tokai River" was first reported in 1887 by Lt. Allen. "Tok River" was recorded in 1901 by the USGS. Tok began in 1942 as an Alaska Road Commission camp. So much money was spent in the camp's construction and maintenance that it earned the name "Million Dollar Camp" by those working on the highway. In 1944 a branch of the Northern Commercial Company was opened, and in 1946 Tok was established as a Presidential Townsite. With the completion of the Alcan Highway in 1946, a post office and a roadhouse were built. In 1947 the first school was opened, and in 1958 a larger school was built to accommodate the many newcomers. The U.S. Customs Office was located in Tok between 1947 and 1971, when it was moved to Alcan, at the border. Between 1954 and 1979, a U.S. Army fuel pipeline operated from Haines to Fairbanks, with a pump station in Tok. The pump station's facilities were purchased as area headquarters for the Bureau of Land Management. The U.S. Coast Guard constructed a LORAN (Long Range Aid to Navigation) station in 1976. Four 700' towers, located 6 miles east of Tok junction, transmit radio navigation signals for air and marine traffic in the Gulf of Alaska. In July of 1990, Tok faced extinction when a lightning-caused forest fire jumped two rivers and the Alaska Highway, putting both residents and buildings in peril. The town was evacuated and even the efforts of over a thousand firefighters could not stop the fire. At the last minute a "miracle wind" (so labeled by Tok's residents) came up, diverting the fire just short of the first building. The fire continued to burn the remainder of the summer, eventually burning more than 100,000 acres. Evidence of the burn can be seen on both sides of the highway just east of Tok. The area was traditionally Athabascan, although the current population is primarily non-Native. Tok has become known as the "Sled Dog Capital of Alaska." Although residents have chosen not to incorporate as a municipality, there are numerous local volunteer committees for various community functions and various membership organizations.

12% of the population are Alaska Native or part Native. During the 2010 U.S. Census, there were 724 total housing units, and 192 were vacant. 67 of these vacant housing units are used only seasonally. 518 residents were employed. The unemployment rate at that time was 43.66%. The median household income was \$43,750, per capita income was \$22,754, and 12.79% of residents were living below the poverty level.

Economy

Tok is the transportation, business, service and government center for the Upper Tanana region. Employment and business revenues peak in the summer months, with the rush of RV travelers on the Alaska Highway. Residents are employed in education, construction and maintenance, retail, service, lodging, and wildland firefighting.

Subsistence

Subsistence and recreational activities are prevalent. Moose, bear, rabbit, grouse, and ptarmigan are taken. Dahl sheep and caribou are hunted outside of the region, but only through lottery permits. Salmon are obtained from the Copper River to the south. Berrypicking and gardening are also popular activities.

Population Borough Located In Incorporation Type Native Entities 1,258 (2010 Census) Unorganized

Unincorporated

Nonprofit: Tanana Chiefs Conference (Fairbanks), Tok Native Association (Tok), United Crow Band, Unincorporated (Dot Lake)

EMERGENCY SERVICES

Police None VPSO None

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EMERGENCY SERVICES		
	State Troopers, Tok Office (883-5111)	
Fire	Tok Volunteer Fire Department (883-5647), Alaska Division of Forestry, Tok Office	
	(883-1400)	
Medical		

LOCAL CONT	ACTS & REGIONAL/STA	TE ORGANIZAT	TIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL
Tok Chamber of	PO Box 389	883-5775	www.tokalaskainfo.com
Commerce	Tok, AK 99780		
Alaska Gateway	PO Box 226	883-5151	www.agsd.us
School District	Tok, AK 99780	883-5154 (fax)	
Tok Native	PO Box 372	883-3718	www.toknativeassociation.wordpress.com
Association	Tok, AK 99780	883-3719 (fax)	
Tanana Chiefs	122 First Ave, Suite 600	452-8251	www.tananachiefs.org
Conference	Fairbanks, AK 99701	459-3851 (fax)	
Mukluk News	PO Box 90	883-2571	
(Bi-monthly news)	Tok, AK 99780		
Tok Community	PO Box 547	883-5320	
Umbrella Corporation	Tok, AK 99780	883-4481 (fax)	
-	•		

	TRANSPORTATION
Accessibility	Tok is directly accessible to Anchorage and Fairbanks because of its location at the
	junction of two highways. Bus services are available to Anchorage and Fairbanks, and
	freight is delivered by truck.
Airport Facilities	The Tok Airport includes a gravel runway 3,000' long, paved and lighted. A 2,510'
	paved runway is also available at Tok Junction. There are two additional private airstrips
	in the vicinity.
Airline Services	40-mile Air (883-5191, www.fortymileair.com)
Freight	40-mile Air (883-5191, www.fortymileair.com)
Vessel Support:	Not applicable

	FACILITIES & UTILITIES	
Telephone	Alaska Power & Telephone Co. 1-800-982-0136 / www.aptalaska.com	E
Wireless and Internet	Alaska Power & Telephone Co. 1-800-982-0136 / www.aptalaska.com	CA
TV Stations	Satellite	COMMUNICA
Radio Stations	KUAC Public Radio: 474-4791 (office) / 474-6700 (news) / <u>www.kuac.org</u>	ξō
Cable Provider		M
Teleconferencing	Alaska Teleconferencing Network; Valdez Legislative Information Office	\ddot{c}
Electricity	Alaska Power and Telephone Company: 1-800-982-0136 / www.aptalaska.com.	
	Diesel generator	
Fuel	Gasoline, diesel, and propane (4 stations in town)	
Fuel Storage	Tank Owner: Village Council / Number of Tanks: 4 / Tank Capacity: (2) 12,000	
	gals, (2) 3,000 gals	
Housing	Chenega IRA Council has housing with 14 people capacity. Call 573-5132 for	
	availability. ??	
Water & Sewage		
Miscellaneous	JD Refuse Service responsible for Tok landfill	

	SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT
(Contact loc	cal officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)
Potential Command Posts	None Identified
Potential Staging Areas	Airport, school, refuge
Local Spill Response	None Identified
Equipment	

VALDEZ COMMUNITY PROFILE

Location and Climate

Valdez is located on the north shore of Port Valdez, a deep water fjord in Prince William Sound. It lies 305 road miles east of Anchorage, and 364 road miles south of Fairbanks. It is the southern terminus of the Trans-Alaska oil pipeline. It lies at approximately 61.13083° North Latitude and -146.34833° West Longitude. (Sec. 32, T008S, R006W, Copper River Meridian.) Valdez is located in the Valdez Recording District. January temperatures range from 21° to 30° F; July temperatures are 46° to 61° F. Annual precipitation is 59.3 inches. The average snowfall is, incredibly, 300 inches (25 feet) annually.

History, Culture, & Demographics

The Port of Valdez was named in 1790 by Don Salvador Fidalgo for the celebrated Spanish naval officer Antonio Valdes y Basan. Due to its excellent ice-free port, a town developed in 1898 as a debarkation point for men seeking a route to the Eagle Mining District and the Klondike gold fields. Valdez soon became the supply center of its own gold mining region, and incorporated as a City in 1901. Fort Liscum was established in 1900, and a sled and wagon road was constructed to Fort Egbert in Eagle by the U.S. Army. The Alaska Road Commission further developed the road for automobile travel to Fairbanks; it was completed by the early 1920s. A slide of unstable submerged land during the 1964 earthquake destroyed the original City waterfront, killing several residents. The community was rebuilt on a more stable bedrock foundation 4 miles to the west. During the 1970s, construction of the Trans-Alaska oil pipeline terminal and other cargo transportation facilities brought rapid growth to Valdez. In March 1989, it was the center for the massive oil-spill cleanup after the "Exxon Valdez" disaster. In a few short days, the population of the town tripled. As a result of significant oil taxation revenues, the City offers a variety of quality public services.

The 2010 U.S. Census data showed 8.17% of the population are Alaska Native or part Native. The 2010 U.S. Census data also showed there were 1,763 total housing units, and 190 were vacant, of which 50 of these units are used only seasonally. The median household income was \$80,476, per capita income was \$36,609 and 5.51% of residents were living below the poverty level.

Economy

Valdez has one of the highest municipal tax bases in Alaska as the southern terminus and off-loading point of oil extracted from Prudhoe Bay on the North Slope. Four of the top ten employers in Valdez are directly connected to the oil terminus. Alyeska Pipeline Service Co. employs nearly 300 persons. Valdez is a major seaport, with a \$48 million cargo and container facility. City, state, and federal agencies combined provide significant employment. 42 residents hold commercial fishing permits.

Subsistence

The majority of Valdez residents do not practice the subsistence lifestyle. However, there is a small tribal presence in Valdez that does practice subsistence. Valdez has a healthy sports fishing and recreational fishing industry as well.

Population Borough Located In Incorporation Type Native Entities

3,976 (2010 U.S. Census) Unorganized

Home Rule City

Regional: Chugach Alaska Corporation

Nonprofit: Chugachmiut (Regional); The Valdez Native Tribe (Local)

Police City Police Department (835-4560) State Troopers State Troopers Post (835-4307) Fire City Fire Dept./EMS (835-4560); Robe River Fire Hall; Civil Air Patrol Valdez Community Hospital (835-2249); Valdez Native Tribe Clinic (835-4951). Auxiliary health care provided by Valdez Fire Dept/EMS (835-4560 x301).

Harbormaster | 835-4981

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL
Chugach Alaska	3800 Centerpoint Dr.,	561-2668	www.chugach-ak.com
Corporation	Ste. 700	532-5258 (fax)	
	Anchorage, AK 99503		

LOCAL CONT	ACTS & REGIONAL/ST	TATE ORGANIZ	ATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL
Chugachmiut	1840 Bragaw Street,	562-4155	www.chugachmiut.org
Ü	Ste. 110	563-2891 (fax)	
	Anchorage, AK 99508		
City of Valdez	P.O. Box 307	835-4313	www.ci.valdez.ak.us
	Valdez, AK 99686	835-2992 (fax)	
Connecting Ties,	P.O. Box 2017	835-3274	www.connectingties.org
incorporated	Valdez, AK 99686	835-3512 (fax)	
Copper Valley Electric	P.O. Box 45	822-3211	www.cvea.org
Association, Inc.	Glennallen, AK 99588	222 2440	.,
PWS Economic	2207 Spenard Road,	222-2440	www.pwsedd.org
Development District	Ste. 207	222-2411 (fax)	
The Valder Native	Anchorage, AK 99503 P.O. Box 1108	835-4951	www.ahuaaahmintana
The Valdez Native Tribe	Valdez, AK 99686	835-5589 (fax)	www.chugachmiut.org
Valdez City School	P.O. Box 398	835-4357	www.edline.net/pages/Valdez City Schools
District	Valdez, AK 99686	835-4964 (fax)	www.edime.net/pages/ valuez City Schools
Valdez Convention	104 Chenega Street	835-4636	www.valdezalaska.org
and Visitors Bureau	Valdez, AK 99686	835-4845 (fax)	info@valdezalaska.org
Valdez Star	P.O. Box 2949	835-2405	www.valdezstar.net
Newspaper	Valdez, AK 99686	835-3882 (fax)	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,	
	TRA	NSPORTATION	
Accessibility	The Richardson Highwa	y connects Valdez	to Anchorage, Fairbanks and Canada. Port
			ted by hundreds of ocean-going oil cargo
			s transport to Whittier, Cordova, Kodiak,
	Seward and Homer in th		
Airport Facilities			6,500-foot paved runway, instrument landing
			seaplane base is available at Robe Lake.
Airline Services	Alaska Airlines; Era Aviation; Era Helicopters; Alaska Air Transit (Charter Service) Both barges and trucking services deliver cargo to the City.		
Freight Vessel Support			
v esset Support	Valdez has the largest floating concrete dock in the world, with a 1,200 feet front and water depth exceeding 80 feet. Numerous cargo and container facilities are present in		
			6 commercial fishing boats and recreational
	vessels. Boat launches a		
	ressens. Boat launenes e		os are aranasis.
	FACIL	ITIES & UTILITI	ES
Telephone	GCI (1-800-800-4800 /		
		ne Cooperative (83:	5-2231 or 1-800-478-6612 /
	vdzcustserv@cvtc.org)		P
Wireless and Internet	GCI (1-800-800-4800 /		TATE OF THE PARTY
		ne Cooperative (83:	5-2231 or 1-800-478-6612 /
PR 7 G*	vdzcustserv@cvtc.org)		5-2231 or 1-800-478-6612 / SOUTH STANDARD STANDA
TV Stations	None		Į.
Radio Stations	KCHU; KVAK		, in the second
Cable Provider	GCI Alaska Teleconferencing	a Matricolle I agisla	
Teleconferencing Electricity		-	uive information Office
Electricay Fuel	Provided by Copper Val Gasoline, diesel, and pro		
Fuel Storage	Unknown	Spane.	
Housing		arbor Inn. Keystone	e Hotel, Mountain Sky Hotel, Glacier Sound
Housing	Inn, Totem Inn	IIII, IXO JOION	2 110tol, friodinam on, 110tol, Glacier bound
Water & Sewage		our primary wells a	and is stored in two 750,000-gal. reservoirs
			ez. Water storage capacity is 2.24 million
			pable of processing 1.25 million gallons a day.
			ent lagoon. Over 95% of homes are fully
	nlumbed Many homes		

plumbed. Many homes use individual wells and septic tanks.

was completed in 1998.

The Class 2 landfill uses a balefill system. An oil and hazardous waste recycling center

Miscellaneous

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT

(Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)

Potential Command Posts

SERVS Valdez Emergency Operations Center (835-6620); MSO Valdez; Valdez Convention & Civic Center (835-4440); Black Gold Recreation Hall; Valdez Teen Center; Valdez Native Assoc. Bingo Hall; Valdez Senior Citizens Center; Valdez Consortium Library and Valdez Museum; Prince William Sound Community College (834-1600); Valdez High School (835-4767); Valdez Jr. High (835-2244); Valdez Elementary (835-4728)

Potential Staging Areas

State Operated Airport (835-5658); Alaska National Guard Armory (835-2234); Prince William Sound Community College (834-1600); Valdez High School (835-4767); Valdez Jr. High (835-2244); Valdez Elementary (835-4728); State District Court; ADEC Warehouse (835-4698); Harbor (835-4981)

Local Spill Response Equipment

ADEC spill response conex (see page B-72 for an inventory of spill response assets).

Valdez is the center for crisis response equipment in Prince William Sound. Alyeska/SERVS (Ship Escort Response Vessel System) has an enormous stockpile of response equipment.

WHITTIER COMMUNITY PROFILE

Location and Climate

Whittier is on the northeast shore of the Kenai Peninsula, at the head of Passage Canal. It is on the west side of Prince William Sound, 75 miles southeast of Anchorage. It lies at approximately 60.77306° North Latitude and -148.68389° West Longitude. (Sec. 24, T008N, R004E, Seward Meridian.) Whittier is located in the Anchorage Recording District. Winter temperatures range from 17° to 28° F; summer temperatures average 49° to 63° F. Average annual precipitation includes 66 inches of rain and 80 inches of snowfall.

History, Culture, & Demographics

Passage Canal was once the quickest route from Prince William Sound to Cook Inlet. Chugach Indians would portage to Turnagain Arm in search of fish. Nearby Whittier Glacier was named for the American poet John Greenleaf Whittier, and was first published in 1915 by the U.S. Coast & Geodetic Survey. A port and railroad terminus were constructed by the U.S. Army for transport of fuel and other supplies into Alaska during World War II. The railroad spur and two tunnels were completed in 1943, and the Whittier Port became the entrance for troops and dependents of the Alaska Command. The huge buildings that dominate Whittier began construction in 1948. The 14-story Hodge Building (now Begich Towers) was built for Army bachelors quarters and family housing, with 198 apartments. The Buckner Building, completed in 1953, had 1,000 apartments and was once the largest building in Alaska. It was called the "city under one roof," with a hospital, bowling alley, theater, gym, swimming pool and shops for Army personnel. Whittier Manor was built in the early 1950s by private developers as rental units for civilian employees. The Port remained an active Army facility until 1960; at that time, the population was 1,200. Whittier Manor was converted to condominiums in 1964; Begich Towers now houses the majority of residents, as the Buckner Building is no longer occupied. The City was incorporated in 1969. Residents enjoy sport-fishing, commercial fishing and subsistence activities.

The 2010 U.S. Census data showed 5.45% of the population are Alaska Native or part Native. The 2010 U.S. Census data also showed there were 280 total housing units, and 166 were vacant, of which 104 of these units are used only seasonally. The median household income was \$46,250, per capita income was \$31,624 and 13.96% of residents were living below the poverty level.

Economy

The city, school, local services and summer tourism support Whittier. Tours, charters and sport fishing in Prince William Sound attract seasonal visitors. Ten residents hold commercial fishing permits.

Subsistence Population Borough Located In Incorporation Type Native Entities A small portion of Whittier residents practice the subsistence lifestyle.

220 (2010 U.S. Census)

Unorganized 2nd Class City

Regional: Chugach Alaska Corporation

Nonprofit: Chugachmiut

Police City Police (472-2340) Fire City Volunteer Fire Department (472-2340); City Fire Hall, City Ambulance Medical The City of Whittier Medical Clinic (472-2303) is a qualified Emergency Care Center. Auxiliary health care provided by Whittier Volunteer Ambulance Corps (Clinic 472-2303/472-2340). Harbormaster 472-2375; Alyeska/SERVS (472-2473)

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL
Chugach Alaska	3800 Centerpoint Drive,	561-2668	www.chugach-ak.com
Corporation	Ste, 700	562-5258 (fax)	
	Anchorage, AK 99503		
City of Whittier	P.O. Box 608	472-2327	www.whittieralaska.gov
	Whittier, AK 99693	472-2404 (fax)	info@whittieralaska.gov
Eastern Aleutian	3380 C Street, Suite 100	277-1440	www.eatribes.org
Tribes, Incorporated	Anchorage, AK 99503	277-1446 (fax)	(Native Health Care Provider)

LOCAL CONTACTS & REGIONAL/STATE ORGANIZATIONS WITH LOCAL OFFICES			
ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS	PHONE	WEBSITE/EMAIL
Greater Whittier	P.O. Box 607	278-2493	www.whittieralaskachamber.org
Chamber of Commerce	Whittier, AK 99693	278-2491 (fax)	
Municipality of	6325 West 6 th Ave., Suite	343-4311	www.muni.org
Anchorage	250	343-4313 (fax)	(Landfill Operator)
	Anchorage, AK 99501		
PWS Economic	2207 Spenard Road, Suite	222-2440	www.pwsedd.org
Development District	207	222-2411 (fax)	
-	Anchorage, AK 99503		

	TRANSPORTATION
Accessibility	Whittier is an ice-free port and is accessible by road, rail, ferry, boat and aircraft. To enter
	Whittier by vehicle, you must pass through the state maintained tunnel and pay a \$12.00
	roundtrip toll to enter (1-877-611-2586 /
	http://dot.alaska.gov/creg/whittiertunnel/schedule.shtml). Whittier has a 1480' by 58'
	gravel airstrip that accommodates charter aircraft and a city-owned seaplane dock
	available for passenger transfer.
Airport Facilities	The State-owned 1,480-foot gravel airstrip accommodates charter aircraft, and a City-
	owned seaplane dock is available for passenger transfer.
Airline Services	None
Freight	
Vessel Support	

	FACILITIES & UTILITIES	
Telephone	Local Service: Yukon Telephone (472-2300 / www.yukontel.com)	9
	Long Distance: GCI (1-800-800-4800 / <u>www.gci.com</u>)	COMMUNICATIO NS
Wireless and Internet	GCI (1-800-800-4800 / <u>www.gci.com</u>)	C
TV Stations	None	Z Z
Radio Stations	KCHU-AM	2
Cable Provider	Supervisions Cable TV	Σ
Teleconferencing	Alaska Teleconferencing Network; Valdez Legislative Information Office	5
Electricity	Provided by Chugach Electric Association	
Fuel	Gasoline, diesel, and propane.	
Fuel Storage	Shoreside Petroleum Inc. (48,000 gals.); Department of Defense.	
Housing	June's Whittier B&B Suites, Anchor INN; Sportsman's Inn; Tent/RV Park	
Water & Sewage	Water is derived from wells and a reservoir. Water storage capacity is 1.2 million	
	gallons. The entire community is served by a piped water and sewer system, and over	•
	95% of homes are fully plumbed. The older portions of the City sewer system need	
	replacement.	
Miscellaneous	Refuse is hauled out by a private contractor to Anchorage - the landfill has been close	d.
	An oil and hazardous waste recycling center was completed in 1998.	

	SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT		
(Contact loca	al officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.)		
Potential Command Posts	Begich Towers Cullum Room; City Library; Whittier Historical & Fine Arts		
	Museum; Whittier Community School		
Potential Staging Areas	None identified		
Local Spill Response	ADEC spill response conex (see page B-72 for an inventory of spill response		
Equipment	assets).		
	SERVS 14 emergency response equipment conexes are located behind Long		
	Dock. Additional emergency response equipment is located near the		
	HarborMaster's office and the USCG maintains equipment in the railroad yard.		
Shoreside Petroleum has their own cleanup equipment that they manage and			
maintain. Shoreside provides fuel for the City of Whittier, cruise ships, and fishing			
	vessels in the small boat harbor. The Harbormaster and the Fishing Vessel		
	Administrator are responsible for the deployment of the SERVS equipment in a		
	crisis. Currently both positions are held by the same person.		

9770.9 SOUTHEAST ALASKA COMMUNITY PROFILES

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9770.9.1 – Angoon Community Profile Angoon

Population: 466 (2011 DCCED certified estimate)

Incorporation Type: 2nd Class City **Borough Located In**: Unorganized

Regional Native Corporation: Sealaska Corporation

Location & Climate:

This Tlingit community is the only permanent settlement on Admiralty Island, located on the southwest coast at Kootznahoo Inlet. Angoon , 55 miles southwest of Juneau and 41 miles northeast of Sitka, lies at approximately 57.50333° North Latitude and -134.58389° West Longitude. (Sec. 25, T050S, R067E, Copper River Meridian.) Angoon is located in the Juneau Recording District. Angoon's maritime climate is characterized by cool summers and mild winters: summer temperatures range from 45 to 61 degrees Fahrenheit, winter temperatures 25 to 39. Extremes in temperature have been recorded from -6 to 77. Angoon receives much less precipitation than is typical of Southeast Alaska, averaging 43 inches annually, including 63 inches of snowfall. Strong north winds during winter months cause rough seas, which may prevent aircraft landings.

EMERGENCY SERVICES				
Police: City Public Safety Dept	788-3631	Fire:	City Fire Hall: 788- 3411 Office: 209-9140 or 788-3653	
VPSO: Village Police Officer:	788-3631/209-9139 209-9139	EMS:	788-3411	
Alaska State Troopers:		Hospital: Jessie Jim Health Center	788-4600; 788-3633	

LOCAL ORGANIZATIONS AND STAKEHOLDERS				
Name: City of	Phone: 788-3653;	Fax: 788-3821	Website:	
Angoon	209-9140			
Address: P.O.	Primary Contact:	City Clerk:	Other:	
Box 189,			mayor820@eagle.ptialaska.net	
Angoon, AK				
99820				
Name:	Phone: 788-3302	Fax: 788-3252,	Website:	
Chatham				
Schools				
Address: P.O.	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other:	
Box 109,			whopkins@do.chathamsd.org	

Angoon, AK			
99820			
Village	Phone: 790-2992	Fax: 790-2995	Website:
Corporation:			
Kootznoowoo,			
Incorporated			
Address: 8585	Email:		
Old Dairy Road			
#201, Juneau,			
AK 99801			
Village Council:	Phone: 788-3411	Fax: 788-3412	Website:
Angoon			
Community			
Association			
Address: P.O.	Email:		
Box 188,			
Angoon, AK			
99820,			

TRANSPORTATION			
ROAD:	Accessible by r	oad?	No road access
			Scheduled and charter flights
AIR:			available.
			Facilities include a deep draft
			dock, a small boat harbor
			with 45 berths, and a State
WATER:	Accessible by b	oat?	ferry terminal.
Local Transportation and Serv	ices		
		Angoon is acce	essible only by float plane or
Local Transportation:		boat.	
Local Roads and Trails:			
Vehicle Rental:			
		Alaska Sea Plane Service; Alaska Coastal;	
Airline Services:		Wings of Alaska; Ward Air.	

LOCAL SERVICES AND FACILITIES		
Lodging		
Housing Facility	Website	Phone
		788-3501 or 788-
Kootznahoo Inlet Lodge		3615
Whalers Cove Sportfishing Lodge		788-3344
Favorite Bay Inn		788-3125/3123
Thayer Lake Lodge		
Sophie's Place B&B		
Food Service & Groceries		

			Seaso	
Name/Facility	Туре		n	Phone
reality active	[Restaurant/Cafeteria/			THORE
	Grocery Store]			
	[Restaurant	=		
	Grocery Sto			
	[Restaurant	_		
	Grocery Sto			
	[Restaurant			
	Grocery Sto			
Supplies & Other Services	Grocery sto	101		
опринести синенте	Name			Phone
General Store				
Hardware Store				
Bank or ATM				
[Other]				
Fuel				
	T	T	Fuel	
Fuel Stations	Phone		Available	Season
[Name/Operator]				
. , .				
			Fuel	
Tank Farm	Phone		Available	Capacity
				4 tanks/ 80,000
Angoon Oil & Gas				gals
Tlingit Haida Regional Electric				3 tanks/ 62,468
Assoc.				gals
City Water				1 tank/ 3,000 gals
Communications and Utilities				
		Name/Serv	vice Provid	er
Telephone (Landline)				
Telephone (Cellular)				
Internet Service Provider		ACS Interne	et	
Electricity Provider		Inside Passage Electric Cooperative		
Local Power Plant				
School Power Plant				
		TI T:11: 1		comunic
Primary Water Supply System:		The Tillingh	iast Lake re	servoir

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT The following facilities may be available to support a spill response. Contact local communities for additional information. Potential Command Posts, Operations Centers or Meeting Facilities Facility Name or Location Contact (organization & phone) City Youth Center

ANB Hall Angoon Community Building Public Safety Building (capacity 35) Angoon School				
Public Safety Building (capacity 35) 788-3123				
(capacity 35)				
Aligouti School				
Potential Staging Areas				
Facility Name or Location Contact Capacity/ Size				
(organization & phone)				
Ferry Terminal Parking Lot 788-3653 Capacity 10 trailers				
Harbor Parking Lot 788-3653 Capacity 5 trailers				
Local Spill Response Equipment				
Facility Name or Location Contact Quantity				
(organization & phone)				
Boom, sorbent pads, etc.				
Backhoe 3				
Bulldozer				
Dump truck or similar 3				
Front-end loaders 3				
Skiff, 35 ft w/outboard 1				
Are there any limiting factors in the community for supporting a large spill response effort?				
Examples are restricted food supply, seasonal water rationing, lack of lodging, waste-water				
restrictions, etc.				
What are the top two sensitive areas (<i>environmental or cultural</i>) to be protected in case of oil spill?	an			
Location Latitude & Longitute Reason for protection	n			

Commercial fishing is a major source of income; in 2010, 18 residents held commercial fishing permits, primarily hand-trolling for king and coho salmon. A shellfish farm was recently funded by state and federal grants. The Chatham School District is the primary employer. Logging on Prince of Wales Island provides occasional jobs. Subsistence remains an important part of the lifestyle; the most important resources are deer, salmon, bear, halibut, shellfish, geese, seaweed and berries. The 2006-2010 American Community Survey estimated 178 residents as employed, with the public sector employing 22% of all workers. The local unemployment rate was 18%1, and the percentage of workers not in labor force was 43%.

Culture & Demographics:

Admiralty Island has long been the home of the Kootznoowoo Tlingit tribe. Kootznoowoo means "fortress of bears." From the 1700s to the mid-1800s, fur trading was the major money-making activity in the area. In 1878, the Northwest Trading Company established a trading post and whaling station on nearby Killisnoo Island and villagers were employed to hunt whales. Whaling, a BIA school and a Russian Orthodox Church attracted many Tlingits to Killisnoo. In 1882, a whaling vessel's harpoon charge accidentally misfired and exploded, killing a Native

crewmember - a Tlingit shaman, or medicine man. Villagers demanded payment of 200 blankets to the man's family, as was customary. The Northwest Trading Co. felt threatened and sought assistance from the U.S. Navy at Sitka. The village and a summer camp were subsequently shelled and destroyed by the Navy Cutter *U.S.S. Corwin*. Native accounts of the attack claim six children died by smoke inhalation. In 1973, Angoon won a \$90,000 out-of-court settlement from the federal government for the 1882 bombardment. Whaling did not last long, and the company switched to herring processing. During this time, many Tlingits moved to Killisnoo for employment at the plant, but in 1928 Killisnoo was destroyed by fire, and many Tlingits returned to Angoon. The Angoon post office was established in 1928, a city formed in 1963. Many summer homes have developed on Killisnoo Island. A federally-recognized tribe is located in the community -- the Angoon Community Association. Angoon is a Tlingit village with a commercial fishing and subsistence lifestyle.

9770.9.2 – Coffman Cove Community Profile Coffman Cove

Population: 170 (2011 DCCED certified estimate)

Incorporation Type: 2nd Class City Borough Located In: Unorganized Regional Native Corporation: None

Location & Climate:

Coffman Cove is on the northeast coast of Prince of Wales Island in Southeast Alaska. It lies 73 miles northeast of Ketchikan and 42 miles southeast of Wrangell, at approximately 56.01389° North Latitude and -132.82778° West Longitude. (Sec. 28, T068S, R082E, Copper River Meridian.) Coffman Cove is located in the Ketchikan Recording District. The area is dominated by a cool maritime climate: summer temperatures range from 46 to 70; winter temperatures range from 32 to 42

EMERGENCY SERVICES			
Police: None	None	Fire: City Volunteer Fire/EMS	329-2295
VPSO:	None	EMS: Coffman Cove Fire/EMS Prince of Wales Island Area EMS	329-2209/2213/2302 826-2367/3330
Alaska State Troopers:	755-2955	Hospital:	
Harbormaster:	329-2233		

LOCAL ORGANIZATIONS AND STAKEHOLDERS				
Name: City of	Phone: 329-2233	Fax: 329-2069	Website:	
Coffman Cove			http://www.ccalaska.com/	
Address: P.O.	Primary Contact:	City Clerk:	Other: clerk@ccalaska.com	
Box 18047,				
Coffman Cove,				
AK 99918				

TRANSPORTATION			
ROAD:	Accessible by road?	No road access	
		The nearest landing strip is in	
Klawock. A State-owne			
	seaplane base is available		
		and Taquan and Ketchikan Air	
	provide daily scheduled air		
AIR: service from Ketchikan.			
WATER:	Accessible by boat?	Yes.	
Local Transportation and Services			

	The Inter-Island Ferry landing at Hollis		
	provides access to the Prince of Wales Island		
Local Transportation:	road system.		
Local Roads and Trails:			
Vehicle Rental:			
Airline Services:	Taquan and Ketchikan Air Service.		

LOCAL SERVICES AND FACILITIES			
Lodging			
Housing Facility	Website		Phone
Coffman Cove Wilderness Lodge			329-2249
Coffman Cove Bunkhouse			329-2219
King Fisher Cabins			329-2235
Ocean View RV Park			329-2015
Anderson Ville			329-2267
Misty Sea Charters & Lodging			329-2069
Coffman Cove Adventures			329-2043
Bearbuck B&B			520-6119
Food Service & Groceries			
Name/Facility	Туре	Season	Phone
	[Restaurant/Cafeteria		
	/		
	Grocery Store]		
	[Restaurant/Cafeteria		
	/		
	Grocery Store]		
	[Restaurant/Cafeteria		
	/		
	Grocery Store]		
	[Restaurant/Cafeteria		
	/		
	Grocery Store]		
Supplies & Other Services	T		T -
	Name		Phone
General Store			
Hardware Store			
Washeteria			
Bank or ATM			
[Other]			
Fuel	T		T
		Fuel	
Fuel Stations	Phone	Available	Season
[Name/Operator]			
		Fuel	
Tank Farm	Phone	Available	Capacity

Louisiana Pacific/Ketchikan Pulp Co.	7 tanks/ 45,842 g	
Power Utility	6,300 gals	
Gas Plus	2 tanks/ 7,800 ga	
Communications and Utilities		
	Name/Service Provider	
Telephone (Landline)		
Telephone (Cellular)		
Internet Service Provider	Cove Connect	
Electricity Provider	Alaska Power Company	
Local Power Plant		
School Power Plant		
Primary Water Supply System:		
Primary Sewage System:		
	·	
SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT		
The following facilities may be available	o support a spill response. Contact local communit	

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT					
The following facilities may be	The following facilities may be available to support a spill response. Contact local communities				
for additional information.					
Potential Command Posts, Op	erations Centers or Meeting Facilities				
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Capacity/	Internet		
	(organization & phone)	Size	Yes/No		
Coffman Cove Community					
Building					
Howard Valentine School					
Potential Staging Areas					
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Capacity/ S	iize		
	(organization & phone)				
Boat Launch Parking Area	city office 329-2233	1 Acre			
Log Dump	329-2233	2 Acres			
Local Spill Response Equipmen	nt				
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Quantity			
	(organization & phone)				
Boom, sorbent pads, etc.					
Backhoe		4			
Bulldozer		1			
Dump truck or similar		4			
Skiff w/outboard		1			
Are there any limiting factors	in the community for supporting a lar	ge spill resp	onse effort?		
Examples are restricted food	supply, seasonal water rationing, lack	of lodging,	waste-water		
restrictions, etc.					
•	e areas (<i>environmental or cultural</i>) to b	e protected i	n case of an		
oil spill?	oil spill?				
Location	Latitude & Longitute	Reason for	protection		

Historically, logging support services provided the majority of employment. Coffman Cove was one of the major log transfer sites on Prince of Wales Island. Because of the decline in the timber industry, this is no longer the case. Although there are still a few logging support services in the area, most of the employment is now tourism-based. A large number of the people in the community operate bed and breakfasts or rent cabins to people who want to hunt or fish. There are a number of charter and commercial fishermen operating out of the cove, as well. Oyster farming also occurs in Coffman Cove. In 2010, four residents held commercial fishing permits. Recreation includes hunting bear and deer, fishing, hiking, and boating.

Culture & Demographics:

The site was named in 1886 by Lt. Comdr. A.S. Snow, USN, for Lt. Dewitt Coffman, a member of his party. Coffman Cove was first settled as a logging camp in the 1950s. Land was made available for private ownership through selection under the Alaska Statehood Act. Coffman Cove's pioneer lifestyle and clean, safe environment were featured on ABC's "20/20" program in 1984, prompting a deluge of mail from persons around the country wanting to relocate. The city government was incorporated in 1989. The city serves as a supply and service base for the Island. The majority of houses are mobile homes. There is a general store, gift shop and a gas station. Six percent of the population is Alaska Native or part Native.

9770.9.3 - Craig Community Profile

Craig

Population: 1,240 (2011 DCCED certified estimate)

Incorporation Type: 1st Class City **Borough Located In**: Unorganized

Regional Native Corporation: Sealaska Corporation

Location & Climate:

Craig is located on a small island off the west coast of Prince of Wales Island but connected by a short causeway. It is 31 road miles west of Hollis and 56 air miles northwest of Ketchikan, 750 air miles north of Seattle, and 220 miles south of Juneau, at approximately 55.47639° North Latitude and -133.14833° West Longitude. (Sec. 06, T074S, R081E, Copper River Meridian.) Craig is located in the Ketchikan Recording District. Prince of Wales Island is dominated by a cool, moist, maritime climate. Summer temperatures range from 49 to 63° F; winter temperatures range from 32 to 42° F. Average annual precipitation is 120 inches, including 40 inches of snow. Gale winds are common in the fall and winter months.

EMERGENCY SERVICES				
Police: City Police Dept.	826-3330	Fire: City Volunteer Fire Dept.	Dispatch: 911 Office:	
VPSO:	None	EMS: Craig EMS Prince of Wales Island Area EMS	826-2367/826-3330 826-2367/3330	
Alaska State Troopers:	755-2291	Hospital: Seaview Medical Center	826-3257	

LOCAL ORGANIZA	LOCAL ORGANIZATIONS AND STAKEHOLDERS				
Name: Prince of	Phone: 826-2353	Fax: 826-2926	Website:		
Wales Chamber					
of					
Commerce/Craig					
Address: P.O.	Primary Contact:	City Clerk:	Other:		
Box 497, Craig,			powcvc@eagle.ptialaska.net		
AK 99921					
Name: City of	Phone: 826-3275	Fax: 826-3278	Website:		
Craig					
Address: P.O.	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other: tbriggs@aptalaska.net		
Box 725, Craig,					
AK 99921					
Name: Craig City	Phone: 826-3274	Fax: 826-3322	Website:		
Schools			http://www.ccsd.k12.ak.us/		

Address: P.O. Box 800, Craig, AK 99921	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other: jholst@ccsd.k12.ak.us
Name:	Phone: 826-3404 or	Fax:	Website:
Harbormaster	401-1621		
Address:	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other:
Village	Phone: 826-3251	Fax: 826-3980	Website:
Corporation:			
Shaan-Seet,			
Incorporated			
Address: P.O.	Email:		Other: ssinc.@ptialaska.net
Box 690, Craig,			
AK 99921			
Village Council:	Phone: 826-3996	Fax: 826-3997	Website:
Craig			
Community			
Association			
Address: P.O.	Email:		
Box 828, Craig,			
AK 99921			

TRANSPORTATION	TRANSPORTATION			
ROAD:	Accessible by r	oad?	No road access to Island. A paved road exists between Hollis, Thorne Bay, Craig, Klawock, and north to the airport.	
AIR:	,		Scheduled air transportation to Ketchikan is available from the nearby Klawock airport	
			The Inter-Island Ferry serves Hollis 30 miles away and enables transportation of passengers, cargo and	
WATER:	Accessible by boat?		vehicles to the island.	
Local Transportation and Serv	ices			
Local Transportation:		Taxis: Chief Wiah Cab; Craig/Klawock Taxi; Irish Cab.		
Local Roads and Trails:				
Vehicle Rental:	Wilderness Car Rental 755-2 (www.wildernesscarrental.com); TLC 8 2966 (www.alaskarentals-tlc.com); Sha Ellison Tire & Fuel 826-3450		esscarrental.com); TLC 826- alaskarentals-tlc.com); Shaub-	
Airline Services:	Ketchikan Air Service; Taquan Air; Pro-Mech Air; Duke's Charter; Island Air Express			

LOCAL SERVICES AND FACILITIES	5		
Lodging			
Housing Facility	Website		Phone
Fish Fur & Feathers			826-2309
Full Limits - El Capitan Lodge			850-0036
Birds Eye View B&B			826-5987
Beachcomber B&B			826-2268
Ocean Hooked Inn			826-2271
Oceanview B&B			826-2543
Shelter Cover Lodge	http://www.ktn.net/sh	elter/	826-2939
Haida Way Lodge		-	826-3268
Ruth Ann's Hotel			826-3378/3292
Inn of the Little Blue Heron B&B			826-3606
Sunnahae Lodge			826-4000
Windy Way Lodge			826-3082
Out Back RV Park			
Big Salt Lake RV Park			
Food Service & Groceries			
Name/Facility	Туре	Season	Phone
	[Restaurant/Cafeteria/		
	Grocery Store]		
	[Restaurant/Cafeteria/		
	Grocery Store]		
	[Restaurant/Cafeteria/		
	Grocery Store]		
	[Restaurant/Cafeteria/		
	Grocery Store]		
Supplies & Other Services			
	Name		Phone
General Store			
Hardware Store			
Washeteria			
Bank or ATM			
[Other]			
Fuel			
Fuel Stations	Phone	Fuel Available	Season
[Name/Operator]			
Tank Farm	Phone	Fuel Available	Capacity
Petro Marine Services			12 tanks/ 320,010 gals
Ward Cove Packing			2 tanks/ 5,100 gals
Alaska Power & Telephone			10,698 gals
City			968 gals

AT&T Alascom	2,000 gals		
THRHA Senior Apartment		1,100 gals	
Communications and Utilities			
	Name/Sei	rvice Provider	
Telephone (Landline)	Alaska Tel	ephone Company/AP&T	
Telephone (Cellular)	AT&T Alascom; Alaska Telephone		
Internet Service Provider	Alaska Power & Telephone Company		
Electricity Provider	Alaska Power & Telephone Co		
Local Power Plant			
School Power Plant			
Primary Water Supply System:	rem:		
Primary Sewage System:		·	

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT

The following facilities may be available to support a spill response. Contact local communities for additional information.

jor additional information.				
Potential Command Posts, Operations Centers or Meeting Facilities				
Facility Name or Location	Contact Capacity/ Inter		Internet	
	(organization & phone)	Size	Yes/No	
Craig City Hall				
Craig Alternative &				
Correspondence School				
Craig Elementary School				
Craig Middle & High School				
PACE				
Potential Staging Areas				
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Capacity/ S	iize	
	(organization & phone)			
False Island Boat Harbor	401-1621			
Waste Water Treatment	826-3275			
Plant				
Public Works Yard	826-3275			
Local Spill Response Equipmen	nt			
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Quantity		
	(organization & phone)			
Boom, sorbent pads, etc.	Harbormaster, 826-3404	Containme	nt boom –	
		1300ft, 8-1	12 Anchors,	
		some sorbe	ent pads.	
Backhoe		2		
Bulldozer		1		
Dump truck or similar		2		
Skiff w/ outboard		1		
[other]				
Are there any limiting factors	in the community for supporting a lar	ge spill resp	onse effort?	

Are there any limiting factors in the community for supporting a large spill response effort? Examples are restricted food supply, seasonal water rationing, lack of lodging, waste-water restrictions, etc.

What are the top two sensitive areas (environmental or cultural) to be protected in case of ar oil spill?				
Location	Latitude & Longitute	Reason for protection		

The economy in Craig is based on the fishing industry, logging support and sawmill operations. A fish buying station and a cold storage plant are located in Craig. In 2010, 151 residents held commercial fishing permits. Craig has grown as a service and transportation center for the Prince of Wales Island communities. Shan-Seet Village Corporation timber operations, the Viking Lumber Co. sawmill, fishing, fish processing, government and commercial services provide most employment. Deer, salmon, halibut, shrimp and crab are harvested for recreational or subsistence purposes.

Culture & Demographics:

The Tlingit and Haida peoples have historically utilized the area around Craig for its rich resources. With the help of local Haidas, a fish saltery was built on nearby Fish Egg Island in 1907. Between 1908 and 1911, the Lyndenburger Packing Company and cold storage plant was built at the present site of Craig. In 1912, a post office, school, sawmill, and salmon cannery were constructed. A city government was formed in 1922. Excellent pink salmon runs contributed to development and growth through the late 1930s – some families from the Dust Bowl relocated to Craig during this time. The cannery and sawmill peaked during World War I. During the 1950s, the fishing industry collapsed due to depleted salmon runs. In 1972, a large sawmill was built six miles from Craig near Klawock, which provided year-round jobs and helped to stabilize the economy. Craig is still predominantly a fishing community. A federally-recognized tribe is located in the community, the Craig Community Association, with 20% of the population Alaska Native or part Native.

9770.9.4 - Gustavus Community Profile

Gustavus

Population: 460 (2011 DCCED certified estimate)

Incorporation Type: 2nd Class City Borough Located In: Unorganized Regional Native Corporation: None

Location & Climate:

Gustavus lies on the north shore of Icy Passage at the mouth of the Salmon River, 48 air miles northwest of Juneau, at the edge of the St. Elias Mountains and at the entrance to Glacier Bay National Park and Preserve at approximately 58.41333° North Latitude and -135.73694° West Longitude. (Sec. 12, T040S, R058E, Copper River Meridian.) Glacier Bay Park is 3.3 million acres, and offers 16 tidewater glaciers. Gustavus is located in the Juneau Recording District. The area's maritime climate is characterized by cool summers and mild winters: summer temperatures range from 52 to 63° F; winter temperatures from 26 to 39° F.

EMERGENCY SERVICES				
Police: None	None	Fire: Glacier Bay 697-2230 National Park VFD 697-2709		
VPSO: None	None	EMS: Gustavus 697-2222/697-229 Emergency Response		
Alaska State Troopers:	465-4000	Hospital: Gustavus Community Clinic	697-3008	

LOCAL ORG	LOCAL ORGANIZATIONS AND STAKEHOLDERS					
Name:		Phone: 697-2451	Fax: 697-2451	Website:		
Gustavus				http://www.gca.gustavus.ak.us/		
Community	y					
Assoc						
Address:	P.O.	Primary Contact:	City Clerk:	Other:		
Box	62,			president@gca.gustavus.ak.us		
Gustavus,	AK					
99826						
Name:		Phone: 697-2285	Fax:	Website:		
Gustavus						
Visitors						
Association	١,					
Address:	P.O.	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other:		
Box	167,					
Gustavus,	AK					
99827						

Name:		Phone: 697-2299	Fax: 697-2355	Website:
Gustavus				
Electric				
Company				
Address:	P.O.	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other:
Box	102,			
Gustavus,	AK			
99826				

TRANSPORTATION	TRANSPORTATION				
ROAD:	Accessible by r	oad?	No road access.		
			Scheduled and charter flights available. Air traffic is relatively high		
AIR:			during peak summer months		
			AMHS Ferry. Regulations limit the number of boats entering Glacier Bay, to protect the humpback habitat. Permits are required for boaters between June 1 and August 31, and may be obtained from the National Park Service (697-2268). Tours are available from Bartlett Cove, Gustavus and		
WATER:	Accessible by b	ooat?	Juneau.		
Local Transportation and Serv		·			
Local Transportation:		Taxis: TLC Taxi Service (697-2239)			
•		There is a 10-mile local road connecting			
Local Roads and Trails:		Bartlett Cove with the airport.			
Vehicle Rental:		BW Auto Rental (697-2245)			
Airline Services:		Alaska Airlines (summers only); Air Excursions; Wings of Alaska			

LOCAL SERVICES AND FACILITIES				
Lodging				
Housing Facility	Website	Phone		
Glacier Bay Lodge				
Glacier Bay Country Inn				
Gustavus Inn		697-2254		
Aimee's Guesthouse				
Annie Mae Lodge		697-2346		
Beyond Good River				
Fairweather Lodge				
Faraway Nearby Studio Cottage				

At a data A d				
Noah's Ark				
Salmon River Cabins				
Spruce Tip Lodge				
The Growley Bear Inn				
Whalesong Lodge				697-2288
Glacier Bay B & B				
Good River B & B				
A Puffin's B & B Lodge				
Tri B & B				
Food Service & Groceries				
Name/Facility	Туре		Season	Phone
	[Restaurant			
	Grocery Sto			
	[Restaurant			
	Grocery Sto			
	[Restaurant	-		
	Grocery Sto			
	[Restaurant	•		
	Grocery Sto	re]		
Supplies & Other Services				
	Name			Phone
General Store				
Hardware Store				
Bank or ATM				
[Other]				
[Other] Fuel				
Fuel			Fuel	
Fuel Stations	Phone		Fuel Available	Season
Fuel	Phone			Season
Fuel Stations	Phone			Season
Fuel Stations			Available Fuel	
Fuel Stations Gustavus Dray Gas Station Tank Farm	Phone		Available	Capacity
Fuel Stations Gustavus Dray Gas Station Tank Farm Glacier Bay Nat'l Park			Available Fuel	Capacity 5 tanks/ 7,600 gals
Fuel Stations Gustavus Dray Gas Station Tank Farm Glacier Bay Nat'l Park Whalesong Lodge	Phone		Available Fuel	Capacity 5 tanks/ 7,600 gals 1,000 gals
Fuel Stations Gustavus Dray Gas Station Tank Farm Glacier Bay Nat'l Park Whalesong Lodge Dick Levitt			Available Fuel	Capacity 5 tanks/ 7,600 gals 1,000 gals 4 tanks/ 128,630 gals
Fuel Stations Gustavus Dray Gas Station Tank Farm Glacier Bay Nat'l Park Whalesong Lodge Dick Levitt Gustavus Electric Dray	Phone		Available Fuel	Capacity 5 tanks/ 7,600 gals 1,000 gals 4 tanks/ 128,630 gals 111,678 gals
Fuel Stations Gustavus Dray Gas Station Tank Farm Glacier Bay Nat'l Park Whalesong Lodge Dick Levitt Gustavus Electric Dray Gustavus Dray Gas Station	Phone		Available Fuel	Capacity 5 tanks/ 7,600 gals 1,000 gals 4 tanks/ 128,630 gals 111,678 gals 7,520 gals
Fuel Stations Gustavus Dray Gas Station Tank Farm Glacier Bay Nat'l Park Whalesong Lodge Dick Levitt Gustavus Electric Dray Gustavus Dray Gas Station Gustavus Dray/Airport	Phone		Available Fuel	Capacity 5 tanks/ 7,600 gals 1,000 gals 4 tanks/ 128,630 gals 111,678 gals
Fuel Stations Gustavus Dray Gas Station Tank Farm Glacier Bay Nat'l Park Whalesong Lodge Dick Levitt Gustavus Electric Dray Gustavus Dray Gas Station	Phone		Fuel Available	Capacity 5 tanks/ 7,600 gals 1,000 gals 4 tanks/ 128,630 gals 111,678 gals 7,520 gals 9,432 gals
Fuel Stations Gustavus Dray Gas Station Tank Farm Glacier Bay Nat'l Park Whalesong Lodge Dick Levitt Gustavus Electric Dray Gustavus Dray Gas Station Gustavus Dray/Airport Communications and Utilities	Phone		Available Fuel Available vice Provider	Capacity 5 tanks/ 7,600 gals 1,000 gals 4 tanks/ 128,630 gals 111,678 gals 7,520 gals 9,432 gals
Fuel Stations Gustavus Dray Gas Station Tank Farm Glacier Bay Nat'l Park Whalesong Lodge Dick Levitt Gustavus Electric Dray Gustavus Dray Gas Station Gustavus Dray/Airport Communications and Utilities Telephone (Landline)	Phone	ACS of the	Fuel Available vice Provider Northland	Capacity 5 tanks/ 7,600 gals 1,000 gals 4 tanks/ 128,630 gals 111,678 gals 7,520 gals 9,432 gals
Fuel Stations Gustavus Dray Gas Station Tank Farm Glacier Bay Nat'l Park Whalesong Lodge Dick Levitt Gustavus Electric Dray Gustavus Dray Gas Station Gustavus Dray/Airport Communications and Utilities Telephone (Landline) Telephone (Cellular)	Phone	ACS of the AT&T Alaso	Fuel Available vice Provider Northland	Capacity 5 tanks/ 7,600 gals 1,000 gals 4 tanks/ 128,630 gals 111,678 gals 7,520 gals 9,432 gals
Fuel Stations Gustavus Dray Gas Station Tank Farm Glacier Bay Nat'l Park Whalesong Lodge Dick Levitt Gustavus Electric Dray Gustavus Dray Gas Station Gustavus Dray/Airport Communications and Utilities Telephone (Landline) Telephone (Cellular) Internet Service Provider	Phone	ACS of the	Fuel Available vice Provider Northland	Capacity 5 tanks/ 7,600 gals 1,000 gals 4 tanks/ 128,630 gals 111,678 gals 7,520 gals 9,432 gals
Fuel Stations Gustavus Dray Gas Station Tank Farm Glacier Bay Nat'l Park Whalesong Lodge Dick Levitt Gustavus Electric Dray Gustavus Dray Gas Station Gustavus Dray/Airport Communications and Utilities Telephone (Landline) Telephone (Cellular) Internet Service Provider Electricity Provider	Phone	ACS of the AT&T Alast SEAKnet	Fuel Available vice Provider Northland	Capacity 5 tanks/ 7,600 gals 1,000 gals 4 tanks/ 128,630 gals 111,678 gals 7,520 gals 9,432 gals
Fuel Stations Gustavus Dray Gas Station Tank Farm Glacier Bay Nat'l Park Whalesong Lodge Dick Levitt Gustavus Electric Dray Gustavus Dray Gas Station Gustavus Dray/Airport Communications and Utilities Telephone (Landline) Telephone (Cellular) Internet Service Provider	Phone	ACS of the AT&T Alast SEAKnet	Fuel Available vice Provider Northland	Capacity 5 tanks/ 7,600 gals 1,000 gals 4 tanks/ 128,630 gals 111,678 gals 7,520 gals 9,432 gals

Primary Water Supply System:	Individuals; US Park Service
Primary Sewage System:	Individuals; US Park Service

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT					
	available to support a spill response. Co	ontact local d	communities		
for additional information.					
, ,	erations Centers or Meeting Facilities				
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Capacity/	Internet		
	(organization & phone)	Size	Yes/No		
Gustavus Comm. Assoc					
Public Lib. & School Library					
Potential Staging Areas					
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Capacity/ S	iize		
	(organization & phone)				
Public Use Dock	907 697-2632				
Local Spill Response Equipmen	nt				
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Quantity			
	(organization & phone)				
Boom, sorbent pads, etc.					
Backhoe					
Bulldozer					
Dump truck or similar					
ADEC response equipment	located at the Bartlett Cove tank				
conex	farm, may be available through				
	Glacier Bay National Park by				
	contacting the Chief Ranger at 697-				
	2621, x621				
[other]					
	in the community for supporting a lar				
•	supply, seasonal water rationing, lack	of lodging,	waste-water		
restrictions, etc.					
Miles to any tiles to a second			· C ·		
oil spill?	e areas (<i>environmental or cultural</i>) to b	e protected i	n case of an		
Location	Latitude & Longitute	Reason for	protection		

Gustavus has a seasonal economy, with Glacier Bay National Park attracting a large number of tourists and recreation enthusiasts during the summer months. Gustavus has three kayaking companies and a nine-hole golf course. There are several sport fishing guides, and some commercial fishing occurs. Over 50% of the working people are employed by the Park Service. The lodge, airport, school, and small businesses also offer employment. Permanent residents number

approximately 460, but the number doubles in the summer. Approximately 60,000 tourists visit or transit this small community annually. Gardening is a prevalent activity during the summer.

Culture & Demographics:

When Capt. George Vancouver sailed through Icy Strait in 1794, Glacier Bay was completely covered by the Grand Pacific Glacier. Over the next century, the glacier retreated some 40 miles, and a spruce-hemlock forest began to develop. By 1916, it had retreated 65 miles from the position observed by Vancouver in 1794. Originally known as Strawberry Point due to the abundant wild strawberries, Gustavus, located on a flat area formed by the outwash from the glacier, an area that is still growing, began as an agricultural homestead in 1914. President Calvin Coolidge established Glacier Bay National Monument (including Gustavus) in 1925. After many appeals the homesteaders were able to keep their land and the Gustavus area was excluded from the monument, which became a National Park in 1980 with the passage of the Alaska National Interest Lands Conservation Act. The City of Gustavus was incorporated on April 1, 2004. Gustavus is primarily a "lifestyle" settlement community with a number of seasonal-use homes for Juneau residents; many residents came to Gustavus for the lifestyle, the nearness to natural resources, the beauty of the area, and the availability of subsistence activities. Just over 8% of the population is Alaska Native or part Native. Glacier Bay National Park is a major recreation and tourist attraction in Southeast Alaska.

Alaska Inland ACP SE-20 Version 1 9770: Southeast Alaska Geographic Zone DRAFT, June 2018

9770.9.5 – Haines Community Profile

Haines

Population: 1,806 (2011 DCCED certified estimate)

Incorporation Type: 1st Class City **Borough Located In**: Haines Borough

Regional Native Corporation: Sealaska Corporation

Location & Climate:

Haines is located on the western shore of Lynn Canal, between the Chilkoot and Chilkat Rivers, 80 air miles northwest of Juneau, just south of the Canadian border at British Columbia, and 570 air miles southeast of Anchorage, 600 from Fairbanks. By road, it is 775 miles from Anchorage NS lies at approximately 59.23583° North Latitude and -135.445° West Longitude. (Sec. 34, T030S, R059E, Copper River Meridian.) Haines has a maritime climate characterized by cool summers and mild winters: summer temperatures range from 46 to 66° F; winters range from 10 to 36. Temperature extremes have been recorded from -16 to 90° F. Total precipitation averages 52 inches a year, with 133 inches of snowfall.

EMERGENCY SE	EMERGENCY SERVICES					
Police: City Dept	Police	766-2121			Fire: City Volunteer Fire Dept	766-2115
VPSO:		None			EMS: Haines Volunteer Fire Dept/EMS Borough/Klehini Valley Fire Hall	766-2115/766-2121
Alaska Troopers: Troopers Post	State State	766-2552			Hospital: Haines Medical Clinic	766-2521 or 766- 6300
Harbormaster:		766-2448 0173	or	314-		

LOCAL ORGANIZATIONS AND STAKEHOLDERS				
Name: Haines	Phone: 766-2202	Fax: 766-2271	Website:	
Chamber of			http://haineschamber.org/	
Commerce				
Address: P.O.	Primary Contact:	City Clerk:	Other:	
Box 1449,			chamber@haineschamber.org	
Haines, AK				
99827				
Name: City of	Phone: 766-2231	Fax: 766-3179	Website:	
Haines				

Address: P.O. Box 1049, Haines, AK 99827	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other: svjohnston@wytbear.com
Name: Haines Visitors Bureau	Phone: 766-2234	Fax: 766-3155	Website: http://www.haines.ak.us/
Address: P.O. Box 530, Haines, AK 99827	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other: hcvb@haines.ak.us
Name: Chilkat Valley News	Phone: 766-2688	Fax: 766-2689	Website: http://www.chilkatvalleynews.com/
Address: P.O. Box 630, Haines, AK 99827	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other: cvn@chilkatvalleynews.com
Name: KHNS Radio	Phone: 766-2020	Fax: 766-2022	Website:
Address: P.O. Box 1109, Haines, AK 99827	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other:
Village Council: Chilkoot Indian Association of Haines	Phone: 766-2323	Fax: 766-2365	Website:
Address:P.O.Box490,Haines,AK99827-0490	Email:		Email: DaveBerry@wytbear.com

TRANSPORTATION		
ROAD:	Accessible by road?	Yes.
AIR:		Scheduled and charter flights available. Haines has a State-owned 4,600' paved runway, with daily scheduled flights to Juneau by small aircraft. There is also a State-owned seaplane base.
WATER:	Accessible by boat?	Yes. Haines is a major trans- shipment point because of its ice-free, deepwater port and dock. Northern stop for the

	Alaska Marine Highway (ferry) System.		
Local Transportation and Servi	ices		
Local Transportation:	Taxis: Haines Taxi		
	Year-round road access to Canada and Interior		
Local Roads and Trails:	Alaska on the Haines and Alaska Highways.		
Vehicle Rental:	New Other Guys Car Rentals, at local hotels		
Airline Services:	Wings of Alaska; Air Excursions.		

LOCAL SERVICES AND FACILITIES						
Lodging						
Housing Facility	Website		Phone			
Captain's Choice Motel			766-3111			
Eagles Nest Motel						
Fort Seward Lodge						
Hotel Halsingland						
Mountain View Motel						
Thunderbird Motel			766-2131			
Riverhouse B & B						
Summer Inn B & B						
Officers Inn B & B						
Fort Seward B & B						
Chilkat Eagle B & B						
Cathedral Peaks B & B						
Little Red House						
Chilkat Valley Inn B & B						
Bear Creek Camp &						
International Hostel						
Haines Hitch-Up RV Park						
Eagle Camper Park						
Portage Cove State						
Recreation Sites						
Mosquito Lake State						
Recreation Sites						
Chilkoot Lake State						
Recreation Sites						
Chilkat State Park						
Food Service & Groceries		T				
Name/Facility	Туре	Season	Phone			
	[Restaurant/Cafete					
	ria/					
	Grocery Store]					
	[Restaurant/Cafete					
	ria/					
	Grocery Store]					

	ria/	ria/				
	Grocery Store]					
	[Restaurant/Cafete					
	ria/					
		I				
Grocery Store] Supplies & Other Services						
Supplies & Other Services	Name			Phone		
General Store	Ivallie			Filone		
Hardware Store						
Bank or ATM				+		
[Other]						
Fuel Stations	Dha		First Assettable	Carrie		
Fuel Stations	Phone		Fuel Available	Season		
[Name/Operator]						
Tank Farm	Phone		Fuel Available	Capacity		
White Pass Alaska	1 110110			_ · ·	1,072,900 gals	
Delta Western				3,240,000		
Ward Cove Packing					18,000 gals	
Tlingit Haida Reg. Electric					23,000 gals	
Klukwan Forest Products					60,000 gals	
Communications and Utilitie	S			1 2 3 7 2 2 8 3		
	-	Name/Se	rvice Provider			
Telephone (Landline)		Alaska Telephone Company/AP&T				
Telephone (Cellular)		AT&T Alascom; GCI				
. c.epc. (cenalar)		GCI (www.gci.net); ICE Communications				
Internet Service Provider		(www.wytbear.com); SEAKnet				
Electricity Provider		Alaska Power Company, 766-6500 / 800-982-0136				
Local Power Plant						
School Power Plant						
Primary Water Supply System:		City Crystal Cathedrals Water				
Primary Sewage System:						
, , ,		1				
SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT						
The following facilities may be available to support a spill response. Contact local communities						
for additional information.						
Potential Command Posts, Operations Centers or Meeting Facilities						
Facility Name or Location	Contact			Capacity/	Internet	

[Restaurant/Cafete

(organization & phone)

Borough/Chilkat Center for

Museum-Borough/Sheldon Museum & Cultural Center

Bingo-ANB-ANS Hall

the Arts

Yes/No

Size

Library-Borough Public							
Library & School Libraries							
Haines Elementary School							
Haines High School							
Haines Junior High School							
Potential Staging Areas							
Facility Name or Location	Contact (organization & phone)	Capacity/ Size					
Boat Harbor	Harbormaster, 766-2448	two acres capacity					
Local Spill Response Equipmen	nt						
Facility Name or Location	Contact (organization & phone)	Quantity					
Boom, sorbent pads, etc.							
Backhoe							
Bulldozer							
Dump truck or similar							
SEAPRO	225-7002						
Skiff w/outboard	766-2448 or 314-0173						
ADEC response equipment	Available through the City & Borough						
conex	of Haines; contact the harbormaster						
	at 766-2448, cell: 723-4730.						
Are there any limiting factors in the community for supporting a large spill response effort? Examples are restricted food supply, seasonal water rationing, lack of lodging, waste-water restrictions, etc.							
What are the top two sensitive areas (<i>environmental or cultural</i>) to be protected in case of an oil spill?							
Location	Latitude & Longitute Reason for protection						

Commercial fishing, timber, government, tourism, and transportation are the primary employers. Many jobs are seasonal. Tourism as well as the traffic Haines draws as a result of its road connection to the State Ferry are important factors in the economy. In 2001, Royal Caribbean Cruise Lines ceased serving Haines as a port of call; the town now averages around 45,000 cruise ship passenger visit yearly. In 2010, 107 residents held commercial fishing permits. The Chilkat Bald Eagle Preserve draws visitors from around the world.

Culture & Demographics:

The Haines area was called "Dei Shu" by the Tlingit, meaning "end of the trail." The Chilkat Tlingit tightly controlled the trading routes between the coast and the Interior. In 1881, a Presbyterian minister received permission from the Chilkat to build a mission and school, which was named Haines in 1884. During the Klondike gold rush in the late 1890s, Haines grew as a mining supply center since the Dalton Trail from Chilkat Inlet to Whitehorse offered an easier route to the Yukon

for prospectors. Gold was also discovered 36 miles from Haines in 1899. Four canneries had been constructed in the area by the turn of the century and the city incorporated in 1910. The first permanent U.S. military installation was constructed south of Haines in 1904, and until World War II it was the only U.S. Army post in Alaska; it was deactivated in 1946 and sold as surplus property to a group of veterans who established it as Port Chilkoot, which became a city in 1956, but merged with Haines into one municipality in 1970. The post was designated a national historic site n 1972, and the original name, Fort William Seward, restored. The last of the canneries closed in 1972 due to declining fish stocks. Expansion of the timber industry in the early 1970s fueled growth, but the sawmills closed in 1976. In 2002, the city was consolidated with the Haines Borough. Haines is home to the world's largest congregation of bald eagles, who feed from the hot spring-fed rivers; the Chilkat Bald Eagle Preserve, 18 miles north of Haines, is a major attraction. A federally-recognized tribe is located in the community, the Chilkoot Indian Assoc. of Haines., with 19% of the population Alaska Native or part Native. Historically Chilkat Indian territory, Haines is now predominantly a non-Native community. There are two Chilkat Indian Villages in the area: the Chilkoot in Haines and the Chilkat in Klukwan.

9770.9.6 – Hoonah Community Profile Hoonah

Population: 753 (2011 DCCED certified estimate)

Incorporation Type: 1st Class City **Borough Located In:** Unorganized

Regional Native Corporation: Sealaska Corporation

Location & Climate:

Hoonah is a Tlingit community located on the northeast shore of Chichagof Island, 40 air miles west of Juneau, at approximately 58.11° North Latitude and -135.44361° West Longitude. (Sec. 28, T043S, R061E, Copper River Meridian.) Hoonah is located in the Sitka Recording District. Hoonah's maritime climate is characterized by cool summers and mild winters: summer temperatures average 52 to 63° F; winter temperatures average 26 to 39° F. Temperature extremes have been recorded from -25 to 87. Precipitation averages 100 inches annually, with 71 inches of snowfall. The airport is closed 20 to 30 days a year due to poor weather; usually foggy periods in the spring and fall.

EMERGENCY SERVICES			
Police: City Police Dept	945-3655	Fire: City Volunteer Fire Dept./EMS	945-3655
VPSO:	None	EMS: Hoonah Volunteer EMS	945-3631/945-3655
Alaska State Troopers:	945-3620	Hospital : Hoonah Medical Clinic	945-3235
Harbormaster:	945-3670		

LOCAL ORGANIZATIONS AND STAKEHOLDERS			
Name: City of	Phone: 945-3663	Fax: 945-3445	Website:
Hoonah			
Address: P.O.	Primary Contact:	City Clerk:	Other:
Box 360,			
Hoonah, AK			
99829			
Name: Hoonah	Phone: 945-3611	Fax: 945-3492	Website:
City Schools			http://www.hoonahschools.org/
Address: P.O.	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other:
Box 157,			howarddiamond@yahoo.com

Hoonah, AK			
99829-0157			
Village	Phone: 789-1773	Fax: 789-1896	Website:
Corporation:			
Huna Totem			
Corporation			
Address: 9301	Email:		
Glacier Hwy.			
#A-103, Juneau,			
AK 99801			
Village Council:	Phone: 945-3545	Fax: 945-3703	Website:
Hoonah Indian			
Association			
Address: P.O.	Email:		
Box 602,	JDybd1111@aol.com		
Hoonah, AK			
99829			

TRANSPORTATION			
ROAD:	Accessible by road?		No road access.
			Scheduled and charter flights available. The State owns and operates an airport with a 3,000' paved runway and a seaplane base, both served by scheduled small aircraft from
AIR:			Juneau.
WATER:	Accessible by b	oat?	Yes. AMHS Ferry
Local Transportation and Serv	ices		
Local Transportation:		Taxis: Papa's Cab	
Local Roads and Trails:		Extensive logging road system on northwest Chichagof Island.	
Vehicle Rental:			
Airline Services:		Wings of Alas Excursions.	ska; Glacier Bay Airways; Air

LOCAL SERVICES AND FACILITIES			
Lodging	Lodging		
Housing Facility	Website	Phone	
Hoonah Lodge		945-3663	
Mary's Inn		945-3228	
Snug Harbor			
Lodge			
Tina's Room			
Rentals & Apts		945-3442/9442	

Add Add Add Add	<u> </u>		T
Whale Watch			045 2227
Lodge B&B			945-3327
Dancing Bears			
B&B			
Three Wolves			0.45 0.750
Den			945-3762
Icy Straight Lodge			945-3636 / 209-4806
High Hopes			945-3777
Wind N Sea			945-3438
Food Service & Gro			
Name/Facility	Туре	Season	Phone
	[Restaurant/Cafeteri		
	a/		
	Grocery Store]		
	[Restaurant/Cafeteri		
	a/		
	Grocery Store]		
	[Restaurant/Cafeteri		
	a/		
	Grocery Store]		
	[Restaurant/Cafeteri		
	a/		
	Grocery Store]		
Supplies & Other S			
	Name		Phone
General Store			
Hardware Store			
Bank or ATM			
[Other]			
Fuel			
Fuel Stations	Phone	Fuel Available	Season
[Name/Operator]			
Tank Farm	Phone	Fuel Available	Capacity
Hoonah Oil Co./L			
Kane Store			5 @ 101,360 gals.
THREA			5 @ 34,484
Hoonah Trading			6 @ 212,105
School District			3,000
Ward Cove			
Packing			2 @ 6,100
Tlingit-Haida Reg.			
Housing			1,100
Hoonah Cold			
Storage			1,971

Hoonah Public	
Works	2,000
Communications and Utilitie	es
	Name/Service Provider
Telephone (Landline)	ACS of the Northland
Telephone (Cellular)	AT&T Alascom
Internet Service Provider	Hoonah.Net
	Tlingit-Haida Regional Electrical Authority and Inside Passage
Electricity Provider	Electric Cooperative (IPEC) 945-3611
Local Power Plant	
School Power Plant	
Primary Water Supply	
System:	
Primary Sewage System:	

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT

The following facilities may be available to support a spill response. Contact local communities for additional information.

for additional information.					
Potential Command Posts, Op	Potential Command Posts, Operations Centers or Meeting Facilities				
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Capacity/	Internet		
	(organization & phone)	Size	Yes/No		
ANB/ANS Hall					
Hoonah City Hall					
City Youth Center					
Senior Center					
Bingo Hall					
Museum-Hoonah Indian					
Assoc					
Public Library & School					
Library					
Hoonah Elementary School					
Hoonah Jr./Sr. High School					
Potential Staging Areas					
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Capacity/ S	ize		
	(organization & phone)				
HMIC			, Front St.		
		Capacity 3			
Hoonah Ferry Terminal		-	1.5 acres,		
		`	ИHS Ferry		
		DOT/PF)			
Local Spill Response Equipment					
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Quantity			
	(organization & phone)				
Boom, sorbent pads, etc.					
Backhoe		1			
Bulldozer		1			

Dump truck or similar	Public Works: 957-2386	2	
Skiff w/ outboard	Harbormaster, 945-3670 / 321-5476	1	
ADEC response equipment	Harbormaster, 945-3670 / 321-5476		
conex			
USCG response equipment			
conex			
Are there any limiting factors	in the community for supporting a lar	ge spill response effort?	
Examples are restricted food	supply, seasonal water rationing, lack	of lodging, waste-water	
restrictions, etc.	restrictions, etc.		
What are the top two sensitive	e areas (environmental or cultural) to be	e protected in case of an	
oil spill?			
Location	Latitude & Longitute	Reason for protection	

Fishing and local government are mainstays of the economy; in 2010, 82 residents held commercial fishing permits. Some employment occurs at the Hoonah Cold Storage plant. Whitestone Logging Inc. and Southeast Stevedoring (a sort-yard and timber transfer facility) are major private employers. The city and the school district are the main public sector employers. In 2004, Hoonah began hosting cruise ship visitors from the Celebrity Summit twice each week at Icy Strait Point. Subsistence activities are an important component of the lifestyle; salmon, halibut, shellfish, deer, waterfowl and berries are harvested.

Culture & Demographics:

Hoonah means "village by the cliff" and is the principal village for the Huna, a Tlingit tribe that has occupied the Glacier Bay/Icy Strait area since prehistory. Local legend tells of an original ancestral home in Glacier Bay that was destroyed by a glacial advance. The Northwest Trading Co. built the first store in Hoonah in 1880, and the next year the Presbyterian Home Mission and school were built. By 1887, 450 to 500 people were wintering in the village, and a post office was established in 1901. In 1912, the Hoonah Packing Co. built a large cannery one mile north of town. The Thompson Fish Company still operates today as Hoonah Cold Storage. In 1944, a fire destroyed much of the city and many priceless Tlingit cultural objects; the federal government assisted in rebuilding the community. The City of Hoonah was incorporated in 1946. Commercial fishing and logging remain major industries, and most residents maintain a subsistence lifestyle. A federally-recognized tribe is located in the community, the Hoonah Indian Association, with 70% of the population Alaska Native or part Native. Hoonah is the largest Tlingit village in Alaska.

9770.9.7 – Hydaburg Community Profile Hydaburg

Population: 406 (2011 DCCED certified estimate)

Incorporation Type: 1st Class City **Borough Located In**: Unorganized

Regional Native Corporation: Sealaska Corporation

Location & Climate:

Hydaburg is located on the southwest coast of Prince of Wales Island, 45 air miles northwest of Ketchikan, 36 road miles west of Hollis, site of the State Ferry landing. Hydaburg is located in the Ketchikan Recording District and lies at approximately 55.20806° North Latitude and 132.82667° West Longitude. (Sec. 12, T077S, R083E, Copper River Meridian.) Prince of Wales Island is dominated by a cool, moist, maritime climate: summer temperatures range from 49 to 63° F; winter temperatures range from 32 to 42° F. Average annual precipitation is 120 inches, including 40 inches of snow.

EMERGENCY SERVICES	EMERGENCY SERVICES			
Police:	None	Fire: City Volunteer Fire Dept.; City Fire Hall	285-3321	
VPSO: State VPSO	953-3322/285-3321	EMS: Hydaburg EMS Prince of Wales Island Area EMS	285-3375 826-2367/3330	
Alaska State Troopers: Troopers in Klawock	755-2955	Hospital: Hydaburg Health Clinic	285-3462	

LOCAL ORG	LOCAL ORGANIZATIONS AND STAKEHOLDERS			
Name: Cit	y of	Phone: 285-3761	Fax: 285-3760	Website:
Hydaburg				
Address:	P.O.	Primary Contact:	City Clerk:	Other:
Box	49,			hydaburgcity@hotmail.com
Hydaburg,	ΑK			
99922				
Name:		Phone: 285-3491	Fax: 285-3391	Website:
Hydaburg	City			
Schools				
Address:	P.O.	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other:
Box	109,			hydaburgschools@hotmail.com
Hydaburg,	AK			
99922-010	9			

Village	Phone: 285-3721	Fax: 285-3944	Website:
Corporation:			
Haida			
Corporation			
Address: P.O.	Email:		
Box 89,	ceo-		
Hydaburg, AK	haida@excite.com		
99922			
Village Council:	Phone: 285-3666	Fax: 285-3667	Website:
Hydaburg			
Cooperative			
Association			
Address: P.O.	Email:		
Box 349,			
Hydaburg, AK			
99922			

TRANSPORTATION				
ROAD:	Accessible by r	oad?	No road access	
			Scheduled flights from	
			Hydaburg connect to	
			Ketchikan. The State owns	
			and operates a seaplane base	
			in Hydaburg, with an FAA-	
AIR:			designated approach	
WATER:	Accessible by boat?		Inter-Island Ferry docks	
Local Transportation and Servi	ices			
Local Transportation:				
		A road leads to Craig, Klawock and Hollis,		
Local Roads and Trails:		where the Inter-Island Ferry docks.		
Vehicle Rental:			·	
Airline Services:		Taquan Air Service; Ketchikan Air Service		

LOCAL SERVICES AND FACILITIES				
Lodging				
Housing Facility	Website		Phone	
Marlene Edenshaw's Boarding				
House			285-3254	
Fran Sanderson's B&B			285-3139	
Food Service & Groceries				
Name/Facility	Туре	Season	Phone	
	[Restaurant/Cafeteria			
	/			
Hyda Market	Grocery Store]		285-3311	
	[Restaurant/Cafeteria			
	1			

	_		T	T	
	Grocery St				
	[Restauran	t/Cafeteria			
	/				
	Grocery St				
	[Restauran	t/Cafeteria			
	/				
	Grocery St	ore]			
Supplies & Other Services					
	Name			Phone	
General Store					
Hardware Store					
Bank or ATM					
[Other]					
Fuel					
			Fuel		
			Availabl		
Fuel Stations	Phone		е	Season	
[Name/Operator]					
			Fuel		
			Availabl		
Tank Farm	Phone		е	Capacity	
				6 tanks/	100,000
Haida Oil Products				gals	
Haida Apartment Bldg.				1,100	
Alaska Power & Telephone				2 @ 21,000)
Communications and Utilities					
		<u> </u>	vice Provid		
Telephone (Landline)		Alaska Telephone Company/AP&T			
Telephone (Cellular)		AT&T Alascom; Alaska Telephone			
Internet Service Provider		Alaska Pov	wer & Telep	hone Compa	ny
Electricity Provider		Alaska Pov	wer Compar	ıy	
Local Power Plant					
School Power Plant					
Primary Water Supply System:					
Primary Sewage System:					

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT

The following facilities may be available to support a spill response. Contact local communities for additional information.

Potential Command Posts, Operations Centers or Meeting Facilities							
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Contact Capacity/ Internet					
	(organization & phone)	Size	Yes/No				
ANB Hall							
Hydaburg Municipal Building							
Hydaburg Elementary School							

Hydaburg Jr./Sr. High School						
Potential Staging Areas						
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Capacity/ Size				
	(organization & phone)					
Ball Park	Call the City Office, 285-3761					
Local Spill Response Equipmen	nt					
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Quantity				
	(organization & phone)					
Boom, sorbent pads, etc.						
Backhoe	285-3666	1				
Bulldozer						
Dump truck or similar						
[other]						
[other]						
Are there any limiting factors in the community for supporting a large spill response effort? Examples are restricted food supply, seasonal water rationing, lack of lodging, waste-water restrictions, etc.						
What are the top two sensitive oil spill?	e areas (<i>environmental or cultural</i>) to b	e protected in case of an				
Location	Latitude & Longitute	Reason for protection				

Hydaburg has a fishing and timber-based economy, with 22 residents holding commercial fishing permits in 2011. The Haida Corporation owns a substantial timber holding, although it suspended logging in 1985 due to a decline in the timber market. The Corporation's log storage facility and sort yard are leased to Sealaska Corp., where residents are employed with Southeast Stevedoring part-time in shipping and loading timber. The city, school, Haida Corp. and SEARHC are other leading employers. The community is interested in developing a fish processing facility, a U.S. Forest Service Visitor Center, specialty woodworking, and a mini-mall/retail center. Subsistence food sources include deer, salmon, halibut, shrimp and crab.

Culture & Demographics:

During the mid to late 1700s, the Haida Indians migrated to Prince of Wales, a predominantly Tlingit area, from Graham Island in the Queen Charlotte Islands, Canada. In 1911, three Haida villages (Sukkwan, Howkan and Klinkwan) combined at the present site for their children to attend school; it was designated as the Hydaburg Indian Reservation in 1912. The new village established a trading company, store and sawmill. However, the villagers were never comfortable with the arrangement, and at their request in 1926, the land was restored to its former status as part of the Tongass National Forest, with 189 acres of land reserved for the school and townsite disposals. Hydaburg was incorporated as a city in 1927, three years after its people had become citizens of the United States. The first fish processing plant opened in 1927, and three other canneries operated through the 1930s. When the Indian Reorganization Act (IRA) was amended in 1936 to

include Alaska Natives, Hydaburg became the first village in Alaska to form an IRA Council. Hydaburg remains the largest Haida village in Alaska. Residents maintain a subsistence and commercial fishing lifestyle. A totem park, developed in the 1930s, is located in the village. A federally-recognized tribe is located in the community, the Hydaburg Cooperative Association, with 90% of the population Alaska Native or part Native.

9770.9.8 – Hyder Community Profile

<u>Hyder</u>

Population: 94 (2011 Alaska Department of Labor Estimate)

Incorporation Type: Unincorporated **Borough Located In**: Unorganized **Regional Native Corporation:** N/A

Location & Climate:

Hyder is nestled at the head of Portland Canal, a 70 mile-long fjord, which forms a portion of the U.S./Canadian border. Hyder is just two miles from Stewart, British Columbia, 75 air miles from Ketchikan, and lies at approximately 55.916940° North Latitude and -130.02472° West Longitude. (Sec. 01, T069S, R100E, Copper River Meridian.) Hyder is located in the Ketchikan Recording District. It is the only community below Haines and Skagway in southeastern Alaska accessible by road. Hyder is in the maritime climate zone with warm winters, cool summers and heavy precipitation: summer temperatures range from 41 to 57° F; winters range from 25 to 43° F. Temperature extremes have been measured from -18 to 89° F. Rainfall averages 78 inches annually, with an annual mean snowfall of 162 inches.

(Note: Hyder is the only town in Alaska that does not use the 907 area code.)

EMERGENCY SERVICES					
Police:		None	Fire: Hyder VFD	250-636-9148	
VPSO:		None	EMS: Hyder Emergency Services	250-636-6804/2722	
Alaska Troopers: Troopers in Keto	State State chikan	225-5118	Hospital: Hyder Health Clinic Stewart General Hospital in B.C., Canada flight to Ketchikan or Juneau		

LOCAL OF	RGANIZA	ATIONS AND	STAKEHOLI	DERS		
Name:	Hyder	Phone:	250-636-	Fax:	250-636-	Website:
Commun	ity	9148		2518		
Association	on, Inc					
Address:	P.O.	Primary Co	ntact:	City Cl	erk:	Other:
Box 149	Hyder,					
AK 99923	3-0149					
Name: T	ongass	Phone:	250-638-	Fax:	250-638-	Website:
Power 8	k Light	8101		5695		
Company	1					

Address: 5220	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other:
Keith Avenue			
Terrace, BC V8G			
4R5			

TRANSPORTATION				
ROAD:	Accessible by r	oad?	Yes.	
AIR:			Hyder usually is accessed by the twice-weekly mail plane or chartered float plane out of Ketchikan. A gravel airstrip is located in Stewart B.C.	
WATER:	Accessible by b	oat?		
Local Transportation and Serv	ices			
Local Transportation:				
		A spur road off the Cassiar Hwy through Canada provides road access north to the		
Local Roads and Trails:		Alaska Hwy. or	south to the Yellowhead Hwy.	
Vehicle Rental:				
Airline Services:	·	Taquan Air Service		

LOCAL CEDVICES AND FACILITIES			
LOCAL SERVICES AND FACILITIES Lodging	<u> </u>		
Housing Facility	Website		Phone
Kathy's Korner B&B			250-636-2393
Sealaska Inn			604-636-9001
Grand View Inn			604-636-9174
King Edward Hotel in Stewart, BC			604-636-2244
Food Service & Groceries			
Name/Facility	Туре	Season	Phone
	[Restaurant/Cafeteria / Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafeteria / Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafeteria / Cafeteria /		
	Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafeteria / Grocery Store]		
Supplies & Other Services			
	Name		Phone
General Store			

	1			
Hardware Store				
Bank or ATM				
[Other]				
Fuel				
Fuel Stations	Phone		Fuel Available	Season
[Name/Operator]				
Tank Farm	Phone		Fuel Available	Capacity
Communications and Utilities				
		Name/Se	rvice Provider	
Telephone (Landline)		Alaska Te	lephone Company	r/AP&T
Telephone (Cellular)		Telus (Canadian Company)		
Internet Service Provider		Telus		
Electricity Provider		Tongass P	ower & Light Com	pany and BC Hydro
Local Power Plant				
School Power Plant				
Primary Water Supply System:				
Primary Sewage System:				
SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT				
The following facilities may be available to support a spill response. Contact local communities				
for additional information.				
Potential Command Posts, Open	ations Cente	rs or Meeti	ing Facilities	

Facility Name or Location Contact Capacity/ Internet (organization & phone) Size Yes/No Public Hyder Safety/Community Hall Hyder School **Potential Staging Areas Facility Name or Location** Contact Capacity/ Size (organization & phone) **Local Spill Response Equipment Facility Name or Location** Contact Quantity (organization & phone) Boom, sorbent pads, etc. Backhoe Bulldozer Dump truck or similar [other] [other]

	in the community for supporting a larg supply, seasonal water rationing, lack	• • •
What are the top two sensitive oil spill?	e areas (<i>environmental or cultural</i>) to be	e protected in case of an
Location	Latitude & Longitute	Reason for protection

Hyder's economy is based primarily on tourism today; visitors cross the border from Canada. Four of the five largest employers are tourist-related, and visitor services are shared with Stewart, B.C. A bottled water business employs local residents. Four residents hold commercial fishing permits. Recreational fishing and hunting provide food for some families. Deer, salmon, shrimp and crab are the favorite resources.

Culture & Demographics:

The Nisga'a tribe, who live throughout western British Columbia, called the head of Portland Canal "Skam-A-Kounst," meaning "safe place," probably referring to the site as a retreat from the harassment of the coastal Haidas. The Nisga'a used this area as a seasonal berry-picking and birdhunting site. In 1896, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers explored Portland Canal. Gold and silver lodes were discovered in this area in late 1898, mainly on the Canadian side in the upper Salmon River basin. Townships sprung up concurrently on the Alaskan and Canadian sides of the border: on the Alaskan side, the township of Portland City was founded. In 1914, local prospectors applied for a postal permit for the settlement, but were denied on the basis that too many United States communities shared the name "Portland." So the community chose Hyder, after Frederick Hyder, a respected Canadian mining engineer who predicted a bright future for the area. Hyder was the only practical point of access to the silver mining properties in Canada, and the community became the ocean port, supply point, and post office for miners by 1917. The Riverside Mine on U.S. territory extracted gold, silver, copper, lead, zinc, and tungsten, operating from 1924 until 1950 and providing Hyder's boom years, primarily between 1920 and 1930. In 1948, the townsite, built on pilings, was destroyed by fire. By 1956, all major mining in the region had closed except for the Granduc Copper Mine in Canada, which operated until 1984. Several mining startups near Stewart have come and gone in the past three decades, but no mining activity has occurred on the Alaskan side of the border since the Riverside Mine closed. The population of the community consists of 4.1% Alaska Native or part Native. Hyder is dependent on tourism from ferry and highway visitors and is known as the "Friendliest Ghost Town in Alaska." Due to its isolation from other Alaskan communities and its close proximity to Stewart, British Columbia (population 500), Hyder has many cultural ties with Canada and also receives electric and telephone service from Canadian companies, thus it uses the 250 area code (Hyder is the only community in Alaska not using the 907 area code.) Because of its proximity to the border and the lack of banks in Hyder or Stewart, Hyder businesses operate on either U.S. or Canadian currency.

9770.9.9 – Juneau Community Profile <u>Juneau</u>

Population: 32,290 (2011 DCCED certified estimate) **Incorporation Type**: Unified Home Rule Municipality

Borough Located In: Juneau **Regional Native Corporation:** None

Location & Climate:

Located on the mainland of Southeast Alaska, opposite Douglas Island, Juneau was built at the heart of the Inside Passage along the Gastineau Channel. The city lies 900 air miles northwest of Seattle and 577 air miles southeast of Anchorage, at approximately 58.30194° North Latitude and -134.41972° West Longitude. (Sec. 23, T041S, R067E, Copper River Meridian.) Juneau, located in the mildest climate zone in Alaska, has a mild, maritime climate: average summer temperatures range from 44 to 65° F; winter temperatures range from 25 to 35° F. Annual precipitation is 92 inches in downtown Juneau and 54 inches at the airport ten miles north. Snowfall averages 101 inches.

EMERGENCY SERVICES				
Police:	586-0600	Fire:	Dispatch: 911	
Borough Police Dept		Capital City	Office: 586-5322	
		Fire/Rescue		
VPSO:	None	EMS:		
		Capital City		
		Fire/Rescue/EMS		
		Dept		
Alaska State	465-4000	Hospital:	586-2611 / 463-4919	
Troopers:		Bartlett Regional	/ 465-3353	
		Hospital		

LOCAL ORGANIZATIONS AND STAKEHOLDERS					
Name: City &	Phone: 586-5240	Fax: 586-5385	Website: http://www.juneau.org/		
Borough of					
Juneau					
Address: 155	Primary Contact:	City Clerk:	Other:		
South Seward					
Street,					
Juneau, AK					
99801,					
Name:	Phone: 463-3488	Fax: 463-3489	Website:		
Juneau					
Chamber of					
Commerce					
Address:	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other:		
3100 Channel					

Drive, Suite			
300, Juneau,			
AK 99801			
Name:	Phone: 586-1737	Fax: 463-4961	Website:
Juneau	11101101300 1737	1441 103 1301	http://www.juneau.com/
Convention &			,
Visitors			
Bureau			
Address: 369	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other: jcvb@ptialaska.net
S. Franklin	•		, ,
Street,			
Juneau, AK			
99801			
Name:	Phone: 463-3662	Fax: 463-3929	Website: http://www.jedc.org/
Juneau			
Economic			
Dev. Council			
Address: 612	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other: admin@jedc.org
W.			
Willoughby			
Avenue,			
Juneau, AK			
99801			
Name: Alaska	Phone: 463-3304	Fax: 463-3304	Website: http://www.aelp.com/
Electric Light			
& Power Co.	Duine and Canada at	City Claude	Oth
Address: 5601	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other: webmaster@aelp.com
Tonsgard Court,			
Juneau, AK			
99801			
Name:	Phone: 789-3196	Fax: 798-0585	Website:
Tlingit-Haida	1.10.10.703 3130	, 50 0303	
Regional			
Electrical			
Authority			
Address: P.O.	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other:
Box 210149,	-		
Auke Bay, AK			
99821			
Name:	Phone: 780-6868	Fax: 780-6895	Website:
Tlingit-Haida			
Reg Housing			
Authority			
Address: P.O.	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other: thrha@ptialaska.net
Box 32237,			

ka.net
a net
a.net
pire.com/

Address: Prim	nary Contact:	City Clerk	Other:
3100 Channel	,	5.1., 5.5.1.	
Drive,			
Juneau, AK			
99801-7814			
Name: Alaska Phor	ne: 586-1325	Fax: 463-5480	Website:
Municipal			
League			
Address: 217 Prim	nary Contact:	City Clerk	Other: juliek@pobox.alaska.net
Second Street			
#200, Juneau,			
AK 99801			
Name: Phor	ne: 586-6942	Fax: 463-3312	Website: http://www.seacc.org/
Southeast			
Alaska			
Conservation			
Council			
	nary Contact:	City Clerk	Other: info@seacc.org
Sixth St.,			
#328, Juneau,			
AK 99801			
	ne: 463-3445	Fax: 463-4425	Website:
Southeast			http://www.seconference.org/
Conference			
	nary Contact:	City Clerk	Other:
Box 21989,			Loren_Gerhard@seconference.org
Juneau, AK			
99802	463,4000	F 462 4075	Make the latter the second second
	ne: 463-4000	Fax: 463-4075	Website: http://www.searhc.org/
Southeast			
Alaska			
Regional			
Health Consortium			
	nary Contact:	City Clerk	Other: webmaster@searhc.org
3245 Hospital	ialy Contact.	City Clerk	Other: Webinaster@searnc.org
Dr., Juneau,			
AK 99801			
	ne: 465-2835	Fax: 465-2935	Website:
Alyeska	100 2000		
Central			
School			
	nary Contact:	City Clerk	Other:
3141 Channel	•		michael_opp@eed.state.ak.us
Dr., #100,			
Juneau, AK			
99801-7897			

Name:	Phone: 463-1700	Fax: 463-1768	Website:
Juneau	1.1101101.1100 =7.00	1 4344 100 2700	http://www.juneauschools.org/
Borough			, well with the second of the
Schools			
Address:	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other: baderg@jsd.k12.ak.us
10014 Crazy	•	,	
Horse Dr.,			
Juneau, AK			
99801			
Name:	Phone: 586-1512	Fax: 586-1826	Website:
Sealaska			http://www.sealaska.com/
Corporation			,
Address: One	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other:
Sealaska	•	,	ross.soboleff@sealaska.com
Plaza #400,			_
Juneau, AK			
99801			
Village	Phone: 790-4990	Fax: 790-4999	Website:
Corporation:			http://www.goldbelt.com/
Goldbelt			
Address:	Email:		
9097 Glacier	goldbelt@goldbelt.com		
Hwy. #200,			
Juneau, AK			
99801			
Village	Phone: 465-4120	Fax: 790-2550	Website:
Council:			
Aukquan			
Traditional			
Council			
Address:	Email:		
9296 Stephen			
Richards			
Memorial Dr.,			
Juneau, AK			
99801	DL 500 4400	F. 505 3375	Make the last 11 and 12
Village	Phone: 586-1432	Fax: 586-8970	Website: http://www.ccthita.org/
Council:			
Central			
Council			
Tlingit &			
Haida Indian			
Tribes of			
Alaska	Emaile		
Address: 320	Email:		
W.	econdev@ccthita.org		
Willoughby			

Ave, #300,		
Juneau, AK		
99801		

TRANSPORTATION				
ROAD:	Accessible by r	oad?	No road access	
			Scheduled and charter flights	
AIR:	Juneau Interna	tional Airport	available.	
			Yes (Alaska Marine Highway	
WATER:	Accessible by b	oat?	(ferry) System)	
Local Transportation and Serv	ices			
		Municipal Bus	System; Taxis: Capital Cab; Taku	
Local Transportation:		Glacier Cab; Alaska Cab;		
Local Roads and Trails:				
Vehicle Rental:		Avis; Hertz; All Star; Payless; Rent-a-Wreck		
	Alaska Airlines;		nes; Alaska Coastal; Era	
		Helicopters; Temsco Helicopters; Ward A		
Airline Services:		Wings of Alaska		

LOCAL SERVICES AND FACILITIES				
Lodging				
Housing Facility	Website		Phone	
Alaskan Hotel				
The Driftwood Lodge				
Breakwater Inn				
Prospector Hotel				
Cashen Quarters B&B				
Goldbelt Hotel				
Westmark Baranof				
Best Western				
Grandma's Featherbed TraveLodge				
Frontier Suites				
Blueberry Lodge B&B				
Inn at the Waterfront				
Silverbow Inn				
Super 8 Motel				
Best Western Country Lane Inn				
Pearson's Pond Luxury Inn and Garden				
Spa				
Juneau International Youth Hostel				
Food Service & Groceries				
Name/Facility	Туре	Season	Phone	
	[Restaurant/Cafeteri			
	a/			
	Grocery Store]			

	T		1	
	-	nt/Cafeteri		
	a/			
	Grocery S			
	-	nt/Cafeteri		
	a/			
	Grocery S			
	_	nt/Cafeteri		
	a/	_		
	Grocery S	toreJ		
Supplies & Other Services	I			T -
	Name			Phone
General Store				
Hardware Store				
Washeteria				
Bank or ATM				
[Other]				
Fuel	1			
			Fuel	
			Availabl	
Fuel Stations	Phone		е	Season
[Name/Operator]				
			Fuel	
			Availabl	
Tank Farm	Phone		е	Capacity
Delta Western				
Petro Marine				
Crowly				
AEL&P/Auke Bay Power Plant				125,000 gals
AEL&P Lemon Creek Power Plant				200,000 gals
				11 tanks/ 126,500
Klukwan Forest Products				gals
Echo Bay Alaska Inc./Kensington Mine				3 tanks/ 60,000 gals
				6 tanks/ 366,000
Greens Creek Mine/Admiralty Island				gals
Landfill				12,500 gals
Communications and Utilities				
		Name/Se	rvice Provi	der
Telephone (Landline)				
Telephone (Cellular)		GCI		
Internet Service Provider		GCI		
Electricity Provider		Alaska Ele	ectric Light	& Power Company
Local Power Plant				
School Power Plant				
		1 -		
Primary Water Supply System:				

	available to support a spill response. Co	ontact local d	communities				
for additional information.	austions Contous or Masting Facilities						
Potential Command Posts, Operations Centers or Meeting Facilities Facility Name or Location Contact Capacity/ Internet							
racility Name or Location		Capacity/ Size					
Duivata /Zaala Candan Vavith	(organization & phone)	Size	Yes/No				
Private/Zach Gordon Youth							
Center Community Hall							
Centennial Hall							
Borough Assembly Chambers							
Moose Lodge							
Elks Lodge							
Bingo Hall							
Movie Theater							
Alaska State Museum							
Library							
Potential Staging Areas							
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Capacity/ S	Size				
	(organization & phone)						
Local Spill Response Equipmen	nt						
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Quantity					
	(organization & phone)						
Boom, sorbent pads, etc.							
Backhoe							
Bulldozer							
Dump truck or similar							
[other]							
[other]							
Are there any limiting factors	in the community for supporting a lar	ge spill resp	onse effort?				
Examples are restricted food	supply, seasonal water rationing, lack	of lodging,	waste-water				
restrictions, etc.							
What are the top two sensitive	e areas (environmental or cultural) to be	e protected i	n case of an				
oil spill?							
Location	Latitude & Longitute	Reason for	protection				
	-						

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT

As the State capital, State and federal employment provide the bulk of jobs, with tourism providing a major seasonal boost. State government, the City & Borough of Juneau, and federal agencies provide nearly 45% of the employment in the community. Juneau is home to State legislators and their staff during the legislative session between January and May. Tourism, based primarily on ships cruising the Inside Passage, is a significant contributor to the private sector economy during the summer months, providing a \$130 million income and nearly 2,000 jobs. Over 690,000 visitors arrive by cruise ship, and another 100,000 independent travelers visit Juneau each year. Support services for logging and fish processing contribute to the Juneau economy, and 357 residents hold commercial fishing permits. DIPAC, a private non-profit organization, operates a fish hatchery that increases the local salmon population. The Kennecott Green's Creek Mine produces gold, silver, lead and zinc, and is the largest silver mine in North America.

Culture & Demographics:

The area was a fish camp for the indigenous Tlingit Indians. In 1880, nearly 20 years before the gold rushes to the Klondike and Nome, Chief Kowee of the Auk Tribe lead Joe Juneau and Richard Harris to Gold Creek, where they found mother lode deposits upstream, staked mining claims, and developed a 160-acre-incorporated city, which brought many prospectors to the area. The City of Juneau was formed in 1900 and the State capital transferred from Sitka to Juneau in 1906. The Treadwell and Ready Bullion mines across the channel on Douglas Island became world-scale mines, operating from 1882 until 1917, when a cave-in and flood closed the Treadwell mine. In 1916, the Alaska-Juneau gold mine was built on the mainland, becoming the largest operation of its kind in the world, before closing in 1944. A sawmill, the fishing industry, canneries, and transportation and trading services contributed to Juneau's growth through the early 1900s. In 1970, the City of Juneau and City of Douglas were unified into the City & Borough of Juneau. Juneau, the third largest community in Alaska, has a Native Tlingit history along with a strong historical influence from the early prospectors and boom town that grew around mining operations. About one-third of residents live downtown or on Douglas Island; the remaining twothirds live elsewhere along the road system, mostly in the Mendenhall Valley. Federallyrecognized tribes located in the community include the Central Council Tlingit & Haida Indian Tribes of Alaska; the Douglas Indian Association; and the Aukquan Traditional Council (not recognized), and 17% of the population is Alaska Native or part Native.

Alaska Inland ACP SE-49 Version 1 9770: Southeast Alaska Geographic Zone DRAFT, June 2018

9770.9.10 – Kake Community Profile Kake

Population: 579 (2011 DCCED certified estimate)

Incorporation Type: 1st Class City **Borough Located In**: Unorganized

Regional Native Corporation: Sealaska Corporation

Location & Climate:

Kake is located on the northwest coast of Kupreanof Island along Keku Strait, 38 air miles northwest of Petersburg, and 95 air miles southwest of Juneau, at approximately 56.975830° North Latitude and -133.94722° West Longitude. (Sec. 34, T056S, R072E, Copper River Meridian.) Kake is located in the Petersburg Recording District. Kake has a maritime climate characterized by cool summers and mild winters: average summer temperatures range from 44 to 62° F; winter temperatures average 26 to 43° F. Temperature extremes have been recorded from -14 to 88. Kake receives less precipitation than is typical of Southeast Alaska, averaging 54 inches a year, with 44 inches of snow.

EMERGENCY SERVICES				
Police: City Police Dept	785-3393	Fire:	None	
VPSO:	None	EMS: Kake EMS Clinic	785-3333/785-3393	
Alaska State Troopers:	None	Hospital: Kake Health Center	785-3333 flight to Sitka or Juneau	

LOCAL ORGA	LOCAL ORGANIZATIONS AND STAKEHOLDERS				
Name: City	Phone: 785-3804	Fax: 785-4815	Website:		
of Kake					
Address:	Primary Contact:	City Clerk:	Other:		
P.O. Box		kakecityclerk@starband.			
500, Kake,		net			
AK 99830					
Name:	Phone: 785-3741	Fax: 785-6439	Website:		
Kake City					
School					
District					
Address:	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other:		
P.O. Box			%20egebhart@hotmail.c		
450, Kake,			om		
AK 99830					

Village Council: Kake Tribal Corporatio	Phone: 785-3221	Fax: 785-6407	Website:
Address: P.O. Box 263, Kake, AK 99830	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other:
Village Council: Organized Village of Kake (IRA)	Phone: 785-6471	Fax: 785-4902	Website:
Address: P.O. Box 316, Kake, AK 99830- 0316	_		

TRANSPORTATION				
ROAD:	Accessible by r	oad?	No road access	
			There are scheduled float	
			plane and air taxi flights from	
			Petersburg, Juneau, Sitka and	
			Wrangell. Kake has a State-	
			owned 4,000' long by 100'	
			wide lighted paved runway	
			west of town, and a seaplane	
AIR:			base at the City dock.	
WATER:	Accessible by boat?		Yes. State ferry terminal.	
Local Transportation and Serv	ices			
Local Transportation:				
		There are abou	ut 120 miles of logging roads in	
		the Kake area	, but no connections to other	
Local Roads and Trails:		communities o	n Kupreanof Island.	
Vehicle Rental:				
Airline Services:		Alaska Seaplan	e Service, Air Excursions	

LOCAL SERVICES AND FACILITIES				
Lodging				
Housing Facility Website		Phone		
Rocky Pass Resort				
Keex' Kwaan Lodge		785-3434		
Waterfront Lodge		785-3472		
Nugget Inn				

Food Service & Groceries				
Name/Facility	Туре		Season	Phone
	[Restaurant	/Cafeteria/		
	Grocery Sto	re]		
	[Restaurant	/Cafeteria/		
	Grocery Sto	re]		
	[Restaurant	/Cafeteria/		
	Grocery Sto	_		
	[Restaurant	/Cafeteria/		
	Grocery Sto	re]		
Supplies & Other Services				
	Name			Phone
General Store				
Hardware Store				
Bank or ATM				
[Other]				
Fuel				
Fuel Stations	Phone		Fuel Available	Season
[Name/Operator]				
Tank Farm	Phone		Fuel Available	Capacity
Kake Tribal Corp				177,974 gals
THREA				67,296 gals
SOS Value Mart				5,000 gals
Tlingit Haida Senior Center				1,000 gals
City/Community Bldg				3,563 gals
Kake Hatchery				2,200 gals
Temsco Helicopters				1,000 gals
Communications and Utiliti	es	T -		
		-	vice Provider	
Telephone (Landline)		ACS of the Northland		
Telephone (Cellular)		AT&T Alascom		
Internet Service Provider		SEAKnet, GCI – School only		
Electricity Provider		Inside Passage Electric Cooperative		
Local Power Plant				
School Power Plant				
Primary Water Supply Syste	m:			
Primary Sewage System:				

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT The following facilities may be available to support a spill response. Contact local communities for additional information. Potential Command Posts, Operations Centers or Meeting Facilities Facility Name or Location Contact (organization & phone) Capacity/ Internet Yes/No Community Bldg.

Kake City Hall	Contact William Lee, 785-3804		
Tribal Council	Contact Larain Jackson, 785-3221		
Potential Staging Areas			
Facility Name or Location	Contact (organization & phone)	Capacity/ Size	
Local Spill Response Equipmen	nt .		
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Quantity	
racincy Name or Escation	(organization & phone)	Quantity	
Boom, sorbent pads, etc.	1. 0.		
Backhoe			
Bulldozer			
Dump truck or similar			
ADEC response equipment conex	contact the city, 785-3804.		
Are there any limiting factors	in the community for supporting a lar	ge spill response effort?	
Examples are restricted food restrictions, etc.	supply, seasonal water rationing, lack	of lodging, waste-water	
What are the top two sensitive oil spill?	e areas (<i>environmental or cultural</i>) to b	e protected in case of an	
Location	Latitude & Longitute	Reason for protection	

The city, school district, and Kake Tribal Corp. are the largest employers. Fishing, seafood processing, and logging contribute considerably to the economy. In 2011, 31 residents held commercial fishing permits, down from the 67 in 1999. The non-profit Gunnuk Creek Hatchery has assisted in sustaining the salmon fishery. Kake Foods produces smoked and dried salmon and halibut. Turn Mountain Timber, a joint venture between Whitestone Logging and Kake Tribal Corp., employs residents in logging tribal corporation lands. Southeast Stevedoring, a Sealaska contractor, also provides employment at the log sort yard and transfer facility at Point McCarny. Salmon, halibut, shellfish, deer, bear, waterfowl and berries are important food sources.

Culture & Demographics:

Historically, the Kake tribe of the Tlingits controlled the trade routes around Kuiu and Kupreanof islands, defending their territory against other tribal groups in the region. Ventures into the region by early European explorers and traders resulted in occasional skirmishes between Native Tlingits and the foreigners. Tensions between locals and outsiders had been escalating when, in 1869, a non-Native sentry at the settlement in Sitka shot and killed a Kake Native. In accordance with their traditional custom, the Kakes then killed two prospectors in retribution. In reprisal, the U.S. Navy sent the USS Saginaw to punish the Kakes by shelling their villages and destroying their homes,

boats and stored foods. The Kake people survived this onslaught, but were forced to disperse and live with other tribes to survive. Over the following 20 years, the Kakes regrouped at the current village site. In 1891, a government school and store were built and a Society of Friends mission established. In the early part of this century, Kake became the first Alaska Native village to organize under federal law, resulting in U.S. citizenship for community residents. A post office was established in 1904, and the first cannery was built near Kake in 1912. After the Second World War, timber harvesting and processing became a major local industry. The city incorporated in 1952. A federally-recognized tribe is located in the community -- the Organized Village of Kake; Central Council Tlingit & Haida Indian Tribes of Alaska. The population of the community consists of 75% Alaska Native or part Native. It is a Tlingit village with a fishing, logging and subsistence lifestyle; traditional customs are important to the Kakes. The world's largest totem pole was commissioned by Kake and carved by Chilkats in 1967 for Alaska's centennial celebration; the 132-foot totem pole now stands on a bluff overlooking town. Sale of alcohol is restricted to the city-owned package store.

9770.9.11 – Ketchikan Community Profile Ketchikan

Population: 8,142 (2011 DCCED certified estimate)

Incorporation Type: Home Rule City

Borough Located In: Ketchikan Gateway Borough

Regional Native Corporation: None

Location & Climate:

Ketchikan, located on the southwestern coast of Revillagigedo Island, opposite Gravina Island, near the southern boundary of Alaska is 679 miles north of Seattle and 235 miles south of Juneau, at approximately 55.34222° North Latitude and -131.64611° West Longitude (Sec. 30, T075S, R091E, Copper River Meridian. The area lies in the maritime climate zone noted for its warm winters, cool summers, and heavy precipitation: summer temperatures range from 51 to 65° F, winter temperatures from 29 to 39° F. Ketchikan averages 162 inches (13.5 feet) of precipitation annually, including 32 inches of snowfall.

EMERGENCY SERVICES			
Police: City Police Dept.	225-6631	Fire: City Volunteer Fire/EMS	225-9616 or 225- 6631, 24hr.
VPSO:	None	EMS: South Tongass Fire/EMS Division Pond Reef Vol. Fire/EMS Temsco Helicopters/Pond Reef Medi-Flite	
Alaska State Troopers:	225-5118	Hospital: Ketchikan General Hospital Ketchikan Tribal Health Clinic Gateway Center for Human Services U.S. Coast Guard Ketchikan Dispensary	225-5171 225-4135 228-0320
Harbormaster:	228-5632		

LOCAL ORGANIZATIONS AND STAKEHOLDERS			
Name:	Phone: 225-3184	Fax: 225-3187	Website:
Greater			http://www.ketchikanchamber.com/
Ketchikan			

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Chamber of			
Commerce			
Address: P.O.	Primary Contact:	City Clerk:	Other: kchamber@ktn.net
Box 5957,			
Ketchikan, AK			
99901			
Name: City of	Phone: 228-5603	Fax: 225-5075	Website:
Ketchikan			http://www.city.ketchikan.ak.us/
Address: 334	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other: mayor@city.ketchikan.ak.us
Front Street,			
Ketchikan, AK			
99901			
Name:	Phone: 225-6166	Fax: 225-4250	Website: http://www.visit-
Ketchikan			ketchikan.com/
Visitors			
Bureau			
Address: 131	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other: kvb@ktn.net
Front Street,			
Ketchikan, AK			
99901			
Name:	Phone: 225-3157	Fax: 225-1096	Website:
Ketchikan			
Cable News			
Address: P.O.	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other: mailbag@ktn.net
Box 7900,			
Ketchikan, AK			
99901			
Name: KTKN-	Phone: 225-3699	Fax: 225-0444	Website:
AM/KGTW-			
FM			
Address: 526	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other: ktknkgtw@ktn.net
Stedman St.,			
Ketchikan, AK			
99901			
Name: KFMJ	Phone: 247-3699	Fax: 247-5365	Website:
Radio			http://www.thelocalpaper.com/
Address: 516	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other: kfmj@ktn.net
Stedman,			
Ketchikan, AK			
99901			
Name: KRBD	Phone: 225-9655	Fax: 247-0808	Website:
Radio			
Address: 123	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other: bdnews@ptialaska.net
Stedman			
Street,			
Ketchikan, AK			
99901			

Name:	Phone: 225-3157	Fax: 225-1096	Website:
Ketchikan			http://www.ketchikandailynews.com/
Daily News			
Address: P.O.	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other: kdn@ktn.net
Box 7900,			
Ketchikan, AK			
99901			
Village	Phone: 228-4941	Fax: 247-5158	Website: http://www.kictribe.org/
Council:			
Ketchikan			
Indian			
Corporation			
Address:	Email:		
2960 Tongass	kictribe@ktn.org		
Avenue,			
Ketchikan, AK			
99901			

TRANSPORTATION				
ROAD:	Accessible by re	oad?	No road access	
	,		State-owned Ketchikan International Airport, located on nearby Gravina Island, a 10-minute ferry ride to the waterfront, offers a paved, lighted 7,500' runway. There are four floatplane landing facilities: Tongass Narrows, Peninsula Point, Ketchikan	
AIR:			Harbor, and Murphy's.	
			Alaska Marine Highway (ferry) System provides passenger and vehicle transport to ports north and	
WATER:	Accessible by b	oat?	south	
Local Transportation and Servi	ices			
Local Transportation:		Taxis: Sourdou Borough Trans	ugh; Alaska Cab; Yellow Taxi; it System	
Local Roads and Trails:				
Vehicle Rental:		Avis; Payless; Alaska Car Rental		
		Alaska Airlines; Ketchikan Air Service; Taquan		
		Air; Pro-Mech Air; Seaside Air; Misty Fjords Air		
Airline Services:		& Outfitting; Temsco		

LOCAL SERVICES AND FACILITIES
Lodging

Housing						
Facility	Website		Phone			
Westmark						
Cape Fox						
Lodge			225-8001			
Best						
Western						
Landing			225-5166			
Ingersoll						
Hotel						
Gilmore						
Hotel			225-9423			
Best			223 3423			
Western						
Landing						
Super 8						
Motel			225-9088			
Ketchikan			223-3088			
Youth						
Hostel	(summer only)					
Alaska's	(summer only)					
Rain Forest						
Inn						
Clover Pass						
RV						
Internet						
Reservatio						
ns for 20		<i>/</i> ·				
B&Bs	http://www.ktn.net/kr	rs/index.html				
	& Groceries					
Name/Faci	_					
lity	Туре	Season	Phone			
	[Restaurant/Cafeteri					
	a/					
	Grocery Store]					
	[Restaurant/Cafeteri					
	a/					
	Grocery Store]					
	[Restaurant/Cafeteri					
	a/					
	Grocery Store]					
	[Restaurant/Cafeteri					
	a/					
	Grocery Store]					
Supplies & Other Services						
	Name		Phone			

General							
Store							
Hardware							
Store							
Bank or							
ATM							
[Other]							
Fuel							
Fuel							
Stations	Phone	Fuel Available	Season				
[Name/Op							
erator]							
-							
Tank Farm	Phone	Fuel Available	Capacity				
Petro							
Marine							
Island							
Fuels							
Inc./Petro							
Alaska			3 tanks/60,000 gals				
Boyer			3,77,77				
Alaska							
Barge Lines			5 tanks/ 150,000 gal				
Ketchikan			, , ,				
Utilities			230,000 gal				
E.C. Phillips							
& Son			9,100 gal				
Andrews							
Oil			920,500 gal				
White Pass							
Alaska			6,902,100 gal				
Ward Cove							
Packing			7,000 gal				
Salmon							
Falls							
Marine							
Communicat	Communications and Utilities						
	Name/S	Service Provider					
Telephone							
(Landline)	Ketchikan Public Utilities						
Telephone							
(Cellular)	GCI; ACS Long Distance						
	ACS Internet (www.acsalaska.net); AT&T WorldNe						
Internet Service (www.worldnet.att.net); GCI (www.gci.net); Ketchikan Public Utilities							
Provider	Provider (www.kpunet.net); SkyTalkwest Telecom						

	Ketchikan Public Utilities (225-5505) purchases power from the state-
Electricity	owned Swan Lake Hydro Facility and owns three hydroelectric plants
Provider	Ketchikan, Beaver Falls, and Silvis and two diesel-fueled plants.
Local Power	
Plant	
School Power	
Plant	
Primary Water	
Supply System:	
Primary Sewage	
System:	

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT

The following facilities may be available to support a spill response. Contact local communities for additional information.

for additional information.						
Potential Command Posts, Operations Centers or Meeting Facilities						
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Capacity/	Internet			
	(organization & phone)	Size	Yes/No			
Ted Ferry Civic Center	228-5655					
American Legion Hall						
Coliseum Twin Theatre						
Public city and school library.						
Houghtaling Elementary School						
Ketchikan Charter School						
Ketchikan Correspondence						
Ketchikan High School						
Point Higgins School						
Revilla Jr./Sr. High School						
Schoenbar Middle School						
Southeast Island						
Correspondence						
Valley Park Elementary						
School						
White Cliff Elementary School						
Potential Staging Areas						
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Capacity/ S	Capacity/ Size			
	(organization & phone)					
Fire Station #2	Contact Chief, 225-9616					
AMHS Parking Lot (Ferry)	Contact AMHS					
Local Spill Response Equipme	nt					
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Quantity				
	(organization & phone)					
Boom, sorbent pads, etc.						

Backhoe					
Bulldozer					
Dump truck or similar					
SEAPRO	Dave Owings, 225-7002				
ADEC response equipment conex	contact the Director of Ports & Harbors, 228-5632				
USCG response equipment conex					
Are there any limiting factors in the community for supporting a large spill response effort? Examples are restricted food supply, seasonal water rationing, lack of lodging, waste-water restrictions, etc.					
What are the top two sensitive areas (<i>environmental or cultural</i>) to be protected in case of an oil spill?					
Location	Latitude & Longitute	Reason for protection			

Ketchikan is an industrial center with a diverse economy and a major port of entry in Southeast Alaska. Ketchikan is supported by a large fishing fleet, fish processing, tourism and timber industries. In 2011, 335 area residents held commercial fishing permits. Several processing and cold storage facilities support the fishing industry. The state operates the Deer Mountain Hatchery, which produces over 450,000 King salmon, Coho salmon, Steelhead and Rainbow trout annually. Cruise ships bring over 650,000 visitors, and another 50,000 independent travelers visit Ketchikan each year.

Culture & Demographics:

Tongass and Cape Fox Tlingits traditionally used Ketchikan Creek as a fish camp, which they called "kitschk-hin," meaning creek of the "thundering wings of an eagle." The abundant fish and timber resources attracted non-Natives to Ketchikan. In 1885, Chief Kyan sold 160 acres, which later became the township. The first cannery opened in 1886 near the mouth of Ketchikan Creek, and four more were built by 1912. The Ketchikan Post Office was established in 1892, and the city incorporated in 1900, by which time nearby gold and copper discoveries briefly brought bustling activity to Ketchikan as a mining supply center. During 1936, seven canneries were in operation, producing 1.5 million cases of salmon. The need for lumber for new construction and packing boxes spawned the Ketchikan Spruce Mills in 1903, which operated for over 70 years. Spruce was in high demand during World War II, and Ketchikan became a supply center for area logging. A \$55 million pulp mill was constructed at Ward Cove near Ketchikan in 1954, and its operation fueled growth in the community. After 43 years, the mill's 50-year contract with the U.S. Forest Service for timber was canceled, and the pulp mill closed in March 1997. The largest collection of totem poles in the world is found at the Totem Bight State Historical Park and the Totem Heritage Center Museum in Saxman Native Village. Federally-recognized tribes located in the community include the Ketchikan Indian Corporation and the Central Council of Tlingit & Haida Indian Tribes of Alaska. Over 22% of the population is Alaska Native or part Native, and most Native residents are Tlingit.

9770.9.12 – Klawock Community Profile Klawock

Population: 813 (2011 DCCED certified estimate)

Incorporation Type: 1st Class City Borough Located In: Unorganized Regional Native Corporation: None

Location & Climate:

Klawock is located on the west coast of Prince of Wales Island, on Klawock Inlet, across from Klawock Island. It is 7 road-miles north of Craig, 24 road-miles from Hollis, and 56 air-miles west of Ketchikan, at approximately 55.55222° North Latitude and -133.09583° West Longitude. (Sec. 09, T073S, R081E, Copper River Meridian.) Klawock is located in the Ketchikan Recording District. Prince of Wales Island is dominated by a cool, moist, maritime climate: summer temperatures range from 49 to 63° F; winter temperatures range 32 to 42° F. Average annual precipitation is 120 inches, including 40 inches of snow.

EMERGENCY SERVICES			
Police:.	755-2777	Fire: City Volunteer Fire/EMS/Ambulance	775-2222
VPSO:	None	Volunteer Fire/EMS Prince of Wales Island Area EMS	755-2261 826-2367/3330
Alaska State Troopers:	755-2918	Hospital: Alicia Roberts Medical Center	775-4800
Harbormaster:	775-2260		

LOCAL ORGANIZATIONS AND STAKEHOLDERS				
Name: City of	Phone: 755-	Fax: 755-2403	Website:	
Klawock	2261		http://www.cityofklawock.com/	
Address: P.O. Box	Primary	City Clerk:	Other: sybilg@cityofklawock.com	
469, Klawock, AK	Contact:			
99925				
Name: Big Salt	Phone: 755-	Fax: 755-2174	Website:	
Community	2184			
Association				

Address: P.O. Box 57, Klawock, AK	•	City Clerk	Other:
99925 Name: Klawock	Phone: 755-	Fax: 755-2320	Website:
City Schools District	2220		http://www.klawockschool.com/
Address: P.O. Box 9, Klawock, AK 99925-0009	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other: v_steward@hotmail.com
Village	Phone: 755-	Fax: 755-2966	Website:
Corporation:	2270		http://www.klawockheenya.com/
Klawock Heenya			
Corporation			
Address: P.O. Box	Primary	City Clerk	Other:
129, Klawock, AK 99925	Contact:		marge@klawockheenya.com
Village Council:	Phone: 755-	Fax: 755-8800	Website:
Klawock	2265		
Cooperative			
Association			
Address: P.O. Box	Email:		
430, Klawock, AK			
99925			

TRANSPORTATION			
ROAD:	Accessible by r	oad?	No road access
AIR:			The only airstrip on Prince of Wales Island is located here, a 5,000' paved runway. A seaplane base is operated by the State on the Klawock River. connected by the Island road
			system to other communities, including Hollis where the Inter-Island Ferry offers
			passenger and vehicle
WATER:	Accessible by b	oat?	service.
Local Transportation and Servi	ices		
		Taxis: Chief Wiah Cab; Irish Setter Cab; Prince of Wales Transporter	
communities,		communities, i	the Island road system to other ncluding Hollis where the Inter-offers passenger and vehicle
Local Roads and Trails:		service.	
Vehicle Rental:		Log Cabin Spor	ts Rentals

	Ketchikan Air Service; Taquan Air; Island Air
Airline Services:	Express

LOCAL SERVICES AND FACILITIES					
Lodging					
Housing					
Facility	Website			Phone	
Fireweed					
Lodge/Re					
staurant				755-2930	
Columbin					
e Inn					
Log Cabin					
Resort/RV					
Park				755-2205	
Bay Inn					
Prince of					
Wales					
Lodge				755-2227	
P&P RV					
Park					
School					
Food Service	e & Grocer	ies			
Name/Fa					
cility	Туре		Season	Phone	
	_	nt/Cafeteria/			
	Grocery S				
	_	nt/Cafeteria/			
	Grocery S				
	_	nt/Cafeteria/			
	Grocery S				
		nt/Cafeteria/			
Cumpling	Grocery S				
Supplies &	I	ices		Phone	
Conoral	Name			Phone	
General					
Store					
Hardware					
Store Bank or					
Bank or ATM					
[Other]					
Fuel					
Fuel					
Stations	Phone	Fuel Available		Season	
Jialions	riione	i dei Avallable		Jeasuii	

[Name 10]					
[Name/O					
perator]					
Tank					
Farm	Phone	Fuel Available	Capacity		
Klawock					
Island					
Fuels			4 tanks/ 120,000 gals		
THREA			1,000 gal		
Viking					
Lumber					
Co.			19,984 gal		
Communica	ations and l	Jtilities			
	Name/Sei	vice Provider			
Telephon					
е					
(Landline)	ACS of the	Northland			
Telephon					
е					
(Cellular)	AT&T Alas	AT&T Alascom			
Internet					
Service					
Provider	Alaska Power & Telephone Company (www.aptalaska.net)				
	Alaska Power Company: the Tlingit-Haida Regional Electric Authority (THREA)				
Electricity	purchases electricity from Alaska Power & Telephone over the Craig/Klawock				
Provider	intertie. THREA also owns four standby diesel generators in Klawock				
Local		, 5			
Power					
Plant					
School					
Power					
Plant					
Primary					
Water					
Supply					
System:					
Primary					
Sewage					
System:					
	1				
SPILL RESPO	ONSE SUPP	ORT			

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT The following facilities may be available to support a spill response. Contact local communities for additional information. Potential Command Posts, Operations Centers or Meeting Facilities Facility Name or Location Contact Capacity/ Internet (organization & phone) Size Yes/No

City Youth Center		
AND/ANS Hall		
Klawock City School		
Potential Staging Areas		
Facility Name or Location	Contact (organization & phone)	Capacity/ Size
Local Spill Response Equipme	nt	
Facility Name or Location	Contact (organization & phone)	Quantity
Boom, sorbent pads, etc.		
Backhoe		
Bulldozer		
Dump truck or similar		
USCG response equipment conex		
	in the community for supporting a lar supply, seasonal water rationing, lack	
What are the top two sensitive	e areas (<i>environmental or cultural</i>) to b	e protected in case of an
oil spill?	,	•
Location	Latitude & Longitute	Reason for protection

The economy has been dependent on fishing and cannery operations in the past, but the timber industry has risen in prominence; Sealaska's logging operations through a contract with Shaan-Seet, Inc. provide employment in logging and ship-loading in the Klawock and Craig area. The state operates a fish hatchery on Klawock Lake that contributes to the local salmon population, but cannery operations were closed in the late 1980s. In 2011, 31 residents held commercial fishing permits. City and school district employment also provide local employment. Subsistence foods include deer, salmon, halibut, shrimp and crab.

Culture & Demographics:

Early inhabitants from Tuxekan, a Tlingit winter village to the north, used Klawock as a summer fishing camp, which has also been known as Klawerak, Tlevak, Clevak and Klawak. The history of Klawock is closely tied to the fishing industry: atrading post and salmon saltery were established in 1868, and the first cannery in Alaska built here by a San Francisco firm in 1878. The subsequent canneries that sprouted in the area contracted Chinese laborers. A hatchery for red salmon operated at Klawock Lake between 1897 and 1917. In 1929, Klawock incorporated as a city, and a school was constructed. In 1934, Klawock received federal funds under the Wheeler Howard Act

to develop a local cannery on the condition that residents voted to be liquor-free. In 1971 the Alaska Timber Corp. built a sawmill; soon after, the Klawock-Heenya Village Corp., the Shaan Seet Corp. of Craig, and Sealaska Timber Corp. expanded area facilities with a log sort yard outside of Klawock and a deep-water dock on Klawock Island. The State constructed a new salmon hatchery on Klawock Lake in 1978, very near the former hatchery site. Most residents pursue a subsistence lifestyle to provide food sources. The community takes great pride in its Totem Park, which displays 21 restored totem poles and replicas from the old village; the Totem Park includes a Heritage Center and Long House. Klawock is a mixed Tlingit and non-Native city; a federally-recognized tribe is located in the community, the Klawock Cooperative Association, and 58% of the population is Alaska Native or part Native. Sale of alcohol is restricted to the city-owned package store.

9770.9.13 – Metlakatla Community Profile Klawock

Population: 813 (2011 DCCED certified estimate)

Incorporation Type: 1st Class City
Borough Located In: Unorganized
Regional Native Corporation: None

Location & Climate:

Klawock is located on the west coast of Prince of Wales Island, on Klawock Inlet, across from Klawock Island. It is 7 road-miles north of Craig, 24 road-miles from Hollis, and 56 air-miles west of Ketchikan, at approximately 55.55222° North Latitude and -133.09583° West Longitude. (Sec. 09, T073S, R081E, Copper River Meridian.) Klawock is located in the Ketchikan Recording District. Prince of Wales Island is dominated by a cool, moist, maritime climate: summer temperatures range from 49 to 63° F; winter temperatures range 32 to 42° F. Average annual precipitation is 120 inches, including 40 inches of snow.

EMERGENCY SERVICES	EMERGENCY SERVICES			
Police:.	755-2777	Fire: City Volunteer Fire/EMS/Ambulance	775-2222	
VPSO:	None	EMS: Klawock Volunteer Fire/EMS Prince of Wales Island Area EMS	755-2261 826-2367/3330	
Alaska State Troopers:	755-2918	Hospital: Alicia Roberts Medical Center	775-4800	
Harbormaster:	775-2260			

LOCAL ORGANIZATIONS AND STAKEHOLDERS				
Name: City of	Phone: 755-	Fax: 755-2403	Website:	
Klawock	2261		http://www.cityofklawock.com/	
Address: P.O. Box	Primary	City Clerk:	Other: sybilg@cityofklawock.com	
469, Klawock, AK	Contact:			
99925				
Name: Big Salt	Phone: 755-	Fax: 755-2174	Website:	
Community	2184			
Association				

Address: P.O. Box 57, Klawock, AK	•	City Clerk	Other:
99925 Name: Klawock	Phone: 755-	Fax: 755-2320	Website:
City Schools District	2220		http://www.klawockschool.com/
Address: P.O. Box 9, Klawock, AK 99925-0009	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other: v_steward@hotmail.com
Village	Phone: 755-	Fax: 755-2966	Website:
Corporation:	2270		http://www.klawockheenya.com/
Klawock Heenya			
Corporation			
Address: P.O. Box	Primary	City Clerk	Other:
129, Klawock, AK 99925	Contact:		marge@klawockheenya.com
Village Council:	Phone: 755-	Fax: 755-8800	Website:
Klawock	2265		
Cooperative			
Association			
Address: P.O. Box	Email:		
430, Klawock, AK			
99925			

TRANSPORTATION			
ROAD:	Accessible by r	oad?	No road access
AIR:			The only airstrip on Prince of Wales Island is located here, a 5,000' paved runway. A seaplane base is operated by the State on the Klawock River. connected by the Island road system to other communities,
			including Hollis where the
			Inter-Island Ferry offers
			passenger and vehicle
WATER:	Accessible by b	oat?	service.
Local Transportation and Serv	ices		
Local Transportation:		Taxis: Chief Wiah Cab; Irish Setter Cab; Prince of Wales Transporter	
		connected by the Island road system to other communities, including Hollis where the Inter-Island Ferry offers passenger and vehicle	
Local Roads and Trails:		service.	
Vehicle Rental:		Log Cabin Spor	ts Rentals

	Ketchikan Air Service; Taquan Air; Island Air
Airline Services:	Express

LOCAL SERVICES AND FACILITIES					
Lodging					
Housing					
Facility	Website			Phone	
Fireweed					
Lodge/Re					
staurant				755-2930	
Columbin					
e Inn					
Log Cabin					
Resort/RV					
Park				755-2205	
Bay Inn					
Prince of					
Wales					
Lodge				755-2227	
P&P RV					
Park					
School					
Food Service	e & Grocer	ies			
Name/Fa					
cility	Туре		Season	Phone	
	_	nt/Cafeteria/			
	Grocery S				
	_	nt/Cafeteria/			
	Grocery S				
	_	nt/Cafeteria/			
	Grocery S				
		nt/Cafeteria/			
Cumpling	Grocery S				
Supplies &	I	ices		Phone	
Conoral	Name			Phone	
General					
Store					
Hardware					
Store Bank or					
Bank or ATM					
[Other]					
Fuel					
Fuel					
Stations	Phone	Fuel Available		Season	
Jialions	riione	i dei Avallable		Jeasuii	

	ı			
[Name/O				
perator]				
Tank				
Farm	Phone	Fuel Available	Capacity	
Klawock				
Island				
Fuels			4 tanks/ 120,000 gals	
THREA			1,000 gal	
Viking				
Lumber				
Co.			19,984 gal	
Communica	ations and			
	Name/Se	rvice Provider		
Telephon	,			
e				
(Landline)	ACS of the	e Northland		
Telephon				
е				
(Cellular)	AT&T Alas	scom		
Internet				
Service				
Provider	Alaska Power & Telephone Company (www.aptalaska.net)			
		wer Company: the Tlingit-Haida Regional E	•	
Electricity		electricity from Alaska Power & Telephon		
Provider	-	HREA also owns four standby diesel generato	_	
Local		and the second s		
Power				
Plant				
School				
Power				
Plant				
Primary				
Water				
Supply				
System:				
Primary				
Sewage				
System:				
1	<u> </u>			
SPILL RESPO	ONSE SUPP	ORT		

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT The following facilities may be available to support a spill response. Contact local communities for additional information. Potential Command Posts, Operations Centers or Meeting Facilities Facility Name or Location Contact (organization & phone) Contact (organization & phone)

City Youth Center		
AND/ANS Hall		
Klawock City School		
Potential Staging Areas		
Facility Name or Location	Contact (organization & phone)	Capacity/ Size
Local Spill Response Equipme	nt	
Facility Name or Location	Contact (organization & phone)	Quantity
Boom, sorbent pads, etc.		
Backhoe		
Bulldozer		
Dump truck or similar		
USCG response equipment conex		
	in the community for supporting a lar supply, seasonal water rationing, lack	
What are the top two sensitive	e areas (<i>environmental or cultural</i>) to b	e protected in case of an
oil spill?	,	•
Location	Latitude & Longitute	Reason for protection

The economy has been dependent on fishing and cannery operations in the past, but the timber industry has risen in prominence; Sealaska's logging operations through a contract with Shaan-Seet, Inc. provide employment in logging and ship-loading in the Klawock and Craig area. The state operates a fish hatchery on Klawock Lake that contributes to the local salmon population, but cannery operations were closed in the late 1980s. In 2011, 31 residents held commercial fishing permits. City and school district employment also provide local employment. Subsistence foods include deer, salmon, halibut, shrimp and crab.

Culture & Demographics:

Early inhabitants from Tuxekan, a Tlingit winter village to the north, used Klawock as a summer fishing camp, which has also been known as Klawerak, Tlevak, Clevak and Klawak. The history of Klawock is closely tied to the fishing industry: atrading post and salmon saltery were established in 1868, and the first cannery in Alaska built here by a San Francisco firm in 1878. The subsequent canneries that sprouted in the area contracted Chinese laborers. A hatchery for red salmon operated at Klawock Lake between 1897 and 1917. In 1929, Klawock incorporated as a city, and a school was constructed. In 1934, Klawock received federal funds under the Wheeler Howard Act

to develop a local cannery on the condition that residents voted to be liquor-free. In 1971 the Alaska Timber Corp. built a sawmill; soon after, the Klawock-Heenya Village Corp., the Shaan Seet Corp. of Craig, and Sealaska Timber Corp. expanded area facilities with a log sort yard outside of Klawock and a deep-water dock on Klawock Island. The State constructed a new salmon hatchery on Klawock Lake in 1978, very near the former hatchery site. Most residents pursue a subsistence lifestyle to provide food sources. The community takes great pride in its Totem Park, which displays 21 restored totem poles and replicas from the old village; the Totem Park includes a Heritage Center and Long House. Klawock is a mixed Tlingit and non-Native city; a federally-recognized tribe is located in the community, the Klawock Cooperative Association, and 58% of the population is Alaska Native or part Native. Sale of alcohol is restricted to the city-owned package store.

9770.9.14 – Pelican Community Profile

Pelican

Population: 83 (2011 DCCED certified estimate)

Incorporation Type: 1st Class City Borough Located In: Unorganized Regional Native Corporation: None

Location & Climate:

Pelican is located on the northwest coast of Chichagof Island on Lisianski Inlet, 80 miles north of Sitka and 70 miles west of Juneau., at approximately 57.96083° North Latitude and -136.2275° West Longitude. (Sec. 19, T045S, R057E, Copper River Meridian) in the Sitka Recording District. Pelican has a maritime climate characterized by cool summers and mild winters: summer temperatures range from 51 to 62, winter temperatures 21 to 39. Temperature extremes have been recorded from -3 to 84. Annual precipitation is 127 inches, including 120 inches of snow. During winter months, fog, winds and high seas can limit access. Most of the community is built on pilings over the tidelands.

EMERGENCY SERVICES				
Police:	None	Fire: City Volunteer Fire Dept/EMS	735-2261	
VPSO:	735-2201	EMS: Pelican Volunteer Fire & EMS,	735-2245	
Alaska State Troopers:	None	Hospital : Pelican Health Clinic	735-2250	
Harbormaster:	735-2212			

LOCAL ORGANIZ	LOCAL ORGANIZATIONS AND STAKEHOLDERS				
Name: City of	Phone: 735-2202	Fax: 735-2258	Website: http://www.pelican.net/		
Pelican					
Address: P.O.	Primary Contact:	City Clerk:	Other: cityhall@pelikancity.org		
Box 737,					
Pelican, AK					
99832					
Name: Pelican	Phone: 735-2259	Fax: 735-2259	Website:		
Visitors					
Association					

Address: P.O.	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other:
Box 737,			AKCharters@worldnet.att.net
Pelican, AK			
99832			
Name: Pelican	Phone: 735-2204	Fax: 735-2281	Website:
Utility			
Company			
Address: P.O.	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other:
Box 110,			
Pelican, AK			
99832			
Name: Pelican	Phone: 735-2236	Fax: 735-2263	Website:
City Schools			
Address: P.O.	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other: pelsd1@ptialaska.net
Box 90,			
Pelican, AK			
99832-0090			
Village	Phone: 735-2201	Fax:	Website:
Council:			
Pelican			
Traditional			
Council			
Address: P.O.	Email:		
Box 27,			
Pelican, AK			
99832			

TRANSPORTATION			
ROAD:	Accessible by road?		No road access
			Daily scheduled air taxis are
AIR:			available from Juneau and Sitka.
			Alaska State Marine Highway (ferry) system. Ferry provides two monthly departures during the summer and one monthly departure during
WATER:	Accessible by b	oat?	winter
Local Transportation and Serv	ices		
Local Transportation:			
Local Roads and Trails:			
Vehicle Rental:			
Airline Services:		Wings of Alaska; Alaska Sea Planes	

LOCAL SERVICES AND FACILITIES	
Lodging	

Housing Facility	Website		Phone	
Rose's Plaza	11000110		1	
Harbor B&B			735-2310	
THE SOT BEE			735-2521 or	800-
Lisianski Lodge			962-8441	000
Reddings B&B			302 0111	
Off the Beaten Path B&B				
Officine Beater Fath B&B				
PB&G B&B				
Food Service & Groceries				
Name/Facility	Туре	Season	Phone	
reality active	[Restaurant/Cafeteria		THORE	
	Grocery Store]	27		
	[Restaurant/Cafeteria	2/		
	Grocery Store]	^1		
	[Restaurant/Cafeteria	a/		
	Grocery Store]	^/		
	[Restaurant/Cafeteria	a/		
	Grocery Store]			
Supplies & Other Services				
	Name		Phone	
General Store				
Hardware Store				
Bank or ATM				
[Other]				
Fuel				
Fuel Stations	Phone	Fuel Available	Season	
[Name/Operator]				
Tank Farm	Phone	Fuel Available	Capacity	
Communications and Utilities				
	Name/Service Provider			
Telephone (Landline)	ACS of the Northland			
Telephone (Cellular)	AT&T Alascom			
Internet Service Provider	ACS Internet (www.acsalaska.net)			
Electricity Provider	Pelican Utility Compa	•		
Local Power Plant	., .,	, \ 1		
	<u> </u>			

School Power Plant	
Primary Water Supply System:	
Primary Sewage System:	

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT

The following facilities may be available to support a spill response. Contact local communities

The following facilities may be	available to support a spill response. Co	ontact local (communities
for additional information.			
Potential Command Posts, Op	erations Centers or Meeting Facilities		
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Capacity/ Internet	
	(organization & phone)	Size	Yes/No
Youth Center:	735-2202		
City/Community Hall			
Pelican City Hall			
Pelican School			
Fire Hall	735-2261		
Potential Staging Areas			
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Capacity/ S	Size
	(organization & phone)		
Pelican Breakwater	735-2241		
Local Spill Response Equipmen	nt		
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Quantity	
	(organization & phone)		
Boom, sorbent pads, etc.			
Backhoe	contact Allen Stewart, 735-2241	1	
Bulldozer	contact Allen Stewart, 735-2241	1	
Dump truck or similar	contact Allen Stewart, 735-2241	1	
Skiff with outboard motor	VPSO (735-2201)		
Are there any limiting factors	in the community for supporting a lar	ge spill resp	onse effort?
Examples are restricted food	supply, seasonal water rationing, lack	of lodging,	waste-water
restrictions, etc.			
What are the top two sensitive oil spill?	e areas (<i>environmental or cultural</i>) to b	e protected i	in case of an
Location	Latitude & Longitute	Reason for	protection
	-		

Economy:

Commercial fishing and seafood processing are the mainstays of Pelican's economy; in 2011, 29 residents held commercial fishing permits. Several businesses in Pelican cater to the visitor industry. The Pelican Utility District, which owns the electric utility and fuel company, employs some residents. The city and school provide year-round employment for several residents.

Culture & Demographics:

A cold storage plant was the first development at this site in 1938 when Kalle (Charley) Raataikainen chose this protected inlet as an ideal cold storage site and named the place after his fish-packing vessel "The Pelican." He proceeded to buy fish in this area and transport it to Sitka; two of his fish-buying scows were used as a cookhouse, mess hall, bunkhouse and warehouse; the community of Pelican grew around this operation. A store, office, sawmill, post office and sauna came in 1939. A school and cannery were constructed in the 1940s, and the city formed in 1943. Because of the lack of flat land, much of the community is built on pilings over tidelands and a boardwalk serves as the town's main thoroughfare. The economy is highly dependent on commercial salmon fishing and longline halibut and sablefish. Most people in Pelican rely on subsistence resources as an important part of their lifestyle. The community has increased activity in the visitor industry and from recreational boaters, and there is a seasonal population influx of commercial fishermen and part-time residents. Approximately 25% of the population is Alaska Native or part Native.

9770.9.15 – Petersburg Community Profile Petersburg

Population: 3,030 (2011 DCCED certified estimate)

Incorporation Type: Home Rule City Borough Located In: Unorganized Regional Native Corporation: None

Location & Climate:

Petersburg is located on the northwest end of Mitkof Island, where the Wrangell Narrows meet Frederick Sound. It lies midway between Juneau and Ketchikan, about 120 miles from either community, at approximately 56.8125° North Latitude and -132.95556° West Longitude. (Sec. 27, T058S, R079E, Copper River Meridian.) Petersburg's climate is characterized by mild winters, cool summers, and year-round rainfall. Average summer temperatures range from 40 to 56° F, winters from 27 to 43° F. Annual precipitation averages 106.3 inches, including 97 inches of snow.

EMERGENCY SERVICES	EMERGENCY SERVICES				
Police:	772-3838	Fire: City Volunteer Fire Dept./EMS	772-3355		
VPSO:	772-3838	EMS: Petersburg Volunteer Fire Dept./EMS	772-3355/772-3830		
Alaska State Troopers:	772-3100	Hospital: Petersburg Medical Center	772-4291		
Harbormaster:	772-4688				

LOCAL ORGA	LOCAL ORGANIZATIONS AND STAKEHOLDERS					
Name: City	Phone:	772-	Fax: 772-3759	Website:		
of	4519 or	772-		http://www.ci.petersburg.ak.us/		
Petersburg	4425					
Address:	Primary		City Clerk:	Other:		
P.O. Box	Contact:		clerk@ci.petersburg.ak.us			
329,						
Petersburg,						
AK 99833						
Name:	Phone:	772-	Fax: 772-9296	Website:		
KFSK Coast	3808					
Alaska						
Radio						

Address: P.O. Box 149, Petersburg, AK 99833 Name: KRSA Radio Address: P.O. Box 650, Petersburg,	Primary Contact: Phone: 772- 3891 Primary Contact:	City Clerk Fax: 772-4538 City Clerk	Other: kfsknews@pobox.alaska.net Website: Other: krsa@alaska.net
AK 99833 Name: Petersburg Pilot	Phone: 772-9393	Fax: 772-4871	Website: http://www.petersburgpilot.com/
Address: P.O. Box 930, Petersburg, AK 99833	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other: pgspub@mitkof.net
Name: Petersburg City Schools	Phone: 772- 4271	Fax: 772-4719	Website:
Address: P.O. Box 289, Petersburg, AK 99833- 0289	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other: super@psgsd.k12.ak.us
Village Council: Petersburg Indian Association	Phone: 772-3636 or 772-4425	Fax: 772-3637	Website:
Address: P.O. Box 1418, Petersburg, AK 99833	Email: piatrd@gci.net		

TRANSPORTATION				
		No road access. Petersburg is		
ROAD:	Accessible by road?	accessed by air and water.		
		The State-owned James A.		
		Johnson Airport and Lloyd R.		
AIR:		Roundtree Seaplane Base (on		

	the Wrangell Narrows) allow for scheduled jet and floa plane services. The 6,000			
			runway is paved. Alaska Marine Highway	
WATER:	Accessible by boat?		Alaska Marine Highway (ferry) System	
Local Transportation and Services				
Local Transportation:		Taxis: City Cab; Chris Cab		
Local Roads and Trails:				
Vehicle Rental:		Avis		
		Alaska Airlines; Ketchikan Air Service; Wings of		
Airline Services:		Alaska; Temsco		

LOCAL SERVICE	LOCAL SERVICES AND FACILITIES			
Lodging				
Housing Facility	Website	Phone		
Tides Inn		772-4288		
Scandia				
House		772-4281		
Narrows Inn				
Beachcomb er Inn		772-3888		
Jewels by the Sea		772-4820		
Green Rocks Lodge				
Rocky Point Resort				
Lodge Across the Bay				
Nordic House				
Broom Hus				
Water's Edge				
Mountain Point				
Harbor Day				
LeConte RV				
Park				
Twin Creek				
RV Park				
Food Service	& Groceries			

Name /Facili			T
Name/Facili	Time	Saaaan	Dhana
ty	Type	Season	Phone
	[Restaurant/Cafeteria/		
	Grocery Store]		
	[Restaurant/Cafeteria/		
	Grocery Store]		
	[Restaurant/Cafeteria/		
	Grocery Store]		
	[Restaurant/Cafeteria/		
	Grocery Store]		
Supplies & Of			I
	Name		Phone
General			
Store			
Hardware			
Store			
Bank or			
ATM			
[Other]			
Fuel			
Fuel			
Stations	Phone	Fuel Available	Season
[Name/Ope			
rator]			
_	_		
Tank Farm	Phone	Fuel Available	Capacity
White Pass			
Alaska	772-4251		299,000 gals
Unocal 76			396,000 gals
Communicati	ons and Utilities		
	Name/Service Provider	•	
Telephone			
(Landline)	Alaska Telephone Comp	pany/AP&T	
Telephone			
(Cellular)	AT&T Alascom; GCI		
Internet			
Service	GCI (www.gci.net)	·	ww.mitkof.net); SEAKnet
Provider	(www.seaknet.alaska.ed		
			ourchases electricity from the
Electricity	1 -		Lake Hydro Facility and three
Provider	diesel-fueled generator	S.	
Local Power			
Plant			
School			
Power Plant			

Version 1

Primary			
Water			
Supply			
System:			
Primary			
Sewage			
System:			
·			
SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT			
The following facilities may be	available to support a spill response. Co	ontact local d	communities
for additional information.			
Potential Command Posts, Op	erations Centers or Meeting Facilities		
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Capacity/	Internet
	(organization & phone)	Size	Yes/No
Mountain View Manor	772-3445		-
Police/Fire Training Room	772-3838		
Youth Center			
Community Hall			
Mitkof Middle School			
Petersburg High School			
Rae C. Stedman Elementary			
School			
Potential Staging Areas			
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Capacity/ S	Size
radinty radine or Escation	(organization & phone)	capacity, c	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Harbor Parking Area	772-4688		
Local Spill Response Equipmen			
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Quantity	
racincy rame or Eocation	(organization & phone)	Quartity	
Boom, sorbent pads, etc.	(organization & phone)		
Backhoe	Public Works, 772-4430		
Bulldozer	Public Works, 772-4430		
Dump truck or similar	Public Works, 772-4430		
'	·		
Emergency Response Spill Materials	Petro Marine, 772-4251		
Skiff with outboard motor	Contact the harbormaster, 772-4688		
ADEC response equipment	Contact the harbormaster, 772-4688		
conex			
USCG response equipment			
conex			
Are there any limiting factors	in the community for supporting a lar	ge spill resp	onse effort?
, ,	supply, seasonal water rationing, lack		

What are the top two sensitive areas (<i>environmental or cultural</i>) to be protected in case of an oil spill?					
Location	Latitude & Longitute Reason for protection				

Since its beginning, Petersburg's economy has been based on commercial fishing and timber harvests and is the supply and service center for many area logging camps. Petersburg currently is one of the top-ranking ports in the U.S. for the quality and value of fish landed. Several processors operate cold storage, canneries and custom packing services. The State runs the Crystal Lake Hatchery, which contributes to the local salmon resource, and 469 residents hold commercial fishing permits. Residents include salmon, halibut, shrimp and crab in their diet. Independent sportsmen and tourists use local charter boats and lodges, but there is no deep water dock suitable for cruise ships.

Culture & Demographics:

Tlingit Indians from Kake used the north end of Mitkof Island as a summer fish camp; some reportedly began living year-round at the site. Petersburg is named after a Norwegian immigrant and pioneer in the cannery business who arrived in the late 1890s and built the Icy Strait Packing Company cannery, a sawmill, and a dock by 1900; the initial family homesteads grew into this community, populated largely by people of Scandinavian origin. A city formed in 1910, and within 10 years 600 people lived there year-round. During this time, fresh salmon and halibut were packed in glacier ice for shipment. Across the narrows, the town of Kupreanof was once busy with fur farms, a boat repair yard, and a sawmill. In 1916 came Alaska's first shrimp processor, followed by a cold storage plant in 1926. The cannery, now known as Petersburg Fisheries, a subsidiary of Icicle Seafoods, Inc., has operated continuously since then, and Petersburg has developed into one of Alaska's major fishing communities. A federally-recognized tribe is located in the community, the Petersburg Indian Association, and 12% of the population is Alaska Native or part Native. The community maintains a mixture of Tlingit and Scandinavian cultures and history.

9770.9.16 – Port Alexander Community Profile Port Alexander

Population: 62 (2011 DCCED certified estimate)

Incorporation Type: 2nd Class City Borough Located In: Unorganized Regional Native Corporation: None

Location & Climate:

Port Alexander is located on the south end of Baranof Island, 65 miles south of Sitka, at approximately 56.24972° North Latitude and -134.64444° West Longitude (Sec. 07, T065S, R070E, Copper River Meridian) in the Petersburg Recording District. Port Alexander is in the maritime climate zone, marked by cool summers and mild winters: summer temperatures range from 41 to 55° F, winter temperatures from 32 to 45° F. Record temperatures range from 4 to 80° F. The average total precipitation is 172 inches per year, including 85 inches of snow. The town's location provides a safe harbor during the gales and storms that frequent Chatham Strait.

EMERGENCY SERVICES						
Police:.	None	Fire: City Volunteer				
		Fire/EMS				
VPSO:	None	EMS: Port Alexander	568-2210			
		EMS	or flight to Sitka			
Alaska State	Troopers in Sitka,	Hospital:				
Troopers:	747-3254					
Harbormaster:						

LOCAL ORGANIZATIONS AND STAKEHOLDERS						
Name: City of	Phone: 568-2211	Fax: 568-2207	Website:			
Port Alexander						
Address: P.O.	Primary Contact:	City Clerk:	Other:			
Box 8068, Port			cityofportalexander@yahoo.com			
Alexander, AK			cityofportalexander@gmail.com			
99836						

TRANSPORTATION					
		No road access.			ccess.
		Transpo	ortation	is	by
ROAD:	Accessible by road?	floatplane and boat.			

			A State-owned seaplane base	
			is available. Passengers can fly	
			on the mail floatplane from	
			Sitka or can charter flights	
			from Sitka, Petersburg,	
AIR:			Wrangell and Juneau.	
			Skiffs are often used for local	
WATER:	Accessible by b	oat?	transportation.	
Local Transportation and Serv	ices			
Local Transportation:				
Local Roads and Trails:		There are few roads.		
Vehicle Rental:				
Airline Services:	·			

LOCAL SERVICES AND FACILITIES				
Lodging				
Housing Facility	Website			Phone
Laughing Raven				
Lodge				
(seasonally)				568-2266
Cape Omaney				
Lodge				
Rainforest				
Retreat				
Food Service & Gro	oceries			
Name/Facility	Туре		Season	Phone
	[Restaurant/Cafeteria/			
	Grocery Store]			
	[Restaurant/Cafeteria/			
	Grocery Store]			
	[Restaurant/Cafeteria/			
	Grocery Store]			
	[Restaurant/Cafeteria/			
	Grocery Store]			
Supplies & Other S				
	Name			Phone
General Store				
Hardware Store				
Bank or ATM				
[Other]		_		
Fuel				
Fuel Stations	Phone	Fue	l Available	Season
[Name/Operator]				
Tank Farm	Phone	Fue	l Available	Capacity
School				12,212 gals.

Store	2,000 gals
Pelican Cold	
Storage	25,000 gals
Communications a	nd Utilities
	Name/Service Provider
Telephone	
(Landline)	ACS of the Northland
Telephone	
(Cellular)	AT&T
Internet Service	
Provider	
Electricity	
Provider	Provided by individual generators; there is no central electrical generation
Local Power Plant	
School Power	
Plant	
Primary Water	Water is supplied through the Dirty Dick Dam, treated, stored in a tank, and
Supply System:	piped to households. One home uses a rain catchment system.
Primary Sewage	Individual septic tanks, honeybuckets, or outhouses are used for sewage
System:	disposal. Only 11 of 36 occupied homes have complete plumbing

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT The following facilities may be available to support a spill response. Contact local communities for additional information. **Potential Command Posts, Operations Centers or Meeting Facilities Facility Name or Location** Capacity/ Internet Contact Yes/No (organization & phone) Size City/Bear Hall Community Center Port Alexander School **Potential Staging Areas** Capacity/ Size **Facility Name or Location** Contact (organization & phone) ADEC response equipment contact city, 568-2211 conex **Local Spill Response Equipment Facility Name or Location** Contact Quantity (organization & phone) Boom, sorbent pads, etc. Backhoe Bulldozer Dump truck or similar

Are there any limiting factors in the community for supporting a large spill response effort? Examples are restricted food supply, seasonal water rationing, lack of lodging, waste-water restrictions, etc.				
What are the top two sensitive areas (<i>environmental or cultural</i>) to be protected in case of an oil spill?				
Location	Latitude & Longitute	Reason for protection		

Commercial fishing and subsistence uses of marine and forest resources constitute the economic base. In 2011, 18 residents held commercial fishing permits. The city, school, and post office provide the only year-round employment. Deer, salmon, halibut, shrimp and crab are favorite food sources.

Culture & Demographics:

In 1795, the British explorer Capt. George Vancouver recorded his entry into this sheltered while looking for Natives to trade with, but found only a deserted village. The site was named Port Alexander in 1849 by the Governor of the Russian American colonies. In 1913, salmon trollers discovered the rich fishing grounds of the South Chatham Strait area, and fishermen began using the area as their seasonal base; two floating processors arrived soon after. By 1916, there was a fishing supply store, a shore station owned by Northland Trading and Packing Company, and a bakery. Families of fishermen began coming to the community during the summers, and many of the first arrivals lived in tents. A Norwegian immigrant, Karl Hansen, established a fish-buying station, the Pacific Mild Cure Company, sold supplies and fuel, and installed a wireless station. During the 1920s and 1930s, a year-round community evolved around the prosperous fishing fleet and constructed houses, stores, restaurants, a post office, and a school. A soda fountain, butcher shop, dairy, dance hall and hotel came along as well. During the summer, over 1,000 fishing boats would anchor in the protected harbor. Beginning in 1938, fish stocks declined dramatically and processing became uneconomical. The outbreak of World War II essentially collapsed the town's economy; Karl Hansen left Port Alexander in the late 1940s, after 20 prosperous years and 10 years of struggle, bankrupted. By 1950, only 22 residents lived in the town year-round. In the 1970s, State land disposal sales and upswings in salmon stocks enabled new families to build and settle in the community. A city incorporated in 1974 and seceded from the City and Borough of Sitka during that year. Port Alexander today is a fishing community with a quiet, family-oriented lifestyle. Approximately 13% of the population is Alaska Native or part Native. The sale of alcohol is prohibited, although importation and possession are allowed.

9770.9.17 – Saxman Community Profile

<u>Saxman</u>

Population: 439 (2011 DCCED certified estimate)

Incorporation Type: Home Rule City

Borough Located In: Ketchikan Gateway Borough

Regional Native Corporation: None

Location & Climate:

Saxman is located on the west side of Revillagigedo Island, two miles south of Ketchikan on the South Tongass Highway, at approximately 55.31833° North Latitude and -131.59583° West Longitude. (Sec. 33, T075S, R091E, Copper River Meridian) Saxman is located in the Ketchikan Recording District. Saxman lies in the maritime climate zone noted for its warm winters, cool summers, and heavy precipitation. Average summer temperatures range from 46 to 59, average winter temperatures from 29 to 48° F. The record high temperature is 97° F; the record low is -4° F. Precipitation averages 163 inches per year, including 69 inches of snow.

EMERGENCY SERVICES				
Police:.	225-4166	Fire: South Tongass Fire Dept	225-6673	
VPSO:	None	EMS: Saxman EMS	225-9616	
Alaska State Troopers:	225-5118	Hospital : Ketchikan General Hospital	225-5171 (3 miles away)	
Harbormaster: Saxman Seaport	225-9040			

LOCAL ORGANIZATIONS AND STAKEHOLDERS			
Name: City	Phone: 225-4166	Fax:	Website:
of Saxman		Fax	
		225-	
		6450	
Address:	Primary Contact:	City	Other:
Route 2,		Cler	saxcity@ptialaska.net,%20saxman_city_clerk@yah
Box 1 -		k:	oo.com
Saxman,			
Ketchikan,			
AK 99901			

Alaska Inland ACP SE-90 Version 1 9770: Southeast Alaska Geographic Zone DRAFT, June 2018

Village	Phone: 225-5163	Fax:	Website:
Corporatio		225-	
n: Cape Fox		3137	
Corporatio			
n			
Address:	Primary Contact:	City	Other:
P.O. Box		Cler	
8558,		k	
Ketchikan,			
AK 99901			
Village	Phone: 247-2502	Fax:	Website:
Council:		247-	
Organized		2504	
Village of			
Saxman			
Address:	Email:		
Route 2,	igapihp@ptialaska.		
Box 2,	net		
Saxman,			
AK 99901			

TRANSPORTATION				
			Saxman and Ketchikan are	
			connected by the South	
ROAD:	Accessible by road?		Tongass Highway	
			The community relies on	
			Ketchikan for its boat	
			moorage, State ferry services,	
AIR:			and airport.	
			The community relies on	
			Ketchikan for its boat	
			moorage, State ferry services,	
WATER:	Accessible by b	oat?	and airport.	
Local Transportation and Serv	ices			
Local Transportation:				
Local Roads and Trails:	Local Roads and Trails:			
Vehicle Rental:				
		Scheduled jet	and air taxi services are	
Airline Services:		available in Ketchikan		

LOCAL SERVICES AND FACILITIES				
Lodging				
Housing Facility Website Phone				
Community Hall (open all year, no beds) 247-4178				
Food Service & Groceries				
Name/Facility	Туре	Season	Phone	

	drocery storej		
	[Restaurant/Cafe	teria/	
	Grocery Store]		
	[Restaurant/Cafe	teria/	
	Grocery Store]		
	[Restaurant/Cafe	teria/	
	Grocery Store]		
Supplies & Other Services			
	Name		Phone
General Store			
Hardware Store			
Bank or ATM			
[Other]			
Fuel			
Fuel Stations	Phone	Fuel Available	Season
[Name/Operator]			
		Fuel	
Tank Farm	Phone	Available	Capacity
Communications and Utilities			1
	Name/Service Pr	ovider	
Telephone (Landline)			
Telephone (Cellular)			
Internet Service Provider			
Electricity Provider			
Local Power Plant			
School Power Plant			
Primary Water Supply System:			
Primary Sewage System:			
. ,	<u> </u>		
SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT			
The following facilities may be	available to support a spill re	sponse. Contact	local communities
for additional information.	11 1		
Potential Command Posts, Op	erations Centers or Meeting	Facilities	
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Сара	city/ Internet
•	(organization & phone)	Size	Yes/No
Community Hall	247-4178		
Cape Fox Heritage Building			
1			

[Restaurant/Cafeteria/

Grocery Store]

Contact

225-9040

(organization & phone)

Beaver Tribal House

Potential Staging Areas

Saxman Seaport

Facility Name or Location

Capacity/ Size

Local Spill Response Equipment				
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Quantity		
	(organization & phone)			
Boom, sorbent pads, etc.				
Backhoe	225-4166			
Bulldozer				
Dump truck or similar	225-4166			
Are there any limiting factors	in the community for supporting a lar	ge spill response effort?		
Examples are restricted food	supply, seasonal water rationing, lack	of lodging, waste-water		
restrictions, etc.				
What are the top two sensitive areas (environmental or cultural) to be protected in case of an				
oil spill?				
Location	Latitude & Longitute Reason for prot			

Most residents are employed in Ketchikan. The city and Saxman Seaport provide some employment, and the Cape Fox Corporation offers tourist- and timber-related employment. A rail-barge terminal at the Saxman Seaport was completed in 1967; it serves as the Ketchikan's major cargo container terminal. The Saxman Totem Park has become a major attraction for Ketchikan-area visitors; the park includes a tribal house, a carving center, and a cultural hall for traditional Tlingit dance exhibitions. One resident holds a commercial fishing permit. Deer, salmon, and halibut significantly contribute to residents' diets.

<u>Culture & Demographics:</u>

In 1886, Tlingits from the old villages of Tongass and Cape Fox wanted a new site to construct a central BIA school and Presbyterian Church. The village subsequently was named for Samuel Saxman, a Presbyterian teacher who was lost at sea with a Cape Fox elder while searching for the new site. By 1894, the new village site was chosen, ideally located on a protected harbor off the Tongass Narrows. A small sawmill was built and construction of the school and houses began immediately. Fishing and lumber cutting for the growing towns of Saxman and Ketchikan were the economic mainstays of the new village. By 1900, 142 people were living in Saxman. In 1929, the community incorporated as a city. During the 1930s, many totem poles and ceremonial artifacts, such as carvings and masks, were retrieved by the Civilian Conservation Corps from the abandoned villages at Cape Fox, Tongass, Cat Island, and Pennock Island. Totem poles were restored and relocated to Saxman as part of a U.S. Forest Service program. A recently-developed totem pole carving center is fostering traditional skills and providing tourism opportunities. A federally-recognized tribe is located in the community, the Organized Village of Saxman, and 70% of the population is Alaska Native or part Native. Most residents are Tlingit and lead a subsistence lifestyle.

9770.9.18 – Sitka Community Profile

<u>Sitka</u>

Population: 8,985 (2011 DCCED certified estimate) **Incorporation Type**: Unified Home Rule Municipality

Borough Located In: Sitka

Regional Native Corporation: None

Location & Climate:

Sitka sits on the west coast of Baranof Island on Sitka Sound, fronting the Pacific Ocean, 95 air miles southwest of Juneau, 185 miles northwest of Ketchikan, and 862 air miles north of Seattle. Located at approximately 57.05306° North Latitude and -135.33° West Longitude (Sec. 36, T055S, R063E, Copper River Meridian) An extinct volcano, nearby Mount Edgecumbe rises 3,200 feet above the community. January temperatures range from 23 to 35° F; summers vary from 48 to 61° F. Average annual precipitation is 96 inches, including 39 inches of snowfall.

EMERGENCY SERVICES			
Police:.	747-3245	Fire:	747-5890
VPSO:	747-6977	EMS: Sitka Fire Dept./Ambulance/Rescue	747-3233/747-3245
Alaska State Troopers:	747-6611	Hospital: SEARHC Mt. Edgecumbe Hospital Sitka Community Hospital U.S. Coast Guard Air Station & Medevac SEARHC Air Medical	966-2411 747-3241 966-5430 966-2411
Harbormaster:	623-0940		

LOCAL ORGANIZATIONS AND STAKEHOLDERS			
Name: City &	Phone: 747-1808 or	Fax: 747-7403	Website:
Borough of	747-3294		http://www.cityofsitka.com/
Sitka			
Address: 100	Primary Contact:	City Clerk:	Other: colleen@cityofsitka.com
Lincoln Street,			
Sitka, AK			
99835			
Name:	Phone: 747-8604	Fax: 747-7413	Website:
Greater Sitka			

Chamber of			
Commerce			
Address: P.O.	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other: sitkacoc@ptialaska.net
Box 638, Sitka,			
AK 99835			
Name: Sitka	Phone: 747-5940	Fax: 747-3739	Website: http://www.sitka.org/
Convention &			
Visitors			
Bureau			
Address: P.O.	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other: scvb@ptialaska.net
Box 1226,			
Sitka, AK			
99835			
Name: Sitka	Phone: 747-6633	Fax: 747-3208	Website:
Electric			
Department			
Address: 1306	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other:
Halibut Point			
Road, Sitka,			
AK 99835			
Name:	Phone: 747-5088	Fax: 747-5701	Website:
Baranof Island			
Housing Auth.			
Address: P.O.	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other: board@ptialaska.net
Box 517, Sitka,			
AK 99835			
Name: Sitka	Phone: 747-3219	Fax: 747-8898	Website:
Sentinel			http://www.sitkasentinel.com/
Address: 112	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other: sitkanews@ptialaska.net
Barrack St.,			
Sitka, AK			
99835			
	Phone: 747-5439	Fax: 747-8455	Website:
AM Radio	D.	a: a: :	
Address: 611	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other: kifw@ptialaska.net
Lake Street,			
Sitka, AK			
99835	DI 7.7 7.7		1
Name: KCAW	Phone: 747-5877	Fax: 747-5977	Website:
Radio			
Address: 2	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other: ravennews@worldnet.att.net
Lincoln Street,			
Suite B, Sitka,			
AK 99835	D I 000 0001	F. 000 2445	Make the board of
Name: Mt.	Phone: 966-2201	Fax: 966-2442	Website: http://www.mehs.us/
Edgecumbe			
High School			

Address: 1330	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other:
Seward Ave.,			hal_spackman@mte.educ.state.ak.us
Sitka, AK			
99835-9348			
Name: Sitka	Phone: 747-8622	Fax: 966-1260	Website:
Borough			http://www.sitkaschools.org/
Schools			
Address: P.O.	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other:
Box 179, Sitka,			bradshaws@mail.ssd.k12.ak.us
AK 99835-			
0179			
Village	Phone: 747-3534	Fax: 747-5727	Website:
Corporation:			
Shee Atika,			
Incorporated			
Address: 201	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other:
Katlian St.			
#200, Sitka,			
AK 99835			
Village	Phone: 747-3207	Fax: 747-4915	Website:
Council: Sitka			
Tribe of			
Alaska			
Address: 456	Email:		
Katlian Street,			
Sitka, AK			
99835-7505			

TRANSPORTATION			
ROAD:	Accessible by r	oad?	No road access
			Daily jet service is provided, and several scheduled air taxis, air charters and helicopter services are available. The State-owned Rocky Gutierrez Airport on Japonski Island has a 6,500' paved and lighted runway, an instrument landing system, and a 24-hour FAA Flight
AIR:			Service Station.
WATER:	Accessible by b	ooat?	Alaska Marine Highway (ferry) System
Local Transportation and Services			
Local Transportation:		Taxis: Arrowhead; Sitka Cabs	
Local Roads and Trails:			
Vehicle Rental:		Baranof Motors; Avis; Allstar; Advantage	

LOCAL SERVICES AND FACILITIES				
Lodging	Lodging			
Housing				
Facility	Website	Phone		
Sitka Hotel		747-3288		
Cascade				
Inn				
Super 8				
Motel		747-6604		
Westmark				
Hotel		747-6241		
Potlatch				
House				
AAA B & B				
Abner's B				
& B				
Alaska				
Ocean				
View B & B				
Annahoot				
z B & B				
Archangel				
B & B				
Biorka B &				
В				
By the Sea				
B & B				
Creeks				
Edge				
Guest House				
Eagle's				
Landing B & B				
Gavan Hill				
B & B				
Hannah's				
B & B				
Karras B &				
В				
Pacific				
Sunset B &				
В				
	ı	l		

	T		
Seaview B			
& B			
Vonnie's			
on			
Shelikof			
youth			
hostel			
campgrou			
nds			
Food Service	e & Groceries		
Name/Fac			
ility	Туре	Season	Phone
	[Restaurant/Cafeteria/		
	Grocery Store]		
	[Restaurant/Cafeteria/		
	Grocery Store]		
	[Restaurant/Cafeteria/		
	Grocery Store]		
	[Restaurant/Cafeteria/		
	Grocery Store]		
Supplies & 0	Other Services		
	Name		Phone
General			
Store			
Hardware			
Store			
Bank or			
ATM			
[Other]			
Fuel			
Fuel			
Stations	Phone	Fuel Available	Season
[Name/Op			
erator]			
Tank Farm	Phone	Fuel Available	Capacity
City &			
Borough			
Incinerato			
r			25,000 gals
Petro			-
Marine			
Services	747-3414		865,500 gal
Alaska			
Pulp Corp			1,572,800 gal

Hidden			
Falls			
Hatchery	22,000 gal		
Sitka Fuel	155,000 gal		
Communica	tions and Utilities		
	Name/Service Provider		
Telephone			
(Landline)	ACS of the Northland		
Telephone			
(Cellular)	AT&T Alascom; GCI; ACS Long Distance		
Internet	ACS Internet (www.acsalaska.net); AT&T WorldNet (www.worldnet.att.net);		
Service	Chugach.Net (www.chugach.net); GCI (www.gci.net); Sinbad Network		
Provider	Communications (www.sinbad.net)		
Electricity	Sitka Electric Department; the borough owns hydroelectric facilities at Blue Lake		
Provider	and Green Lake and a diesel-fueled generator at Indian River.		
Local			
Power			
Plant			
School			
Power			
Plant			
Primary			
Water	Water is drawn from a reservoir on Blue Lake and Indian River, treated, stored,		
Supply	and piped to nearly all homes in Sitka. The maximum capacity is 8.6-million gallons		
System:	per day, with 197-million gallons of storage capacity.		
Primary			
Sewage	Approximately 95% of homes are connected to the piped sewage system, which		
System:	receives primary treatment.		

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT

The following facilities may be available to support a spill response. Contact local communities for additional information.

Potential Command Posts, Operations Centers or Meeting Facilities				
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Capacity/	Internet	
	(organization & phone)	Size	Yes/No	
Municipal/Sitka Teen	747-3225			
Resource Center				
Municipal/Harrigan				
Centennial Hall,				
Tribal/Sheetka Kwaan Naa				
Kahidi Community House				
ANB Hall				
American Legion Post #13				
Coliseum Theatre				
college library				
Westmark Hotel	747-6241			

Potential Staging Areas				
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Capacity/ Size		
	(organization & phone)			
Crescent, Eliason, or Sealing	747-3439			
Harbor parking lots				
Local Spill Response Equipmen	nt			
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Quantity		
	(organization & phone)			
Boom, sorbent pads, etc.				
Backhoe	contact 747-1806			
Bulldozer	contact 747-1806			
Dump truck or similar	contact 747-1806			
Sitka Harbor	contact the harbormaster, 747-3439			
Petro Marine & Halibut Pt	747-3414/4999			
Marine Spill Kits				
ADEC response equipment	contact the harbormaster, 747-3439			
conex				
USCG response equipment				
conex				
,	in the community for supporting a lar	•		
'	supply, seasonal water rationing, lack	of lodging, waste-water		
restrictions, etc.				
		T		
What are the top two sensitive oil spill?	e areas (<i>environmental or cultural</i>) to be	e protected in case of an		
Location	Latitude & Longitute	Reason for protection		

Fishing, fish processing, tourism, government, transportation, retail, and health care services provide a diversified economy for Sitka. Cruise ships bring over 200,000 visitors annually. Fish processing provides seasonal employment; Sitka Sound Seafood and the Seafood Producers Coop are major employers. In 2011, 776 residents held commercial fishing permits. The U.S. Forest Service and the U.S. Coast Guard also employ a significant number of residents; in 2011, 191 Coast Guard personnel were stationed in Sitka.

Culture & Demographics:

Sitka was originally inhabited by a major tribe of Tlingits, who called the village "Shee Atika." The village was discovered by the Russian Vitus Bering expedition in 1741, and the site became "New Archangel" in 1799. St. Michael's Redoubt trading post and fort were built here by Alexander Baranof, manager of the Russian-American company. Tlingits burned down the fort and looted the warehouse in 1802. Two years later the Russians retaliated by destroying the Tlingit fort in the Battle of Sitka. This was the last major stand by the Tlingits against the Russians, and the Indians evacuated the area until about 1822. By 1808, Sitka was the capital of Russian Alaska. During the mid-1800s, Sitka was the major port on the north Pacific coast, with ships calling from

many nations. Furs destined for European and Asian markets were the main export, but salmon, lumber and ice were also exported to Hawaii, Mexico and California. After the purchase of Alaska by the U.S. in 1867, Sitka remained the capital of the Territory until 1906, when the seat of government moved to Juneau. Founded in 1878, a school for natives nearly closed four years later until Presbyterian missionary Sheldon Jackson came to its rescue, and the college, which later was named for him, went on to become the oldest institution of higher learning in Alaska until it closed in 2007. Also in 1878, one of the first canneries in Alaska was built in Sitka. During the early 1900s, gold mines contributed to its growth, and the city incorporated in 1913. During World War II, the town was fortified and the U.S. Navy built an air base across the harbor on Japonski Island, which served 30,000 military personnel and over 7,000 civilians. After the war, the BIA converted some of the buildings for use as a boarding school for Alaska Natives, Mt. Edgecumbe High School. The U.S. Coast Guard now maintains the air station and other facilities on the island. A large pulp mill began operations at Silver Bay in 1960, but closed amid controversy in 1999. In 1971, the city and borough governments were unified. Ownership of the Sheldon Jackson college campus was transferred in 2011 to the non-profit organization behind the Sitka Fine Arts Camp. Tlingit culture, Russian influences, arts and artifacts remain a part of the local color. Sitka has year-round access to outdoor recreation in the Gulf of Alaska and Tongass National Forest. A federally-recognized tribe is located in the community, the Sitka Tribe of Alaska, plus the Central Council Tlingit & Haida Indian Tribes of Alaska, and 25% of the population is Alaska Native or part Native.

9770.9.19 – Skagway Community Profile **Skagway**

Population: 965 (2011 DCCED certified estimate)

Incorporation Type: 1st Class City Borough Located In: Unorganized Regional Native Corporation: None

Location & Climate:

Skagway, located 90 miles northeast of Juneau at the northernmost end of Lynn Canal at the head of Taiya Inlet, lies 108 road miles south of Whitehorse, just west of the Canadian border, at approximately 59.45833° North Latitude and -135.31389° West Longitude. (Sec. 11, T028S, R059E, Copper River Meridian.) The town experiences a maritime climate with cool summers and mild winters: average summer temperatures range from 45 to 67° F; winter temperatures 18 to 37° F. Within the shadow of the mountains, Skagway receives less rain than is typical of Southeast Alaska, averaging 26 inches of precipitation per year, with 39 inches of snow.

EMERGENCY SERVICES				
Police:.	983-2232	Fire:	983-2450	
VPSO:	None	EMS: Skagway Volunteer Fire Dept./EMS	983-2450/983-2300	
Alaska State Troopers:	None	Hospital: Dahl Memorial Medical Clinic	983-2255	
Harbormaster:	983-2628			

LOCAL ORGA	LOCAL ORGANIZATIONS AND STAKEHOLDERS				
Name:	Phone: 983-2297	Fax: 983-	Website:		
Municipality		2151	http://www.skagway.org/		
of Skagway					
Address:	Primary Contact:	City Clerk:	Other:		
P.O. Box			bwardmgr@aptalaska.net		
415,					
Skagway, AK					
99840					
Name:	Phone: 983-2854	Fax: 983-	Website:		
Skagway		3854			
Convention					

Alaska Inland ACP 9770: Southeast Alaska Geographic Zone

& Visitors			
Bureau			
Address:	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other: infoskag@aptalaska.net
P.O. Box	, ,	0.0, 0.0	Construince apraise and a series and a serie
1025,			
Skagway, AK			
99840			
Name:	Phone: 360-385-1733	Fax: 360-	Website:
Alaska		385-1733	
Power &			
Telephone			
(Southeast)			
Address:	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other:
P.O. Box	•	•	dianeturtle@olympus.net
222, Port			- , .
Townsend,			
WA 98368			
Name:	Phone: 983-2354	Fax: 983-	Website:
Skagway		2356	http://www.skagwaynews.com/
News			
Address:	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other:
P.O. Box			skagwaynews@ptialaska.net
498,			
Skagway, AK			
99840-0498			
Name:	Phone: 983-2960	Fax: 983-	Website:
Skagway		2964	http://www.skagwayschool.org/
City Schools			
Address:	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other: rplee@hotmail.com
P.O. Box			
497,			
Skagway, AK			
99840-0497			
Village	Phone: 983-4068	Fax: 983-	Website:
Council:		3068	
Skaqua			
Traditional			
Council	e		
Address:	Email:		
P.O. Box	skaqua@pobox.aptalaska.net		
1157,			
Skagway, AK			
99840			

TRANSPORTATION		
ROAD:	Accessible by road?	Yes.

			The State owns the 3,750'
			paved runway, and a seaplane
			base at the boat harbor offers
AIR:			scheduled air taxis.
			Alaska Marine Highway
			(ferry) System provides
WATER:	Accessible by b	oat?	passenger and vehicle service
Local Transportation and Serv	ices		
Local Transportation:			
		The Klondike	Highway and Alaska Highway
		provide a	connection through British
		Columbia and t	the Yukon Territory, Canada, to
Local Roads and Trails:		the lower 48 states or north to Interior Alaska.	
Vehicle Rental:		Avis; Sourdough Shuttle; ABC Car Rental	
		Air Excursions; Wings of Alaska; Temsco	
Airline Services:		Helicopters.	

LOCAL SERVICES AND	LOCAL SERVICES AND FACILITIES				
Lodging					
Housing Facility	Website		Phone		
Gold Rush Lodge					
Golden North Hotel					
Westmark Hotel					
Skagway Inn B & B					
Sgt. Preston's Lodge					
Wind Valley Lodge					
Gramma's B & B					
Mile Zero B & B					
Portland House					
Cindy's Place					
Skagway Home					
Hostel					
Pullen RV Park					
Handusek RV Park					
Garden City RV Park					
Food Service & Groce	eries				
Name/Facility	Туре	Season	Phone		
	[Restaurant/Cafeteria/				
	Grocery Store]				
	[Restaurant/Cafeteria/				
	Grocery Store]				
	[Restaurant/Cafeteria/				
	Grocery Store]				
	[Restaurant/Cafeteria/				
	Grocery Store]				
Supplies & Other Ser	vices				

	Name		Phone
General Store			
Hardware Store			
Bank or ATM			
[Other]			
Fuel			
Fuel Stations	Phone	Fuel Available	Season
[Name/Operator]			
Tank Farm	Phone	Fuel Available	Capacity
White Pass Alaska			2,860,000 gals
White Pass Upper			
Plant			6,993,800 gals
Alaska Power &			
Telephone			15,000 gals
Communications and	Utilities		
	Name/Service Provid	der	
Telephone			
(Landline)	Alaska Telephone Co.	./AP&T	
Telephone (Cellular)	AT&T Alascom; Alaska Telephone		
Internet Service	Alaska Power &	Tel. Co. (www.apta	alaska.net); ICE Comms
Provider	(www.wytbear.com)		
Electricity Provider	Alaska Power Company, 983-2016		
Local Power Plant			
School Power Plant			
Primary Water Water comes from three wells near 15th & Alaska Sts, stored in a			Alaska Sts, stored in a tank,
Supply System:	and piped throughout Skagway.		
Primary Sewage	Primary Sewage		
System:	Piped sewage receive	es primary treatment wi	th an ocean outfall

The following facilities may be available to support a spill response. Contact local communities for additional information. **Potential Command Posts, Operations Centers or Meeting Facilities Facility Name or Location** Contact Capacity/ Internet (organization & phone) Size Yes/No City Civic Center City Hall 983-2297 Skagway City School **Potential Staging Areas Facility Name or Location** Capacity/Size Contact (organization & phone) Petro Marine Services 612-0049 Loading Dock & AMHS Dock Small Boat Harbor Staging 983-2628

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT

Area

Local Spill Response Equipment				
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Quantity		
	(organization & phone)			
Boom, sorbent pads, etc.	Petro Marine, 612-0049	1500' containment boom, 500' sorbent boom, 5 anchors for securing boom, 100 bales sorbent pads (100 pads per bale).		
Backhoe	City Shop, 983-2449; H&H, 983-2588; State Shop, 983-2323			
Bulldozer	State Shop, 983-2323; H&H, 983- 2588			
Dump truck or similar	City Shop, 983-2449; H&H, 983-2588; State Shop, 983-2323; Hamilton Con. 983-2702			
Loader	City Shop 983-2449; H&H 983-2588; State Shop 983-2323; Hamilton Con. 983-2702; Harbor 983-2628; WP&YR 983-2214			
ADEC response equipment conex	contact the harbormaster, 983-2628			
SEAPRO Container	225-7002			
Skiff w/ outboard motor	M. O'Boyle 983-2628; J. Simmons 983-2450; Cruiseline Agencies 983-2815; T. Cochran 612-0049			
Are there any limiting factors in the community for supporting a large spill response effort? Examples are restricted food supply, seasonal water rationing, lack of lodging, waste-water restrictions, etc.				
What are the top two sensitive areas (<i>environmental or cultural</i>) to be protected in case of an oil spill?				
Location	Latitude & Longitute	Reason for protection		

Skagway, with its historical Tlingit influences and colorfully restored downtown reflecting the history of the gold rush era, boasts a large tourist industry supported by the highway and the connection to the Inside Passage, which brings cruise ships and the State ferry: over 600,000 cruise ship passengers, multiple interior bus tours, and numerous State ferry travelers visit Skagway each year. The Klondike Gold Rush Historical Park and White Pass and Yukon Railroad are major attractions. An Economic Impact Study in 1999 found that 51% of the owners of visitor-related businesses are not year-round residents. Trans-shipment of lead/zinc ore, fuel and freight occurs via the Port and the Klondike Hwy to and from Canada. Four residents hold commercial fishing permits.

DRAFT, June 2018

Culture & Demographics:

In June 1887, Capt. W. Moore and Skookum Jim, a Tlingit from the Yukon Territory, discovered the White Pass route from the coastal area of "Skagua," a Tlingit name meaning "the place where the north wind blows," into Interior Canada. In July 1897, gold was discovered in the Klondike, and by October Skagway had grown from a concourse of tents to a fair-sized town with well-laid-out streets and numerous frame buildings, stores, saloons, gambling houses, dance houses and a population of about 20,000. Over 5,000 thousand stampeders landed in February 1898. Skagway became the first incorporated city in Alaska in 1900 with a population of 3,117, the second-largest settlement in Alaska. Tales of fortune seekers, lawlessness and Soapy Smith are legendary. Once the gold rush ended in 1900, Skagway might have become a ghost town if not for the White Pass and Yukon Railroad construction in 1898. The railroad, the first in Alaska, provided freight, fuel and transportation to Whitehorse and served the Anvil Gold Mines in the Yukon. The mine closed in 1982 but the Klondike Hwy, constructed in 1979, gave Skagway a link to the Alaska Highway. A federally-recognized tribe is located in the community, the Skaqua Traditional Council and 5% of the population is Alaska Native or part Native.

9770.9.20 - Tenakee Springs Community Profile

Tenakee Springs

Population: 145 (2011 DCCED certified estimate)

Incorporation Type: 2nd Class City Borough Located In: Unorganized Regional Native Corporation: None

Location & Climate:

Tenakee Springs is located on the east side of Chichagof Island, on the north shore of Tenakee Inlet, 45 miles southwest of Juneau and 50 miles northeast of Sitka, at approximately 57.78083° North Latitude and -135.21889° West Longitude. (Sec. 21, T047S, R063E, Copper River Meridian.) Tenakee Springs is located in the Sitka Recording District. Tenakee Springs has a maritime climate with cool summers and mild winters. Summer temperatures range from 45 to 65° F; winters 24 to 39° F. The highest recorded temperature is 84° F, the lowest 3° F. Total precipitation averages 69 inches a year, with 62 inches of snow.

EMERGENCY SERVICES			
Police:.		Fire:	
VPSO:	736-2211	EMS: Tenakee Springs Volunteer Fire/EMS	736-2211
Alaska State Troopers:		Hospital:	
Harbormaster:	736-2342	Director of Public Safety	736-2350

LOCAL ORG	LOCAL ORGANIZATIONS AND STAKEHOLDERS						
Name: Cit	y of	Phone: 736-2207	Fax: 736-2207	Website:			
Tenakee							
Springs							
Address:	P.O.	Primary Contact:	City Clerk:	Other:			
Box	52,						
Tenakee							
Springs,	AK						
99841							

TRANSPORTATION		
ROAD:	Accessible by road?	No road access

AIR:			The city owns a seaplane base and heliport. Scheduled or chartered floatplanes are available from Juneau.
			Alaska Marine Highway
WATER:	Accessible by b	oat?	(ferry) System
Local Transportation and Services			
Local Transportation:			
		There is a 3-	-mile-long main street. Local
Local Roads and Trails:		transportation	is primarily by bicycle or ATV.
Vehicle Rental:			
Airline Services:		Wings of Alask	a; Alaska sea Planes

Lodging Housing Facility Website Phone Snyder Mercantile Co. cabins Tenakee Hot Springs Lodge Tenakee Inn & Tavern Tommunity Center Tommunity Center Todo Service & Groceries Name/Facility Type Season Phone [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] Supplies & Other Services Name Phone General Store Hardware Store Bank or ATM	LOCAL SERVICES AND FACILITIES						
Housing Facility Website Phone Snyder Mercantile Co. cabins Tenakee Hot Springs Lodge Tenakee Inn & Tavern Community Center Food Service & Groceries Name/Facility Type Season Phone Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] Supplies & Other Services Supplies & Other Services Phone Phone Phone General Store Hardware Store Bank or ATM							
Provider							
Mercantile Co. cabins 736-2205 Tenakee Hot Springs Lodge 736-2400 Tenakee Inn & Tavern 736-2241 Community Center 736-2207 Food Service & Groceries Name/Facility Type Season Phone [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Groc	•	Website		Phone			
cabins 736-2205 Tenakee Hot Springs Lodge 736-2400 Tenakee Inn & Tavern 736-2241 Community Center 736-2207 Food Service & Groceries Name/Facility Type Season Phone [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] Phone Supplies & Other Services Phone General Store Hardware Store Bank or ATM	Snyder						
Tenakee Hot Springs Lodge 736-2400 Tenakee Inn & Tavern 736-2241 Community Center 736-2207 Food Service & Groceries Name/Facility Type Season Phone [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] Phone Supplies & Other Services Name Phone General Store Hardware Store Bank or ATM	Mercantile Co.						
Springs Lodge	cabins			736-2205			
Tenakee Inn & Tavern 736-2241 Community Center 736-2207 Food Service & Groceries Name/Facility Type Season Phone [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] Phone Supplies & Other Services Name Phone	Tenakee Hot						
Tavern 736-2241 Community Center 736-2207 Food Service & Groceries Name/Facility Type Season Phone [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] Supplies & Other Services Name Phone General Store Bank or ATM				736-2400			
Community Center 736-2207 Food Service & Groceries Name/Facility Type Season Phone [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] Supplies & Other Services Name Phone General Store Hardware Store Bank or ATM							
Food Service & Groceries Name/Facility Type Season Phone [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] Supplies & Other Services Name Phone General Store Hardware Store Bank or ATM				736-2241			
Name Food Service & Groceries	•						
Name/Facility Type Season Phone [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] Phone Supplies & Other Services Name Phone General Store Hardware Store Bank or ATM				736-2207			
[Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] Supplies & Other Services Name Phone General Store Hardware Store Bank or ATM							
teria/ Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] Supplies & Other Services Name Phone General Store Hardware Store Bank or ATM	Name/Facility		Season	Phone			
Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] Supplies & Other Services Name Phone General Store Hardware Store Bank or ATM		-					
[Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] Supplies & Other Services Name Phone General Store Hardware Store Bank or ATM		<u> </u>					
teria/ Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] Supplies & Other Services Name Phone General Store Hardware Store Bank or ATM		·					
Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] Supplies & Other Services Name Phone General Store Hardware Store Bank or ATM		-					
[Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] Supplies & Other Services Name Phone General Store Hardware Store Bank or ATM		-					
teria/							
Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] Supplies & Other Services Name Phone General Store Hardware Store Bank or ATM		-					
[Restaurant/Cafe teria/ Grocery Store] Supplies & Other Services Name Phone General Store Hardware Store Bank or ATM		<u> </u>					
teria/ Grocery Store] Supplies & Other Services Name Phone General Store Hardware Store Bank or ATM		•					
Supplies & Other Services Name Phone General Store Hardware Store Bank or ATM		-					
Supplies & Other Services Name Phone General Store Hardware Store Bank or ATM Phone		·					
NamePhoneGeneral StoreHardware StoreBank or ATMImage: Control of the phone	Supplies & Other	·					
General Store Hardware Store Bank or ATM	Supplies & Other			Dhone			
Hardware Store Bank or ATM	General Store	Hanne		FIIOTIC			
Bank or ATM							
	[Other]						

Fuel			
Fuel Stations	Phone	Fuel Available	Season
[Name/Operat			
or]			
Tank Farm	Phone	Fuel Available	Capacity
Snyder			
Mercantile			4 tanks/ 71,869 gals
Electric Utility			700 gals
Communications	and Utilities		
	Name/Service	Provider	
Telephone			
(Landline)			
Telephone			
(Cellular)			
Internet Service			
Provider			
Electricity		-	e city owns and operates diesel
Provider	generators, an	nd the city owns the elect	trical and fuel distribution systems.
Local Power			
Plant			
School Power			
Plant			
Primary Water			
Supply System:			
Primary			
Sewage			
System:			

for additional information. **Potential Command Posts, Operations Centers or Meeting Facilities Facility Name or Location** Contact Capacity/ Internet (organization & phone) Yes/No Size City/Tenakee Fire Hall 736-2211 **Public Library** Tenakee Springs School **Potential Staging Areas Facility Name or Location** Capacity/Size Contact (organization & phone) Tenakee Harbor **Local Spill Response Equipment Facility Name or Location** Contact Quantity (organization & phone)

The following facilities may be available to support a spill response. Contact local communities

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT

Boom, sorbent pads, etc.

736-2207

Backhoe	769-2207					
Bulldozer						
Dump truck or similar						
Skiff w/ outboard motor	736-2211					
ADEC response equipment	contact the harbormaster at 736-					
conex	2222, or tank farm manager at 736-					
	2226.					
Are there any limiting factors	in the community for supporting a lar	ge spill response effort?				
Examples are restricted food	supply, seasonal water rationing, lack	of lodging, waste-water				
restrictions, etc.						
What are the top two sensitive areas (<i>environmental or cultural</i>) to be protected in case of an oil spill?						
Location	Latitude & Longitute	Reason for protection				

Tenakee Springs has long been considered a retirement community, though commercial fishing is an important source of income, and 18 residents hold commercial fishing permits. Tourism is becoming increasingly important. City government and the store are the only local employers.

Culture & Demographics:

The word Tenakee is from the Tlingit word "tinaghu," meaning "Coppery Shield Bay." This refers to three copper shields, highly prized by the Tlingits, that were lost in a storm. Early prospectors and fishermen came to the site to wait out the winters and enjoy the natural hot springs in Tenakee. Around 1895, a large tub and building were constructed to provide a warm bathing place for the increasing number of visitors. In 1899, Ed Snyder established Snyder's Mercantile, which still operates today. A post office opened in 1903; originally called Tenakee, the name was altered to Tenakee Springs in 1928. Improvements to the hot springs facilities were made in 1915 and 1929; the existing bathhouse was constructed in 1940. Three canneries operated in the area between 1916 and 1974. A logging camp operated for a time at Corner Bay. The city, incorporated in 1971, is predominantly a retirement community and summer retreat for Juneau and Sitka residents. Many residents practice a subsistence lifestyle and actively exchange resources with their neighbors. The 108-degree sulfur hot springs is the social focus of the community; bathing times are posted for men and women. Approximately 5% of the population is Alaska Native or part Native.

9770.9.21 – Thorne Bay Community Profile

Thorne Bay

Population: 496 (2011 DCCED certified estimate)

Incorporation Type: 2ND Class City Borough Located In: Unorganized Regional Native Corporation: None

Location & Climate:

Thorne Bay is 47 air miles northwest of Ketchikan on the east coast of Prince of Wales Island. On the island's road system, it lies 60 miles from Hollis and 36 miles east of the Klawock Junction, at approximately 55.68778° North Latitude and -132.52222° West Longitude. (Sec. 12, T071S, R084E, Copper River Meridian.) Thorne Bay is located in the Ketchikan Recording District. Prince of Wales Island is dominated by a cool, moist, maritime climate: summer temperatures range from 49 to 63; winter temperatures from 32 to 42. Average annual precipitation is 120 inches, including 40 inches of snow.

EMERGENCY SERVICES	3		
Police:.	None	Fire: State VPSO & City Volunteer Fire Dept./EMS/Ambulance	
VPSO:	254-8499	EMS: City EMS Firehall Thorne Bay Volunteer Rescue Squad/EMS Prince of Wales Island Area EMS	907 828-3380 828-3313 826-2367/3330
Alaska State Troopers:	None	Hospital : Thorne Bay Health Clinic	828-8848
Harbormaster:	965-4138	Village/Tribal Council: 828-3380	

LOCAL ORGANIZ	LOCAL ORGANIZATIONS AND STAKEHOLDERS						
Name: City of	Phone: 828-3380	Fax: 828-3374	Website: http://www.thornebay-				
Thorne Bay			ak.gov/				
Address: P.O.	Primary Contact:	City Clerk:	Other: reception@thornebay-				
Box 19110,			ak.go				
Thorne Bay, AK							
99919,							
Name: Thorne	Phone:	Fax:	Website:				
Bay Business			http://www.thornebayalaska.net/				
Association							

Address: P.O. Box 19492, Thorne Bay, AK 99919	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other: tbba@thornebayalaska.net
Name:	Phone: 828-8254	Fax: 828-8257	Website:
Southeast Island Schools			http://www.sisd.k12.ak.us/
Address: P.O. Box 19569, Thorne Bay, AK 99919-8340	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other: darensman@sisd.k12.ak.us

TRANSPORTATION				
ROAD:	Accessible by r	oad?	No road access	
AIR:			State-owned seaplane base	
WATER:	Accessible by b	oat?	Inter-Island Ferry at Hollis	
Local Transportation and Services				
Local Transportation:				
		The roads pro	vides access to other Prince of	
Local Roads and Trails:		Wales Island communities		
Vehicle Rental:		McFarlands Silverthorn		
Airline Services:		Ketchikan Air Service; Taquan Air; Pro-Mech		

LOCAL SERVICES AN	LOCAL SERVICES AND FACILITIES				
Lodging					
Housing Facility	Website		Phone		
Brenda's Beehive					
B&B			828-3945		
MacFarland's					
Floatel			828-3335		
Deer Creek					
Cottages			828-3393		
Thorne Bay Inn &					
Cabins			828-3400		
The Welcome Inn					
B&B			828-3950		
Boardwalk					
Wilderness Lodge			828-3918		
Tackle Shackle			828-8212		
Adventure Alaska			828-3977		
River Bitch Inn			828-3322		
Food Service & Groceries					
Name/Facility	Туре	Season	Phone		
	[Restaurant/Cafeteria/				
	Grocery Store]				
	[Restaurant/Cafeteria/				

	Grocery Store]		
	[Restaurant/Cafeteria	1	
	Grocery Store]	′	
	[Restaurant/Cafeteria	1	
	Grocery Store]		
Supplies & Other Se			
Supplies & Other Se	Name		Phone
General Store	Ivaille		Filone
Hardware Store			
Bank or ATM			
[Other]			
Fuel	T = .		
Fuel Stations	Phone	Fuel Available	Season
[Name/Operator]			
	_		_
Tank Farm	Phone	Fuel Available	Capacity
Petro Alaska			12 tank/ 276,000 gals
City			2 tank/ 6,000 gal
US Forest Service			2 tanl/ 20,455 gal
Taquan Air			2 tank/ 6,000 gal
The Tackle Shop			3,000 gal
Bayview Fuel &			
Tire			2,000 gal
Communications an	d Utilities		
	Name/Service Provide	er	
Telephone			
(Landline)	ACS of the Northland		
Telephone			
(Cellular)	AT&T Alascom		
Internet Service			
Provider	Alaska Power & Teleph	hone Company (www.a	ptalaska.net)
Electricity Provider	Thorne Bay Public Utility		
Local Power Plant	morne buy i done other		
School Power Plant			
Primary Water	Water Lake, north of	Thorne Bay, supplies	water that is treated and
Supply System:	Water Lake, north of Thorne Bay, supplies water that is treated and stored in a tank before piped distribution.		
Primary Sewage	The gravity sewage system includes secondary treatment before		
System:	discharge into the bay		
-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	alsonal Be line sur		

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT The following facilities may be available to support a spill response. Contact local communities for additional information. Potential Command Posts, Operations Centers or Meeting Facilities Facility Name or Location Contact Capacity/ Internet

rotential Command Posts, Operations Centers of Weeting Facilities				
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Capacity/	Internet	
	(organization & phone)	Size	Yes/No	
City/Bay Chalet	828-3380			
·			·-	

Potential Staging Areas	Potential Staging Areas			
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Capacity/ Size		
	(organization & phone)			
Sort Yard	828-3380			
Local Spill Response Equipmen	nt			
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Quantity		
	(organization & phone)			
Boom, sorbent pads, etc.				
Backhoe	828-3380			
Bulldozer				
Dump truck or similar	828-3380			
Skiff with Outboard Motor	harbormaster, 965-4138			
ADEC response equipment	harbormaster, 965-4138			
conex				
Are there any limiting factors	in the community for supporting a lar	ge spill response effort?		
· ·	supply, seasonal water rationing, lack	of lodging, waste-water		
restrictions, etc.				
What are the top two sensitive	What are the top two sensitive areas (environmental or cultural) to be protected in case of a			
oil spill?				
Location	Latitude & Longitute	Reason for protection		

Employment is primarily in small sawmills, U.S. Forest Service management of the Tongass National Forest, the Southeast Island School District, commercial fishing, tourism and lodging, and both local and state government employment. Additional economic activities include automobile and heavy equipment maintenance and repair, vehicle and boat fuel sales, transportation, and limited retail; in 2011, 17 residents held commercial fishing permits. To supplement incomes, residents fish and trap. Deer, salmon, halibut, shrimp and crab are popular food sources. Many locals travel to Craig and Ketchikan to purchase preferred goods.

Culture & Demographics:

The bay was named after Frank Manley Thorn, superintendent of the U.S. Coast & Geodetic Survey from 1885 through 1889; the name was misspelled when published. Thorne Bay developed as a result of a long-term timber sales contract between the U.S. Forest Service and the Ketchikan Pulp Company: in 1960 a floating logging camp was built and two years later Ketchikan Pulp moved its main logging camp from Hollis to Thorne Bay, and a shop, barge terminal, log sort yard, and camp were built to replace facilities at Hollis. Roads were then constructed to connect Thorne Bay with Hollis, Craig, and Klawock. During this time, Thorne Bay was considered the largest logging camp in North America. Thorne Bay evolved from a company-owned logging camp to an incorporated city in 1982, partly due to the land selection program provided for in the Alaska Statehood Act. Approximately 5% of the population is Alaska Native or part Native.

9770.9.22 – Wrangell Community Profile Wrangell

Population: 2,411 (2011 DCCED certified estimate) **Incorporation Type**: Unified Home Rule Borough **Borough Located In**: City and Borough of Wrangell

Regional Native Corporation: None

Location & Climate:

The City of Wrangell is located on the northwest tip of Wrangell Island, 155 miles south of Juneau and 89 miles northwest of Ketchikan. It is near the mouth of the Stikine River, an historic trade route to the Canadian Interior, at approximately 56.47083° North Latitude and -132.37667° West Longitude. (Sec. 25, T062S, R083E, Copper River Meridian.) Wrangell is in the maritime climatic zone and experiences cool summers, mild winters, and year-round rainfall: summer temperatures typically range from 42 to 64° F; winters from 21 to 44° F. Average annual precipitation is 82 inches, including 64 inches of snowfall. Fog is common from September through December.

EMERGENCY SERVICES	EMERGENCY SERVICES			
Police:.	874-3304	Fire: City Volunteer		
		Fire Dept./Rescue		
VPSO:	None	EMS:		
Alaska State	874-3215	Hospital: Wrangell	874-7000	
Troopers:		Medical Center		
		Wrangell Health		
		Center		
		Wrangell Volunteer	074 2222	
		Fire Dept./Rescue	874-3223	
Harbormaster:				

LOCAL ORGANIZATIONS AND STAKEHOLDERS			
Name: City of	Phone: 874-2381	Fax: 874-3952	Website:
Wrangell			http://www.wrangell.com/
Address: P.O.	Primary Contact:	City Clerk:	Other: clerk@wrangell.com
Box 531,			
Wrangell, AK			
99929			
Name:	Phone: 874-3901	Fax: 874-3905	Website:
Wrangell			http://www.wrangellchamber.org/

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Chamber of Commerce			
Address: P.O. Box 49, Wrangell, AK 99929	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other: chamber@seapac.net
Name: KSTK Radio	Phone: 874-2345	Fax: 874-3293	Website:
Address: P.O. Box 1141, Wrangell, AK 99929	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other: kstknews@aptalaska.net
Name: The Wrangell Sentinel	Phone: 874-2301	Fax: 874-2303	Website:
Address: P.O. Box 798, Wrangell, AK 99929	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other: wrgsent@aptalaska.net
Name: Wrangell City Schools	Phone: 874-2347	Fax: 874-3137	Website: http://www.wrangellschools.org/
Address: P.O. Box 2319, Wrangell, AK 99929-2319	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other: rrhodes@wrangellschools.org
Village Council: Wrangell Cooperative Association	Phone: 874-3481	Fax: 874-2982	Website:
Address: P.O. Box 868, Wrangell, AK 99929	Email:		

TRANSPORTATION				
ROAD:	Accessible by r	oad?	No road access	
			The State-owned 6,000'	
	paved lighted runway enable		paved lighted runway enables	
	jet service. A seaplane base			
AIR:	lies adjacent to the runwa		lies adjacent to the runway.	
			Alaska Marine Highway	
WATER:	Accessible by boat? (ferry) System		(ferry) System	
Local Transportation and Services				
Local Transportation: Taxis: Porky's Cab, Star Cab		Cab, Star Cab		

Local Roads and Trails:	
Vehicle Rental:	Practical Rent-A-Car
	Alaska Airlines; Sunrise Aviation; Ketchikan Air
Airline Services:	Service

LOCAL SERVICES	AND FACILITIES		
Lodging			
Housing			
Facility	Website		Phone
Stikine Inn			874-3388
Harding's			
Sourdough			
Lodge			
Roadhouse			
Lodge			
Thunderbird			
Hotel			
Hungry Beaver			
Hotel			
Rooney's Roost B&B			
The Anchor			
B&B			
Harbor House			
Triple B			
Presbyterian			
Church Hostel			
Snoddy's B&B			
Fennimore's			
B&B			
Food Service & G	iroceries	T	
Name/Facility	Туре	Season	Phone
	[Restaurant/Cafeteria/		
	Grocery Store]		
	[Restaurant/Cafeteria/		
	Grocery Store]		
	[Restaurant/Cafeteria/		
	Grocery Store]		
	[Restaurant/Cafeteria/		
	Grocery Store]		
Supplies & Other	l .		
	Name		Phone
General Store			
Hardware Store			
Bank or ATM			
[Other]			

Fuel				
Fuel Stations	Phone	Fuel Available	Season	
[Name/Operat				
or]				
Tank Farm	Phone	Fuel Available	Capacity	
Unocal 76			7 tanks/ 239,000 gals	
Delta Western			370,000 gal	
Power Utility			10,000 gal	
Communications				
	Name/Service Provide	er		
Telephone				
(Landline)	Alaska Telephone Co/	AP&T		
Telephone				
(Cellular)	AT&T Alascom; GCI	AT&T Alascom; GCI		
Internet Service	Alaska Power &	Telephone Company	(www.aptalaska.net); GCI	
Provider	_	et (www.seaknet.alaska.e		
Electricity	,	Wrangell Municipal Light & Power purchases electricity from the state-		
Provider	owned Tyee Lake Hyd	ro		
Local Power				
Plant				
School Power				
Plant				
Primary Water	Two surface reservoirs south of town supply 64 million gallons of water,			
Supply System:	which is filtered, treat	ed, and piped to househo	DIGS.	
Primary				
Sewage	Sewage receives secondary treatment at the Shoemaker Bay plant. About			
System:	20% of residences have individual septic tanks or marine outfalls			

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT

The following facilities may be available to support a spill response. Contact local communities for additional information.

Potential Command Posts, Operations Centers or Meeting Facilities				
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Capacity/	Internet	
	(organization & phone)	Size	Yes/No	
Salvation Army Community				
Center				
City Hall/Civic Center				
American Legion Hall				
Wrangell Recreation Facilities				
Wrangell Museum				
City/Our Collections Museum				
City Public Library				
Evergreen Elementary School				
Stikine Middle School				
Wrangell High School				

School Libraries					
Potential Staging Areas	Potential Staging Areas				
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Capacity/ Size			
	(organization & phone)				
Local Spill Response Equipmen	nt				
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Quantity			
	(organization & phone)				
Boom, sorbent pads, etc.					
Backhoe					
Bulldozer					
Dump truck or similar					
ADEC response equipment	contact the harbormaster, 874-3736				
conex					
Are there any limiting factors	in the community for supporting a lar	ge spill response effort?			
Examples are restricted food	supply, seasonal water rationing, lack	of lodging, waste-water			
restrictions, etc.					
•	What are the top two sensitive areas (environmental or cultural) to be protected in case of an				
oil spill?					
Location	Latitude & Longitute	Reason for protection			

Wrangell's economy is based on commercial fishing, tourism, and timber from the Tongass National Forest. Fishing and fish processing are an important segment of the economy. The Alaska Pulp Corp. sawmill, Wrangell's largest employer, closed in late 1994, but its primary assets were sold to Silver Bay Logging and the sawmill reopened in April 1998 with 33 employees. In 2011, 253 residents held commercial fishing permits. Dive fisheries are also taking place; targeted species include sea urchins, sea cucumbers, and geoducks. Wrangell offers a 150-ton marine travel lift and adjacent boat yard, which have increased marine-related support industries. There is a deepwater port, which is able to cater to large cruise ships. Stikine River and the surrounding area attract independent travelers for fishing, glacier viewing, and kayaking adventure tours. Anan Wildlife Observatory is famous for black and brown bear viewing

Culture & Demographics:

Wrangell is one of the oldest non-Native settlements in Alaska. In 1811, the Russians began fur trading with area Tlingits and built a stockade named Redoubt Saint Dionysius in 1834. The British of Hudson's Bay Co. leased the fort in 1840. A large Stikine Indian village known as Kotzlitzna was located 13 miles south of the fort. The Tlingits claimed their own ancient trade rights to the Stikine River and protested when the Hudson Bay Co. began to use their trade routes. But two epidemics of smallpox, in 1836 and 1840, reduced the Tlingit population by half. The fort was abandoned in 1849 when furs were depleted, but remained under the British flag until Alaska's purchase by the U.S. In 1868, the U.S. military established Fort Wrangell, named for the island. The community continued to grow as an outfitter for gold prospectors in 1861, 1874-77, and in 1897. Riotous

activity filled gambling halls, dance halls, and the streets. Thousands of miners traveled up the Stikine River to the Cassiar District of Canada during 1874, and again to the Klondike in 1897. A packing firm began operating in Wrangell in 1889, and a local sawmill provided packing boxes for canneries and lumber for construction. The city incorporated in 1903. By 1916, fishing and forest products had become the primary industries; four canneries and a cold storage plant were constructed in the late 1920s. Cold packing of crab and shrimp came in the 1930s. Abundant spruce and hemlock resources helped to expand the lumber and wood products industry. A federally-recognized tribe is located in the community, the Wrangell Cooperative Assoc., and 24% of the population is Alaska Native or part Native. Wrangell is primarily a non-Native community with a mixture of Tlingit, Russian, British, and American historical influences.

9770.9.23 – Yakutat Community Profile Yakutat

Population: 656 (2011 DCCED certified estimate) **Incorporation Type**: Non-Unified Home Rule Borough **Borough Located In**: City and Borough of Yakutat

Regional Native Corporation: None

Location & Climate:

Yakutat sits isolated in the lowlands along the Gulf of Alaska, 225 miles northwest of Juneau and 220 miles southeast of Cordova, at the mouth of Yakutat Bay, one of the few refuges for vessels along this stretch of coast. The Hubbard and Malaspina Glaciers are nearby. It lies at approximately 59.54694° North Latitude and -139.72722° West Longitude (Sec. 30, T027S, R034E, Copper River Meridian). Yakutat has a maritime climate characterized by relatively mild, often rainy weather. Summer temperatures range from 42 to 60° F; winter temperatures, 17 to 39° F. Yakutat receives some of the heaviest precipitation in the state, averaging 132 inches, including 219 inches of snowfall

EMERGENCY SERVICES	5		
Police:.	784-3206	Fire: Borough Volunteer Fire Dept./EMS/Ambulance	784-3206
VPSO:	None	EMS: Yakutat Volunteer EMS/Rescue	784-3206
Alaska State Troopers:	784-3220	Hospital: Yakutat Community Health Center	784-3275
Harbormaster:	784-3491		

LOCAL ORG	LOCAL ORGANIZATIONS AND STAKEHOLDERS				
Name: City	y &	Phone: 784-3323	Fax: 784-3281	Website:	
Borough	of			http://www.yakutatak.us/	
Yakutat					
Address:	P.O.	Primary Contact:	City Clerk:	Other: yakclerk@yakutatak.us	
Box 1	160,				
Yakutat,	AK				
99689					

Name: Yakutat	Phone: 784-3932	Fax: 784-3238	Website:
Native			
Association			
Address: P.O.	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other: yttgm@hotmail.com
Box 418,	-		
Yakutat, AK			
99689			
Name: Yakutat	Phone: 784-3317	Fax: 784-3446	Website:
School District			http://www.yakutatschools.org/
Address: P.O.	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other: rschug@yakutatschools.org
Box 429,			
Yakutat, AK			
99689-0429			
Village	Phone: 784-3335	Fax: 784-3622	Website: http://www.yak-
Corporation:			tatkwaan.com/
Yak-Tat Kwaan,			
Incorporated			
Address: P.O.	Primary Contact:	City Clerk	Other: rochellelekanof@yak-
Box 416,			tatkwaan.com
Yakutat, AK			
99689			
Village	Phone: 784-3238,	Fax: 784-3595	Website:
Council:	ext 223		
Yakutat Tlingit			
Tribe			
Address: P.O.	Email:		
Box 418,			
Yakutat, AK			
99689			

TRANSPORTATION	FRANSPORTATION				
ROAD:	Accessible by road? No road access				
		Scheduled jet flights, air taxis and floatplanes serve Yakutat. The State owns two jet-certified runways; one is 6,663' of concrete, the other is 7,750' of asphalt. The airport is located 3 miles southeast of town; a seaplane base is available one mile northwest. The U.S. Forest Service owns five airstrips in the vicinity, and the National Park Service operates one at			
AIR:		East Alsek River.			

			Alaska	Marine	Highway
WATER:	Accessible by boat?		(ferry) S	ystem	
Local Transportation and Services					
Local Transportation:		Taxis: Rose's Ta	axi		
Local Roads and Trails:					
Vehicle Rental:		Situk Leasing			
Airline Services:		Alaska Airlines	; Yakutat (Coastal Airl	ines

LOCAL SERVICES AND FACILITIES				
Lodging	ANDIACILITIES			
Housing				
Facility	Website		Phone	
Mooring				
Lodge			784-3300	
Glacier Bear				
Lodge			784-3202	
Leonard's				
Landing Lodge				
& Cabins			784-3245	
Silver Tip				
Guest House			784-3533	
Yakutat Lodge			784-3232	
Hanson's B&B				
Harlequin				
Lodge			784-3341	
Blue Heron Inn				
B&B			784-3287	
Food Service &			Physics	
Name/Facility	Type	Season	Phone	
	[Restaurant/Cafet			
	eria/			
	Grocery Store] [Restaurant/Cafet			
	eria/			
	Grocery Store]			
	[Restaurant/Cafet			
	eria/			
	Grocery Store]			
	[Restaurant/Cafet			
	eria/			
	Grocery Store]			
Supplies & Othe	·			
	Name		Phone	
General Store				
Hardware				
Store				

Bank or ATM					
[Other]					
Fuel					
Fuel Stations	Phone	Fuel Available	Season		
[Name/Operat					
or]					
Tank Farm	Phone	Fuel Available	Capacity		
Delta Western	784-3311		6,468,000 gals		
Alaska DOT			14,800 gals		
Sitka Sound					
Seafoods			12,200 gals		
Communication	s and Utilities				
	Name/Service	Provider			
Telephone					
(Landline)	ACS of the Northland				
Telephone					
(Cellular)	AT&T Alascom				
Internet					
Service					
Provider	ACS Internet (www.acsalaska.net)				
Electricity					
Provider	City & Borough	n of Yakutat			
Local Power					
Plant					
School Power					
Plant					
Primary Water	Water is derived from four wells, treated, and piped to all homes and schools				
Supply	in the community. Several wooden storage tanks provide pressure to the				
System: Primary	water system.	water system.			
Sewage	Dipad sawaga	receives primary treat	ment: a secondary treatment facility is		
System:	Piped sewage receives primary treatment; a secondary treatment facility is nearing completion				
System.	nearing compi	etion			

SPILL RESPONSE SUPPORT

The following facilities may be available to support a spill response. Contact local communities for additional information.

Potential Command Posts, Operations Centers or Meeting Facilities				
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Capacity/	Internet	
	(organization & phone)	Size	Yes/No	
Police Dept	784-3206			
Youth Center: Greg's				
Place/YNA Bldg				
Community Hall/ANB Hall				
Yakutat City Hall				
School Gym				

Icy Bay School		
Yakutat School		
School Libraries		
Potential Staging Areas		
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Capacity/ Size
	(organization & phone)	
Multi Purpose Dock	Harbormaster, 784-3323	40' van
Small Boat Harbor	Harbormaster, 784-3323	40' van
Local Spill Response Equipmen	nt	
Facility Name or Location	Contact	Quantity
	(organization & phone)	
Boom, sorbent pads, etc.		
Backhoe	784-3323	
Bulldozer	784-3323	
Dump truck or similar		
Skiff w/ Outboard Motor	Harbormaster, 784-3323	
ADEC response equipment	Harbormaster, 784-3323	
conex		
Are there any limiting factors	in the community for supporting a lar	ge spill response effort?
Examples are restricted food	supply, seasonal water rationing, lack	of lodging, waste-water
restrictions, etc.		
What are the top two sensitive oil spill?	e areas (<i>environmental or cultural</i>) to b	e protected in case of an
Location	Latitude & Longitute	Reason for protection
		1

Yakutat's economy is dependent on fishing, fish processing and government. North Pacific Processors is the major private employer, and in 2011, 182 residents held commercial fishing permits. Recreational fishing opportunities, both saltwater and freshwater fishing in the Situk River, are world-class. Most residents depend on subsistence hunting and fishing, harvesting salmon, trout, shellfish, deer, moose, bear and goats.

Culture & Demographics:

Yakutat has a diverse cultural history. The original settlers are believed to have been Eyak-speaking people from the Copper River area who were conquered by the Tlingits. Yakutat means "the place where the canoes rest." In the 18th and 19th centuries, English, French, Spanish and Russian explorers came to the region. Fur traders were attracted to the region's sea otters; the Russian-American Co. built a fort in Yakutat in 1805 to harvest sea otter pelts. Because the Russians would not allow local Tlingits access to their traditional fisheries, a Tlingit war party attacked and destroyed the post. In 1884, the Alaska Commercial Co. opened a store in Yakutat. By 1886, the black sand beaches in the area were being mined for gold. In 1889 the Swedish Free Mission Church opened a school and sawmill in the area. Beginning in 1903 the Stimson Lumber

Co. constructed a cannery, sawmill, store, and railroad. Most residents moved to the current site of Yakutat to be closer to this cannery, which operated through 1970. During World War II, a large aviation garrison and paved runway were constructed; troops were withdrawn after the war, but the runway is still in use. The City of Yakutat was formed in 1948, but in 1992 a borough that incorporated the city into its government was organized. The area maintains a traditional Tlingit culture with influences from the original Eyak Athabascans, as well as Russian, English and American traders and miners. Fishing and subsistence activities are prevalent. A federally-recognized tribe is located in the community, the Yakutat Tlingit Tribe of the Central Council Tlingit & Haida Indian Tribes of Alaska, and 47% of the population is Alaska Native or part Native.

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9770.10 - Western Alaska

The following regional organizational information applies to the Western Alaska subarea communities. For specifics regarding each community, see the detailed community profile.

Regional Native Corporations:

Calista Corporation, 601 W. 5th Avenue #200, Anchorage, AK 99501, Phone 279-5516, Fax 272-5060, Web: http://www.calistacorp.com/

Doyon, Limited, Doyon Bldg. - 201 First Avenue, Fairbanks, AK 99701, Phone 452-4755, Fax 456-6785, Web: http://www.doyon.com/

School Districts:

Iditarod Area Schools, Box 90, McGrath, AK 99627, Phone 524-3033, Fax 524-3217

Kashunamiut School District, 985 KSD Way, Chevak, AK 99563, Phone 858-7713, Fax 858-7328

Kuspuk Schools, Box 49, Aniak, AK 99557-0229, Phone 675-4250, Fax 675-4305

Lower Yukon Schools, P.O. Box 32089, Mountain Village, AK 99632-0089, Phone 591-2411, Fax 591-2449, Web: http://www.lysd.k12.ak.us

Saint Mary's School District, Box 9, Saint Mary's, AK 99658-0009, Phone 438-2411, Fax 438-2831

Yupiit School District, Box 51100, Akiachak, AK 99551-0010, Phone 825-4428, Fax 825-4827

Regional Development:

Lower Kuskokwim Economic Development Council, P.O. Box 2021, Bethel, AK 99559, Phone 543-5967, Fax 543-3130, e-mail: carl_berger@ddc-alaska.org

Interior Rivers Resource Conservation & Development Council, P.O. Box 309, Aniak, AK 99557, Phone 675-4578, Fax 675-4579, e-mail: rrs@kuskokwim.com

Housing Authority:

AVCP Regional Housing Authority, P.O. Box 767, Bethel, AK 99559, Phone 543-3121, Fax 543-3933,

e-mail: avcprhadon@aol.com

Interior Regional Housing Authority, 828 27th Avenue, Fairbanks, AK 99701, Phone 452-8315, Fax 456-8941, e-mail: joseph@irha.org

Regional Health Corporations:

Tanana Chiefs Conference, 122 First Avenue #600, Fairbanks, AK 99701, Phone 452-8251, Fax 459-3850, e-mail: wmayo@tananachiefs.org, Web: http://www.alaska.net/~tcc/

Yukon-Kuskokwim Health Corporation, P.O. Box 528, Bethel, AK 99559, Phone 543-6300, Fax 543-6006

Regional Native Non-Profit:

Association of Village Council Presidents (AVCP), P.O. Box 219, Bethel, AK 99559, Phone 543-7300, Fax 543-3596, e-mail: Myron_Naneng@avcp.org

Denakkanaaga, Inc., 409 Fourth Ave., Fairbanks, AK 99701, Phone 456-1748, Fax 452-6641, e-mail: dnakanga@polarnet.com

Kuskokwim Native Association, P.O. Box 127, Aniak, AK 99557, Phone 675-4386, Fax 675-4387

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9770.10.1 - Akiachak

AKIACHAK - Pronunciation/Other Names: (ACK-ee-uh-chuck)

Population: 655 (Alaska Dept of Labor estimate)

Incorporation Type: Unincorporated Borough Located In: Unorganized

Regional Native Corporation: Calista Corp.

Emergency Services: Police: VPSO 825-4313

State Troopers: 543-3494 (Bethel)

Akiachak PD: 825-4482

Fire: Akiachak Volunteer Fire Department 825-4313

Medical: Akiachak Native Community Clinic (Phone: 825-4011)

Organizations with Local Offices:

Village Council - Akiachak Native Community P.O. Box 51070, Akiachak, AK 99551-0070

Phone: 825-4626 Fax: 825-4029

E-mail: akiachak@aitc.org

School District - Yupiit School District P.O. Box 51190, Akiachak, AK 99551-0190 Phone 825-3600

Fax 825-3655

Web: http://www.yupiit.org

Village Corporation - Akiachak, Limited P.O. Box 51010, Akiachak, AK 99551-0010 Phone 825-4328

Fax 825-4115

Email: Akiachakltd@hotmail.com

Location & Climate:

Akiachak is located on the west bank of the Kuskokwim River, on the Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta. It lies 18 miles northeast of Bethel. It lies at approximately 60d 54m N Latitude, 161d 25m W Longitude (Sec. 36, T010N, R069W, Seward Meridian). Akiachak is located in the Bethel Recording District. The area encompasses 10 sq. miles of land and 2 sq. miles of water. The area averages 16 inches of precipitation, with snowfall of 50 inches. Summer temperatures range from 62 to 42; winter temperatures 19 to -2.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Scheduled air service from Bethel. Boats, snow machines and ATVs are used extensively by local residents on the Kuskokwim River. No connecting roads to other communities.

Airport Facilities: A State-owned 1,649' X 40' gravel airstrip and seaplane facilities provide scheduled and chartered services year-round to Akiachak. Relocation of the airport is planned for the future. See the current U.S. Government Flight Information Publication (FLIP) for additional details regarding the runway and support services.

Scheduled and Unscheduled Air Carriers: Scheduled air service from Bethel. Ryan Air Service, Yute Air, ERA Alaska

Freight: Barge and mail plane. Barges deliver bulk fuel and supplies during the summer.

Vessel Support: No information.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications:

In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc. *Long-Distance Phone*: United Utilities Inc.

TV Stations: ARCS Programming (from Akiak); KYUK

Radio Stations: KYUK-AM; KYKD-FM Cable Provider: Village Council

Teleconferencing: Alaska Teleconferencing Network

Electricity: Electricity is provided by the Akiachak Native Community Electric Co. The power

source is diesel. **Fuel:** No information.

Fuel Storage – Tank Owners (number of tanks, total capacity):

- Akiachak Enterprises 69,000 gals
- School -169,000 gals
- Electric Co. 76,500 gals
- Village Council 26,750 gals
- Army National Guard 10,000 gals
- Police Station 1,050 gals.

Housing: Lodging available at the Yupiit School District or the IRA Council Offices.

Services: Groceries/supplies available at several local stores.

Water & Sewage: Construction of a piped water and gravity sewer system is underway. A new well, water tank, water treatment plant and a road to the new lagoon have been completed. Construction will continue to plumb and connect 62 homes on the west side. Currently 12 facilities and the school are served by a piped water and sewer system; the remaining residents haul water from the washeteria. 25 households have honeybuckets hauled by the City; the others haul their own honeybuckets or use septic tanks.

Miscellaneous: The village would like to purchase an incinerator and use the waste heat for public buildings. There is one school located in the community, attended by 155 students.

Spill Response Support

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts: School

Potential Staging Areas: Airport (obtain permission for use from Bethel Airport Station

Manager and local airport manager)

Local Spill Response Equipment: Nearest DEC Spill Response Conex located in Bethel. Contact person is George Young, 543-2047/2087.

Economy:

The majority of year-round employment in Akiachak is in education and other public services. The Yupiit School District headquarters are located in the community. Residents rely on seasonal employment, such as commercial fishing, construction, and BLM fire-fighting. In 2010, 75 residents held commercial fishing permits, and some worked at canneries in Bristol Bay. Subsistence activities provide most food sources. Poor fish returns since 1997 have significantly affected the community.

Culture & Demographic

Akiachak is a Yup'ik Eskimo village with a fishing and subsistence lifestyle. It has a strong traditional community and was the first city in Alaska to dissolve its city government in favor of the Native village government. The sale, importation, and possession of alcohol is banned in the village.

The area was used by the Yup'ik Eskimos as a seasonal subsistence site. Called "Akiakchagamiut" in the 1890 census, the village had a population of 43 at that time. A post office was established in 1934. It incorporated as a second-class city on February 7, 1974. The city government was dissolved on January 31, 1990, in favor of traditional village council governance.

Alaska Inland ACP Western AK-7 Version 1 9770: Western Alaska Geographic Zone DRAFT, June 2018

9770.10.2 - Akiak

AKIAK - **Pronunciation/Other Names:** (ACK-ee-ack)

Population: 367 (2011 DCCED certified estimate)

Incorporation Type: 2nd Class City **Borough Located In:** Unorganized

Regional Native Corporation: Calista Corp.

Emergency Services:

Police: Akiak PD 765-7914

VPSO: 765-7000

State Troopers: 907-543-3494 (Bethel)

Fire: Akiak Volunteer Fire Department 765-7411

Medical: Edith Kawagley Memorial (765-7125 or 7527)

Organizations with Local Offices:

City - City of Akiak P.O. Box 52028, Akiak, AK 99552 Phone 765-7411 Fax 765-7414

Village Council - Akiak Native Community P.O. Box 52127, Akiak, AK 99552 Phone 765-7112 Fax 765-7512

Village Corporation - Kokarmiut Corporation P.O. Box 147, Akiak, AK 99552 Phone 765-7228 Fax 765-7619

Electric Utility - Akiak Power Utilities P.O. Box 52028, Akiak, AK 99552 Phone 765-7411 Fax 765-7512

Location & Climate:

Akiak is located on the west bank of the Kuskokwim River, 42 air miles northeast of Bethel, on the Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta. It lies at approximately 60d 55m N Latitude, 161d 13m W Longitude (Sec. 32, T010N, R067W, Seward Meridian). Akiak is located in the Bethel Recording District. The area encompasses 2 sq. miles of land and 1 sq. miles of water. Precipitation averages 16 inches in this area, with snowfall of 50 inches. Summer temperatures range from 62 to 42; winter temperatures 19 to -2.

Transportation:

Alaska Inland ACP Western AK-8 Version 1 9770: Western Alaska Geographic Zone DRAFT, June 2018 **Accessibility:** Scheduled air service from Bethel. Snow machines, ATVs and skiffs are used extensively for local transportation to nearby villages.

Airport Facilities: A State-owned 1,900' gravel airstrip provides chartered or private air access year-round. The airport runway is being lengthened to 3,000' in 1998. *See the current U.S. Government Flight Information Publication (FLIP) for additional details regarding the runway and support services.*

Airline Service: ERA Alaska, Ryan Air, Yute Air

Freight: Freight arrives by barge or mail plane.

Vessel Support: There are no docking facilities.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications:

In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc.

Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom, United Utilities Inc.

TV Stations: ARCS Programming; KYUK Radio Stations: KYUK-AM; KYKD-FM

Cable Provider: None - Alaska Rural Communication Service (ARCS)

Teleconferencing: Alaska Teleconferencing Network

Electricity: City of Akiak **Fuel:** No information.

Fuel Storage - Tank Owners (total capacity):

- Kokarmiut Corp. 316,000 gals)
- Yupiit Schools (70,250 gals)
- City Electric (26,000 gals)
- Army National Guard (5,500 gals)

Housing:

- Yupiit School District
- Akiak Native Community Building
- City Hall
- Kamp Kiseralik
- (Accommodations can be arranged through the village office or through the school.)

Services: No restaurant or banking services. Supplies available through local store.

Water & Sewage: The school and clinic are connected directly to the water plant. Individual wells, septic systems, and plumbing were installed in 14 HUD homes in 1997. A piped water and gravity sewer system that will provide household plumbing is under construction. 67 homes need water and sewer service. Most residents are dependent upon the washeteria for laundry and bathing. Sewage disposal is by septic tanks, honeybuckets, or privies. The city provides septic pumping services.

Miscellaneous: There is one school located in the community, attended by 110 students.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts: School

Potential Staging Areas: Airport (obtain permission for use from Bethel Airport Station

Manager and local airport manager)

Local Spill Response Equipment: Nearest DEC Spill Response Conex located in Bethel. Contact person is Bob Herran or George Young, 543-2047/2087.

Economy:

The majority of the year-round employment in Akiak is with the city, school, or other public services. Commercial fishing and BLM firefighting also provide seasonal income. In 2010, 21 residents held commercial fishing permits. The community is interested in developing a fish processing plant and tourism. Subsistence activities are important to residents.

Culture & Demographic

Akiak is a Yup'ik Eskimo village with a reliance on subsistence and fishing activities. The sale and importation of alcohol is banned in the village.

In 1880, the village of "Ackiagmute" had a population of 175. The name Akiak means "the other side," since this place was a crossing to the Yukon River basin during the winter for area Eskimos. The Akiak Post Office was established in 1916. A U.S. Public Health Service hospital was built in the 1920s. The city was incorporated in 1970.

Alaska Inland ACP Western AK-10 Version 1
9770: Western Alaska Geographic Zone DRAFT, June 2018

9770.10.3 - Alakanuk

ALAKANUK - **Pronunciation/Other Names:** (ah-LUCK-uh-nuck)

Population: 683 (2011 DCCED certified estimate)

Incorporation Type: 2nd Class City **Borough Located In:** Unorganized

Regional Native Corporation: Calista Corp.

Emergency Services: Police: 238-3421

State Troopers: 543-3494 (Bethel) **Fire:** Volunteer Fire Dept, 238-3313

Medical: Local hospitals or health clinics include Alakanuk Health Clinic (238-3212). Auxiliary

health care is provided by flight to Bethel or Anchorage (Bethel Hospital 543-3711).

Organizations with Local Offices:

City - City of Alakanuk P.O. Box 167, Alakanuk, AK 99554 Phone 907-238-3313 Fax 907-238-3620

Village Corporation - Alakanuk Native Corporation P.O. Box 89, Alakanuk, AK 99554 Phone 907-238-3117 Fax 907-238-3628

Village Council - Village of Alakanuk P.O. Box 149, Alakanuk, AK 99554 Phone 907-238-3419 Fax 907-238-3429

E-mail: Alakanuk@aitc.org

Location & Climate:

Alakanuk is located at the east entrance of Alakanuk Pass, the major southern channel of the Yukon River, 15 miles from the Bering Sea. It is part of the Yukon Delta National Wildlife Refuge. It lies 8 miles southwest of Emmonak, approximately 162 air miles northwest of Bethel. It is the longest village on the lower Yukon - the development stretches over a 3 mile area along the Pass. Approximately 25 homes along the bank are being threatened by erosion. It lies at approximately 62d 41m N Latitude, 164d 37m W Longitude (Sec. 14, T030N, R082W, Seward Meridian). Alakanuk is located in the Bethel Recording District. The area encompasses 35 sq. miles of land and 6 sq. miles of water. The climate of Alakanuk is subarctic, averaging 60 inches of snowfall and 19 inches of total precipitation per year. Temperatures range from between -25 to 79. Heavy winds are frequent during the fall and winter. The River is used as an ice road during freeze-up, from November through May.

Transportation:

Alaska Inland ACP Western AK-11 Version 1 9770: Western Alaska Geographic Zone DRAFT, June 2018 **Accessibility:** Jet service from Bethel or Nome. Alakanuk is easily accessible from the Yukon River and Bering Sea by barge and riverboat. Most passengers and mail arrive by air. There are no roads connecting Alakanuk with other population centers in the region, but ice roads are used in winter. Snowmachines and boats are used for local travel.

Airport Facilities: A State-owned 2,200' gravel airstrip is available.

Airline Service: Grant Aviation

Freight: Freight arrives by cargo plane and barge.

Vessel Support: Moorage facilities available at city dock with depth of seven feet.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications:

In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc. *Long-Distance Phone*: United Utilities

Internet Service Provider: Unicom/United Utilities, Inc. (www.unicom-alaska.net)

TV Stations: ARCS Radio Stations: KICY-AM; KNOM-AM

Cable Provider: City of Alakanuk

Teleconferencing: Alaska Teleconferencing Network

Electricity: Electricity is provided by AVEC.

Fuel: Diesel fuel available at the Native Store.

Fuel Storage – Tank Owners (number of tanks, total capacity):

- AVEC (15 @ 117,029 gals.)
- Native Corp. (9 @ 124,000)
- State Village Safe Water (40,000)
- School (3 @ 132,000)
- City (4,000)

Housing: Accommodations available through city office.

Services: Groceries and supplies available through local stores. No banking or major repair services.

Water & Sewage: Water is derived from the Alakanuk Slough, is treated, stored in a tank, and piped to most of the community. By 1998, 83 homes, the school and teachers' housing, were connected to a new piped system with household plumbing. Facilities now include a new water intake, new water treatment plant, heated 300,000-gal. water storage tank, vacuum sewage plant, sewage lagoon, arctic piping, and household plumbing. A new subdivision is currently underway, and nine homes will be connected to the piped utilities. There are 25 unserved homes that are threatened by riverbank erosion; they use rain catchment or haul from the water storage tank, honeybuckets and pit privies.

Miscellaneous: The landfill uses an incinerator to reduce the volume of refuse. There is one school located in the community, attended by 197 students

Spill Response Support

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

- City Public Safety Bldg.
- Community Hall
- School

Potential Staging Areas:

- Airport –
- National Guard Armory –
- Other government facilities –

Local Spill Response Equipment:

Economy:

Alakanuk experiences a seasonal economy with most activity occurring during summer. 78 residents hold commercial fishing permits. Many have gill net permits, and set net fishermen sell their salmon to Seattle fish buyers. Government employment and retail businesses provide year-round employment. Salmon, beluga whale, seal, moose and rabbit provide food sources. Some residents trap. Many residents travel to Emmonak to shop and attend social events and basketball tournaments.

Culture & Demographic

95.8% of the population are Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the community. Alakanuk is a Yup'ik Eskimo village active in commercial fishing and subsistence. The sale, importation and possession of alcohol are banned in the village.

Alaska Inland ACP Western AK-13 Version 1
9770: Western Alaska Geographic Zone DRAFT, June 2018

9770.10.4 - Aniak

ANIAK - Pronunciation/Other Names: (ANN-ee-ack)

Population: 539 (2011 DCCED certified estimate)

Incorporation Type: 2nd Class City **Borough Located In**: Unorganized

Regional Native Corporation: Calista Corp.

Emergency Services:

Police:

State Troopers: 675-4398 or (800) 675-4368

Fire: City of Aniak Volunteer Fire Department 675-4601 **Medical**: Clara Morgan Sub-Regional Clinic (675-4556).

Organizations with Local Offices:

City - City of Aniak P.O. Box 189, Aniak, AK 99557 Phone -675-4481 Fax 675-4486

E-mail: aniakcityof@yahoo.com

Electric Utility - Aniak Light & Power Company P.O. Box 129, Aniak, AK 99557 Phone 675-4334 Fax 675-4334

Regional Development - Interior Rivers Resource Conservation & Development Council

P.O. Box 309, Aniak, AK 99557

Phone 675-4578 Fax 675-4579

e-mail: rrs@kuskokwim.com

Regional Native Non-Profit - Kuskokwim Native Association

P.O. Box 127, Aniak, AK 99557

Phone 675-4384

School District - Kuspuk Schools

Box 49, Aniak, AK 99557-0229 Phone 675-4250

Fax 675-4305

E-mail: bbush@ani.ksd.gcisa.net, bbush@ani.kuspuk.org

Village Corporation - The Kuskokwim Corporation

P.O. Box 349, Aniak, AK 99557 Phone 675-4275

Fax 675-4276

Alaska Inland ACP Western AK-14 Version 1 9770: Western Alaska Geographic Zone DRAFT, June 2018 E-mail: MCH@kuskokwim.com

Village Council - Village of Aniak P.O. Box 349, Aniak, AK 99557 Phone 675-4349 Fax 675-4513

E-mail: Aniaktc@yahoo.com

Location & Climate:

Aniak is located on the south bank of the Kuskokwim River at the head of Aniak Slough, 59 miles southwest of Russian Mission in the Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta. It lies 92 air miles northeast of Bethel and 317 miles west of Anchorage. It lies at approximately 61d 34m N Latitude, 159d 31m W Longitude (Sec. 12, T017N, R057W, Seward Meridian). Aniak is located in the Kuskokwim Recording District. The area encompasses 5 sq. miles of land and 1 sq. miles of water. Climate is maritime in the summer and continental in winter. Temperatures range between -55 and 87. Average yearly precipitation is 19 inches, with snowfall of 60 inches. The Kuskokwim is ice-free from mid-June through October.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Scheduled or chartered air service from Bethel. Access to Aniak is limited to air and water. There is no road connection to other villages, although the frozen river is used as a road by snowmachines during winter. The community has requested construction of a road to Chuathbaluk.

Airport Facilities: The State-owned airport is 6,000' of asphalt and is lighted, with a 3,000' crosswind runway, and is equipped for instrument approaches. Several carriers, including charter operators provide regular flights. Major airport improvements were recently completed. Floatplanes can also land on Aniak Slough.

Airline Service: ERA Alaska, Peninsula Airways, Ryan Air Service

Freight: Fuel and supplies are brought in by barge during the summer; other goods are delivered by air year-round.

Vessel Support: No moorage facilities.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications:

In-State Phone: Bush-Tell Inc.

Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom; GCI

Internet Service Provider: Bush-Tell, Inc. (www.arctic.net); School Only - GCI (www.gci.net)

TV Stations: ARCS

Radio Stations: KYUK-AM

Cable Provider: The Cable Company, Inc.

Teleconferencing: Alaska Teleconferencing Network

Electricity: Electricity is provided by Aniak Light & Power Company.

Fuel: Marine gas, diesel, propane, and regular gasoline.

Alaska Inland ACP Western AK-15 Version 1
9770: Western Alaska Geographic Zone DRAFT, June 2018

Fuel Storage - Tank Owners (number of tanks, total capacity):

- Moffit Contracting (682,000 gals.)
- Kuspuk Schools (142,100); City (1,500)
- Aniak Power & Light (195,000)
- Alaska Commercial Co (15,200)
- Arctic Transportation (4,000)
- Steve Hill (21,000)
- Ryan Air (72,230)
- Dept. of Transportation (3,800)
- Bush-Tell (6,000)
- Hageland Aviation (1,900)

Housing: Aniak Hotel LOJ's, 675-4421.

Services: Laundry facilities available. Groceries and supplies available at local stores. Repair services available for marine engines, boats, and airplanes.

Water & Sewage: The majority of homes are plumbed and have individual wells. The village corporation completed a central well in 1988; there are also wells at Auntie Marie Nicoli School and the Joe Parent Voc Ed Center. Only 21 households haul water. A central piped sewage system serves most residents, with the exception of the schools, the clinic and the Napat subdivision across Aniak Slough. The system has four lift stations, and wastewater is treated in a lagoon. Some homes use individual septic tanks, but permafrost has caused drainfield problems, so most of the unserved homes use pit privies. The City provides septic pumping services. The Village Council operates a washeteria. Refuse is collected by a private firm, Aniak Disposal Service, or by individuals.

Miscellaneous: The landfill is operated by the City. Aniak Power & Light is a privately owned company. There are two schools located in the community, attended by 179 students.

Spill Response Support

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts: Schools

Potential Staging Areas:

- Airport -
- National Guard Armory –
- Other government facilities –

Local Spill Response Equipment: A DEC spill response container is located at Aniak. For access, call the City Manager at 675-4481 or 4446.

Economy:

The economy of Aniak is based on government, transportation, and retail services. As the largest city in the area, Aniak is a service hub for surrounding villages. Subsistence activities supplement part-time wage earnings, and some commercial fishing occurs. In 2010, 9 residents held commercial fishing permits. The school district, Kuskokwim Native Association, Bush-Tell Inc.,

and the Aniak Subregional Clinic provide most year-round employment. Salmon, moose, bear, birds, berries, and home gardening provide food sources.

Culture & Demographic

Aniak's population is primarily Yup'ik Eskimos and Tanaina Athabascans. Subsistence foods contribute largely to villagers' diets. Many families travel to fish camps each summer. Aniak is a Yup'ik word meaning "the place where it comes out," which refers to the mouth of the Aniak River. This river played a key role in the placer gold rush of 1900-01. In 1914, Tom L. Johnson homesteaded the site and opened a store and post office. The Yup'ik village of Aniak had been abandoned long before this time. Eskimos Willie Pete and Sam Simeon brought their families from Ohagamuit to Aniak, which reestablished the Native community. A Russian-era trader named Semyeon Lukin is credited with the discovery of gold near Aniak in 1832. Construction of an airfield began in 1939, followed by the erection of the White Alice radar-relay station in 1956, which closed in 1978. The city was incorporated in 1972.

9770.10.5 - Anvik

ANVIK - Pronunciation/Other Names: (AN-vick)

Population: 79 (2011 DCCED certified estimate)

Incorporation Type: 2ND Class City **Borough Located In**: Unorganized

Regional Native Corporation: Doyon, Limited

Emergency Services

VPSO: 663-6380

State Troopers: 675-4398 (Aniak)

Fire: City of Anvik Volunteer Fire Department 663-6314

Medical: Anvik Health Clinic 663-6334.

Organizations with Local Offices:

City - City of Anvik P.O. Box 50, Anvik, AK 99558 Phone 663-6328 Fax 663-6321

Village Corporation - Ingalik, Inc. General Delivery, Anvik, AK 99558 Phone 663-6312

Village Council - Anvik Village P.O. Box 10, Anvik, AK 99558 Phone 663-6322 Fax 663-6357

E-mail: skrugerdentleratc@gmail.co Environmental Staff (IGAP): 663-6323

Location & Climate:

Anvik is located in Interior Alaska on the Anvik River, west of the Yukon River, 34 miles north of Holy Cross. It lies at approximately 62d 39m N Latitude, 160d 12m W Longitude (Sec. 29, T030N, R058W, Seward Meridian). Anvik is located in the Kuskokwim Recording District. The area encompasses 11 sq. miles of land and 3 sq. miles of water. The climate of Anvik is continental. Temperatures range from -60 to 87. Snowfall averages 110 inches, for 21 inches total precipitation per year. The Yukon River is ice-free from June through October.

Transportation:

Accessibility: The Anvik River, west of the Yukon, allows access during the summer by barge and floatplane. The City would like to develop additional dock and harbor facilities. Three miles of local roads are used by 3-wheelers, snowmachines and dog teams.

Airport Facilities: The State-owned 4,000' X 75' gravel airstrip provides year-round access.

Airline Service: Ryan Air Service, ERA Alaska

Freight: Air transport and barge.

Vessel Support: No information available.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications:

In-State Phone: Bush-Tell Inc. *Long-Distance Phone:* Bush-Tell Inc.

Internet Service Provider: School Only - GCI (www.gci.net); Anvik Tribal

TV Stations: ARCS

Radio Stations: KICY-AM; KNOM-AM

Cable Provider: None

Teleconferencing: Alaska Teleconferencing Network

Electricity: Electricity is provided by AVEC.

Fuel: All fuels available except premium gasoline.

Fuel Storage - Tank Owners (total capacity):

AVEC (52,972 gals.)

- School (21,126)
- Ingalik Inc (29,490)
- Chase Ent. (10,520)
- Anvik Commercial Co. (16,555)
- City (6,500)

Housing: Accommodations available thru Chase Enterprises Lodge; Anvik City Building; School **Services**: Groceries and supplies available through local stores. Laundromat available. Major repair services, charter aircraft available. No banking services.

Water & Sewage: The majority of homes have new individual water wells, piped sewage disposal, and complete plumbing. Treated well water is also available at the washeteria. Funds have been requested to complete the remaining unserved homes. 13 homes need plumbing, 16 need a septic tank, and 4 new water wells need to be drilled. Blackwell School also needs a new well.

Miscellaneous: There is one school located in the community, attended by 26 students.

Spill Response Support

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

- City of Anvik, 663-6328
- Tribal Office, 663-6322

Potential Staging Areas:

- City of Anvik, 663-6328
- Airport
- National Guard Armory
- Other government facilities

Local Spill Response Equipment: Nearest DEC Spill Response Conex located in Aniak at ADOTPF, 675-4345.

Economy:

Anvik is characterized by a seasonal economy. Very few year-round wage-earning positions are available. Residents rely heavily on subsistence activities. In 2010, 11 residents held commercial fishing permits. The city provides services, such as fresh water, to fish processors. Subsistence

foods include salmon, moose, black bear, and small game. Several residents trap or make handicrafts, and many families engage in home gardening.

Culture & Demographic

Subsistence and home gardening are actively pursued by the local Ingalik Athabascan Indians. Many families travel to fish camps during the summer. The sale of alcohol is banned in the community.

Anvik has historically been an Ingalik Indian village. It has been known as American Station, Anvic, Anvick, Anvig, Anvig Station, and Anwig. The Russian Glazanov reported it as having100 people in 1834. Originally, it was on other side of the river to the northeast, at a place called "The Point." Residents gradually moved across the river with the establishment of an Episcopal mission and school in 1887. A post office opened in 1897. After the flu epidemic of 1918-19 and another in 1927, many orphans became wards of the mission. Some children came from as far away as Fort Yukon. Sternwheelers carried supplies to the village in the early 1920s. Some residents had contracts to cut wood for the sternwheeler's fuel, and fish and furs were sold to traders. The early 1930s brought the first arrival of a plane on skis. The city was incorporated in 1969.

9770.10.6 – Atmautluak

ATMAUTLUAK - **Pronunciation/Other Names**: (aht-MOUTH-luck)

Population: 275 (2011 AK Dept of Labor estimate)

Incorporation Type: Unincorporated Borough Located In: Unorganized

Regional Native Corporation: Calista Corp.

Emergency Services

VPSO: 553-5775

State Troopers (Bethel): 543-2294

Fire: Atmautluak Volunteer Fire Department 553-5775

Medical: Atmautluak Health Clinic (553-5114).

Organizations with Local Offices:

Electric Utility - Atmautluak Tribal Utilities P.O. Box 6564, Atmautluak, AK 99559 Phone 563-5429 Fax 563-5429

Village Corporation - Atmautluak Limited P.O. Box 6548, Atmautluak, AK 99559 Phone 553-5428 Fax 553-5610

Village Council - Village of Atmautluak P.O. Box 6568, Atmautluak, AK 99559 Phone 553-5610 Fax 553-5216

E-mail: atmautluaktc@hughes.net

Location & Climate:

Atmautluak lies on the west bank of the Pitmiktakik River in the Yukon-Kuskokwim delta, 20 miles northwest of Bethel. It lies at approximately 60d 51m N Latitude, 162d 16m W Longitude (Sec. 19, T009N, R074W, Seward Meridian). Atmautluak is located in the Bethel Recording District. The area encompasses 2 sq. miles of land and 0 sq. miles of water. The area averages 16 inches of precipitation, with snowfall of 50 inches. Summer temperatures range from 62 to 42; winter temperatures 19 to -2.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Boat, snow machine; scheduled and chartered air service from Bethel. Locals use skiffs in the summer to travel to Bethel and other area villages, and snowmachines, ATVs and dog sleds are used in the winter.

Airport Facilities: A State-owned 2,000' gravel airstrip is available for chartered or private planes year-round. Major improvements to the runway, taxiway and apron are currently underway. **Airline Service:** ERA Alaska, Ryan Air, Yute Air.

Freight: Cargo plane and barge.

Vessel Support: Moorage available. Arrangements can be made to rent boats.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications:

In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc.

Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom; United Utilities

Internet Service Provider: Unicom/United Utilities, Inc. (www.unicom-alaska.net);

TV Stations: ARCS; KYUK

Radio Stations: KYUK-AM; KYKD-FM Cable Provider: Village of Atmautluak

Teleconferencing: Alaska Teleconferencing Network

Electricity: Electricity is provided by Atmautluak Tribal Utilities.

Fuel: Marine gas, diesel, and regular gasoline available

Fuel Storage - Tank Owners (total capacity):

• School (4,000 gals.)

Village Corp./LKSD (179,250)

Housing: Sleeping accommodations available through school; Atmautluak Community Center.

Services: No restaurant, laundromat, or banking services. No major repair services.

Water & Sewage: Treated well water is hauled by residents, and the Pitmiktakik River is also used. Honeybuckets are hauled by residents to sewage bunkers. Homes have no plumbing. A new washeteria is nearing completion. The school is connected to the City water plant. The school sewage lagoon will soon be closed (situated in the center of town), and it will be connected to the City washeteria's septic system. Two lift stations will need to be added. Funds have been requested to develop a Master Plan for future infrastructure development to eliminate water and honeybucket hauling.

Miscellaneous: There is one school located in the community, attended by 90 students.

Spill Response Support

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts: School

Potential Staging Areas:

- Airport
- National Guard Armory
- Other government facilities

Local Spill Response Equipment: Nearest DEC Spill Response Conex located in Bethel. 543-2047/2087

Economy:

The school, retail businesses, and the village government provide cash income to supplement the subsistence lifestyle. In 2010, 20 residents held commercial fishing permits.

Culture & Demographic

Atmautluak is a traditional Yup'ik Eskimo village with a subsistence and fishing lifestyle. The sale or importation of alcohol is banned in the village.

Yup'ik Eskimos have inhabited this region for thousands of years due to the area's rich resources; however, Atmautluak itself was not settled until the 1960s. People moved to this site on higher ground to avoid flooding and for the rich resources of the area. A city was incorporated in 1976, but it was dissolved on Feb. 7, 1996, in favor of the traditional village council government.

9770.10.7 - Bethel

BETHEL - Pronunciation/Other Names: (BETH-ul; aka Orutsararmiut)

Population: 6,228 (2011 DCCED certified estimate

Incorporation Type: 2nd Class City **Borough Located In:** Unorganized

Regional Native Corporation: Calista Corp.

Emergency Services

Police: 543-3781

State Troopers: 543-2294

Fire: 543-3781/2131; Yukon Kuskokwim EMS Region 543-6423

Medical: Local hospitals or health clinics include Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta Regional Hospital (YKHC/PHS, 543-3711) and Bethel Family Clinic (543-3773). Auxiliary health care is provided by Bethel Fire Dept. & Ambulance Service (543-2131/3998) and the Yukon Kuskokwim Health Corp.

Ambulance/Medevac (543-6416).

Organizations with Local Offices:

Chamber of Commerce - Bethel Chamber of Commerce

P.O. Box 329, Bethel, AK 99559 Phone 907-543-2911

Fax 907-543-2255

e-mail: bethelchamber2@alaska.com,

Web: http://home.gci.net/~chamber1/bethel.htm

City - City of Bethel

P.O. Box 388, Bethel, AK 99559

Phone 907-543-2047 Fax 907-543-4171

e-mail: cobethel@unicom-alaska.com

Electric Utility - Bethel Utilities Corporation

3380 C Street, Suite 210, Anchorage, AK 99503

Phone 907-562-2500

Fax 907-562-2502

Housing Authority - AVCP Reg. Housing Authority

P.O. Box 767, Bethel, AK 99559

Phone 907-543-3121 Fax 907-543-3933

e-mail: avcprhadon@aol.com

Media – KYUK

Pouch 468, Bethel, AK 99559

Phone 907-543-3131

Media - Tundra Drums PO Box 868, Bethel, AK 99559 Phone 907-543-3312 Fax 907-543-3500

Regional Development - Lower Kuskokwim Economic Development Council

P.O. Box 2021, Bethel, AK 99559

Phone 907-543-5967 Fax 907-543-3130

E-mail: carl berger@ddc-alaska.org

Regional Health Corporation - Yukon-Kuskokwim Health Corp.

P.O. Box 528, Bethel, AK 99559 Phone 907-543-6300

Fax 907-543-6006

Regional Native Corporation - Calista Corporation

601 W. 5th Avenue #200, Anchorage, AK 99501

Phone 907-279-5516 Fax 907-272-5060

Web: http://www.calistacorp.com/

Regional Native Non-Profit - Assoc. of Village Council Presidents

P.O. Box 219, Bethel, AK 99559

Phone 907-543-7300 Fax 907-543-3596

E-mail: Myron Naneng@avcp.org

School District - Lower Kuskokwim Schools

Box 305, Bethel, AK 99559-0305

Phone 907-543-4800 Fax 907-543-4904

E-mail: bill ferguson@fc.lksd do.org

Web: http://www.lksd.org

Services/Other - Cenaliulriit Coastal Management

P.O. Box 219, Bethel, AK 99559

Village Corporation - Bethel Native Corporation

P.O. Box 719, Bethel, AK 99559 Phone 907-543-2124 Fax 907-543-2897

Village Council - Orutsararmuit Native Council

P.O. Box 927, Bethel, AK 99559

Phone 907-543-2608 Fax 907-543-2639

E-mail: jlowrey@unicom-alaska.com

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Location & Climate:

Bethel is located at the mouth of the Kuskokwim River, 40 miles inland from the Bering Sea. It lies in the Yukon Delta National Wildlife Refuge, 400 air miles west of Anchorage. It lies at approximately 60d 47m N Latitude, 161d 45m W Longitude (Sec. 09, T008N, R071W, Seward Meridian). Bethel is located in the Bethel Recording District. The area encompasses 44 sq. miles of land and 6 sq. miles of water. Precipitation averages 16 inches a year in this area, with snowfall of 50 inches. Summer temperatures range from 62 to 42; winter temperatures average 19 to -2.

Transportation:

Accessibility: The State-owned Bethel Airport is the regional transportation center, and is served by two major passenger airlines, two cargo carriers, and numerous air taxi services. The airport ranks third in the state for total number of flights. River travel is the primary means of local transportation in the summer, and it becomes a 150-mile ice road to surrounding villages in the winter. There are 16 miles of local roads.

Airport Facilities: The airport offers a 6,398' asphalt runway and 1,850' gravel crosswind runway, and is currently undergoing a \$7 million renovation and expansion. Two floatplane bases are nearby, Hangar Lake and H Marker

Airline Service: Alaska Airlines; Reeve Aleutian Airlines; Camai Air; PenAir; Yute Air; Hageland Air; Craig Air; Northern Air Cargo

Freight: Cargo plane, barge, and ship. A barge service based in Bethel provides goods to the Kuskokwim villages.

Vessel Support: The Port of Bethel is the northern-most medium-draft port in the U.S. Arrangements can be made to rent boats.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications:

In-State Phone: United KUC, Inc.

Long-Distance Phone: GCI; United Utilities

Internet Service Provider: GCI (www.gci.net); Chugach.Net (www.chugach.net); Microcom (www.starband.com); Sinbad Network Communications (www.sinbad.net); Unicom/United

Utilities, Inc. (<u>www.unicom-alaska.net</u>)

TV Stations: ARCS; KYUK

Radio Stations: KYUK-AM; KYKD-FM Cable Provider: GCI Cable, Inc.

Teleconferencing: Alaska Teleconferencing Network; Legislative Information Office

Electricity: Electricity is provided by Bethel Utilities Corporation.

Fuel: All types of fuel available.

Fuel Storage – Tank Owners (number of tanks, total capacity):

- Yukon Fuel Co. (9.4 million gals.)
- Crowley Marine (5.6 million gals.)
- Airport (120,500 gals.)
- Bethel Utilities Corp. (51 000)
- U.S. Federal Aviation Admin (44 000)

Housing: Many lodging facilities and restaurants:

Pacifica Guest House

- Bentley's Porterhouse B&B
- Village Motel
- Delta Cottages
- Bethel Inn
- 6th Avenue B&B
- Hammer Manor
- Brown Slough B&B

Services: Public laundry facilities and banking services available. Several grocery stores available. Repair services for marine, engines, boats, autos and airplanes. Rental transportation includes autos and charter aircraft.

Water & Sewage: Some residents are connected to the central piped water and sewer system. Approximately 75% of households have water delivered and sewage hauled by truck. Several facilities in Bethel have individual wells and septic tanks. For health reasons the City ruled that residents can no longer use honeybuckets. Extensions of the piped systems to the City Subdivision and Old Town are under construction. Water Treatment Plant improvements have been completed in Bethel Heights. Additional funding has been requested to connect 105 homes to the piped system. The landfill and sewage lagoon, located north of the City, are nearing capacity.

Miscellaneous: There are 6 schools located in the community, attended by 1,345 students.

Spill Response Support

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

- Schools
- VFW hall

Potential Staging Areas:

- Airport
- National Guard Armory
- Other government facilities

Local Spill Response Equipment: DEC maintains a spill response container at Bethel. Point of contact is the City Manager at 543-2047, ext. 223.

Economy:

Bethel serves as the regional center for 56 villages in the Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta. Food, fuel, transportation, medical care and other services for these villages are provided by businesses in Bethel. 50% of the jobs in Bethel are in government positions. Commercial fishing is an important source of income; 216 residents hold commercial fishing permits, primarily for salmon and herring roe net fisheries. Subsistence activities contribute substantially to villager's diets, particularly salmon, freshwater fish, game birds and berries.

Culture & Demographic

63.9% of the population are Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the community. The region is fortunate in that rapid development did not occur before the importance of protecting the Native culture was realized. The traditional Yup'ik Eskimo practices and language remain predominant in the area. Subsistence activities and commercial fishing are major contributors to residents' livelihoods. The sale of alcohol is banned in the community, although importation or possession is allowed.

Version 1

9770.10.8 - Bill Moore's Slough

BILL MOORE'S SLOUGH

Bill Moore's Slough is currently an **unpopulated** community, and/or no U.S. Census data is available for the community.

The information below provides a brief overview of the community.

Location & Climate:

The site is located on the left bank of Apoon Pass, southwest of Kotlik, in the Yukon Delta. This was a landing and riverboat woodyard, first reported in 1899 by R.L. Faris of the U.S. Coast & Geodetic Survey as "Konogkelyokamiut." The name "Bill Moore's Slough" was first noted in the 1961 Census. At that time, there were 32 persons living in the community. Bill Moore's is a summer subsistence-use camp; traditional villagers live permanently in Kotlik. There are no year-round residents. Transportation is provided by boat or floatplane from Kotlik.

Organizations:

Village Corporation - Kongniglkilnomuit Yuita Corp. c/o P.O. Box 20037, Kotlik, AK 99620 Phone 907-899-4232 Fax 907-899-4461

Village Council - Village of Bill Moore's Slough P.O. Box 20037, Kotlik, AK 99620 Phone 907-899-4232 Fax 907-899-4461

9770.10.9 - Chefornak

CHEFORNAK - Pronunciation/Other Names: (chuh-FORE-nuck; aka Chefarnok)

Population: 437 (2011 DCCED certified estimate)

Incorporation Type: 2nd Class City **Borough Located In:** Unorganized

Regional Native Corporation: Calista Corp.

Emergency Services

Police: City PD 867-8733 State Troopers: 867-8733

Fire: Volunteer Fire Department 867-8528

Medical: Chefornak Clinic (867-8919). Auxiliary health care is provided by flight to Bethel or

Anchorage.

Organizations with Local Offices:

City - City of Chefornak P.O. Box 29, Chefornak, AK 99561 Phone 867-8528 Fax 867-8704

Electric Utility - Naterkaq Light Plant P.O. Box 11, Chefornak, AK 99561 Phone 867-8213 Fax 867-8724

Village Corporation - Chefarnmute Incorporated P.O. Box 70, Chefornak, AK 99561 Phone 867-8115 Fax 867-8895

Village Council - Village of Chefornak P.O. Box 110, Chefornak, AK 99561 Phone 867-8850 Fax 867-8711

Environmental Staff (IGAP): 867-8306

Location & Climate:

Chefornak is located on the south bank of the Kinia River, at its junction with the Keguk River, in the Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta. The village lies within the Clarence Rhode National Wildlife Refuge, established for migratory waterfowl protection. Chefornak is 98 air miles southwest of Bethel and 490 miles southwest of Anchorage. It lies at approximately 60d 13m N Latitude, 164d 12m W Longitude (Sec. 19, T001N, R086W, Seward Meridian). Chefornak is located in the Bethel Recording District. The area encompasses 32 sq. miles of land and 4 sq. miles of water.

Chefornak is located in a marine climate. Precipitation averages 22 inches, with 43 inches of snowfall annually. Summer temperatures range from 41 to 57, winter temperatures range 6 to 24.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Scheduled air service from Bethel. Snowmachines are relied upon during the winter.

Airport Facilities: A State-owned 2,500' gravel airstrip provides chartered and private air access year-round, and a seaplane base is available. A new airport is currently under development.

Airline Service: ERA Alaska, Grant Aviation, Ryan Air, Yute Air.

Freight: Plane and barge service.

Vessel Support: Although there are no docking facilities at this time, a number of fishing boats and skiffs are used for local travel. Rental boats and off-road vehicles available. Marine engine and boat repairs available.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications:

In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc.

Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom; United Utilities

Internet Service Provider: United Utilities

TV Stations: ARCS

Radio Stations: KNOM-AM

Cable Provider: Chefarnmute Cablevision

Teleconferencing: Alaska Teleconferencing Network **Electricity:** Electricity is provided by Naterkaq Light Plant.

Fuel: #1 Diesel; gasoline.

Fuel Storage - Tank Owners (total capacity):

- School (115,200 gals.)
- City (44,900)
- Chefarnmute Inc. (84,300)
- National Guard (4,300)
- Ayugiak's Store (8,200)
- Army National guard (3,800 gals)

Housing:

- CE2 Camp (867-8147)
- Complex Building (867-8147)
- Lodging arrangements can be also be made through the high school (867-8515/8700).

Services: Groceries and supplies available through local stores. No bank or laundromat.

Water & Sewage: One well and a water treatment plant serve 12 watering points. The treated water is undrinkable due to salt water intrusion. Residents drink melted ice cut from a local pond in the winter and rain catchment the rest of the year. Honeybucket haul system. No piped sewer system.

Miscellaneous: There is one school located in the community, attended by 135 students.

Spill Response Support

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

- Complex Building (867-8147)
- Chefarnmute Inc. (867-8115/8114)

Potential Staging Areas:

- Old Airport Area (867-8115)
- Barge Area 867-8115
- National Guard Armory –
- Other government facilities –

Local Spill Response Equipment:

- Containment boom (230 ft) Chefarnmute Inc. (867-8115/8114)
- Sorbent or pom-pom boom (968 feet) Chefarnmute Inc. (867-8115/8114)
- Sorbent pads (15 bags) Chefarnmute Inc. (867-8115/8114)
- Pillows (2 X 2 23) Chefarnmute Inc. (867-8115/8114)
- PPE*8 suits) Chefarnmute Inc. (867-8115/8114)
- Backhoe (1) City Office 867-8147
- Bulldozer (1) City Office 867-8147
- Skiffs with outboards lots
- Trained Spill Responders: 1

Limiting factors in the community for supporting a large spill response effort: Drinking Water during Summer months.

<u>Top two</u> sensitive areas (<u>environmental</u> or <u>cultural</u>) to be protected in case of an oil spill.

LOCATION	REASON FOR PROTECTION
Cemetery (N60° 09.531; W164° 16.859)	Past Elders Buried There
School (N60° 09.438; W164° 16.889)	Future Leaders
Kina River	Fish

Economy:

Other than government positions, most employment in Chefornak is seasonal, supplemented by subsistence activities. In 2010, 32 residents held commercial fishing permits. Coastal Villages Seafood, Inc., processes halibut and salmon in Chefornak. Trapping is also a source of income.

Culture & Demographic

A traditional Yup'ik Eskimo community, Chefornak residents practice a subsistence lifestyle with some commercial fishing. The sale and importation of alcohol is banned in the village.

The area has historically been occupied by Yup'ik Eskimos. In the early 1950s, Alexie Amagiqchik founded a small general store at the site. He had moved from a village on the Bering Sea to the new location one mile inland to escape potential floodwaters. Others from the original village followed and settled in Chefornak. The city was incorporated in 1974.

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9770.10.10 - Chevak

CHEVAK

Pronunciation/Other Names: (CHEE-vack; aka Kashunamiut)

Population: 966 (2011 DCCED certified estimate)

Incorporation Type: 2nd Class City **Borough Located In:** Unorganized

Regional Native Corporation: Calista Corp.

Emergency Services:

Police: 858-7012

State Troopers (Bethel) 543-2294

Fire: Volunteer Fire Department 858-7012

Medical: Chevak Clinic (858-7069). Auxiliary health care is provided by flight to Bethel or

Anchorage.

Organizations with Local Offices:

City - City of Chevak P.O. Box 179, Chevak, AK 99563

Phone 858-7128 Fax 858-7245

Email: cityofchevak@yahoo.com

School District - Kashunamiut School District

P.O. Box 345, Chevak, AK 99563

Phone 858-6195 Fax 858-7328

Web: http://www.chevakschool.org

Village Corporation - Chevak Company Corporation

P.O. Box 179, Chevak, AK 99563

Phone 858-7920 Fax 858-7311

Village Council - Chevak Native Village

P.O. Box 140, Chevak, AK 99563

Phone 858-7428 Fax 858-7812

Email: chevaktc@gmail.com

Location & Climate:

Chevak is located on the north bank of the Niglikfak River, 17 miles east of Hooper Bay in the Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta. It lies at approximately 61d 31m N Latitude, 165d 35m W Longitude (Sec. 34, T017N, R090W, Seward Meridian). Chevak is located in the Bethel Recording District. The area encompasses 2 sq. miles of land and 0 sq. miles of water. Chevak has a maritime climate. Its location near the Bering Sea renders the area subject to heavy winds and rain.

Temperatures range from -25 to 79. Snowfall averages 60 inches per year. Freeze-up occurs at the end of October; break-up occurs in June.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Scheduled or charter air service from Bethel. Skiffs are used for local travel on the river in the summer, and snowmachines are used in the winter.

Airport Facilities: A State-owned 3,200' X 75'gravel airstrip is available, although heavy winds and rain can preclude air access. A relocation of the airport is currently underway. Floatplanes can land on Chevak Lake/Niglikfak River.

Airline Service: ERA Aviation; Grant Aviation; Ryan Air Service

Freight: Barge or mail plane.

Vessel Support: There are no docking facilities, however, a barge landing is available for cargo

off-loading. No moorage facilities. Marine engine repair available.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications:

In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc.

Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom; United Utilities Internet Service Provider: Unicom/United Utilities, Inc.

TV Stations: ARCS
Radio Stations: KCUK-FM
Cable Provider: City of Chevak

Teleconferencing: Alaska Teleconferencing Network

Electricity: Electricity is provided by AVEC. **Fuel:** Marine gas and regular gasoline.

Fuel Storage – Tank Owners (total capacity):

- School (119,300 gals.)
- City (39,600)
- Village Council (12,600)
- AVEC (136,700)
- Village Corp. Store (195,840)
- Village Corp. beach (46,000)
- Wayne Hill Store (28,000)
- Army Nat'l Guard (2,500)

Housing:

- Chevak Bird and Culture Camp
- Lodging sometimes available at the school (858-7713)

Services: No restaurant or banking services. Groceries and supplies available at local store. **Water & Sewage:** A piped water and sewer provides service to 193 homes and the school. **Miscellaneous:** There is one school located in the community, attended by 300 students.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

- City community center
- School

Potential Staging Areas:

- Airport
- National Guard Armory
- Other government facilities

Local Spill Response Equipment: Nearest DEC Spill Response Conex located in Bethel. 543-2047/2087

Economy:

Employment in Chevak is at its peak in the summer months and declines to a few full-time positions during winter. Construction projects and BLM firefighting provide summer employment. In 2010, 16 residents held commercial fishing permits. Incomes are supplemented by subsistence activities and handicrafts. Salmon, seal, walrus, clams, and waterfowl are harvested.

Culture & Demographic

Chevak is a Cup'ik Eskimo village. Commercial fishing and subsistence activities are an important part of the local culture. The sale and importation of alcohol is banned in the village.

Eskimos have inhabited the region for thousands of years. The current location is also known as New Chevak, because residents inhabited another village called Chevak before 1950. "Old" Chevak, on the north bank of the Keoklevik River, 9 miles east of Hooper Bay, was abandoned because of flooding from high storm tides. The name Chevak refers to "a connecting slough," on which "Old" Chevak was situated. The new site was first reported by the U.S. Coast and Geodetic Survey in 1948. A post office was established in 1951. The city government was incorporated in 1967.

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9770.10.11 - Chuathbaluk

CHUATHBALUK - Pronunciation/Other Names: (CHUATH-bah-luck; formerly Russian Mission)

Population: 135 (2011 DCCED certified estimate)

Incorporation Type: 2nd Class City **Borough Located In:** Unorganized

Regional Native Corporation: Calista Corp.

Emergency Services:

Police: None.

State Troopers (Bethel): 543-2294

Fire: Volunteer Fire Department: 467-4115

Medical: Marie Kameroff Health Clinic (467-4114); 467-2005 (cell). Auxiliary health care is

provided by flight to Bethel or Anchorage.

Organizations with Local Offices:

City - City of Chuathbaluk P.O. Box CHU, Chuathbaluk, AK 99557 Phone 467-4115 Fax 467-4180

Email: coc99557@yahoo.com

Village Council - Native Village of Chuathbaluk P.O. Box CHU, Chuathbaluk, AK 99557 Phone 467-4313 Fax 467-4113

E-mail: bigblueberrychu@yahoo.com

Middle Kuskokwim Electric Cooperative, Inc.

P.O. Box 206, Chuathbaluk, AK 99557 Phone 524-3360 Fax 524-3361

Environmental Staff (IGAP) - Phone: 467-4313

Location & Climate:

Chuathbaluk is located on the north bank of the Kuskokwim River, 11 miles upriver from Aniak in the Kilbuk-Kuskokwim mountains. It is 87 air miles northeast of Bethel and 310 miles west of Anchorage. It lies at approximately 61d 34m N Latitude, 159d 13m W Longitude (Sec. 10, T017N, R055W, Seward Meridian). Chuathbaluk is located in the Kuskokwim Recording District. The area encompasses 4 sq. miles of land and 2 sq. miles of water. A continental climate prevails in Chuathbaluk. Snowfall averages 85 inches per year, with a total precipitation of 17 inches per year. Temperatures range from -55 to 87. Heavy winds can cause flight delays in the fall. The Kuskokwim River is ice-free from mid-June through October.

Transportation:

Accessibility: The Kuskokwim River serves as the major carrier for supply barges from Aniak and Bethel, skiffs and floatplanes. In the winter, ski planes land on the frozen river and vehicles are sometimes driven on the ice road to neighboring communities.

Airport Facilities: A 3,401' X 60' State-owned gravel airstrip is located one mile north of the

village, with scheduled air service.

Airline Service: ERA Alaska, Ryan Air Service

Freight: Air cargo and barge.

Vessel Support: Moorage facilities available.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications:

In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc.

Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom; United Utilities Internet Service Provider: School Only - GCI (www.gci.net)

TV Stations: ARCS

Radio Stations: KYUK-AM Cable Provider: None

Teleconferencing: None listed.

Electricity: Electricity is provided by Middle Kuskokwim Electric Cooperative. The Middle

Kuskokwim Electric Co-op provides power from Chuathbaluk to Stony River.

Fuel: Gas, diesel, propane.

Fuel Storage - Tank Owners (total capacity):

- Kuspuk Schools (36,400 gals.)
- City (17,100 gals)
- Middle Kuskokwim Electric (26,400 gals)

Housing:

- Lodging at the school gym (467-4229)
- City community center (capacity 100) (467-4115)

Services: Laundromat available, no banking services. No major repair service or rental transportation.

Water & Sewage: Water is pumped from a 105-foot well into a storage tank, then hauled from this point by residents. The school has its own watering point, and some homes have individual wells. 80% of homes do not have complete plumbing. Honeybuckets and privies are used by most residents for waste disposal; a few homes have septic tanks. The school and clinic have a septic tank/leachfield system, as do several homes. A water and sewer Master Plan has been funded to examine needed repairs to the pump house, water treatment, washeteria, school sewage lagoon and other components. Refuse is collected weekly.

Miscellaneous: There is one school located in the community, attended by 39 students.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

- City Facility (467-4115), capacity 100, Internet access.
- Chuathbaluk Traditional Council (467-4313) capacity 100, Internet access.

Potential Staging Areas:

Gravel Pit B (467-4115)

- Airport
- National Guard Armory
- Other government facilities

Local Spill Response Equipment:

- Containment Boom (400 feet) Middle Kuskokwim Electric Cooperative/City of Chuathbaluk
- Sorbent/pom-pom boom (200 feet) Middle Kuskokwim Electric Cooperative/City of Chuathbaluk
- Anchors for securing boom (2) Middle Kuskokwim Electric Cooperative/City of Chuathbaluk
- Sorbent pads (15 bags) Middle Kuskokwim Electric Cooperative/City of Chuathbaluk
- Backhoe (2) City (467-4115)
- Bulldozer (1) City (467-4115)
- Dump truck or similar (2) City (467-4115)
- Skiff with outboard (3) City (467-4115)

Limiting factors in the community for supporting a large spill response effort: Restricted Food Supply

Top two sensitive areas (environmental or cultural) to be protected in case of an oil spill.

LOCATION	REASON FOR PROTECTION
City/CTC/ School	Gathering Areas; Public Entities

Economy:

Chuathbaluk's economy is heavily dependent on subsistence activities. Employment is primarily through the school, tribal government, city, clinic, or seasonal firefighting for the BLM. Local artisans produce fur garments, beadwork, mukluks, kuspuks, and ulus. Salmon, moose, black bear, porcupine, and waterfowl are harvested.

Culture & Demographic

Chuathbaluk residents are Yup'ik Eskimos and Tanaina Athabascans. Subsistence is a crucial source of food.

Chuathbaluk was the site of an Ingalik Indian summer fish camp in the mid-1800s. The village has been known as Chukbak, St. Sergius Mission, Kuskokwim Russian Mission, and Little Russian Mission. The village was often confused with Russian Mission on the Yukon, so, in the 1960s, the name was changed to Chuathbaluk, which is derived from the Yup'ik word "Curapalek," meaning "the hills where the big blueberries grow." The Russian Orthodox Church finished the St. Sergius Mission in 1894, and residents of Kukuktuk from 20 miles downriver moved to the mission. Tragically, much of the village was lost in an influenza epidemic in 1900. By 1929, the site was deserted, although Russian Orthodox members continued to hold services at the mission. In 1954, the Sam Phillips family from Crow Village resettled the mission and were joined later by individuals from Aniak and Crooked Creek. The church was rebuilt in the late 1950s, and a state school opened in the 1960s. The city was incorporated in 1975.

Alaska Inland ACP Western AK-38 Version 1 9770: Western Alaska Geographic Zone DRAFT, June 2018

9770.10.12 - Chuloonawick

CHULOONAWICK

Chuloonawick is currently an **unpopulated** community, and/or no U.S. Census data is available for the community.

A "complete" Community Information Summary has not been developed for this community. The information below provides a brief overview of the community.

Organizations:

Village Corporation - Chuloonawick Corporation 2635 Draper Drive, Anchorage, AK 99517 Phone 907-562-7008

Village Council - Native Village of Chuloonawick P.O. Box 126, Chuloonawick, AK 99581 Phone 907-949-1720 Fax 907-949-1384

Location:

The site is located on the North bank of Kwikpak pass in the Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta. It has also been reported as "Kwikpakamiut" in 1899 by the U.S. Coast & Geodetic Survey.

This is an historical Eskimo village, now abandoned, and was first reported in 1879 by the U.S. Coast & Geodetic Survey as "Kwikpakamiut." Chuloonawick is a summer fish camp for Emmonak residents. There are no year-round residents at this site. Transportation is provided by boat or float plane.

9770.10.13 - Crooked Creek

CROOKED CREEK

Population: 103 (2011 AK Dept of Labor estimate)

Incorporation Type: Unincorporated Borough Located In: Unorganized

Regional Native Corporation: Calista Corp.

Emergency Services:

Police: None

State Troopers (Aniak): 675-4398

Fire: Volunteer Fire Department 432-2200

Medical: Crooked Creek Health Clinic (432-2222). Auxiliary health care is provided by flight to

Bethel or Anchorage.

Organizations with Local Offices:

Village Council - Native Village of Crooked Creek P.O. Box 69, Crooked Creek, AK 99575 Phone 432-2200 Fax 432-2201

Email: bbcc@starband.net
Web: http://www.idita.com.org

Location & Climate:

Crooked Creek is located on the north bank of the Kuskokwim River at its junction with Crooked Creek. It lies in the Kilbuk-Kuskokwim Mountains 50 miles northeast of Aniak, 141 miles northeast of Bethel, and 275 miles west of Anchorage. It lies at approximately 61d 52m N Latitude, 158d 06m W Longitude (Sec. 32, T021N, R048W, Seward Meridian). Crooked Creek is located in the Fairbanks Recording District. The area encompasses 40 sq. miles of land and 3 sq. miles of water. A continental climate prevails in the area. Snowfall measures 85 inches per year, with total precipitation averaging 17 inches per year. Temperatures range from -59 to 94. High winds often cause flight delays in the fall and winter. The Kuskokwim is ice-free from mid-June through October.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Scheduled air service from Bethel. The Kuskokwim River is the local highway in both summer and winter. ATVs and snow machines are used by residents. The frozen river becomes an ice road in winter. Skiffs and barges provide cargo in summer. A suspension bridge over Crooked Creek connects the upper and lower villages with the airport.

Airport Facilities: A State-owned and operated 1,997' gravel airstrip is southwest of the village, with scheduled weekday air services.

Airline Service: ERA Alaska, Ryan Air Service

Freight: Mail plane or barge.

Vessel Support: Information not available.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications:

In-State Phone: Bush-Tell Inc. *Long-Distance Phone*: AT&T Alascom

Internet Service Provider: School Only - GCI (www.gci.net)

TV Stations: ARCS
Radio Stations: None
Cable Provider: None
Teleconferencing: Not listed.

Electricity: Electricity is provided by Middle Kuskokwim Electric Cooperative.

Fuel: Information not available.

Fuel Storage - Tank Owners (total capacity):

- Kuspuk Schools (24,800 gals.)
- Village Council Washeteria (9,500)
- Electric Co-op (17,800)
- Thomas Fuel Sales (47,100)
- Village Council (7,600)

Housing: Accommodations available at local roadhouse (Thomas Fishing Lodge); community center.

Services: No banking services. Information on repair services, transportation, and moorage unavailable.

Water & Sewage: All homes lack plumbing; residents haul water and honeybuckets. A well provides treated water, and a washeteria is also available. The school, store, and three homes have individual wells, septic tanks, and plumbing. The school, store, and three homes have individual wells, septic tanks and plumbing.

Miscellaneous: There is one school located in the community, attended by 43 students.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

- Community center
- School

Potential Staging Areas:

- Airport
- National Guard Armory
- Other government facilities

Local Spill Response Equipment: Nearest DEC Spill Response Conex located in Bethel. 543-2047/2087

Economy:

The economy is focused on subsistence activities. Salmon, moose, caribou, and waterfowl are staples of the diet. Some residents trap and sell pelts. The Calista Corporation, Kuskokwim Corporation, and NovaGold Resources are exploring a significant gold deposit at Donlin Creek, north of Crooked Creek.

Culture & Demographic

Crooked Creek is a mixed Yup'ik Eskimo and Ingalik Athabascan village with a lifestyle reliant on subsistence activities.

It was first reported in 1844 by the Russian explorer Zagoskin, who recorded the name of the creek as "Kvikchagpak" ("great bend" in Yup'ik) and as "Khottylno" ("sharp turn" in Ingalik). He noted that the site was used as a summer fish camp for the nearby villagers of Kwigiumpainukamuit. In 1909, a permanent settlement was established as a way station for the Flat and Iditarod gold mining camps. The USGS reported it in 1910 as "Portage Village," because it was at the south end of a portage route up Crooked Creek to the placer mines. In 1914, Denis Parent founded a trading post upriver from the creek mouth, in what would become the "upper village" of Crooked Creek. A post office was opened in 1927, and a school was built in 1928. The "lower village" was settled by Eskimos and Ingalik Indians. By the early 1940s, there was a Russian Orthodox Church, St. Nicholas Chapel, and several homes. The upper and lower portions of the village remain today. Gold production continued through the late 1980s, when Western Gold Mining and Exploration went out of business.

9770.10.14 - Eek

EEK - Pronunciation/Other Names: (EEK)

Population: 318 (2011 DCCED certified estimate)

Incorporation Type: 2nd Class City **Borough Located In:** Unorganized

Regional Native Corporation: Calista Corp.

Emergency Services:

VPSO: 536-5328

State Troopers (Bethel): 543-2294

Fire: Volunteer Fire Department: 536-5129

Medical: Eek Health Clinic (536-5314). Auxiliary health care is provided by flight to PHS

Regional Hospital in Bethel.

Organizations with Local Offices:

City - City of Eek P.O. Box 09, Eek, AK 99578 Phone 536-5129 Fax 536-5711

Village Corporation - Iqfijouaq Corporation P.O. Box 49, Eek, AK 99578 Phone 536-5211

Fax 536-5733

Village Council - Native Village of Eek P.O. Box 89, Eek, AK 99578 Phone 536-5128 Fax 536-5711

E-mail: etcgov@yahoo.com

Location & Climate:

Eek lies on the south bank of the Eek River, 12 miles east of the mouth of the Kuskokwim River. It is 35 air miles south of Bethel in the Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta, and 420 miles west of Anchorage. It lies at approximately 60d 13m N Latitude, 162d 01m W Longitude (Sec. 31, T002N, R073W, Seward Meridian). Eek is located in the Bethel Recording District. The area encompasses 1 sq. miles of land and 0 sq. miles of water. Eek is located in a marine climate. Precipitation averages 22 inches, with 43 inches of snowfall annually. Summer temperatures average 41 to 57; winter temperatures average 6 to 24.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Scheduled and chartered air service from Bethel. Fishing boats, skiffs and snowmachines are used for local transportation to Bethel and other villages. There is a one-mile gravel road in the City.

Airport Facilities: A State-owned 3,243' gravel airstrip provides chartered and private air access.

A seaplane base is also available on the Eek River.

Airline Service: ERA Alaska, Grant Aviation, Ryan Air, Yute Air

Freight: Plane and barge. Barges deliver fuel and supplies during the summer months.

Vessel Support: A dock is available.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications:

In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc.

Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom; United Utilities

Internet Service Provider: United Utilities Inc.

TV Stations: ARCS; KYUK

Radio Stations: KYUK-AM; KYKD-FM Cable Provider: Igfijouag Corp.

Teleconferencing: Alaska Teleconferencing Network

Electricity: Electricity is provided by AVEC.

Fuel: Marine gas, diesel, propane, and regular gasoline available.

Fuel Storage - Tank Owners (total capacity):

- Igfijouag Co. Store (79,400 gals.)
- AVEC (67,300)
- LK Schools (45,500)
- Army National Guard (4,300)

Housing: Lodging arrangements may be made at the school (536-5229).

Services: No restaurant or banking services. Groceries and supplies available through local stores. No major repair service or rental transportation.

Water & Sewage: Water is derived from Eek River, is treated and stored in a tank at the washeteria. A few homes have tanks, which provide running water to the kitchen; but the large majority have no additional plumbing. Rain catchment systems and ice melt are also used for drinking water. Honeybuckets are disposed of in a sewage lagoon.

Miscellaneous: There is one school located in the community, attended by 86 students.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

- City community hall
- School

Potential Staging Areas:

- Airport –
- National Guard Armory –
- Other government facilities –

Local Spill Response Equipment: Nearest DEC Spill Response Conex located in Bethel. 543-2047/2087

Economy:

Eek's economy is primarily subsistence and commercial fishing-based. A few full-time positions are available at the school, city, and village office. All families participate in subsistence fishing. In 2010, 41 residents held commercial fishing permits.

Culture & Demographic

Eek is a traditional Yup'ik Eskimo village with a subsistence lifestyle and salmon is a dominant food source. All five Pacific salmon species spawn in the Eek River. The sale and importation of alcohol is banned in the village.

The village was originally located on the Apokok River. It moved to its present location in the 1930s when constant flooding and erosion forced a relocation. A BIA school and a Moravian church were constructed at the new site. A post office was established in 1949. The city was incorporated in 1970.

9770.10.15 - Emmonak

EMMONAK - Pronunciation/Other Names: (ee-MAHN-nuck)

Population: 796 (2011 DCCED certified estimate)

Incorporation Type: 2nd Class City **Borough Located In:** Unorganized

Regional Native Corporation: Calista Corp.

Emergency Services:

VPO: 949-1728

State Troopers: (866) 949-1303; 949-1303

Fire: 949-1227

Medical: Local hospitals or health clinics include Emmonak Health Clinic (949-1511/1438). Auxiliary health care is provided by City Fire/EMS/Ambulance; flight to Bethel or Anchorage.

Organizations with Local Offices:

City - City of Emmonak P.O. Box 9, Emmonak, AK 99581 Phone 907-949-1227 Fax 907-949-1926

Economic Development - Yukon Delta Fisheries Dev. Assoc.

2200 6th Ave., #707, Seattle, AK 98121 Phone 206-443-1565 Fax 206-443-1912

Village Corporation - Emmonak Native Corporation

P.O. Box 49, Emmonak, AK 99581 Phone 907-949-1129 Fax 907-949-1412

Village Council - Emmonak Village P.O. Box 126, Emmonak, AK 99581

Phone 907-949-1720 Fax 907-949-1384

E-mail: Emmonak@smtp.ak.bia.gov

Location & Climate:

Emmonak is located at the mouth of the Yukon River, 10 miles from the Bering Sea, on the north bank of Kwiguk Pass. It lies 120 air miles northwest of Bethel and 490 air miles from Anchorage, in the Yukon Delta National Wildlife Refuge. It lies at approximately 62d 47m N Latitude, 164d 32m W Longitude (Sec. 17, T031N, R081W, Seward Meridian). Emmonak is located in the Bethel Recording District. The area encompasses 6 sq. miles of land and 1 sq. miles of water. A maritime climate predominates in Emmonak. Temperatures range from -25 to 79. Precipitation is 19 inches per year, while snowfall is 50 to 60 inches per year. Freeze-up occurs during October; break-up occurs in June.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Scheduled and chartered air service from Bethel or Nome. Emmonak relies on air and water transportation. There are no connecting roads, but winter trails to Kotlik, Alakanuk and Sheldon Point are used by snow machines. Skiffs and ATVs are using during the summer for local transportation.

Airport Facilities: A State-owned 4,400' gravel airstrip is available.

Airline Service: Grant Aviation; Hageland; Larry's; Camai Air; Arctic Transportation Services;

Warbelow's; Northern Air Cargo **Freight:** Cargo plane and barge.

Vessel Support: Marine engine repair service available. No moorage facilities.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications:

In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc.

Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom; United Utilities

Internet Service Provider: Unicom/United Utilities, Inc. (www.unicom-alaska.net)

TV Stations: ARCS

Radio Stations: KICY-AM; KNOM-AM Cable Provider: City of Emmonak

Teleconferencing: Alaska Teleconferencing Network

Electricity: Electricity is provided by AVEC.

Fuel: Fuel available includes marine gas, diesel, propane, unleaded and regular gasoline.

Fuel Storage – Tank Owners (number of tanks, total capacity):

AVEC (21 @ 172,247 gals.)

City (10 @ 131,500) LY Schools (168,000)

Grant Air Services (6 @ 133,000)

Village Corp. (421,148)

Alaska Commercial Co. Store (20,000)

Housing: Accommodations and meals available.

Services: No banking facilities. Groceries and supplies available at local store. Charter aircraft available.

Water & Sewage: Water is derived from the Yukon River and is treated. Piped water and sewer services have recently been expanded to the west side -- 161 homes, businesses and the school are now served. Water storage capacity has been doubled to serve the system expansion. The landfill must be relocated.

Miscellaneous: There is one school located in the community, attended by 251 students.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

- City teen center
- City fire house
- School

Potential Staging Areas:

- Airport –
- National Guard Armory –

Other government facilities –

Local Spill Response Equipment:

Economy:

The city experiences a seasonal economy, with most activity occurring during the summer. It is becoming a center for commercial fishing, purchasing and processing on the lower Yukon River. Yukon Delta Fish Marketing Co-op and Bering Sea Fisheries process and export salmon from Emmonak. Two fish processing plants now operate in Emmonak. 102 residents hold commercial fishing permits. Subsistence activities, trapping and public assistance support income. The majority of the community travels to fish camps during the summer months to dry salmon for winter use. Moose, beluga whale, seal and waterfowl are also utilized.

Culture & Demographic

92.1% of the population are Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the community. Emmonak is a Yup'ik Eskimo village involved in commercial fishing, processing and subsistence activities. Residents of Chuloonawick, a nearby fish camp, also live in Emmonak. The sale, importation and possession of alcohol are banned in the village.

9770.10.16 - Flat

FLAT

Population: 0 (2011 AK Dept of Labor estimate)

Located In: Unorganized

Incorporation Type: Unincorporated

There are no public facilities or permanent residents.

Location and Climate:

Flat is located on Otter Creek, 7 miles east of its junction with the Iditarod River. It lies 59 miles northeast of Holy Cross and 8 miles east of Iditarod, in the Kilbuck-Kuskokwim Mountains. It lies at approximately 62.453610 North Latitude and -158.007500 West Longitude. (Sec. 4, T027N, R047W, Seward Meridian.) Flat is located in the Kuskokwim Recording District. The area has a cold, continental climate. Summer temperatures average 42 to 80 °F, and winters can range from -62 to 0 °F. Annual precipitation averages 67 inches, with average annual snowfall of 110 inches.

Spill Response Support: Nearest DEC Spill Response Conex located in Bethel. 543-2047/2087

Economy:

The Iditarod Mining District still produces gold today. The 2006-2010 American Community Survey (ACS) estimated zero residents as employed.

Culture and Demographics:

Gold was discovered in Flat on Christmas Day in 1908 by John Beaton and his associate. It became the widest pay streak ever found in Alaska. Peter Miscovich (Croatia), Lars Ostnes (Norway), and David Strandberg (Sweden) were also founding fathers and have been inducted into the Alaska Mining Hall of Fame. Flat became a mining and supply camp, first reported in 1910 by A.G. Maddren of the USGS. A tramway was built between Iditarod and Flat. A post office opened around 1912. Between 1910 and 1914, about 6,000 people moved to the community. Flat had an elementary school, a telephone system, two stores, a hotel, restaurant, pool hall, laundry, and jail. By World War I, the population had dramatically declined. The population was 158 in 1920 and 124 in 1930. By the end of World War II, only about 15 people lived there year-round. In 1937, Peter Miscovich purchased a large excavator, increasing production.

9770.10.17 – Georgetown GEORGETOWN

Population: Three year-round residents

Located In: Unorganized

Incorporation Type: Unincorporated

Location and Climate:

Georgetown is located on the north bank of the upper Kuskokwim River in the Kilbuck-Kuskokwim mountains. It is east of the mouth of the George River, 16 miles northwest of Red Devil. It lies at approximately 61.923381 North Latitude and -157.619840 West Longitude. (Sec. 18, T021N, R046W, Seward Meridian.) Georgetown is located in the Kuskokwim Recording District.

Georgetown has a continental climate with temperatures ranging between -59 to 94 °F. Precipitation averages 17 inches annually, with snowfall of 80 inches. The Kuskokwim is ice-free from mid-June through October.

Spill Response Support: Nearest DEC Spill Response Conex located in Aniak. 675-4481/4446

Transportation:

The Kuskokwim River serves as the major transportation link to other villages. Barges which serve villages upriver may also serve Georgetown. In the winter transportation is primarily by snowmachine and aircraft.

General:

The middle Kuskokwim area first experienced contact with Europeans when the Russian explorer Zagoskin sailed upriver to McGrath in 1844. At that time, Georgetown was known as Keledzhichagat, a summer fish camp for residents of Kwigiumpainukamiut. Gold was found along the George River in 1909. This mining settlement and the river were named for three traders: George Hoffman, George Fredericks and George Morgan. By 1910, about 300 prospectors were living on the west side of the George River. About 200 cabins had been built, when a fire swept through the settlement in 1911, destroying all but 25 cabins. Also saved were the two general stores in town -- the Kuskokwim Commercial Company and the Northern Commercial Company. By 1953, the only large structure that remained at the site was the two-story log house belonging to George Fredericks. In the 1950s, the present settlement, on the east side of the George River, began to develop. A State school was established in 1965, and remained until 1970. Georgetown is presently used as a seasonal fish campsite. There are no year-round residents.

Economy:

There are three year-round residents. The 2006-2010 American Community Survey (ACS) estimated zero residents as employed.

Culture and Demographics:

Georgetown residents are Yup'ik Eskimos and Tanaina Athabascans and depend upon a subsistence lifestyle.

The middle Kuskokwim area first experienced contact with Europeans when the Russian explorer Zagoskin sailed upriver to McGrath in 1844. At that time, Georgetown was known as Keledzhichagat, a summer fish camp for residents of Kwigiumpainukamiut. Gold was found along the George River in 1909. This mining settlement and the river were named for three traders: George Hoffman, George Fredericks, and George Morgan. By 1910, about 300 prospectors were living on the west side of the George River. About 200 cabins had been built, when a fire swept through the settlement in 1911, destroying all but 25 cabins. Also saved were the two general stores in town -- the Kuskokwim Commercial Company and the Northern Commercial Company. By 1953, the only large structure that remained at the site was the two-story log house belonging to George Fredericks. In the 1950s, the present settlement, on the east side of the George River, began to develop. A state school was established in 1965 and remained until 1970.

9770.10.18 - Goodnews Bay

GOODNEWS BAY

Population: 246 (DCCED certified estimate)

Incorporation Type: 2nd Class City **Borough Located In:** Unorganized

Regional Native Corporation: Calista Corp.

Emergency Services:

VPSO: 967-8113

State Troopers: Troopers in Bethel **Fire:** Volunteer Fire Dept 967-8614

Medical: Local hospitals or health clinics include Goodnews Bay Health Clinic (967-8128). Auxiliary care is provided by Goodnews Bay First Responder Group (CHP 967-8128).

Organizations with Local Offices:

City - City of Goodnews Bay P.O. Box 70, Goodnews Bay, AK 99589 Phone 907-967-8614 Fax 907-967-8124

Village Corporation - Kuitsarak, Incorporated P.O. Box 10, Goodnews Bay, AK 99589 Phone 907-967-8428 Fax 907-967-8226

Village Council - Native Village of Goodnews Bay P.O. Box 50, Goodnews Bay, AK 99589 Phone 907-967-8929 Fax 907-967-8330

E-mail: GoodnewsBay@smtp.ak.bia.gov

Location & Climate:

The community is located on the north shore of Goodnews Bay at the mouth of Goodnews River. It is 116 air miles south of Bethel, 110 miles northwest of Dillingham and 400 miles west of Anchorage. It lies at approximately 59d 07m N Latitude, 161d 35m W Longitude (Sec. 21, T012S, R073W, Seward Meridian). Goodnews Bay is located in the Bethel Recording District. The area encompasses 3 sq. miles of land and 2 sq. miles of water. Goodnews Bay is located in a transitional climatic zone, exhibiting characteristics of both a marine and continental climate. Average precipitation is 22 inches, with 43 inches of snowfall. Summer temperatures range from 41 to 57; winter temperatures are 6 to 24.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Scheduled and chartered air service from Bethel or Dillingham. Snowmachines are the primary means of travel during the winter.

Airport Facilities: A State-owned 2,850' gravel airstrip is available for chartered or private

planes year-round.

Airline Service: ERA Aviation

Freight: Cargo plane, barge, and ship. Barges deliver fuel and other supplies during the summer

months.

Vessel Support: There are no docking facilities, although locals use boats and skiffs extensively

during the summer months.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications:

In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc.

Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom; United Utilities Internet Service Provider: School Only - GCI (www.gci.net)

TV Stations: ARCS

Radio Stations: KYUK-AM

Cable Provider: City of Goodnews Bay Teleconferencing: No information

Electricity: Electricity is provided by AVEC.

Fuel: Marine gas, diesel, and propane available.

Fuel Storage – Tank Owners (number of tanks, total capacity):

- AVEC (8 @ 67,300 gals.)
- Mumtram Pikkai Inc. (6 @ 113,400)
- Lower Kuskokwim School District (2 @ 43,200)
- City (2 @ 16,600)
- Army Nat'l Guard (2,200)
- Goodnews River Fishing Lodge (10,000)

Housing: Accommodations available through the village or the school (967-8213).

Services: No restaurant, laundromat, or banking services. Supplies available through local store. No major repair service or rental transportation.

Water & Sewage: Currently, treated well water is hauled from the new watering point. Honeybuckets are hauled by the City. Most homes are currently not plumbed. A piped water and sewer system, with plumbing for 72 homes, is under construction. The school has requested funds for new water treatment, and to be connected to the City sewage lagoon.

Miscellaneous: There is one school located in the community, attended by 71 students.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

- City community building
- School

Potential Staging Areas:

Airport

- National Guard Armory
- Other government facilities

Local Spill Response Equipment:

Economy:

The city, school, local businesses and commercial fishing provide the majority of the income, supplemented by subsistence activities. 43 residents hold commercial fishing permits, for salmon and herring roe fisheries. The 1992 Community Development Quota (CDQ) program has increased the pollock groundfish quota for small communities like Goodnews. From 40 to 50% of residents engage in trapping. Subsistence upon salmon, seal, walrus, birds, berries, moose and bear is an integral part of the lifestyle.

Culture & Demographic

95.9% of the population are Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the community. Goodnews is a traditional Eskimo village practicing a subsistence, trapping and fishing lifestyle. The sale, importation or possession of alcohol are banned in the village.

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9770.10.19 - Grayling

GRAYLING - Pronunciation/Other Names: (GRAY-leeng)

Population: 189 (2011 DCCED certified estimate)

Incorporation Type: 2nd Class City **Borough Located In:** Unorganized

Regional Native Corporation: Doyon, Limited

Emergency Services:

Police: None

State Troopers: 675-4398/4629 (Aniak) **Fire:** Volunteer Fire Department, 453-5148

Medical: Grayling Clinic, 453-5120.

Organizations with Local Offices:

City - City of Grayling P.O. Box 89, Grayling, AK 99590 Phone 453-5148 Fax 453-5223

Village Corporation - Hee-Yea-Lingde Corporation Box 9, Grayling, AK 99590 Phone 453-5133 Fax 453-5151

Village Council - Organized Village of Grayling P.O. Box 49, Grayling, AK 99590 Phone 453-5116 Fax 453-5146

Location & Climate:

Grayling is located in Interior Alaska on the west bank of the Yukon River east of the Nulato Hills. It is 18 air miles north of Anvik. It lies at approximately 62d 57m N Latitude, 160d 03m W Longitude (Sec. 34, T033N, R057W, Seward Meridian). Grayling is located in the Kuskokwim Recording District. The area encompasses 11 sq. miles of land and 0 sq. miles of water. The climate of Grayling is continental, with long, cold winters and relatively warm summers. Temperature extremes range between -60 to 87. Snowfall averages 110 inches, with 21 inches of total precipitation per year. The Yukon River is ice-free from June through October.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Scheduled and chartered air service from McGrath or Bethel. In summer, access to Grayling is by air, riverboat or barge. No roads connect Grayling with other communities. Skiffs are used for transportation up and down the river during summer. Every other year Grayling is a checkpoint on the annual 1,049-mile Iditarod sled dog race.

Airport Facilities: The State owns and operates a 2,315' gravel runway.

Airline Service: ERA Alaska, Ryan Air Service

Freight: Barge or mail plane.

Vessel Support: Moorage facilities available.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications:

In-State Phone: Bush-Tell Inc.

Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom

Internet Service Provider: School Only - GCI (www.gci.net)

TV Stations: ARCS

Radio Stations: KICY-AM; KNOM-AM

Cable Provider: None

Teleconferencing: Alaska Teleconferencing Network

Electricity: Electricity is provided by AVEC.

Fuel: Diesel, propane, and regular gasoline available.

Fuel Storage - Tank Owners (total capacity):

AVEC (75,300 gals.)

- Native Store (24,489)
- School (2,000)
- Village Corp. (20,572)

Housing: Lodging available through

- Shirley Clarks B&B
- School
- Through the city (453-5148)

Services: No restaurants or banking services. Groceries and supplies available through local stores.

Aircraft mechanic and charter aircraft available.

Water & Sewage: Water is derived from an infiltration gallery at Grayling Creek, is treated, stored and piped throughout the community. Over 90% of homes are plumbed for water and sewer.

Miscellaneous: There is one school located in the community, attended by 69 students.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

- Teen center
- School

Potential Staging Areas:

- Airport
- National Guard Armory
- Other government facilities

Local Spill Response Equipment:

Nearest DEC Spill Response Conex located in Mountain Village. 591-2929

Email: cityofmou@yahoo.com

Economy:

Grayling's economy is heavily dependent on subsistence activities, and employment is found primarily in seasonal work. In 2010, 31 residents held commercial fishing permits. Subsistence activities include fishing, hunting, trapping, and berry gathering. Salmon, moose, black bear, small game, and waterfowl are harvested.

Culture & Demographic

The population of Grayling is comprised of Holikachuk and Ingalik Indians. Subsistence activities are important to villagers' livelihoods. The sale of alcohol is banned in the village.

In 1900, the U.S. Revenue steamer Nunivak reported 75 inhabitants, a store, and a large woodyard to supply steamers. Between 1962 and 1966, 25 families moved from Holikachuk on the Innoko River to Grayling. Holikachuk was prone to annual spring flooding, and low water levels made the return trip from Yukon fish camps each year difficult. The city government was incorporated in 1969.

9770.10.20 - Hamilton

HAMILTON

Hamilton is currently an **unpopulated** community, and/or no U.S. Census data is available for the community. A "complete" Community Profile has not been developed for this community. The information below provides a brief overview of the community.

Organizations:

Village Council - Native Village of Hamilton
P.O. Box 20248, Kotlik, AK 99620
Phone 907-899-4252
Fax 907-899-4202
Village Corporation - Nunapiglluraq Corporation
P.O. Box 20187, Kotlik, AK 99620
Phone 907-899-4226
Fax 907-899-4528

General:

The village was first reported in 1844 by Lt. L.A. Zagoskin of the Russian Navy as the Eskimo village or camp "Aunguamut." In 1897, the North American Transportation & Trading Company established a supply post and riverboat landing here. The village was named for Charles H. Hamilton, assistant manager of the company. It has also been known as Fort Hamilton and Old Hamilton. Hamilton is a traditional summer subsistence-use camp; villagers live permanently in Kotlik. There are no year-round residents at this site. Transportation is provided by boat or float plane.

9770.10.21 - Holy Cross

HOLY CROSS

Population: 176 (2011 DCCED certified estimate)

Incorporation Type: 2nd Class City **Borough Located In:** Unorganized

Regional Native Corporation: Doyon, Limited

Emergency Services: VPSO: 476-7180

State Troopers (Aniak): 675-4398

Fire: Volunteer Fire Department, 476-7136

Medical: Theresa Demientieff Health Clinic, 476-7174.

Organizations with Local Offices:

City - City of Holy Cross P.O. Box 227, Holy Cross, AK 99602 Phone 476-7139 Fax 476-7141

Email: cityofholycross@gci.net

Village Corporation - Deloycheet, Incorporated P.O. Box 206, Holy Cross, AK 99602 Phone 476-7177

Web: http://www.deloycheet.com/

Village Council - Holy Cross Village P.O. Box 89, Holy Cross, AK 99602 Phone 476-7124 Fax 476-7132

Location & Climate:

Holy Cross is located in Interior Alaska on the west bank of Ghost Creek Slough off the Yukon River. It is 40 miles northwest of Aniak and 420 miles southwest of Fairbanks. It lies at approximately 62d 12m N Latitude, 159d 46m W Longitude (Sec. 05, T024N, R057W, Seward Meridian). Holy Cross is located in the Kuskokwim Recording District. The area encompasses 31 sq. miles of land and 6 sq. miles of water. The climate of Holy Cross is continental. Temperature extremes range from -62 and 93. Snowfall averages 79.4 inches, with 19 inches of total precipitation per year. The Yukon river is ice-free from June through October.

Transportation:

Accessibility: The community is dependent upon air and boat transportation. Residents use boats for fishing, subsistence and recreation. 7.5 miles of local roads are used by 3-wheelers, motor bikes, snowmachines and dog teams.

Airport Facilities: The State owns and operates a 4,000-foot gravel airstrip.

Airline Service: ERA Alaska, Ryan Air Service **Freight:** Air transport and barge (in the summer).

Vessel Support: No moorage facilities.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications:

In-State Phone: Bush-Tell Inc.

Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom

Internet Service Provider: School Only - GCI (www.gci.net), AT&T

TV Stations: ARCS

Radio Stations: KICY-AM; KYUK-AM; KNOM-AM

Cable Provider: None

Teleconferencing: Alaska Teleconferencing Network

Electricity: Electricity is provided by AVEC. **Fuel:** Propane and regular gasoline available. **Fuel Storage – Tank Owners** (total capacity):

AVEC (77,600 gals.)

Iditarod Schools (29,314)

• City (14,084)

• Deloycheet, Inc. (163,547)

Holy Cross Church (6,200)

Housing: Accommodations and meals available at Holy Cross Lodge.

Services: Groceries and supplies available local stores. No banking services or rental transportation.

Water & Sewage: Water is derived from a deep well and is treated. A new backup well, new pump house and water treatment facility have been completed. 71 households and the school are connected to the piped water and sewer system, with a plumbed kitchen. The remainder haul water from the washeteria and use honeybuckets.

Miscellaneous: There is one school located in the community, attended by 54 students. Landfill improvements are needed.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

- City community hall
- Village council teen center
- School

Potential Staging Areas:

- Airport –
- National Guard Armory –
- Other government facilities –

Local Spill Response Equipment:

Nearest DEC Spill Response Conex located in Mountain Village. 591-2929

Email: cityofmou@yahoo.com

Economy:

Holy Cross is characterized by a seasonal economy. In 2010, nine residents held commercial fishing permits. Subsistence hunting, fishing, trapping, and gardening supplement income.

Culture & Demographic

Holy Cross is an Ingalik village. Subsistence and fishing-related activities are important to residents. The sale of alcohol is banned in the village.

Holy Cross first had contact with Europeans in the early 1840s, when Russian explorers led by Lt. Zagoskin traveled the Yukon River. They reported on "Anilukhtakpak," which had 170 people. In 1880, the village was reported as "Askhomute" with 30 residents. A Catholic mission and school were established in the 1880s by Father Aloysius Robaut, who came to Alaska across the Chilkoot Trail. Ingaliks migrated to Holy Cross to be near the mission and school. A post office was opened in 1899 under the name "Koserefsky." In 1912, the name of the town was changed to "Holy Cross" after the mission. In the 1930s and 40s, sternwheelers brought the mail and supplies two or three times a year. The course of the river changed during the 1930s, and, by the mid-40s, the slough on which the village is now located was formed. The mission church and many additional buildings were torn down after the boarding school ceased operations in 1956. The city government was incorporated in 1968.

9770.10.22 - Hooper Bay

HOOPER BAY

Population: 1,137 (2011 DCCED certified estimate)

Incorporation Type: 2nd Class City **Borough Located In:** Unorganized

Regional Native Corporation: Calista Corp.

Emergency Services:

Police: 758-4615/4617

VPSO: 758-4615

State Troopers: Bethel - 543-2294 **Fire:** Volunteer Fire Dept 329-8001

Medical: Local hospitals or health clinics include Hooper Bay Health Clinic (758-4711). Auxiliary

health care is provided by flight to Bethel or Anchorage.

Organizations with Local Offices:

City - City of Hooper Bay P.O. Box 29, Hooper Bay, AK 99604 Phone 907-758-4311 Fax 907-758-4311

Economic Development - Coastal Village Region Fund

204 N. Franklin St., #1, Juneau, AK 99801 Phone 907-586-2360 Fax 907-586-2331

Village Corporation - Sea Lion Corporation P.O. Box 44, Hooper Bay, AK 99604 Phone 907-758-4415 Fax 907-758-4815

Village Council - Native Village of Hooper Bay P.O. Box 41, Hooper Bay, AK 99604 Phone 907-758-4915 Fax 907-758-4066

Location & Climate:

Hooper Bay is located 20 miles south of Cape Romanzof, 25 miles south of Scammon Bay in the Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta. The city is separated into two sections: a heavily built-up townsite located on gently rolling hills, and a newer section in the lowlands. It lies at approximately 61d 31m N Latitude, 166d 05m W Longitude (Sec. 26, T017N, R093W, Seward Meridian). Hooper Bay is located in the Bethel Recording District. The area encompasses 9 sq. miles of land and 0 sq. miles of water. The climate in Hooper Bay is maritime. The mean annual snowfall is 75 inches, with a total precipitation of 16 inches. Temperatures range between -25 and 79. Winter ice pack

and winds often promote severe conditions. The Bering Sea is ice-free from late June through October.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Residents of Hooper Bay rely on air and water transportation. **Airport Facilities:** The 3,300' paved runway is State owned and operated.

Airline Service: No information.

Freight: Air and barge. Barge lines deliver shipments of fuel and other bulk supplies

throughout the summer.

Vessel Support: A commercial fishing dock is under construction. Skiffs are used during summer

for local transportation. Limited motor repair services available.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications:

In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc.

Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom; United Utilities

Internet Service Provider:

TV Stations: ARCS

Radio Stations: KICY-AM; KCUK-FM; KNOM-AM

Cable Provider: Frontier Cable, Inc.

Teleconferencing: Alaska Teleconferencing Network

Electricity: Electricity is provided by AVEC. **Fuel:** Gasoline and diesel fuel available.

Fuel Storage – Tank Owners (number of tanks, total capacity):

- High School (145,400 gals.)
- City (20,000)
- AVEC (160,900)
- Army Nat'l Guard (8,200)
- Yukon Fuel Co. (225,203)
- Little Flower of Jesus Parish (2,519)

Housing: Accommodations available at Qavartarvik (Sea Lion Hotel, 758-4015).

Services: Groceries and supplies available at local stores. Laundromat with showers available. **Water & Sewage:** Residents currently haul treated water from the washeteria or other watering points. Three new wells were drilled in 1997, 3 miles northeast of town. The school uses its own water system. Honeybuckets are hauled by residents. The large majority of homes are not plumbed, with the exception of the new HUD housing subdivision, which uses a flush/haul system. The City is beginning infrastructure improvements in preparation for a piped water and sewer system. A new water treatment/washeteria facility is under construction.

Miscellaneous: There is one school located in the community, attended by 390 students. The landfill was expanded in 1997, and includes a new sewage lagoon; the combined site is nearly 20 acres in size.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

School

Potential Staging Areas:

- Airport –
- National Guard Armory –
- Other government facilities –

Local Spill Response Equipment:

Economy:

Most employment in Hooper Bay is seasonal with peak economic activity in the summer and little income-producing activity during the winter. 44 residents hold commercial fishing permits. The 1992 Community Development Quota (CDQ) program has increased the pollock groundfish quota for small communities like Hooper Bay. BLM fire fighting offers some employment, and grass baskets and ivory handicrafts are sold. The community is interested in developing the Naparyarmiut Arts & Crafts Cooperative. Income is supplemented by subsistence activities. Salmon, walrus, beluga whale and waterfowl are harvested.

Culture & Demographic

96% of the population are Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the community. Hooper Bay is a traditional Cup'ik Eskimo community. Commercial fishing and subsistence activities are the primary means of support. Members of the Village of Paimiut also live in Hooper Bay. The sale or importation of alcohol is banned in the village.

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9770.10.23 - Kasigluk

KASIGLUK - Pronunciation/Other Names: (ka-SEE-ga-luck); aka Kaseglok)

Population: 576 (2011 AK Dept of Labor estimate)

Incorporation Type: Unincorporated Borough Located In: Unorganized

Regional Native Corporation: Calista Corp.

Emergency Services:

Police: 477-6128

State Troopers: Troopers in Bethel 543-2294

Fire: Volunteer Fire Dept 477-6247

Medical: Local hospitals or health clinics include Kasiguk Health Clinic (477-6120).

Organizations with Local Offices:

Village Corporation - Kasigluk Incorporated P.O. Box 39, Kasigluk, AK 99609 Phone 907-447-6113 Fax 907-447-6026

Village Council - Kasigluk Traditional Council P.O. Box 19, Kasigluk, AK 99609 Phone 907-477-6405 Fax 907-477-6212

E-mail: Kasigluk@smtp.ak.bia.gov

Location & Climate:

Kasigluk is on the Johnson River in the Kuskokwim River Delta, 26 miles northwest of Bethel. The community is comprised of Old and New Kasigluk, surrounded by the Johnson River and a network of lakes. It lies at approximately 60d 52m N Latitude, 162d 32m W Longitude (Sec. 02, T009N, R075W, Seward Meridian). Kasigluk is located in the Bethel Recording District. The area encompasses 19 sq. miles of land and 0 sq. miles of water. The area's precipitation averages 16 inches annually, with snowfall of 50 inches. Summer temperatures range from 62 to 42; winter temperatures are 19 to -2.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Scheduled and chartered air service from Bethel. Locals use skiffs to travel to Bethel and other area villages during the summer, and snowmachines in the winter.

Airport Facilities: A State-owned 1,950' lighted gravel airstrip provides chartered or private air transportation year-round. The airport is undergoing major improvements, including an extension of the runway to 3,000'.

Airline Service: No information. **Freight:** Cargo plane and barge.

Vessel Support: Although there are no docking facilities, barges from Bethel deliver fuel and

supplies during summer months.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications:

In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc.

Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom; United Utilities

Internet Service Provider: Unicom/United Utilities, Inc. (www.unicom-alaska.net); School

Only - GCI (www.gci.net)
TV Stations: ARCS; KYUK

Radio Stations: KYUK-AM; KYKD-FM Cable Provider: Village of Kasigluk

Teleconferencing: Alaska Teleconferencing Network

Electricity: Electricity is provided by AVEC (from Nunapitchuk). Electricity is provided by

Nunapitchuk, although the village would like a local electric system.

Fuel: Marine gas and propane available.

Fuel Storage - Tank Owners (number of tanks, total capacity):

- School (95,250 gals.)
- Village Council (15,000)
- Village Corp. (116,500)

Housing: Accommodations can be arranged at

- the school (477-6615)
- the clinic (477-6120)
- private homes

Services: No restaurant or banking services. Laundry facilities available. Groceries and supplies available through local stores. No major repair services, rental transportation.

Water & Sewage: Treated well water is hauled from the washeteria, and individual wells are also available. The new Kasigluk area known as Akula Heights uses the school well.

Honeybuckets are hauled to sewage bunkers. Homes are not plumbed, and residents are reliant on the washeteria for bathing and laundry. A Master Plan is being completed for water and sewer system improvements.

Miscellaneous: The landfill does not meet DEC standards, and is located on a flood plain. There are 2 schools located in the community, attended by 168 students.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

- Community building
- Schools
- Police station

Potential Staging Areas:

- Airport –
- National Guard Armory –
- Other government facilities –

Local Spill Response Equipment:

Economy:

The school, commercial fishing, retail businesses and village government provide the majority of employment in Kasigluk. Subsistence activities contribute significantly to household diets. 46 residents hold commercial fishing permits, mainly for salmon set net and herring roe fisheries.

Culture & Demographic

95.3% of the population are Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the community. Kasigluk is an Eskimo community practicing a fishing and subsistence lifestyle. The sale or importation of alcohol is banned in the village.

9770.10.24 - Kipnuk

KIPNUK - Pronunciation/Other Names: (KIP-nuck, aka Kanganak)

Population: 663 (2011 AK Dept of Labor estimate)

Incorporation Type: Unincorporated Borough Located In: Unorganized

Regional Native Corporation: Calista Corp.

Emergency Services:

VPSO: 896-5515

State Troopers (Bethel): 543-2294

Fire: Volunteer Fire Department

Medical: Kipnuk Clinic, 896-5927/2093.

Organizations with Local Offices:

Village Corporation - Kugkaktlik Limited P.O. Box 36, Kipnuk, AK 99614 Phone 896-5414 Fax 896-5140

Village Council - Native Village of Kipnuk P.O. Box 57, Kipnuk, AK 99614 Phone 896-5515 Fax 896-5240

Email: ktc99614@yahoo.com

Kipnuk Light Plant

P.O. Box 71, Kipnuk, AK 99614 Phone 896-5427

Environmental Staff (IGAP): 896-5515

Location & Climate:

Kipnuk is located on the west bank of the Kugkaktlik River in the Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta, 85 air miles southwest of Bethel. It lies four miles inland from the Bering Sea coast. It lies at approximately 59d 56m N Latitude, 164d 03m W Longitude (Sec. 10, T003S, R086W, Seward Meridian). Kipnuk is located in the Bethel Recording District. The area encompasses 30 sq. miles of land and 1 sq. miles of water. The community is located in a marine climate. Precipitation averages 22 inches, with 43 inches of snowfall annually. Summer temperatures range from 41 to 57, winter temperatures are 6 to 24.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Scheduled air service from Bethel. Boats and skiffs are used by residents for local travel during the summer, with snowmachines in the winter.

Airport Facilities: Kipnuk offers a State-owned 2,120' gravel airstrip, with scheduled air taxi service five times each day. Charter services are also available. A seaplane base is also available.

Airline Service: ERA Alaska, Grant Aviation, Ryan Air Service, Yute Air

Freight: Mail plane and barge. Although there is no dock, barges from Bethel deliver cargo each

summer. It is a local priority to construct docking facilities.

Vessel Support: No information available.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications:

In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc.; GCI (cell phone service, 5-10 mile range)

Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom; United Utilities Internet Service Provider: GCI; United Utilities Inc.

TV Stations: ARCS

Radio Stations: KYUK-AM

Cable Provider: Frontier Cable, Inc.

Teleconferencing: Alaska Teleconferencing Network

Electricity: Kipnuk Light Plant provides Electricity.

Fuel: Gas, Diesel.

Fuel Storage – Tank Owners (total capacity):

- School (70,200 gals.)
- Village Power Plant (151,300)
- Kugkaktlik Ltd (324,500)
- Kashatok Bros. Store (13,800)

Housing: Lodging can be arranged with

- Marshall School
- Hunter Sales Rooming (679-6111)
- Kipnuk Traditional Council 896-5515.

Services: Limited supplies available at local store.

Water & Sewage: A new 210,000 gal. water storage tank is filled from a reservoir on a nearby lake; residents haul treated water from several watering points. Honey buckets are hauled by the village to a sewage lagoon. Homes are not plumbed.

Miscellaneous: There is one school located in the community, attended by 201 students. The Village Council collects refuse and maintains the Class III permitted landfill. The Kipnuk school needs additional funds to complete its bio-pure sewage treatment plant and increase water storage capacity.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Housing Facilities:

- Tribal Office Building, 896-5515, (All season; Capacity: 30-50)
- Kipnuk Tribal Council Bunkhouse, 896-5515 (All season; Capacity: 17)
- CVRF, 896-5080 (All season; Capacity: 2)

Potential Command Posts:

- Kipnuk Tribal council Office Bldg, 896-5515 (Capacity: 30-50; Internet access)
- CVRF Office/Shop, 896-5080 (Capacity: 10; Internet access)

Potential Staging Areas:

- CVRF Office/Shop, 896-5080 (Capacity: 10; Internet access)
- Airport
- National Guard Armory

Local Spill Response Equipment: Nearest DEC Spill Response Conex located in Toksook Bay, 427-7511

- Containment Boom (100 feet) Kugkaktlik Ltd (896-5414)
- Sorbent Pads (8 bags) Kipnuk Light Plant (896-5427)
- Backhoe (2) 896-5015
- Bulldozer (2) 896-5515
- Skiff with outboard numerous in community
- Hazwoper Trained Spill Responders: 5-6

Limiting factors in the community for supporting a large spill response effort. Examples are restricted food supply, seasonal water rationing, lack of lodging, waste-water restrictions, etc. Yes. Ground is very absorbent and soft for heavy equipment operation, and all of the above are also limiting factors.

<u>Top two</u> sensitive areas (<u>environmental</u> or <u>cultural</u>) to be protected in case of an oil spill.

Location	Reason for Protection
Chief Paul Memorial School	Children/students
Kugkaktlik River	Seafood

Economy:

Most employment in Kipnuk is in seasonal activities such as commercial fishing and construction. Subsistence activities are a major component of the Kipnuk lifestyle. In 2010, 42 residents held commercial fishing permits. Coastal Villages Seafood, Inc., processes halibut and salmon in Kipnuk. Income is also obtained by trapping.

Culture & Demographic

Kipnuk is a traditional Yup'ik Eskimo community, maintaining a subsistence lifestyle. Commercial fishing is an important income source. The sale and importation of alcohol is banned in the village. Yup'ik Eskimos have inhabited the region for thousands of years. According to early BIA records, the village was established around 1922.

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9770.10.25 - Kongiganak

KONGIGANAK

Pronunciation/Other Names: (kahn-GIG-uh-nuk; abbr. Kong)

Population: 462 (2011 AK Dept of Labor Estimate) Incorporation Type: Unincorporated

Borough Located In: Unorganized **Regional Native Corporation:** Calista Corp.

Emergency Services:

VPSO: 557-5607

State Troopers: Bethel - 543-2294

Fire: Volunteer Fire Dept

Medical: Local hospitals or health clinics include Kongiganak Health Clinic (557-5127).

Organizations with Local Offices:

Electric Utility - Puvurnaq Power Company, P.O. Box 5009, Kongiganak, AK 99559

Phone 907-557-5614, Fax 907-557-5614

Village Corporation - Qemirtalek Coast Corporation, P.O. Box 5070, Kongiganak, AK 99559

Phone 907-557-5429, Fax 907-557-5517

Village Council - Kongiganak Native Village, P.O. Box 5069, Kongiganak, AK 99559 Phone 907-557-5226, Fax 907-557-5224, e-mail: Kongiganak@smtp.ak.bia.gov

Location & Climate:

Kongiganak is located on the west shore of Kuskokwim Bay, west of the mouth of the Kuskokwim River. It lies 70 miles southwest of Bethel and 451 miles west of Anchorage. It lies at approximately 59d 52m N Latitude, 163d 02m W Longitude (Sec. 33, T002S, R079W, Seward Meridian). Kongiganak is located in the Bethel Recording District. The area encompasses 11 sq. miles of land and 1 sq. miles of water. Kong is located in a marine climate. Precipitation averages 22 inches, with 43 inches of snowfall annually. Summer temperatures range from 41 to 57, winter temperatures are 6 to 24.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Scheduled air service from Bethel. Snowmobiles, boats and skiffs provide local transportation to Bethel and other area villages

Airport Facilities: Kongiganak and Kwigillingok share use of the State-owned 2,500' gravel airstrip; major improvements are nearing completion. A seaplane base is also nearby.

Airline Service: No information.

Freight: Plane and barge service. Barges deliver cargo once or twice each summer.

Vessel Support: There are no docking facilities.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications: In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc. Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom; United Utilities Internet Service Provider: School Only - GCI (www.gci.net) TV Stations: ARCS

Radio Stations: KYUK-AM Cable Provider: Qemirtalek Coast Corp. (Village Corp.)

Teleconferencing: Alaska Teleconferencing Network

Electricity: Electricity is provided by Puvurnaq Power Company.

Fuel: No information available.

Fuel Storage – Tank Owners (number of tanks, total capacity): LK Schools (74,100 gals.); Village Safewater Corp. (25,734); Puvurnaq Power (53,470); Village Corp. (51,900); Moravian Church (4,170); Army Nat'l Guard (3,700); Kongiganak Trading Co. (8,500)

Housing: Lodging available at the school (557-5126).

Services: No information.

Water & Sewage: Treated surface water is hauled from the washeteria. Some residents use rain catchments during the summer and ice melt in the winter. Honeybuckets are hauled by the village from disposal bunkers to a pre-treatment plant at the sewage lagoon. Homes are not plumbed. Funds have been requested to construct a circulating water and vacuum sewer utilidor system, and plumbing for 45 homes. Phase I infrastructure improvements are under development, such as a new water source and water treatment improvements. The school wants an additional water storage tank. A new washeteria is needed.

Miscellaneous: There is one school located in the community, attended by 121 students.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

Community hall

School

Potential Staging Areas:

Airport -

National Guard Armory -

Other government facilities -

Local Spill Response Equipment:

Economy:

Approximately half of the employment in Kongiganak is at the school. The remaining employment is with village services, stores, and commercial fishing. 27 residents hold commercial fishing permits. Subsistence activities are important supplements to income. Some trapping occurs. The 1992 Community Development Quota (CDQ) program has increased the pollock groundfish quota for small communities like Kongiganak.

Culture & Demographic

97.3% of the population are Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the community. Kongiganak is a traditional Eskimo village with a fishing and subsistence lifestyle and culture. The sale, importation or possession of alcohol is banned in the village.

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9770.10.26 - Kotlik

KOTLIK

Pronunciation/Other Names: (KAWT-lick)

Population: 601 (2011 DCCED certified estimate) **Incorporation Type:** 2nd Class City

Borough Located In: Unorganized **Regional Native Corporation:** Calista Corp.

Emergency Services: City VPO: 899-4626

State Troopers: St Mary's - (800) 240-2019

Fire: Volunteer Fire Dept

Medical: Local hospitals or health clinics include Kotlik Health Clinic (899-4511). Auxiliary health

care is provided by flight to Bethel or Anchorage.

Organizations with Local Offices:

City - City of Kotlik, P.O. Box 20268, Kotlik, AK 99620-0268

Phone 907-899-4313, Fax 907-899-4826

Village Corporation - Kotlik Yupik Corporation, P.O. Box 20007, Kotlik, AK 99620

Phone 907-899-4019, Fax 907-899-4528

Village Council - Village of Kotlik, P.O. Box 20210, Kotlik, AK 99620

Phone 907-899-4326, Fax 907-899-4790, e-mail: Kotlik@smtp.ak.bia.gov

Location & Climate:

Kotlik is located on the east bank of the Kotlik Slough, 35 miles northeast of Emmonak in the Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta. It lies 165 air miles northwest of Bethel, and 460 miles from Anchorage. It lies at approximately 63d 02m N Latitude, 163d 33m W Longitude (Sec. 25, T028S, R026W, Kateel River Meridian). Kotlik is located in the Bethel Recording District. The area encompasses 4 sq. miles of land and 1 sq. miles of water. The climate of Kotlik is subarctic. Temperatures range between -50 and 87. There is an average of 60 inches of snowfall, with a total of 16 inches of precipitation annually. High winds and poor visibility are common during fall and winter. Norton Sound and the Yukon are ice-free from mid-June through October.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Scheduled and chartered plane service from Nome or Bethel. There is no road access, although Kotlik is easily accessible by barge. The river is used by the 50 or so commercial and private boats owned by residents.

Airport Facilities: Air transportation of passengers, cargo and mail is provided via the State-

owned 2,145' gravel airstrip. **Airline Service:** No information. **Freight:** Air and barge service.

Vessel Support: No information available on moorage facilities.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications: In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc. Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom; United Utilities Internet Service Provider: TV Stations: ARCS Radio Stations: KICY-AM; KNOM-AM Cable Provider: Kotlik Joint Utility (City) Teleconferencing: Alaska Teleconferencing Network Electricity: Electricity is provided by Kotlik Joint Utility.

Fuel: No information available.

Fuel Storage – Tank Owners (number of tanks, total capacity): Electric Utility (20 @ 50,000 gals.); Kotlik Yupik Corp. (5 @ 220,000); School (6 @ 48,955); City (18,100); Alaska Commercial Store (15,000)

Housing: Lodging arrangements may be made with the Kotlik Lodge (899-4313) or the local school (899-4415).

Services: Groceries and supplies available at local stores. No information available on repair services, rental transportation.

Water & Sewage: A piped vacuum sewer and circulating water utilidor is being constructed in Kotlik, including plumbing for 51 homes. 19 households and facilities are not yet served, and these residents haul treated water from the washeteria or the Kotlik Slough and haul honeybuckets to containers.

Miscellaneous: Since trenching and burying is difficult in the area, the City is considering an incinerator and recycling to reduce the quantity of solid waste. The existing landfill is being closed. There is one school located in the community, attended by 198 students.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

City community hall

City teen center

School

Potential Staging Areas:

Airport -

National Guard Armory -

Other government facilities -

Local Spill Response Equipment:

Economy:

Kotlik has a seasonal economy with most activity during the summer. Fishing and fish processing are the primary income generators. 82 residents hold commercial fishing permits. The community is interested in developing a local seafood processing facility, and an arts and crafts project. Kotlik's residents rely heavily on subsistence foods, and many families have fish camps on the Yukon River. Salmon, moose, beluga whale and seal are harvested. Income is also derived from trapping.

Culture & Demographic

97% of the population are Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the community. It is a Yup'ik Eskimo village practicing a fishing, trapping and subsistence lifestyle. Residents of Hamilton, a nearby summer fish camp, also live in Kotlik. The sale, importation or possession of alcohol is banned in the village.

9770.10.27 - Kwethluk

KWETHLUK

Pronunciation/Other Names: (KWEETH-luk)

Population: 741 (2011 DCCED certified estimate) **Incorporation Type:** 2nd Class City **Borough Located In:** Unorganized **Regional Native Corporation:** Calista Corp.

Emergency Services: VPSO: 757-6629

State Troopers: 543-2294 (Bethel Post)

Fire: 757-6629

Medical: Betty Guy Memorial Clinic, 757-6627, 757-6670

Organizations with Local Offices:

City - City of Kwethluk

Phone 757-6022, Fax 757-6497

Village Council - Organized Village of Kwethluk

Phone 757-6714/6715, Fax 757-6328 **Electric Utility** - Kwethluk Incorporated

Phone 757-6613, Fax 757-6212

Village Corporation - Kwethluk Incorporated

Phone 757-6613, Fax 757-6212

Location & Climate:

This is a Yup'ik community located 12 air miles east of Bethel on the Kwethluk River at its junction with the Kuskokwim. The village is the second largest along the Lower Kuskokwim River, following Bethel. It lies at approximately 60° 49' North Latitude, 161° 26' West Longitude (Sec. 05, T008N, R069W, Seward Meridian).

Kwethluk's precipitation averages 16 inches, with snowfall of 50 inches. Summer temperatures average from 62 to 42; winter averages are 19 to -2. Extremes have been recorded from 86 to -46. The Kuskokwim is typically ice-free from June through October.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Scheduled and chartered air service from Bethel. Kwethluk is dependent on air transportation for year-round movement of freight and passengers. Snowmachines, ATVs, and skiffs are used for local travel, and the River becomes an ice road during winter. Winter trails are marked to Eek (45 mi), Three Step Mountain (55 mi), and Columbia Creek (49 mi).

Airport Facilities: A State-owned 3,199' long by 75' wide gravel airstrip and seaplane base are available.

Airline Service: ERA Alaska, Ryan Air Service, Yute Air

Freight: Cargo plane and barge. Barge services deliver cargo during the summer.

Vessel Support: There are no docking facilities.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications: Cellular Phone: GCI **In-State Phone:** United Utilities Inc.

Long-Distance Phone: GCI; United Utilities **Internet Service Provider:** GCI; United Utilities

TV Stations: ARCS; KYUK

Radio Stations: KYUK-AM; KYKD-FM

Cable Provider: None

Teleconferencing: AK Teleconferencing Network

Electricity: Kwethluk Incorporated **Fuel:** Gasoline, diesel and propane

Fuel Storage – Tank Owners (capacity in gallons): Kwethluk Inc (93,750 Diesel and 116,750 Unleaded) City (17,000) Lower Kuskokwim Schools (23,500) Army National Guard (5,250)

Kwethluk Electric (138,000 Diesel)

Housing & Accommodations: Lodging accommodations can be arranged through the school or

city.

School: Contact Site Administrator, 757-6015 (Capacity 25)

City: Contact City Manager, 757-6022 (Capacity 12)

Services: No restaurant or banking services. Groceries and supplies available through local stores. No rental transportation or repairs.

Kwethluk Native Store, 757-6220

Kwethluk Sports Store (hardware), 757-64112

Water & Sewage: The City of Kwethluk provides water treatment, honeybucket, washeteria, and refuse services. The school and teachers' housing have individual systems. Residents haul water for household use. There are sewage container disposal bins; these are hauled to the sewage lagoon. None of the 147 homes have complete plumbing, but many residents have steam baths.

Kwethluk Washeteria, 757-6821

Miscellaneous:

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

Kwethluk City Office (757-6022). Capacity for 30, internet is available

Potential Staging Areas:

Old Airport Apron (757-6022). Approximately 2,900 feet.

Response Type Equipment	Quantity	Contact
Response Type Equipment	Quantity	(organization & phone)
Containment Boom for oil spill in water	100′	City of Kwethluk, 757-6022
Sorbent "sausage" or "pompom" boom	120′	City of Kwethluk, 757-6022
Anchors for securing boom	none	City of Kwethluk, 757-6022
Sorbent pads	4 bundles, 3'x3'	City of Kwethluk, 757-6022
Heavy Equipment		
Backhoe	1	KTRC, Inc., 757-6063
Bulldozer	1	City of Kwethluk, 757-6022
Dump truck or similar	1	KTRC, Inc., 757-6063
Other Equipment		
Skiff with outboard	1	VPSO, 757-2000
Skiff with outboard	1	Chief Charles, 757-6629

Alaska Inland ACP Western AK-76 Version 1 9770: Western Alaska Geographic Zone DRAFT, June 2018 **Trained Responders:** There are no HAZWOPER certified or other trained responders in the community (as of September 2012).

Economy:

The largest employer is the school district. Subsistence activities play a central role in the lifestyle; salmon, moose, and caribou are staples of the diet. Seal meat and seal oil are obtained in trade with coastal relatives and neighbors. Most families travel to fish camps each summer.

Culture & Demographic

Archaeological finds indicate that the area has been inhabited since prehistoric times. The name Kwethluk is derived from the Yup'ik word Kuiggluk," meaning "dangerous river." In the late 1860s and early 1870s Russian Orthodox missionaries from Russian Mission founded a small congregation. The Moravian Church built a chapel in 1896 and a Russian Orthodox church was built in 1912. Discovery of gold in nearby creeks in 1909 attracted prospectors until 1911. Only one placer deposit, discovered on the upper Kwethluk River, delivered a small yield and was mined until World War II. A Moravian orphanage, located three miles upriver, provided children services between 1930 and the early 1970s. In 1939, the villagers owned 31,000 reindeers and harvested the herd for food and skins. The tuberculosis epidemic of the late 1930s impacted the local population. The community has a post office since 1947, and a store since 1948. The city was incorporated in 1975.

A federally-recognized tribe is located in the community -- the Organized Village of Kwethluk. Kwethluk is predominantly a Yup'ik Eskimo village that practices a subsistence lifestyle. The sale and importation of alcohol is banned in the village.

9770.10.28 – Kwigillingok

KWIGILLINGOK

Pronunciation/Other Names: (kwih-GILL-in-gawk; abbr. Kwig)

Population: 342 (2011 DCCED certified estimate) Incorporation Type: Unincorporated

Borough Located In: Unorganized **Regional Native Corporation:** Calista Corp.

Emergency Services:

VPSO: 588-8329

State Troopers: Bethel, 543-2294

Fire: State VPSO Volunteer Fire Dept (588-8329)

Medical: Local hospitals or health clinics include Kwigillingok Health Clinic (588-8526)

Organizations with Local Offices:

Village Corporation - Kwik Incorporated, P.O. Box 50, Kwigillingok, AK 99622

Phone 907-588-8112, Fax 907-588-8313

Village Council - Native Village of Kwigillingok, P.O. Box 49, Kwigillingok, AK 99622-0049

Phone 907-588-8114, Fax 907-588-8429, e-mail: Kwigillingok@smtp.ak.bia.gov

Location & Climate:

Kwigillingok is on the western shore of Kuskokwim Bay near the mouth of the Kuskokwim River. It lies 77 miles southwest of Bethel and 388 miles west of Anchorage. The village of Kongiganak is nearby. It lies at approximately 59d 51m N Latitude, 163d 08m W Longitude (Sec. 01, T004S, R081W, Seward Meridian). Kwigillingok is located in the Bethel Recording District. The area encompasses 16 sq. miles of land and 5 sq. miles of water. Kwig is located in a marine climate. Precipitation averages 22 inches, with 43 inches of snowfall annually. Summer temperatures range from 41 to 57, winter temperatures are 6 to 24.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Scheduled air service from Bethel. Snowmachines and ATVs are used during winter, and boardwalks are used for local walkways in the village.

Airport Facilities: A State-owned 3,000' gravel airstrip is shared with Kongiganak, which provides year-round transportation. Major improvements to the airport are nearing completion. A seaplane base is also available.

Airline Service: No information. **Freight:** Airplane and barge.

Vessel Support: There are no docking facilities, although a number of residents have fishing

boats or skiffs for travel to Bethel and area villages.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications: In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc. Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom; United Utilities Internet Service Provider: School Only - GCI (www.gci.net) TV Stations: ARCS Radio Stations: KYUK-AM Cable Provider: Kwik Inc. (Village Corp.) Teleconferencing: Alaska

Teleconferencing Network

Electricity: Electricity is provided by Kwig Power Company.

Fuel: Marine gas, regular gasoline, diesel, and kerosene available.

Fuel Storage – Tank Owners (number of tanks, total capacity): School (113,250 gals.); Village Council (3,000); Kwik Inc. (8 @ 109,000 gals.); Kwig Power (30,000); Village Safe Water Plant (10,000)

Housing: Accommodations can be made through the IRA Council (588-8114) to stay at private homes.

Services: Limited groceries and supplies available at local stores.

Water & Sewage: Water is currently derived from a nearby lake, is treated, and hauled from the washeteria. The school operates its own surface water treatment facility. Honeybuckets are disposed of by residents. Homes are not plumbed. Infrastructure improvements are planned to develop a flush/haul system to serve the 74 homes in the village.

Miscellaneous: There is one school located in the community, attended by 106 students.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

School

Potential Staging Areas:

Airport -

National Guard Armory –

Other government facilities -

Local Spill Response Equipment:

Economy:

Most employment in Kwigillingok is with the school, village government, stores or commercial fishing. Income is supplemented by subsistence activities. 39 residents hold commercial fishing permits. The 1992 Community Development Quota (CDQ) program has increased the pollock groundfish quota for small communities like Kwigillingok. A local arts and crafts cooperative markets local handicrafts; the village would like to expand the cooperative.

Culture & Demographic

95% of the population are Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the community. Kwigillingok is a traditional Eskimo village, practicing a commercial fishing and subsistence lifestyle. The sale or importation of alcohol is banned in the village.

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9770.10.29 - Lake Minchumina

LAKE MINCHUMINA

Pronunciation/Other Names: (min-SHOO-mih-nuh; a.k.a. Minchumina)

Population: 12 (2011 AK Dept of Labor estimate) Incorporation Type: Unincorporated

Borough Located In: Unorganized **Regional Native Corporation:** Not applicable

Emergency Services:

Police:

State Troopers: Troopers in Fairbanks, 451-5100 **Fire:** Lake Minchumina Rescue Squad, 674-3215

Medical: No clinic is available. Auxiliary health care is provided by Lake Minchumina Rescue

Squad (674-3215); air transport to Fairbanks Hospitals.

Organizations with Local Offices:

Community Non-Profit - Lake Minchumina Homeowners Assoc., Gen. Delivery, Lake Minchumina, AK 99757

Electric Utility - Lake Minchumina Power Company, General Delivery, Lake Minchumina, AK 99757

Phone 907-674-3320, Fax 907-674-3211

Village Council - Lake Minchumina Trad. Council, General Delivery, Lake Minchumina, AK 99623

Location & Climate:

Lake Minchumina is located north of Mount McKinley in Interior Alaska. It lies at approximately 63d 53m N Latitude, 152d 19m W Longitude (Sec. 08, T012S, R024W, Fairbanks Meridian). Lake Minchumina is located in the Fairbanks Recording District. The area encompasses 73 sq. miles of land and 22 sq. miles of water. Interior Alaska experiences seasonal temperature extremes. January temperatures range from -22 to -2; July temperatures range from 50 to 72. Average annual precipitation is 11.3 inches. Ice fog is common during the winter.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Scheduled air service from Fairbanks. The Lake may be accessed by boat in the

summer. There is no road connection.

Airport Facilities: A State-owned 4,200' gravel airstrip is available.

Airline Service: No information. **Freight:** Delivered by small plane.

Vessel Support: No information available.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications: In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc. Long-Distance Phone: United Utilities Internet Service Provider: School Only - GCI (www.gci.net) TV Stations: ARCS Radio Stations:

None listed **Cable Provider:** None **Teleconferencing:** None listed **Electricity:** Electricity is provided by Semloh Power Company.

Fuel: No information available.

Fuel Storage – Tank Owners (number of tanks, total capacity): No information available.

Housing: Accommodations at Denali West Lodge (733-2630). **Services:** Groceries and supplies available at local store.

Water & Sewage: Half of all households have individual wells; the remainder haul water from untreated surface sources. Septic tanks are used by 25% of homes; the majority use outhouses or honeybuckets. A private company, Lake Minchumina Power, provides electrical services. Miscellaneous: The landfill was closed by the FAA several years ago, and a private dumpsite is currently being used for non-burnable refuse. Funds have been provided to develop a new site. There are no state-operated schools located in the community.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

None identified

Potential Staging Areas:

Airport -

National Guard Armory –

Other government facilities -

Local Spill Response Equipment:

Economy:

The Denali National Park and Preserve, lodge and school provide the majority of employment in this small community. A general store is located in the community. Due to its isolation, subsistence activities, trapping and dog mushing are also pursued.

Culture & Demographic

18.8% of the population are Alaska Natives. Many residents run dog sled teams. Few Natives live at Lake Minchumina year-round. A subsistence lifestyle is practiced.

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9770: Western Alaska Geographic Zone DRAFT, June 2018

9770.10.30 – Lime Village LIME VILLAGE

Population: 29 (2011 DCCED certified estimate) **Incorporation Type:** Unincorporated **Borough Located In:** Unorganized **Regional Native Corporation:** Calista Corp.

Emergency Services:

Police:

State Troopers: Troopers in McGrath, 542-3052

Fire: Volunteer Fire Dept

Medical: Local hospitals or health clinics include Lime Village Health Clinic (562-5113). Auxiliary

health care is provided by flight to Anchorage.

Organizations with Local Offices:

Village Corporation - Lime Village Company, P.O. Box 92005, Anchorage, AK 99509

Village Council - Lime Village Traditional Council, P.O. Box LVD, Lime Village, McGrath, AK 99627

Phone 907-526-5236, Fax 907-526-5235, e-mail: Lime@aitc.org

Location & Climate:

Lime Village is located on the south bank of the Stony River, 50 miles southeast of its junction with the Kuskokwim River. The village is 111 air miles south of McGrath, 137 miles east of Aniak, and 185 miles west of Anchorage. It lies at approximately 61d 21m N Latitude, 155d 28m W Longitude (Sec. 30, T015N, R034W, Seward Meridian). Lime Village is located in the Kuskokwim Recording District. The area encompasses 53 sq. miles of land and 0 sq. miles of water. The climate in Lime Village is continental. Temperatures range between -47 and 82. Precipitation averages 22 inches, with snowfall of 85 inches per year. The Kuskokwim and Stony Rivers are ice-free from mid-June through October.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Scheduled or chartered air service from McGrath or Aniak. Located on the Stony River, Lime Village is dependent on small riverboats and airplanes for transportation. When the river freezes, residents use dog teams and snowmachines for ground travel.

Airport Facilities: There is a 1,475' gravel runway just north of the village that is owned and maintained by the State.

Airline Service: No information.

Freight: Freight arrives by mail plane once a week.

Vessel Support: No information available.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications: In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc. Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom; United Utilities Internet Service Provider: School Only - GCI (www.gci.net) TV Stations: ARCS Radio Stations: KSKO-AM Cable Provider: None Teleconferencing: Alaska Teleconferencing Network

Electricity: Electricity is provided by Lime Village Electric Utility. Fuel oil is brought in for the school and clinic, although most residents use wood for heating. A central electrical system was completed in March 1998, with the cooperation of the village, the University, the Department of Community and Regional Affairs' Division of Energy, and the Alaska Science and Technology Foundation.

Fuel: No information available.

Fuel Storage – Tank Owners (number of tanks, total capacity): School (9,800); Village Council (5,000)

Housing: No visitor facilities available. **Services:** No visitor facilities available.

Water & Sewage: Water is drawn from Stony River and is treated. Residents haul water from the pump house. Sewage is disposed of in pit privies. The school and teacher's housing are connected to individual wells and septic systems, and are fully plumbed. The school septic tank needs replacement. A small washeteria is scheduled to begin construction during the summer of 1999.

Miscellaneous: There is one school located in the community, attended by 14 students.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

School

Potential Staging Areas:

Airport -

National Guard Armory –

Other government facilities -

Local Spill Response Equipment:

Economy:

Subsistence activities are essential. There is no store in Lime Village. Salmon, moose, bear, caribou, waterfowl and berries are utilized. Some seasonal work is found through BLM fire fighting or trapping. Income is primarily derived from public assistance programs.

Culture & Demographic

95.2% of the population are Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the community. Lime Village is an Denaina Athabascan Indian settlement practicing a subsistence lifestyle.

Alaska Inland ACP Western AK-83 Version 1 9770: Western Alaska Geographic Zone DRAFT, June 2018

9770.10.31 – Lower Kalskag

LOWER KALSKAG

Pronunciation/Other Names: (KAL-skag)

Population: 287 (2011 DCCED certified estimate) **Incorporation Type:** 2nd Class City

Borough Located In: Unorganized **Regional Native Corporation:** Calista Corp.

Emergency Services:

Police:

State Troopers: Troopers in Aniak, 675-4398

Fire: Volunteer Fire Dept

Medical: Local hospitals or health clinics include Lower Kalskag Health Clinic (471-2294).

Organizations with Local Offices:

City - City of Lower Kalskag, P.O. Box 81, Lower Kalskag, AK 99626

Phone 907-471-2228, Fax 907-471-2363

Village Council - Village of Lower Kalskag, P.O. Box 27, Lower Kalskag, AK 99626

Phone 907-471-2379, Fax 907-471-2379, e-mail: LowerKalskag@aitc.org

Location & Climate:

Lower Kalskag is located on the north bank of the Kuskokwim River, 2 miles downriver from Upper Kalskag. It lies 26 miles west of Aniak, 64 miles northeast of Bethel, and 350 miles west of Anchorage. It lies at approximately 61d 30m N Latitude, 160d 21m W Longitude (Sec. 02, T016N, R062W, Seward Meridian). Lower Kalskag is located in the Kuskokwim Recording District. The area encompasses 1 sq. miles of land and 0 sq. miles of water. The climate is semi-arctic with maritime influences from the Bering Sea. Precipitation averages 19 inches, with 60 inches of snowfall. Temperatures range between -55 and 87. The Kuskokwim River is ice-free from mid-June through October.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Scheduled air service from Bethel. The village is accessible by boat in summer and snowmachine in winter. Passengers and other freight arrive by air year-round, through scheduled daily air services

Airport Facilities: . The State-owned 2,200' gravel airstrip is shared by Lower and Upper Kalskag, and there is a road connecting the two cities.

Airline Service: Yute Air; Camai Air; Arctic Air; Larry's Air; Hageland's

Freight: Plane and barge service. Commercial barge lines deliver fuel and other bulk supplies in

the summer.

Vessel Support: No moorage facilities.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications: In-State Phone: Bush-Tell Inc. Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom Internet Service Provider: School Only - GCI (www.gci.net) TV Stations: ARCS; KYUK Radio Stations:

KICY-AM; KYUK-AM Cable Provider: None Teleconferencing: No information

Electricity: Electricity is provided by AVEC.

Fuel: Marine gas and diesel available.

Fuel Storage – Tank Owners (number of tanks, total capacity): City/AVEC (10 @ 103,500 gals.);

School (16,000); City (74,770)

Housing: Arrangements may be made to stay at the school (471-2318).

Services: Restaurant located in the community. No laundromat or banking services. Groceries and supplies available at local store. No repair services. No rental transportation.

Water & Sewage: An 85-foot well provides water, which is treated and piped to most homes and the school. The school, clinic and over 40% of homes use individual septic tanks and have complete plumbing. A 10,000-gallon community septic tank allows for piped sewage collection to part of the village. Funds have been requested to connect the 20 remaining homes using septic tanks to the piped sewer system, due to effluent ponding. The community also needs a washeteria.

Miscellaneous: Refuse is burned or buried at a new landfill located between Lower and Upper Kalskag. There are 2 schools located in the community, attended by 144 students.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

City community hall.

Schools

Potential Staging Areas:

Airport -

National Guard Armory –

Other government facilities -

Local Spill Response Equipment:

Economy:

Lower Kalskag's economy is predominantly based on subsistence activities. Salmon, moose, black bear, porcupine and waterfowl are utilized. Year-round employment is limited to the school, City and clinic. Eight residents hold commercial fishing permits. BLM fire fighting can provide seasonal income.

Culture & Demographic

98.3% of the population are Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the community. Lower Kalskag is an Eskimo village of Russian Orthodox practitioners who relocated from Upper Kalskag in 1940. Subsistence activities provide food sources. The sale or importation of alcohol is banned in the village.

9770.10.32 - McGrath

McGRATH

Population: 341 (2011 DCCED certified estimate) **Incorporation Type:** 2nd Class City **Borough Located In:** Unorganized **Regional Native Corporation:** Doyon, Limited

Emergency Services:

Police: VPSO: 524-3075

State Troopers: 522-3222 Village Police Officer (contract):

Fire: 911

Medical: Local hospitals or health clinics include McGrath Health Center (524-3104/3299). Auxiliary health care is provided by Kuskokwim Valley Rescue Squad (524-3299/9111).

Organizations with Local Offices:

City - City of McGrath, P.O. Box 30, McGrath, AK 99627

Phone 907-524-3825, Fax 907-524-3536, e-mail: ksnow@mcgrathalaska.com

School District - Iditarod Area Schools, Box 90, McGrath, AK 99627

Phone 907-524-3033, Fax 907-524-3217, e-mail: klangton@mcg.iasd.gcisa.net

Village Corporation - MTNT Limited, P.O. Box 309, McGrath, AK 99627

Phone 907-524-3391, Fax 907-524-3701

Village Council - McGrath Native Village, P.O. Box 134, McGrath, AK 99627

Phone 907-524-3024, Fax 907-524-3899, e-mail: McGrath@aitc.org

Village Council - Medfra Traditional Council, P.O. Box 92, McGrath, AK 99627

Location & Climate:

McGrath is located 221 miles northwest of Anchorage and 269 miles southwest of Fairbanks in Interior Alaska. It is adjacent to the Kuskokwim River directly south of its confluence with the Takotna River. It lies at approximately 62d 57m N Latitude, 155d 35m W Longitude (Sec. 18, T033N, R033W, Seward Meridian). McGrath is located in the Mt. McKinley Recording District. The area encompasses 38 sq. miles of land and 5 sq. miles of water. The McGrath area has a cold, continental climate. Average summer temperatures range from 62 to 80, winters temperatures can range from -64 to 0. Precipitation is light, averaging 10 inches per year, including an average snowfall of 86 inches. The Kuskokwim River is generally ice-free from June through October.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Scheduled air service from Anchorage and Yukon River communities. On-demand air charter service to outlying communities. River travel May to October. There are no road connections to McGrath, but local roads are used by ATVs and trucks. Residents rely on air service, and barges deliver heavy cargo during the summer.

Airport Facilities: Air facilities include a State-owned 5,435' paved runway with a 1,700' crosswind landing strip, and a seaplane base on the Kuskokwim River. The airport is currently undergoing major improvements.

Airline Service: PenAir; Tanana Air; Hageland

Freight: Barge service from Bethel delivers fuel products, heavy equipment, and building

materials. Air cargo service also available.

Vessel Support: There is no dock, however, a boat launch ramp is available. Boats and off-road vehicles may be rented locally.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications: In-State Phone: United KUC, Inc. Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom Internet Service Provider: McGrath Light and Power (www.mcgrathalaska.net); School Only - GCI (www.gci.net) TV Stations: ARCS Radio Stations: KSKO-AM Cable Provider: McGrath

Broadcasting Co. **Teleconferencing:** Alaska Teleconferencing Network

Electricity: Electricity is provided by McGrath Light & Power.

Fuel: All types of fuel (marine gas, aircraft, diesel, propane, etc.)

Fuel Storage – Tank Owners (number of tanks, total capacity): B.J. Magnuson Fuel (12 @ 176,000 gals.); Don Harris (4 @ 80,000); US DOT/FAA (2 @ 42,000); McGrath Church (2,000); City (36,000); Alaska Commercial Co. (40,000); KSKO Radio; Electric Utility; Native Corp.; Alaska Fish & Wildlife (3,000); Alaska State Troopers (3,000)

Housing: Accommodations and meals available at Rosa's Riverside Café and Rooms (524-3666); Takusko House (524-3198); Caroline's Kitchen and Rooms (524-3466); and Fly On In Bed and Breakfast (524-3947).

Services: Groceries and supplies available through local stores. No banking services. Laundromat available with shower facilities. Major repair services for vehicles and heavy equipment available. Charter aircraft service available.

Water & Sewage: McGrath operates a piped water system that serves nearly all 178 households; a few homes have individual wells or haul water. The FAA operates its own water system. Individual septic tanks are used by the majority of residents; a limited City sewage system serves approximately 34 homes. Funds have been requested to expand the piped sewer system to the 144 houses and businesses currently using septic tanks.

Miscellaneous: A private firm, McGrath Trash & Refuse, collects refuse for disposal at the City landfill. There is one school located in the community, attended by 109 students.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

Teen center.

School

Potential Staging Areas:

Airport -

National Guard Armory –

Other government facilities -

Local Spill Response Equipment:

Economy:

McGrath functions as a transportation, communications, and supply center in Interior Alaska. It has a diverse cash economy, and many families rely upon subsistence. Salmon, moose, caribou, bear, and rabbits are utilized. Some residents trap and tend vegetable gardens. The Nixon Fork gold mine located 30 miles northeast of McGrath ceased operations in May 1999 due to low gold prices. 45 year-round employees were laid off, and 5 caretakers remain on the property.

Culture & Demographic

47% of the population are Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the community. A little less than half of the population are Athabascans, Eskimos or Aleuts. As a regional center, McGrath offers a variety of employment opportunities, but subsistence remains an important part of the local culture. About 10 families in town have dog teams which they enter into the Iditarod, Kuskokwim 300, and Mail Trail 200 sled dog races.

9770.10.33 - Marshall

MARSHALL

Pronunciation/Other Names: (formerly Fortuna Ledge)

Population: 407 (2011 DCED certified estimate) **Incorporation Type:** 2nd Class City

Borough Located In: Unorganized **Regional Native Corporation:** Calista Corp.

Emergency Services: Police/VPSO: 679-6706

State Troopers (St Marys): (800) 240-2019 **Fire:** Volunteer Fire Department, 679-6706

Medical: Agnes Boliver Health Clinic, 679-6226. Auxiliary health care is provided by flight to

Bethel or Anchorage.

Search and Rescue: 679-6088

Organizations with Local Offices:

City - City of Marshall, P.O. Box 9, Marshall, AK 99585

Phone 679-6215, Fax 679-6220

Village Corporation - Maserculig Incorporated, P.O. Box 90, Marshall, AK 99585

Phone 679-6512, Fax 679-6740

Village Council - Native Village of Marshall, P.O. Box 110, Marshall, AK 99585

Phone 679-6302, Fax 679-6187, Email: marshalltc@gci.net

Environmental Staff (IGAP): 679-2116

Location & Climate:

Marshall is located on the north bank of Polte Slough, north of Arbor Island, on the east bank of the Yukon River in the Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta. It lies on the northeastern boundary of the Yukon Delta National Wildlife Refuge. It lies at approximately 61d 53m N Latitude, 162d 05m W Longitude (Sec. 27, T021N, R070W, Seward Meridian). Marshall is located in the Bethel Recording District. The area encompasses 5 sq. miles of land and 0 sq. miles of water. The climate of Marshall is maritime with temperatures ranging between -54 and 86. Average annual rainfall measures 16 inches. Heavy winds in the fall and winter often limit air accessibility. The Lower Yukon is ice-free from mid-June through October.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Boat; scheduled or chartered air service from Bethel. There are no roads connecting to Marshall, so access is primarily by air or water. Many residents have boats, and in winter they rely on snow machines and dog teams.

Airport Facilities: A State-owned 3,201' gravel airstrip is available. Funds have been provided to relocate the airport.

Airline Service: ERA Alaska, Grant Aviation, Ryan Air Services **Freight:** The community is serviced by barge and cargo plane.

Vessel Support: No moorage facilities. Marine engine repair available. Boats available for rent.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications: In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc. Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom; United Utilities Internet Service Provider: None. TV Stations: ARCS Radio Stations: KYUK-AM;

KICY-AM; KNOM-AM Cable Provider: None Teleconferencing: Alaska Teleconferencing

Network

Electricity: Electricity is provided by AVEC.

Fuel: Marine gas, diesel, propane, and regular gasoline available.

Fuel Storage – Tank Owners (total capacity): AVEC (76,560 gals.); Maserculiq/City (110,000); LY Schools (46,000); City (14,200); Hunter Store (17,000); Maserculiq Processing Plant (10,000)

Housing: Accommodations available at Hunter's Sales Room and Board (679-6111).

Services: No restaurant, laundromat, or banking services. Groceries and supplies available at

local store. Arrangements can be made to rent boats and off-road vehicles.

Water & Sewage: Water is derived from five wells. Approximately 70% of the City (60 homes) are served by a piped circulating water and sewer system and have full plumbing. The remainder haul water and use honeybuckets. **Miscellaneous:** A new landfill and access road were completed in 1997, and the City has begun a refuse collection service. There is one school located in the community, attended by 96 students.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

Community center

City public safety building

School

Potential Staging Areas:

Airport -

National Guard Armory -

Other government facilities -

Local Spill Response Equipment: Nearest DEC Spill Response Conex located in Mountain Village.

591-2929 Email: cityofmou@yahoo.com

Backhoe City of Marshall, 679-6215 Bulldozer, City of Marshall, 679-6215 Dump Truck or similar, City of Marshall, 679-6215 Skiff w/ outboard

Economy:

Marshall has a seasonal economy with most activity during the summer. Fishing, fish processing, and BLM firefighting positions are available seasonally. In 2010, 39 residents held commercial fishing permits. Subsistence activities supplement income. Salmon, moose, bear, and waterfowl are harvested. Trapping provides some income.

Culture & Demographic

Marshall is a traditional Yup'ik Eskimo village. Subsistence and fishing-related activities support most residents. Members of the Village of Ohogamiut also live in Marshall. The sale, importation, and possession of alcohol is banned in the village.

An expedition came upon an Eskimo village called "Uglovaia" at this site in 1880. Gold was discovered on nearby Wilson Creek in 1913. "Fortuna Ledge" became a placer mining camp, named after the first child born at the camp, Fortuna Hunter. Its location on a channel of the Yukon River was convenient for riverboat landings. A post office was established in 1915, and

the population grew to over 1,000. Later, the village was named for Thomas Riley Marshall, Vice President of the United States under Woodrow Wilson from 1913-21. The community became known as "Marshall's Landing." When the village incorporated as a second-class city in 1970, it was named Fortuna Ledge but was commonly referred to as Marshall. The name was officially changed to Marshall in 1984.

9770.10.34 – Mekoryuk

MEKORYUK

Pronunciation/Other Names: (ma-KOR-ee-yuck)

Population: 215 (DCCED certified estimate) **Incorporation Type:** 2nd Class City **Borough Located In:** Unorganized **Regional Native Corporation:** Calista Corp.

Emergency Services: **VPSO**: 827-8144

State Troopers: Troopers in Bethel, 543-2294

Fire: Volunteer Fire Dept

Medical: Mekoryuk Health Clinic (827-8145).

Organizations with Local Offices:

City - City of Mekoryuk, P.O. Box 29, Mekoryuk, AK 99630

Phone 907-827-8314, Fax 907-827-8626

Village Corporation - Nima Corporation, P.O. Box 52, Mekoryuk, AK 99630

Phone 907-827-8313, Fax 907-827-8427

Village Council - Native Village of Mekoryuk, P.O. Box 66, Mekoryuk, AK 99630

Phone 907-827-8828, Fax 907-827-8133, e-mail: Mekoryuk@aitc.org

Location & Climate:

Mekoryuk is at the mouth of Shoal Bay on the north shore of Nunivak Island in the Bering Sea. The Island lies 30 miles off the coast. It is 149 air miles west of Bethel and 553 miles west of Anchorage. Mekoryuk is part of the Yukon Delta National Wildlife Refuge. It lies at approximately 60d 23m N Latitude, 166d 11m W Longitude (Sec. 31, T004N, R097W, Seward Meridian). Mekoryuk is located in the Cape Nome Recording District. The area encompasses 7 sq. miles of land and 0 sq. miles of water. The Bering Sea which surrounds Nunivak Island strongly influences the climate of the island. Foggy and stormy weather are frequent. Average precipitation is 15 inches; annual snowfall is 57 inches. Summer highs average 48 to 54; winter highs run 37 to 44. Extremes have been recorded from 76 to -48.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Scheduled and chartered air service from Bethel. Scheduled and chartered air service from Bethel. Mekoryuk relies heavily on air transportation for passenger, mail and cargo service. A breakwater protects the shoreline from Bering Sea waves. Boats, snowmachines and ATVs are used for travel within the community.

Airport Facilities: A State-owned 3,070' gravel runway allows year-round access.

Airline Service: ERA Aviation; Arctic Circle Air

Freight: Cargo plane and barge. Barges deliver goods from Bethel once or twice each summer.

Vessel Support: Private boats available for charter. No moorage facilities.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications: In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc. Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom; United Utilities Internet Service Provider: School Only - GCI (www.gci.net) TV Stations: ARCS

Radio Stations: KYUK-AM; KICY-AM; KNOM-AM Cable Provider: City of Mekoryuk

Teleconferencing: Alaska Teleconferencing Network

Electricity: Electricity is provided by AVEC.

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Fuel: Marine gas, propane, unleaded and regular gasoline.

Fuel Storage – Tank Owners (number of tanks, total capacity): Bering Sea Reindeer Products (3 @ 15,900 gals.); NIMA Corp. (15 @ 95,130); Army Nat'l Guard (3,000); Lower Kuskokwim Schools (8 @ 90,400); City (7 @ 34,700); AVEC (10 @ 84,900)

Housing: Lodging available at Bering Sea Reindeer Products (827-8940) and several bed and breakfast establishments.

Services: Groceries and supplies available at local stores. Laundromat available.

Water & Sewage: Water is derived from a well, is treated and stored in a tank. A new flush/haul system currently serves about 90% of homes. Funds have been provided to complete the remaining homes which use honeybuckets. The school has its own well, and needs a new water treatment system. The washeteria has piped graywater disposal to the lagoon.

Miscellaneous: There is one school located in the community, attended by 57 students.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

City public safety office School

Potential Staging Areas:

Airport -

National Guard Armory -

Other government facilities -

Local Spill Response Equipment:

Economy:

Employment by the school, city, village corporation, commercial fishing, construction projects, and services prevails. The Bering Sea Reindeer Products Co. is a major employer. Trapping and crafts, such as knitting qiviut (musk ox underwool), provide income to many families. 54 residents hold commercial fishing permits, most for halibut and herring roe. The village operates a freezer for commercial and subsistence catches. Almost all families engage in subsistence activities and most have fish camps. Salmon, reindeer, seal meat and oil are important staples. The 1992 Community Development Quota (CDQ) program has increased the pollock groundfish quota for small communities like Mekoryuk.

Culture & Demographic

99.4% of the population are Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the community. This Cup'ik Eskimo village maintains reindeer and musk ox herds, and practices a subsistence lifestyle. The sale, importation or possession of alcohol is banned in the village.

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9770.10.35 – Mountain Village MOUNTAIN VILLAGE

Population: 835 (2011 DCCED certified estimate) Incorporation Type: 2nd Class City

Borough Located In: Unorganized **Regional Native Corporation:** Calista Corp.

Emergency Services: **VPSO**: 591-2921

State Troopers: St. Mary's, 438-2019

Fire: Volunteer Fire Dept

Medical: George Waskey Memorial Clinic (591-2620). Auxiliary health care is provided by flight

to Bethel or Anchorage.

Organizations with Local Offices:

City - City of Mountain Village, P.O. Box 32085, Mtn. Village, AK 99632

Phone 907-591-2929, Fax 907-591-2920

Regional Native Non-Profit - Kuigpagmiut, Inc., P.O. Box 32209, Mountain Village, AK 99632

Phone 907-591-2631, Fax 907-591-2109

School District - Lower Yukon Schools, P.O. Box 32089, Mountain Village, AK 99632-0089

Phone 907-591-2411, Fax 907-591-2449, e-mail: rgriffith@do.lysd.k12.ak.us, Web:

http://www.lysd.k12.ak.us

Village Corporation - Azachorak Incorporated, P.O. Box 32213, Mtn. Village, AK 99632

Phone 907-591-2527, Fax 907-591-2127

Village Council - Asa'carsarmiut Tribal Council, P.O. Box 32249, Mountain Village, AK 99632

Phone 907-591-2814, Fax 907-591-2811, e-mail: MountainVillage@smtp.ak.bia.gov or: MountainVillage@aitc.org

Location & Climate:

Mountain Village is on the north bank of the Yukon River, approximately 20 miles west of St. Mary's and 470 miles northwest of Anchorage. It is at the foot of the 500' Azachorok Mountain, the first mountain encountered by those traveling up the Yukon. It lies at approximately 62d 05m N Latitude, 163d 43m W Longitude (Sec. 14, T023N, R079W, Seward Meridian). Mountain Village is located in the Bethel Recording District. The area encompasses 4 sq. miles of land and 1 sq. miles of water. The climate is continental with maritime influences. Temperatures range from -44 to 80. Precipitation averages 16 inches, with snowfall of 44 inches per year. High winds and low visibility are common during winter. The Lower Yukon is ice-free from mid-June to October.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Scheduled or chartered air service from Nome or Bethel, and direct air service from Anchorage. A summer road links Mountain Village to Pitka's Point, Andreafsky and St. Mary's. The community is accessible by riverboat or barge. In the winter, passengers, cargo and mail are flown in by plane. Snowmachines and skiffs are used for local transportation.

Airport Facilities: A State-owned 2,520' gravel airstrip is available, and floatplanes land on the Yukon River.

Airline Service: Hageland Aviation; Yute Air; Grant Air

Freight: Cargo plane and barge.

Vessel Support: There is a village marina. Marine engine repair available.

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Facilities & Utilities:

Communications: In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc. Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom; United Utilities Internet Service Provider: TV Stations: ARCS Radio Stations: KICY-AM; KYUK-AM; KNOM-AM; KSBZ-FM Cable Provider: None Teleconferencing: Alaska Teleconferencing Network

Electricity: Electricity is provided by AVEC.

Fuel: Marine gas, propane, and regular gasoline.

Fuel Storage – Tank Owners (number of tanks, total capacity): AVEC (23 @ 194,700 gals.); Schools (16 @ 206,045); City (2 @ 33,550); Azachorok Inc. (193,550); Hageland (1,495)

Housing: City Nightly Rental Unit; Azachorak Corp.; School

Services: Food, groceries and supplies available in the community. No laundromat or banking services. Autos and charter aircraft can be rented.

Water & Sewage: Water is derived from a well and is treated. Mountain Village operates a piped water and sewer system that serves 200 households and facilities. A system expansion for the east side, including household plumbing for 18 units, was recently completed. The wastewater treatment plant needs major repairs or replacement.

Miscellaneous: A new landfill is now available. There is one school located in the community, attended by 239 students.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

City community hall

City teen center

School

Potential Staging Areas:

Airport -

National Guard Armory –

Other government facilities –

Local Spill Response Equipment:

Economy:

Mountain Village has a seasonal economy. Fishing, fish processing and canning provide income in the summer. 93 residents hold commercial fishing permits. There are a few full-time positions with the city, school district, federal government and native corporation. Subsistence foods are relied upon, including salmon, moose and waterfowl. Some residents trap for additional income.

Culture & Demographic

91.1% of the population are Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the community. It is a Yup'ik Eskimo community with traditional subsistence practices. Commercial fishing and fish processing provide income. The sale or importation of alcohol is banned in the village.

9770.10.36 - Napaimute

NAPAIMUTE

Pronunciation/Other Names: (nuh-PIE-mute)

Napaimute is currently an **unpopulated** community, and/or no U.S. Census data is available for the community. Consequently, a complete Community Information Summary has not been developed for this community. The information below provides a brief overview of the community.

Location:

Napaimute is located on the north bank of the Kuskokwim River, 28 miles east of Aniak in the Kilbuck-Kuskokwim Mountains.

Transportation:

Napaimute is easily accessible by riverboat. In the summer months all passengers, cargo and mail arrive in the village by boat. A cargo barge stops several times during the summer. Air charters by float planes or ski planes are available. The River is used as a ice road by snowmachines during winter.

General:

Napaimute means "forest people," and was once called "Hoffman's." In 1906, George W. Hoffman, an Englishman, established a trading post at the site. A community of non-Native trappers and miners, with a significant number of Eskimos, developed around the trading post. Hoffman built a territorial school in 1920. A second school was established in 1926. By the early 1950s, most residents had moved to nearby villages, many to Aniak. Today, it is used as a summer fish camp. The 1990 Census counted only three permanent non-Native residents in Napaimute. As a river site, it is used seasonally by area Natives as a subsistence camp. No sustained income-producing activity exists within the village. Residents must depend on subsistence harvests for their livelihood. Salmon, moose, bear, rabbit and berries provide food sources.

9770.10.37 - Napakiak

NAPAKIAK

Pronunciation/Other Names: (nuh-PAH-key-ack)

Population: 359 (2011 DCCED certified estimate) **Incorporation Type:** 2nd Class City

Borough Located In: Unorganized **Regional Native Corporation:** Calista Corp.

Emergency Services: **VPSO**: 589-2920

State Troopers: Bethel, 543-2294

Fire: Volunteer Fire Dept

Medical: Napakiak Health Clinic (589-2711)

Organizations with Local Offices:

City - City of Napakiak, General Delivery, Napakiak, AK 99634

Phone 907-589-2611, Fax 907-589-2611

Electric Utility - Napakiak Ircinraq Power Company, P.O. Box 34030, Napakiak, AK 99634

Phone 907-589-2227, Fax 907-589-2412

Village Corporation - Napakiak Corporation, P.O. Box 34030, Napakiak, AK 99634

Phone 907-589-2227, Fax 907-589-2227

Village Council - Native Village of Napakiak, P.O. Box 2, Napakiak, AK 99634

Phone 907-589-2135, Fax 907-589-2136, e-mail: Napakiak@aitc.org

Location & Climate:

Napakiak is on the north bank of the Kuskokwim River, 15 miles southwest of Bethel. It is located on a sandbar between the Kuskokwim River and Johnson's Slough. It lies 407 miles west of Anchorage. It lies at approximately 60d 41m N Latitude, 162d 07m W Longitude (Sec. 17, T007N, R072W, Seward Meridian). Napakiak is located in the Bethel Recording District. The area encompasses 7 sq. miles of land and 0 sq. miles of water. Napakiak is influenced by storms in the Bering Sea and also by inland continental weather. Average annual precipitation is 16 inches, with 50 inches of snowfall. Summer high temperatures average 59 to 62, winter highs average 11 to 19. Extremes from 86 to -46 have been recorded. The Kuskokwim River is typically ice-free from June through October.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Scheduled air service from Bethel. The river is an important means of transportation in summer; the Kuskokwim is a major thoroughfare. In winter the river becomes an ice road to surrounding villages. The community is interested in construction of a 9-mile road to Bethel.

Airport Facilities: A State-owned 2,150' gravel runway and seaplane landing area provide air transportation for passengers, mail and cargo. The runway is currently undergoing major improvements.

Airline Service: Yute Air; Camai Air; Hageland; Ryan Air

Freight: Airplane and barge. Barges from Bethel deliver goods during the summer.

Vessel Support: There are no docking facilities. Boats may be rented. Contact Mott's Marina

(589-2811).

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications: In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc. Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom Internet Service Provider: Unicom/United Utilities, Inc. (www.unicom-alaska.net); School Only - GCI (www.gci.net) TV Stations: ARCS; KYUK Radio Stations: KYUK-AM; KYKD-FM Cable

Provider: Napakiak Corporation **Teleconferencing:** Alaska Teleconferencing Network

Electricity: Electricity is transmitted by overhead lines from Bethel Utilities and purchased and distributed locally by Incinraq Power Company.

Fuel: Information on repair service and fuel at Mott's Marina (589-2811).

Fuel Storage – Tank Owners (number of tanks, total capacity): Lower Kuskokwim Schools (8 @ 73,000 gals.); Napakiak Corp. (2 @ 61,500); Marina (2,500); Nat'l Guard/Native Corp. Diesel Dispensary (2,800)

Housing: Accommodation may be arranged at the school (589-2420) or the washeteria (589-2611).

Services: Groceries and supplies available at local store. Boats may be rented.

Water & Sewage: 56 residents are using a new flush/haul system, including plumbing for sinks and low-flush toilets. Water is derived from a well and is treated. The school has its own well, and needs a new water treatment system. The flush haul system is being expanded, and the washeteria is being remodeled.

Miscellaneous: There is one school located in the community, attended by 104 students.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

Community hall (under construction) City public safety building School

Potential Staging Areas:

Airport –
National Guard Armory –
Other government facilities –

Local Spill Response Equipment:

Economy:

Napakiak's primary employers include the school and local, state, and federal governments. Seasonal commercial fishing, construction projects, trapping and crafts also provide income. 43 residents hold commercial fishing permits, primarily for herring roe and salmon net fisheries. Subsistence activities provide an estimated 50% of the local diet. Most families have fish camps. Salmon, waterfowl, moose, bear and seals provide meat.

Culture & Demographic

94.3% of the population are Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the community. This city is predominantly Yup'ik Eskimos who maintain a fishing and subsistence lifestyle. The sale, importation or possession of alcohol is banned in the village.

9770.10.38 - Napaskiak

NAPASKIAK

Pronunciation/Other Names: (nuh-PASS-key-ack)

Population: 428 (2011 DCCED certified estimate) Incorporation Type: 2nd Class City

Borough Located In: Unorganized **Regional Native Corporation:** Calista Corp.

Emergency Services: VPSO: 737-7639

State Troopers: Bethel, 543-2294

Fire: Volunteer Fire Dept

Medical: Elena Alexie Memorial Clinic (737-7329).

Organizations with Local Offices:

City - City of Napaskiak, P.O. Box 6109, Napaskiak, AK 99559

Phone 907-737-7626, Fax 907-737-7412

Village Corporation - Napaskiak Corporation, P.O. Box 6069, Napaskiak, AK 99559

Phone 907-737-7433, Fax 907-737-2919

Village Council - Native Village of Napaskiak, P.O. Box 6009, Napaskiak, AK 99559 Phone 907-737-7364, Fax 907-737-7039, e-mail: Napakiak@smtp.ak.bia.gov or:

Napaskiak@aitc.org

Location & Climate:

Napaskiak is located on the east bank of the Kuskokwim River, along the Napaskiak Slough, 7 miles southeast of Bethel. It lies at approximately 60d 42m N Latitude, 161d 54m W Longitude (Sec. 08, T007N, R071W, Seward Meridian). Napaskiak is located in the Bethel Recording District. The area encompasses 4 sq. miles of land and 0 sq. miles of water. Napaskiak is strongly influenced by storms and patterns in the Bering Sea and also by inland continental weather. Average annual precipitation is 16 inches, with 50 inches of snowfall. Summer temperatures range from 42 to 62, winter temperatures are -2 to 19.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Scheduled air service from Bethel. Winter air and river taxi service. Snow

machines and ATVs are used in winter

Airport Facilities: A State-owned 3,000' gravel airstrip and seaplane landing area west of the

village provides charter and general aviation access year-round.

Airline Service: No information.

Freight: Freight arrives by plane and barge. Barges deliver goods during the summer months. **Vessel Support:** Although there are no docking facilities, many residents have fishing boats, and skiffs are used in the summer for subsistence fishing and travel to Bethel or nearby villages.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications: In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc. Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom; United Utilities Internet Service Provider: Unicom/United Utilities, Inc. (www.unicom-alaska.net); School Only - GCI (www.gci.net) TV Stations: ARCS; KYUK Radio Stations: KYUK-AM; KYKD-FM Cable Provider: None Teleconferencing: Alaska Teleconferencing Network

Electricity: Electricity is provided by Napaskiak Electric Utility.

Fuel: Fuel available for snow machines, boat motors, and 3- and 4-wheelers.

Fuel Storage - Tank Owners (number of tanks, total capacity): No information

Housing: Information on visitor services not available.

Services: Supplies available at local store.

Water & Sewage: Residents haul treated water from one of two watering points. Some homes have tanks with running water for the kitchen, but very few have complete plumbing. Honeybuckets are disposed of by residents in bunkers at various locations. Sewage is then pumped from the bunkers and transported to the sewage lagoon. The school has its own well, but needs a new water treatment system. The community has requested funds to develop a flush/haul demonstration project for 5 to 10 homes. They occasionally experience water shortages.

Miscellaneous: There is one school located in the community, attended by 121 students.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

Community building

School

Potential Staging Areas:

Airport -

National Guard Armory -

Other government facilities -

Local Spill Response Equipment:

Economy:

The school, local businesses and some commercial fishing provide employment. 42 residents hold commercial fishing permits for salmon drift netting. Subsistence activities are a part of the culture and supplement cash earnings.

Culture & Demographic

94.8% of the population are Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the community. Napaskiak is a traditional Eskimo village dependent upon fishing and subsistence activities. The sale or importation of alcohol is banned in the village.

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9770.10.39 - Newtok

NEWTOK

Pronunciation/Other Names: (NOO-tock)

Population: 370 (2011 AK Dept of Labor estimate) **Incorporation Type:** Unincorporated **Borough Located In:** Unorganized **Regional Native Corporation:** Calista Corp.

Emergency Services:

Police:

State Troopers (Bethel): 907-543-3494

Fire: Volunteer Fire Department

Medical: Manguan Health Clinic, 237-2111.

Organizations with Local Offices:

Electric Utility - Ungusraq Power Company, P.O. Box 5564, Newtok, AK 99559

Phone 237-2130, Fax 237-2130

Village Corporation - Newtok Native Corporation, P.O. Box 5528, Newtok, AK 99559

Phone 907-237-2512, Fax 907-237-2227

Village Council - Newtok Village, P.O. Box 5545, Newtok, AK 99559

Phone 237-2314/2316, Fax 237-2428, e-mail: Newtok@smtp.ak.bia.gov or: Newtok@aitc.org

Location & Climate:

Newtok is on the Kealavik River north of Nelson Island in the Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta Region. It is 94 miles northwest of Bethel. Due to severe beach erosion, the village wants to relocate homes and facilities to a new site approximately 5 miles away. It lies at approximately 60d 56m N Latitude, 164d 38m W Longitude (Sec. 24, T010N, R087W, Seward Meridian). Newtok is located in the Bethel Recording District. The area encompasses 7 sq. miles of land and 1 sq. miles of water. Newtok is located in a marine climate. Average precipitation is 17 inches, with annual snowfall of 22 inches. Summer temperatures range from 42 to 59, winter temperatures are 2 to 19.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Scheduled air service from Bethel. Boats, skiffs and snowmachines are used for local transportation and subsistence activities.

Airport Facilities: A State-owned 2,202' gravel airstrip provides chartered or private air access year-round; major improvements are under construction. A seaplane base is also available.

Airline Service: ERA Alaska, Grant Aviation, Ryan Air Service, Yute Air

Freight: Freight arrives by mail plane and barge. Barges deliver cargo during the summer

months.

Vessel Support: No information available.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications: In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc. Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom; United Utilities Internet Service Provider: United Utilities Inc. TV Stations: ARCS Radio Stations: KYUK-AM Cable Provider: None Teleconferencing: Alaska Teleconferencing Network

Electricity: Electricity is provided by Ungusraq Power Company.

Fuel: No information available.

Fuel Storage – Tank Owners (total capacity): Newtok Corp. Store (52,200 gals.); LK Schools (121,070); Electric Utility (55,955); Tom's Store (4,125); Agayuvik Holy Family Church (3,000); Army Nat'l Guard (2.500)

Housing: Quyurrvik Community Hall

Services: No information.

Water & Sewage: Water is pumped from a lake into a water treatment plant, then hauled from a storage tank. In winter, melted ice is used when water in the storage tank runs dry or freezes. Households are not plumbed, and honeybuckets are used. A washeteria is available. A feasibility study for a flush/haul system was recently completed. The health clinic now uses flush/haul tanks. The schools have individual wells; a new well and water treatment system are needed.

Miscellaneous: A new landfill and refuse collection are provided. The community wants to relocate.

There is one school located in the community, attended by 101 students.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

School

Potential Staging Areas:

Airport -

National Guard Armory -

Other government facilities -

Local Spill Response Equipment: Nearest DEC Spill Response Conex located in Toksook Bay, 427-7511

Economy:

The school, clinic, village services, and commercial fishing provide employment. Subsistence activities and trapping supplement income. In 2010, 17 residents held commercial fishing permits.

Culture & Demographic

Newtok is a traditional Yup'ik Eskimo village, with an active subsistence lifestyle. Relative isolation from outside influences has enabled the area to retain its traditions and customs, more so than other parts of Alaska. The sale and importation of alcohol is banned in the village.

The people of Newtok share a heritage with Nelson Island communities; their ancestors have lived on the Bering Sea coast for at least 2,000 years. The people from the five villages are known as Qaluyaarmiut or "dip net people." Only intermittent outside contact occurred until the 1920s. In the 1950s, the Territorial Guard found volunteers from Newtok while they were traveling to Bethel. Tuberculosis was a major health problem during this period. In the late 1950s, the village was relocated from Old Kealavik ten miles away to its present location to escape flooding. A school was built in 1958, although high school students were required to travel to Bethel, St. Mary's, Sitka, or Anchorage for their education. This was often their first exposure to the outside, and students returned with a good knowledge of the English language and culture. A high school was constructed in Newtok in the 1980s. The city was incorporated in 1976, but it was dissolved on January 28, 1997. Due to severe erosion, the village wants to relocate to a new site called Tagikcaq, approximately 5 miles away on Nelson Island. In

November 2003, the 108th Congress passed S. 924, allowing the village to relocate to Nelson Island. The legislation authorizes an exchange of lands between the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and the Newtok Native Corporation to allow villagers to relocate.

9770.10.40 - Nightmute

NIGHTMUTE

Pronunciation/Other Names: (formerly Fortuna Lodge)

Population: 407 (2011 DCCED certified estimate) **Incorporation Type:** 2nd Class City **Borough Located In:** Unorganized **Regional Native Corporation:** Calista Corp.

Emergency Services: Police: VPO 647-6436

State Troopers (Bethel): 543-2294

Fire: VPO Volunteer Fire Department 647-6436 **Medical:** Nightmute Health Clinic, 647-6312.

Organizations with Local Offices:

City - City of Nightmute, P.O. Box 90010, Nightmute, AK 99690

Phone 647-6426, Fax 647-6427; E-Mail: Nightmute clerk@yahoo.com

Village Corporation - Chinuruk, Incorporated, P.O. Box 90, Nightmute, AK 99680

Phone 647-6813, Fax 647-6814

Village Council - Native Village of Nightmute, P.O. Box 90021, Nightmute, AK 99690

Phone 647-6215, Fax 647-6112, E-Mail: negtemiut tribe@live.com

Location & Climate:

Nightmute is located on Nelson Island, in western Alaska. It is 18 miles upriver from Toksook Bay and 100 miles west of Bethel. It lies at approximately 60d 28m N Latitude, 164d 44m W Longitude (Sec. 33, T005N, R088W, Seward Meridian). Nightmute is located in the Bethel Recording District. The area encompasses 97 sq. miles of land and 5 sq. miles of water. Nightmute is influenced by a marine climate. Precipitation averages 22 inches, with 43 inches of snowfall annually. Summer temperatures range from 41 to 57; winter temperatures are 6 to 24.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Scheduled and charter air service from Bethel. Snow machines and ATVs are used during winter months.

Airport Facilities: A State-owned 1,600' gravel airstrip is used by chartered and private aircraft.

A seaplane landing area is also available.

Airline Service: ERA Alaska, Grant Aviation, Ryan Air Service, Yute Air

Freight: Freight arrives by cargo plane and barge.

Vessel Support: There are no docking facilities, although many residents use fishing boats or

skiffs for local travel.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications: In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc. Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom; United Utilities Internet Service Provider: School Only - GCI (www.gci.net) TV Stations: ARCS Radio Stations: KYUK-AM; KNOM-AM Cable Provider: None Teleconferencing: Alaska

Teleconferencing Network

Electricity: Electricity is provided by AVEC.

Fuel: Marine gas, diesel, and regular gasoline available.

Fuel Storage – Tank Owners (total capacity): Chinurak Inc. (40,400 gals.); Nightmute Power Co. (89,900); Army Nat'l Guard (3,000); Lower Kuskokwim Schools (27,500); Our Lady of Perpetual Help Catholic Church (1,650)

Housing: Lodging can be arranged with local homes. Contact city (647-6426). Lodging can also be arranged through the school (647-6313).

Services: No banking service or laundromat. Groceries and supplies available through local store. No repair service or rental transportation.

Water & Sewage: The City of Nightmute provides a small water facility, which is the central watering point from which residents haul their own water. A washeteria is not available. The city also provides water and sewer haul service. The school has its own sewage lagoon.

Miscellaneous: There is one school located in the community, attended by 63 students.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

City community hall.

School

Potential Staging Areas:

Airport -

National Guard Armory -

Other government facilities -

Local Spill Response Equipment: Nearest DEC Spill Response Conex located in Toksook Bay, 427-7511

Economy:

The economy is a mixture of both subsistence and cash-generating activities. Employment is primarily with the city, school, services, commercial fishing, and construction. Trapping and crafts also provide income. Almost all families engage in either commercial or subsistence fishing, and most have fish camps. In 2010, 19 residents held commercial fishing permits for herring roe, salmon drift, and net fisheries.

Culture & Demographic

Nightmute is a traditional Yup'ik Eskimo village, active in subsistence. The sale, importation, and possession of alcohol is banned in the village.

Nelson Island has been inhabited by the Qaluyaarmiut ("dip net people") for 2,000 years. The area was relatively isolated from outside contact and has kept its traditions and culture. Umkumiut is the traditional fish camp. In 1964, several residents moved to Toksook Bay to obtain more cost-effective goods. The city was incorporated in 1974.

9770.10.41 - Nikolai

NIKOLAI

Pronunciation/Other Names: (NICK-oh-lie; a.k.a. Edzeno Nikolai)

Population: 101 (2011 DCCED certified estimate) **Incorporation Type:** 2nd Class City **Borough Located In:** Unorganized **Regional Native Corporation:** Doyon, Limited

Emergency Services:

Police:

State Troopers: McGrath, 542-3052

Fire: Volunteer Fire Dept

Medical: Nikolai Clinic (293-2328).

Organizations with Local Offices:

City - City of Nikolai, P.O. Box 9145, Nikolai, AK 99691

Phone 907-293-2113, Fax 907-293-2115

Village Council - Nikolai Village, P.O. Box 9105, Nikolai, AK 99691 Phone 907-293-2311, Fax 907-293-2115, e-mail: Nikolai@aitc.org

Location & Climate:

Nikolai is located in Interior Alaska on the South Fork of the Kuskokwim River, 46 air miles east of McGrath. It lies at approximately 62d 58m N Latitude, 154d 09m W Longitude (Sec. 36, T028S, R023E, Kateel River Meridian). Nikolai is located in the Mt. McKinley Recording District. The area encompasses 5 sq. miles of land and 0 sq. miles of water. Nikolai has a cold, continental climate with relatively warm summers. Average summer temperature range from 42 to 80, winter temperatures range from -62 to 0. Precipitation is light, averaging 16 inches per year, including an average snowfall of 56 inches. The River is ice-free generally from June through October.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Scheduled air service from McGrath and Anchorage. Accessible by river (May to October). Boats, ATVs and snowmachines are used for recreation and subsistence activities. It is a check point for the Iditarod sled dog race held in March.

Airport Facilities: A State-owned 2,350' gravel airstrip is available. **Airline Service:** From McGrath - Tanana Air; Red Line Air; Woods Air

Freight: Barges supply fuel and heavy equipment. Other freight delivered by cargo plane.

Vessel Support: No information provided.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications: In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc. Long-Distance Phone: United Utilities Internet Service Provider: School Only - GCI (www.gci.net) TV Stations: ARCS Radio Stations: KDKO-AM Cable Provider: City of Nikolai Teleconferencing: Alaska Teleconferencing Network Electricity: Electricity is provided by Nikolai Light & Power Utility.

Fuel: Gasoline available.

Fuel Storage – Tank Owners (number of tanks, total capacity): Iditarod Schools (1 @ 8,500 and 1 @ 6,500)

Housing: City-owned hotel/apartment building provides limited accommodations.

Services: Supplies available at local store. Laundromat and coffee shop available. No banking services. No major repair service.

Water & Sewage: All 47 households and facilities use individual wells; of these, only 2 units lack plumbing. 33 homes, including 10 new HUD housing units north of the airport, are connected to the piped sewage system. The remaining 15 homes use septic tanks. Funds have been requested to rehabilitate the washeteria, develop two new wells, upgrade the landfill and expand the piped sewer system.

Miscellaneous: There is one school located in the community, attended by 13 students.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

City recreation center

School

Potential Staging Areas:

Airport -

National Guard Armory -

Other government facilities -

Local Spill Response Equipment:

Economy:

Village employment peaks during the summer when construction gets under way. City, state and federal governments provide the primary year-round employment. Residents rely heavily on subsistence activities for food, and wood for heat. Some residents tend gardens. Salmon, moose, caribou, rabbits, and the occasional bear are utilized. Trapping and handicrafts also provide income.

Culture & Demographic

89% of the population are Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the community. Nikolai is an Athabascan community. Residents are active in subsistence foodgathering. The sale or importation of alcohol are prohibited in the City.

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9770.10.42 - Nunapitchuk

NUNAPITCHUK

Pronunciation/Other Names: (noo-nah-PIT-chuck; a.k.a. Akolmiut)

Population: 518 (2011 DCCED certified estimate) **Incorporation Type:** 2nd Class City

Borough Located In: Unorganized **Regional Native Corporation:** Calista Corp.

Emergency Services:

VPSO: 527-5718 **City VPO**: 527-5718

State Troopers: Bethel, 543-2294

Fire: Volunteer Fire Dept

Medical: Eliza Maxie Memorial Clinic (527-5329).

Organizations with Local Offices:

City - City of Nunapitchuk, P.O. Box 190, Nunapitchuk, AK 99641

Phone 907-527-5327, Fax 907-527-5011, e-mail: eliwass@unicom-alaska.com **Village Corporation** - Nunapitchuk, Limited, P.O. Box 129, Nunapitchuk, AK 99641

Phone 907-527-5717, Fax 907-527-5229

Village Council - Native Village of Nunapitchuk, P.O. Box 130, Nunapitchuk, AK 99641

Phone 907-527-5705, Fax 907-527-5705, e-mail: Nunapitchuk@aitc.org

Location & Climate:

Nunapitchuk is located on the both banks of the Johnson River, 22 miles northwest of Bethel in the Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta. It lies at approximately 60d 53m N Latitude, 162d 29m W Longitude (Sec. 05, T009N, R074W, Seward Meridian). Nunapitchuk is located in the Bethel Recording District. The area encompasses 8 sq. miles of land and 0 sq. miles of water. The area averages 16 inches of precipitation, with snowfall of 50 inches. Summer temperatures range from 62 to 42; winter temperatures run from 19 to -2.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Scheduled air service from Bethel. Snowmachines, ATVs and dog sleds are used on the frozen river in winter months.

Airport Facilities: A State-owned airstrip provides chartered or private air access year-round.

Airline Service: No information.

Freight: Freight arrives by air transport and barge.

Vessel Support: A new dock, small boat harbor, and seaplane landing area are available on the

Johnson River. Marine engine repair services available.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications: In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc. Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom; United Utilities Internet Service Provider: Unicom/United Utilities, Inc. (www.unicom-alaska.net); School Only - GCI (www.gci.net) TV Stations: KYUK Radio Stations: KYUK-AM; KYKD-FM Cable Provider: Icuicaraq Cable (Village Corp.) Teleconferencing: Alaska Teleconferencing Network

Electricity: Electricity is provided by AVEC.

Fuel: Propane and gasoline available.

Fuel Storage – Tank Owners (number of tanks, total capacity): School (84,750 gals.); City

(15,750); Army Nat'l Guard (3,000); AVEC (167,750); Village Corp. (101,000)

Housing: Limited accommodations available through IRA Council (contact city at 527-5327). **Services:** No restaurant or banking services. Groceries and supplies available through local stores.

Water & Sewage: Well water is treated and supplied from a central tap year round. A flush/haul system was recently installed in 33 homes in Nunapitchuk, with water delivery and tank hauling services. Construction continues on the remaining 73 homes. Unserved households haul their own water and honeybuckets. Sewage containers are located throughout the City, and are emptied into one of two new sewage lagoons (one on each side of the River). Teacher's housing, located in the old school, has an independent water and sewer system that needs improvements.

Miscellaneous: There is one school located in the community, attended by 139 students.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

City recreation center School

Potential Staging Areas:

Airport –
National Guard Armory –
Other government facilities –

Local Spill Response Equipment:

Economy:

The school, local businesses and the city government provide most employment in Nunapitchuk. Commercial fishing and subsistence activities are a focal point of the culture. 52 residents hold commercial fishing permits for salmon and herring roe net fisheries and roe on kelp.

Culture & Demographic

97.1% of the population are Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the community. Nunapitchuk is an Eskimo village, and residents are involved in commercial fishing and subsistence activities. The sale, importation or possession of alcohol is banned in the village.

9770.10.43 - Ohogamiute

OHOGAMIUTE

Pronunciation/Other Names: (oh-HOE-ga-myoot)

Ohogamiut is currently an **unpopulated** community, and/or no U.S. Census data is available for the community. A detailed Community Information Summary has not been developed for this community.

The information below provides a brief overview of the community.

Location:

Ohogamiut is located on the right bank of the Yukon River, 22 miles southeast of Marshall, in the Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta.

General:

The Eskimo name "Okhnagamiut" means "village (people) on the other side (of the river)." The name was also shown as "Ohogamut" on a 1916 USGS field sheet. The village is now a summer fish camp. The site is accessible by boat or float plane.

Organizations:

Village Corporation - Ohog Incorporated, General Delivery, Marshall, AK 99585 **Village Council** - Village of Ohogamiut, P.O. Box 26, Marshall, AK 99585 Phone 679-6112, Fax 679-6637

9770.10.44 – Oscarville OSCARVILLE

Population: 71 (2011 AK Dept of Labor estimate) Incorporation Type: Unincorporated

Borough Located In: Unorganized **Regional Native Corporation:** Calista Corp.

Emergency Services:

Police: None
State Troopers:
Fire: None

Medical: Oscarville Health Clinic (737-7231).

Organizations with Local Offices:

Village Corporation - Oscarville Native Corporation, General Delivery, Oscarville, AK 99559 Phone 907-543-2066

Village Council - Oscarville Traditional Council, P.O. Box 6129, Napaskiak, AK 99559 Phone 907-737-7099, Fax 907-737-7428, e-mail: Oscarville@smtp.ak.bia.gov or: Oscarville@aitc.org

Location & Climate:

Oscarville is located on the north bank of the Kuskokwim River opposite Napaskiak, 6 miles southwest of Bethel. It lies 401 miles west of Anchorage. It lies at approximately 60d 43m N Latitude, 161d 46m W Longitude (Sec. 05, T007N, R071W, Seward Meridian). Oscarville is located in the Bethel Recording District. The area encompasses 2 sq. miles of land and 1 sq. miles of water. The weather is influenced by storms in the Bering Sea and also by the inland continent. Average precipitation is 16 inches and snowfall is 50 inches. Summer temperatures average 42 to 62, winter temperatures average -2 to 19. The Kuskokwim River is typically icefree from June through October.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Boat, snow machine, and float plane service from Bethel. Oscarville relies heavily on Napaskiak for passenger, mail and cargo services. Residents use skiffs to pick up mail in Napaskiak or shop in Bethel. The river is an important means of transportation in summer and in the winter as an ice road, however, during breakup and freezeup, the community can be periodically isolated.

Airport Facilities: The village is interested in construction of an airport.

Airline Service: No information.

Freight: Airplane or barge. Barge services deliver goods once a year.

Vessel Support: No information available.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications: In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc. Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom Internet Service Provider: No information TV Stations: ARCS Radio Stations: KYUK-AM; KYKD-

FM Cable Provider: None Teleconferencing: Alaska Teleconferencing Network

Electricity: Electricity is provided by Bethel Utilities Corporation. An electrical transmission line

from Bethel supplies power. **Fuel:** No information available.

Fuel Storage - Tank Owners (number of tanks, total capacity): No information

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Housing: No information available on visitor facilities.

Services: No information available

Water & Sewage: Treated well water is hauled from the washeteria. However, the washeteria itself is not functioning. A few homes have individual systems that collect and use rainwater. About one-fourth of homes have running water to the kitchen. The school has its own well and sewage lagoon, but it needs a new water treatment system. Honeybuckets are disposed of by residents in the sewage lagoon. Funds have been requested to increase water storage capacity, to upgrade the washeteria, and to upgrade the water and sewer services to a flush/haul system.

Miscellaneous: There is one school located in the community, attended by 19 students.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

School

Potential Staging Areas:

Airport -

National Guard Armory -

Other government facilities -

Local Spill Response Equipment:

Economy:

The school and health clinic are the only permanent sources of employment. Residents use the post office and airstrip at Napaskiak. One resident holds a commercial fishing permit for the salmon net fishery. Trapping and handicrafts provide some income. Subsistence activities provide most food sources. Salmon, waterfowl, moose, bear, and seals are utilized.

Culture & Demographic

91.2% of the population are Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the community. The year-round population of Oscarville is primarily Yup'ik Eskimos. Subsistence is an integral part of the lifestyle, and some commercial fishing occurs.

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9770.10.45 - Paimuit

PAIMUIT

Pronunciation/Other Names: (PIE-myoot)

Paimiut is currently an **unpopulated** community, and/or no U.S. Census data is available for the community. A detailed Community Information Summary has not been developed for this community.

The information below provides a brief overview of the community.

Paimiut is located on Kokechik Bay, on the east bank of the Lithkealik River. It lies on the Bering Sea, south of Scammon Bay.

Paimiut is an Eskimo name meaning "people of the stream's mouth." It was first reported in 1951 as having two groups of two or three frame houses, about a quarter of a mile apart. The village is now a summer fish camp. Villagers live in Hooper Bay during the winter months. The village is accessible by boat or float plane.

Organizations:

Village Council - Native Village of Paimiut, P.O. Box 41, Hooper Bay, AK 99604 Phone 758-4915, Fax 758-4066, e-mail: Paimiut@aitc.org
Village Corporation - Paimiut Corporation, General Delivery, Hooper Bay, AK 99604 Phone 527-4915

9770.10.46 - Pilot Station PILOT STATION

Population: 583 (2011 DCCED certified estimate) **Incorporation Type:** 2nd Class City

Borough Located In: Unorganized **Regional Native Corporation:** Calista Corp.

Emergency Services: VPSO: 549-3213

State Troopers: St Mary's (800) 240-2019

Fire: Volunteer Fire Dept

Medical: Pilot Station Clinic (549-3127). Auxiliary health care is provided by flight to Bethel or

Anchorage.

Organizations with Local Offices:

City - City of Pilot Station, P.O. Box 5040, Pilot Station, AK 99650

Phone 907-549-3211, Fax 907-549-3014

Village Corporation - Pilot Station Incorporated, P.O. Box 5059, Pilot Station, AK 99650

Phone 907-549-3512, Fax 907-549-3234

Village Council - Pilot Station Traditional Council, P.O. Box 5119, Pilot Station, AK 99650

Phone 907-549-3373, Fax 907-549-3301, e-mail: PilotStation@smtp.ak.bia.gov or:

PilotStation@aitc.org

Location & Climate:

Pilot Station is located on the northwest bank of the Yukon River, 11 miles east of St. Mary's and 26 miles west of Marshall on the Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta. It lies at approximately 61d 56m N Latitude, 162d 52m W Longitude (Sec. 05, T021N, R074W, Seward Meridian). Pilot Station is located in the Bethel Recording District. The area encompasses 2 sq. miles of land and 1 sq. miles of water. The climate is maritime, averaging 60 inches of snowfall with 16 inches of total precipitation per year. Temperatures can range from -44 to 83. The Lower Yukon is ice-free from mid-June through October.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Scheduled and charter air service from Bethel. Cargo, passengers and mail arrive by air. Heavy winds of up to 50 MPH are common during fall and winter. Pilot Station is easily accessible by river-going vessels. Skiffs and snowmobiles provide inter-village transportation. There are no roads to surrounding communities.

Airport Facilities: A State-owned 2,520' gravel airstrip is available.

Airline Service: No information.

Freight: Cargo plane or barge. Barges deliver fuel and other bulk supplies during the summer.

Vessel Support: No moorage facilities.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications: In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc. Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom; United Utilities Internet Service Provider: TV Stations: ARCS Radio Stations: KICY-AM; KYUK-AM; KNOM-AM Cable Provider: City of Pilot Station Teleconferencing: Alaska Teleconferencing Network

Electricity: Electricity is provided by AVEC.

Fuel: Propane, kerosene, marine gas, and regular gasoline.

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Fuel Storage – Tank Owners (number of tanks, total capacity): AVEC (11 @ 96,340 gals.); Native Corp. Store (14 @ 101,840); School District (47,725); City (16,850)

Housing: Accommodations available.

Services: No restaurant, banking services or laundromat. Groceries and supplies available at local store. Rental transportation includes boats, off-road vehicles, and charter aircraft. **Water & Sewage:** More than half of the community is served by a piped water and sewer system, completed in 1973 by PHS, and are fully plumbed. 32 homes continue to haul treated well water and honeybuckets. The school operates its own water treatment system. Major infrastructure improvements are underway, in preparation for an expansion of the piped system to the remaining unserved 32 homes. A new water source, water treatment plant. and 200,000-gal. water storage tank have been funded.

Miscellaneous: The City also needs a new landfill. There is one school located in the community, attended by 205 students.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

City public safety building

School

Potential Staging Areas:

Airport –
National Guard Armory –
Other government facilities –

Local Spill Response Equipment:

Economy:

Almost 85% of the year-round employment is with the school, city and state government. Pilot Station's private sector employment is related to the summer fishing season. 55 residents hold commercial fishing permits. Incomes are supplemented by subsistence activities. Salmon, moose, bear, porcupine and waterfowl are harvested. Trapping and BLM fire fighting also provide income.

Culture & Demographic

95% of the population are Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the community. Pilot Station is a Yup'ik Eskimo village dependent upon a fishing and subsistence lifestyle. The sale or importation of alcohol is banned in the village.

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9770.10.47 - Pitka's Point

PITKA'S POINT

Pronunciation/Other Names: (PIT-kus)

Population: 93 (2011 AK Dept of Labor estimate) Incorporation Type: Unincorporated

Borough Located In: Unorganized **Regional Native Corporation:** Calista Corp.

Emergency Services:

Police:

State Troopers: St Mary's 438-2019

Fire: Volunteer Fire Dept

Medical: Pitka's Point Clinic (438-2546).

Organizations with Local Offices:

Village Corporation - Pitka's Point Native Corporation, P.O. Box 184, Pitka's Point, AK 99658

Phone 907-438-2232

Village Council - Native Village of Pitka's Point, P.O. Box 127, Saint Mary's, AK 99658

Phone 907-438-2833, Fax 907-438-2569, e-mail: PitkasPoint@aitc.org

Location & Climate:

Pitka's Point is located near the junction of the Yukon and Andreafsky Rivers, 5 miles northwest of St. Mary's on the Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta. It lies 3 miles by road from the St. Mary's airport. It lies at approximately 62d 02m N Latitude, 163d 17m W Longitude (Sec. 06, T022N, R076W, Seward Meridian). Pitka's Point is located in the Bethel Recording District. The area encompasses 1 sq. miles of land and 2 sq. miles of water. The climate is both maritime and continental. Temperatures range from -44 to 83. Precipitation measures 16 inches, with 60 inches of snowfall per year.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Scheduled air service from Bethel to St Mary's. The Yukon River allows easy access by water, and most families own a skiff. There is a 17.7 mile road connecting Mountain Village with the St. Mary's airport and Andreafsky, so residents have access to the transportation facilities at St. Mary's. Snowmachines provide local winter transportation.

Airport Facilities: None available. See St Mary's airport information.

Airline Service: No information.

Vessel Support: No moorage facilities.

Freight: Cargo plane and barge.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications: In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc. Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom Internet Service Provider: No information TV Stations: ARCS Radio Stations: KICY-AM; KYUK-AM; KNOM-AM Cable Provider: None Teleconferencing: Alaska Teleconferencing Network Electricity: Electricity is provided by AVEC (provided by a transmission line from St. Mary's).

Fuel: Marine gas, diesel, propane, and regular gasoline.

Fuel Storage – Tank Owners (number of tanks, total capacity): LY School District (22,320 gals.);

Village Corp. (15,000)

Housing: Accommodations and supplies available in St Mary's.

Services: No accommodations, restaurant, or banking services in Pitka's Point. Laundromat with showers available. Autos may be rented.

Water & Sewage: Water is supplied by a small stream and infiltration gallery. Over 90% of residences haul treated water from the washeteria and use honeybuckets. Approximately one-fourth of homes have running water for the kitchen. A few homes and facilities are connected to a community septic tank. The water treatment plant and washeteria were recently renovated. The community wants to develop a piped water and sewer system.

Miscellaneous: There is one school located in the community, attended by 39 students.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

Community hall Fire hall School

Potential Staging Areas:

Airport – None National Guard Armory – Other government facilities – Local Spill Response Equipment:

Economy:

Employment is limited, although some year-round enterprises are available. Subsistence activities provide food sources, including salmon, moose, bear and waterfowl. Dog sledding is prevalent. One resident holds a commercial fishing permit. All supplies are brought in through Saint Mary's -- there are no public facilities other than a school and washeteria.

Culture & Demographic

95.6% of the population are Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the community. Pitka's Point is a Yup'ik Eskimo village dependent upon a subsistence lifestyle.

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9770.10.48 – Platinum **PLATINUM**

Population: 67 (2011 DCCED certified estimate)**Incorporation Type:** 2nd Class City **Borough Located In:** Unorganized **Regional Native Corporation:** Calista Corp.

Emergency Services:

Police: None State Troopers:

Fire: Volunteer Fire Dept

Medical: Platinum Village Clinic, 979-8212

Organizations with Local Offices:

City - City of Platinum, P.O. Box 2, Platinum, AK 99651

Phone 979-8114, Fax 979-8210

Village Corporation - Arviq, Incorporated, P.O. Box 9, Platinum, AK 99651

Phone 979-8113, Fax 979-8114

Village Council - Platinum Traditional Village, P.O. Box 8, Platinum, AK 99651

Phone 979-8220, Fax 979-8178, e-mail: Platinum@smtp.ak.bia.gov e-mail: Platinum@aitc.org

Location & Climate:

Platinum is located on the Bering Sea coast, below Red Mountain on the south spit of Goodnews Bay. It lies 11 miles from Goodnews Bay and 123 miles southwest of Bethel. It is 440 miles west of Anchorage. It lies at approximately 59d 00m N Latitude, 161d 49m W Longitude (Sec. 32, T013S, R075W, Seward Meridian). Platinum is located in the Bethel Recording District. The area encompasses 45 sq. miles of land and 0 sq. miles of water. Platinum has a marine climate. Average annual precipitation is 22 inches, with 43 inches of snowfall. Summer highs range from 53 to 57, winter highs average 6 to 9. Extremes have been measured from 82 to -34.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Scheduled air service from Bethel. The community relies heavily on air transportation for passengers, mail and cargo service. Boats, snow machines and ATVs are used for local travel and subsistence activities.

Airport Facilities: There are two gravel airstrips. One is State-owned, at 3,640' in length with a 2,000' crosswind runway. The second is a 2,000' gravel airstrip owned by the Platinum Mine. A seaplane landing site is also available.

Airline Service: No information.

Freight: Freight arrives by barge or mail plane. Barge services deliver goods twice a year.

Vessel Support: No moorage facilities.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications: In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc. Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom; United Utilities Internet Service Provider: School Only - GCI (www.gci.net) TV Stations: ARCS Radio Stations: KYUK-AM Cable Provider: Platinum Trad. Village Council Teleconferencing: Alaska Teleconferencing Network

Electricity: Electricity is provided by City of Platinum. The City operates the electric service once

provided by the mining company.

Fuel: Diesel, propane, and regular gasoline.

Fuel Storage – Tank Owners (number of tanks, total capacity): Arviq Inc. (5 @ 67,100 gals.); City Power Plant (5,600); Lower Kuskokwim School District (7,000)

Housing: Accommodations possible at school (979-9111).

Services: No restaurant, banking services, or laundromat. Supplies available in the community. **Water & Sewage:** Almost half of the homes have individual water wells and septic systems. During the summer, untreated water is hauled from approximately fifteen watering points. During winter, residents dig holes in the ice to draw water. Honeybuckets are disposed of in seepage pits. A washeteria is under construction. Funds have been requested to construct a 20,000-gallon water storage tank, water treatment plant, water connections, plumbing and septic tanks for 16 homes, a sludge disposal site and new landfill. The school has asked for funds to drill its own well, and construct a treatment plant that would also serve as the community's back-up water system.

Miscellaneous: There is one school located in the community, attended by 13 students.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities. Facility available with phone, fax, and modem that can serve as central organizational meeting point for spill responders.

Potential Command Posts:

School

Potential Staging Areas:

Airport -

National Guard Armory – Other government facilities –

Local Spill Response Equipment:

(as of September 2000 survey)

Boom: None available Sorbent Pads None available

Hazwoper Trained Staff: 1 Boats: 1 Backhoes: 1

Logistical Support: Capable of providing support (food, lodging) for 10 cleanup

crewmembers for up to 2 weeks.

Internet Access:Yes

<u>Local Protection Priorities for Spill Incidents</u>: (as of September 2000 survey)

Location Specific Resource to Protect/Reason

Small's Creek Fish entering to spawn in creek

Beach Banks Wild greens and subsistence nets, birds feeding on banks

Main Well (water) Main source of water for community

School Children

Airport Connection to outside world, mail, groceries arrival point

Economy:

Commercial fishing now contributes to the largely cash-based economy. The mine, school, stores and City provide employment. Platinum is a major supplier of gravel to area villages. Seven residents hold commercial fishing permits. The 1992 Community Development Quota (CDQ) program has increased the pollock groundfish quota for small communities like Platinum.

Subsistence activities are also an important part of the lifestyle. Salmon and seal are the staples of the diet. The community is interested in developing a marine repair facility and dry dock, a seafood processing plant, specialty seafoods venture, or herring roe aquaculture project.

Culture & Demographic

92.2% of the population are Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the community. Because the community was founded as a commercial center, and has always seen an influx of outsiders, local traditions have not been retained as much as in other villages. Platinum is one of the few Eskimo villages in the region in which the first language of the children is English. The economy is primarily cash-based. The sale or importation of alcohol is banned in the village.

9770.10.49 - Quinhagak

QUINHAGAK

Pronunciation/Other Names: (QUINN-uh-hawk; var. Kwinhagak)

Population: 675 (2011 DCCED certified estimate) **Incorporation Type:** 2nd Class City

Borough Located In: Unorganized **Regional Native Corporation:** Calista Corp.

Emergency Services:

VPO: 556-8314 **Tribal Police VPSO:** 556-8314

State Troopers: Bethel, 543-2294

Fire: Quinhagak EMS Quick Response Team, 556-8448 **Medical:** Quinhagak (Kwinhagak) Clinic (556-8320).

Organizations with Local Offices:

City - City of Quinhagak, P.O. Box 90, Quinhagak, AK 99655

Phone 907-556-8202, Fax 907-556-8166, e-mail: nvkkwn@aol.com

Village Corporation - Qanirtuuq, Incorporated, P.O. Box 69, Quinhagak, AK 99655

Phone 907-556-8712, Fax 907-556-8814

Village Council - Native Village of Kwinhagak, P.O. Box 149, Quinhagak, AK 99655

Phone 907-556-8165, Fax 907-556-8166, e-mail: nvkkwn@aol.com or: Kwinhagak@aitc.org

Location & Climate:

Quinhagak is on the Kanektok River on the east shore of Kuskokwim Bay, less than a mile from the Bering Sea coast. It lie 71 miles southwest of Bethel. It lies at approximately 59d 45m N Latitude, 161d 54m W Longitude (Sec. 17, T005S, R074W, Seward Meridian). Quinhagak is located in the Bethel Recording District. The area encompasses 5 sq. miles of land and 0 sq. miles of water. Quinhagak is located in a marine climate. Precipitation averages 22 inches, with 43 inches of snowfall annually. Summer temperatures average 41 to 57, winter temperatures average 6 to 24. Extremes have been measured from 82 to -34.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Boat, scheduled and charter air service from Bethel. Quinhagak relies heavily on air transportation for passenger mail and cargo service. Boats, ATVs, snow machines, and some vehicles are used for local transportation.

Airport Facilities: A State-owned 2,600' gravel airstrip is available. Plans are underway to relocate the airport. Float planes land on the Kenektok River.

Airline Service: No information.

Freight: Barges delivery heavy cargo at least twice a year.

Vessel Support: A harbor and dock were recently completed. Marine engine repair available.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications: In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc. Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom; United Utilities Internet Service Provider: School Only - GCI (www.gci.net) TV Stations: ARCS Radio Stations: KYUK-AM Cable Provider: Frontier Cable, Inc. Teleconferencing: Alaska

Teleconferencing Network

Electricity: Electricity is provided by AVEC.

Fuel: Marine gas, diesel, propane, and regular gasoline.

Fuel Storage – Tank Owners (number of tanks, total capacity): School (2 @ 100,500 gals.); City (3 @ 28,600); Village Council (2,600); AVEC (99,400); Qanirtuuq Store (1,030); Qanirtuuq (79,900); Moravian Church (2,700); Kusko Aviation (10,300); A&C Market (9,600); Army Nat'l Guard (8,020)

Housing: Lodging available on occasion at the high school and washeteria.

Services: Laundry and shower facilities available. Groceries and supplies available through local store. Air charter service available. No rental transportation.

Water & Sewage: All services are provided by the Native Village of Kwinhagak, under agreement with the City. Water is derived from a well near the Kenektok River. The water treatment plant, storage tank, and waterline were relocated in 1997, as part of a new flush/haul system for the community. 30 homes are now served by the new system, with water delivery and tank haul. An old BIA building has been renovated as a new washeteria and health clinic. The school and washeteria are connected directly to the water plant. 107 households still haul water and use honeybuckets, and funds are being sought to expand the flush/haul system. **Miscellaneous:** There is one school located in the community, attended by 148 students.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

City fire hall

School

Potential Staging Areas:

Airport –
National Guard Armory –
Other government facilities –

Local Spill Response Equipment:

Economy:

Most of the employment is with the school, government services or commercial fishing. Trapping, basket weaving, skin sewing and ivory carving also provide income. Subsistence remains an important part of the livelihood; seal and salmon are staples of the diet. 90 residents hold commercial fishing permits for herring roe and salmon net fisheries. The Incorporated Fishermen of Quinhagak has been organized to improve market conditions and stabilize prices. A fish processing facility was recently completed, owned by the village IRA council. The 1992 Community Development Quota (CDQ) program has increased the pollock groundfish quota for small communities like Quinhagak.

Culture & Demographic

93.8% of the population are Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the community. The community is primarily Yup'ik Eskimos who fish commercially and are active in subsistence food gathering. The sale, importation or possession of alcohol is banned in the village.

Alaska Inland ACP Western AK-122 Version 1
9770: Western Alaska Geographic Zone DRAFT, June 2018

9770.10.50 – Red Devil RED DEVIL

Population: 19 (2011 AK Dept of Labor estimate) Incorporation Type: Unincorporated

Borough Located In: Unorganized **Regional Native Corporation:** Calista Corp.

Emergency Services:

Police:

State Troopers: Aniak, 675-4398

Fire: Volunteer Fire Dept

Medical: Red Devil Clinic Clara Morgan Sub-Regional Clinic in Aniak

Organizations with Local Offices:

Community Non-Profit - Red Devil People & Community, Inc., Gen. Delivery, Red Devil, AK 99656

Phone 907-447-3213, Fax 907-447-3214

Electric Utility - Middle Kuskokwim Electric Cooperative, P.O. Box 40, Red Devil, AK 99656 Phone 907-447-3230, Fax 907-447-3231

Village Council - Red Devil Traditional Council, General Delivery, Red Devil, AK 99656 Phone 907-447-3236, Fax 907-447-3231, e-mail: RedDevil@aitc.org

Location & Climate:

Red Devil is located on both banks of the Kuskokwim River, at the mouth of Red Devil Creek. It lies 75 air miles northeast of Aniak, 161 miles northeast of Bethel, and 250 miles west of Anchorage. It lies at approximately 61d 45m N Latitude, 157d 18m W Longitude (Sec. 06, T019N, R044W, Seward Meridian). Red Devil is located in the Kuskokwim Recording District. The area encompasses 24 sq. miles of land and 2 sq. miles of water. The climate in Red Devil is continental with temperatures ranging between -58 and 90. Annual snowfall averages 85 inches, with total precipitation of 20 inches. High winds often cause flight delays in fall and winter. The Kuskokwim River is ice-free from mid-June through October.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Boat; scheduled and air charter service from Bethel. The Kuskokwim River serves as a major transportation link and supply route for bulk supplies and fuel oil during the summer. In the winter the frozen river is used by snowmachines for travel to neighboring villages. Local interests want a 9-mile road from Red Devil to Sleetmute constructed.

Airport Facilities: A 4,750' gravel airstrip provides year-round access. It is owned and operated by the State. Scheduled weekday service is available.

Airline Service: No information. **Freight:** Cargo plane and barge.

Vessel Support: Boats available for rent. No moorage facilities.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications: In-State Phone: Bush-Tell Inc. Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom Internet Service Provider: School Only - GCI (www.gci.net) TV Stations: ARCS Radio Stations:

No information **Cable Provider:** None **Teleconferencing:** No information **Electricity:** Electricity is provided by Middle Kuskokwim Electric Cooperative.

Fuel: Marine gas, diesel, and regular gasoline.

Alaska Inland ACP Western AK-123 Version 1
9770: Western Alaska Geographic Zone DRAFT, June 2018

Fuel Storage – Tank Owners (number of tanks, total capacity): School (18,100 gals.); Village Corp. (42,500); Red Devil Hardware (3,000); G&L Riverside Inn (12,000)

Housing: Accommodations and meals available.

Services: No banking services or laundromat. Groceries and supplies available at local store. Rental transportation includes boats, and charter aircraft through local air service.

Water & Sewage: Water is derived from individual wells or hauled from the school well. Some wells have a high iron content. Almost 40% of households are fully plumbed. Sewage is disposed of on an individual basis. The school and teacher's housing uses individual septic tanks and drain fields; others use pit privies. A new landfill site is needed. A feasibility study of alternative water, sewer and waste operations has been funded. The community needs a small watering point and washeteria.

Miscellaneous: There is one school located in the community, attended by 16 students.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

School

Potential Staging Areas:

Airport -

National Guard Armory –

Other government facilities –

Local Spill Response Equipment:

Economy:

Since the closure of the mercury mine in 1971, employment opportunities have been limited. Income is supplemented by subsistence activities, BLM fire fighting, or work in the commercial fishing industry. Salmon, bear, moose, caribou, rabbit, waterfowl and berries are harvested in season.

Culture & Demographic

50.9% of the population are Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the community. Unlike other villages in the area, Red Devil is a mixed population of Eskimos, Athabascans and non-Natives. Subsistence activities are prevalent. The sale of alcohol is prohibited, although importation or possession is allowed.

Alaska Inland ACP Western AK-124 Version 1
9770: Western Alaska Geographic Zone DRAFT, June 2018

9770.10.51 – Russian Mission RUSSIAN MISSION

Population: 303 (2011 DCCED certified estimate) **Incorporation Type:** 2nd Class City

Borough Located In: Unorganized **Regional Native Corporation:** Calista Corp.

Emergency Services:

Police: **584-5111** VPSO: 584-5626

State Troopers: St Mary's, (800) 240-2019

Fire: Volunteer Fire Dept

Medical: Russian Mission Clinic (584-5611). Auxiliary health care is provided by flight to Bethel

or Anchorage.

Organizations with Local Offices:

City - City of Russian Mission, P.O. Box 49, Russian Mission, AK 99657

Phone 907-584-5111, Fax 907-584-5476

Village Corporation - Russian Mission Native Corp., P.O. Box 48, Russian Mission, AK 99657

Phone 907-584-5885, Fax 907-584-5311

Village Council - Iqurmiut Tribe, P.O. Box 09, Russian Mission, AK 99657 Phone 907-584-5511, Fax 907-584-5593, e-mail: RussianMission@aitc.org

Location & Climate:

Russian Mission is located on the west bank of the Yukon River in the Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta, 25 miles southeast of Marshall. It lies 70 air miles northeast of Bethel and 376 miles west of Anchorage. It lies at approximately 61d 47m N Latitude, 161d 19m W Longitude (Sec. 31, T020N, R066W, Seward Meridian). Russian Mission is located in the Bethel Recording District. The area encompasses 5 sq. miles of land and 1 sq. miles of water. The climate exhibits a significant maritime influence. Temperatures range from -54 to 86. Annual precipitation is 16 inches, with snowfall of 60 inches. Heavy northern winds often limit air access in the fall and winter. The Lower Yukon is ice-free from mid-June through October.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Scheduled and charter air service from Bethel. Russian Mission's location on the Yukon River allows barge and small boat travel during the summer. Passengers, mail and light goods arrive primarily by air. Snow machines enable inter-village transportation in the winter on the frozen riverbed.

Airport Facilities: A 2,700' gravel airstrip and seaplane landing area are owned and operated by the State. Scheduled daily flights are available.

Airline Service: No information. **Freight:** Cargo plane and barge.

Vessel Support: Marine engine and boat repair service available. Moorage facilities available.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications: In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc. Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom; United Utilities Internet Service Provider: No information TV Stations: ARCS Radio Stations:

KICY-AM; KYUK-AM; KNOM-AM Cable Provider: None Teleconferencing: Alaska

Teleconferencing Network

Electricity: Electricity is provided by AVEC.

Alaska Inland ACP Western AK-125 Version 1
9770: Western Alaska Geographic Zone DRAFT, June 2018

Fuel: Diesel, propane, and regular gasoline.

Fuel Storage – Tank Owners (number of tanks, total capacity): AVEC (4 @ 58,830 gals.); LY Schools (5 @ 29,830); Native Corp. Store (4 @ 34,785); U.S. PHS (11,530); Alaska Native Industrial Coop Assoc. (9,775)

Housing: Accommodations possible at private homes, school (584-5615), and clinic (584-5529). **Services:** No banking services. Laundromat available. Groceries and limited supplies available at local store.

Water & Sewage: Water is derived from a deep well, is treated and distributed via buried pipes throughout the community. Most homes are also connected to the piped sewage system, including 25 new HUD homes. The City has requested funds to replace the plumbing and fixtures in 15 homes.

Miscellaneous: There is one school located in the community, attended by 106 students. Refuse is disposed of by individuals at the landfill; a new site is needed.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

Recreation center City public safety building School

Potential Staging Areas:

Airport – National Guard Armory – Other government facilities –

Local Spill Response Equipment:

Economy:

Employment opportunities in Russian Mission are limited to the school, local businesses and fishing. Ten residents hold commercial fishing permits. Seasonal employment includes BLM fire fighting and construction. Some income is earned from trapping, and subsistence activities are prevalent. Salmon, moose, black bear, porcupine, rabbit and waterfowl are utilized.

Culture & Demographic

94.7% of the population are Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the community. Russian Mission is an Eskimo village. Subsistence is the focus of the culture. The sale or importation of alcohol is banned in the village.

Alaska Inland ACP Western AK-126 Version 1
9770: Western Alaska Geographic Zone DRAFT, June 2018

9770.10.52 – Saint Mary's SAINT MARY'S

Population: 554 (2011 DCCED certified estimate) **Incorporation Type:** 1st Class City **Borough Located In:** Unorganized **Regional Native Corporation:** Calista Corp.

Emergency Services:

Police: 438-2911 **VPSO:** 438-2911

State Troopers: 438-2019 or (800) 240-2019

Fire: Volunteer Fire Dept

Medical: John Afcan Memorial Clinic (438-3500). Auxiliary health care is provided by flight to

Bethel or Anchorage.

Organizations with Local Offices:

City - City of Saint Mary's, P.O. Box 163, St. Mary's, AK 99658

Phone 907-438-2515, Fax 907-438-2719, e-mail: waltonksm@yahoo.com

Regional Development - Lower Yukon Economic Dev. Council, 825 Mulchatna Dr., Wasilla, AK

99654

Phone 907-745-2262, Fax 907-745-7984, e-mail: lyedc@mtaonline.net

School District - Saint Mary's School District, Box 9, Saint Mary's, AK 99658-0009

Phone 907-438-2411, Fax 907-438-2831, e-mail: greseth@yahoo.com

Village Corporation - Saint Mary's Native Corporation, P.O. Box 162, Saint Mary's, AK 99658

Phone 907-438-2315, Fax 907-438-2315

Village Council - Algaaciq Tribal Government, P.O. Box 48, St. Mary's, AK 99658

Phone 907-438-2932, Fax 907-438-2932, e-mail: algaaciq@aol.com

Location & Climate:

St. Mary's is located on the north bank of the Andreafsky River, 5 miles from its confluence with the Yukon River. It lies 450 air miles west-northwest of Anchorage. The City of St. Mary's encompasses the Yup'ik villages of St. Mary's and Andreafsky. It lies at approximately 62d 03m N Latitude, 163d 10m W Longitude (Sec. 26, T023N, R076W, Seward Meridian). Saint Mary's is located in the Bethel Recording District. The area encompasses 42 sq. miles of land and 6 sq. miles of water. The climate is continental with a significant maritime influence. Temperatures range between -44 and 83. Annual precipitation measures 16 inches, with 60 inches of snowfall. The Yukon is ice-free from June through October.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Boat service up and down Yukon; scheduled and charter air service from Anchorage and Bethel. St. Mary's is served by barge, large commercial vessels and aircraft.

Local roads link St. Mary's to Andreafsky, Pitka's Point, and Mountain Village.

Airport Facilities: The State-owned 6,000' gravel runway and 1,900' crosswind strip provide

year-round access.

Airline Service: Hagland Air Service; PenAir

Freight: Cargo plane and barge.

Vessel Support: . An expansion of the deep water dock is under construction.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications: In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc. Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom; United Utilities Internet Service Provider: School Only - GCI (www.gci.net) TV Stations: ARCS

Radio Stations: KICY-AM; KYUK-AM; KNOM-AM Cable Provider: Frontier Cable, Inc.

Teleconferencing: Alaska Teleconferencing Network

Electricity: Electricity is provided by AVEC. **Fuel:** Marine gas, propane, regular gasoline.

Fuel Storage – Tank Owners (number of tanks, total capacity): City (11 @ 275,050 gals.); Boreal Fisheries Inc. (3 @ 24,500); Hageland Aviation (3 @ 23,000); City School District (4 @ 46,500); Mark Air (4 @ 56,000 - out of business); ADOT (3 @ 60,430); Ryan Air (9,300); Omni Corp. (2,000); St. Mary's Fuel Co. (300,000); Native Corp. (2 @ 41,200); Army Nat'l Guard (10,000); Herman's Air (5,000); St. Mary's Mission (4 @ 173,500); AVEC (215,751); Delta Dev. Corp. (100,000)

Housing: Food and lodging available at Bays Bed and Breakfast (438-2048) and the Road House. **Services:** Meals available at several restaurants. Laundry facilities available. No banking services. Groceries and supplies available at local stores. Marine engine, boat, and aircraft repair available. Charter aircraft available.

Water & Sewage: Water is derived from Alstrom Creek reservoir and is treated. The majority of the City (120 homes and facilities) have complete plumbing and are connected to the piped water and sewer system. Approximately 15 residences haul water and use honeybuckets; the City provides hauling services. 20 new HUD houses were recently connected to the system. A new honeybucket disposal site is under construction. Funds have been requested to repair plumbing in 40 older homes, and to study replacement of the failing 30-year-old water and sewer mains. A washeteria is available nearby at Pitka's Point.

Miscellaneous: The landfill must be relocated. There is one school located in the community, attended by 129 students.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

School

Potential Staging Areas:

Airport -

National Guard Armory –

Other government facilities –

Local Spill Response Equipment:

Economy:

The economy in St. Mary's is subject to seasonal fluctuations. Employment peaks during the summer fishing season. 68 residents hold commercial fishing permits. Cold storage is available. Cash income is supplemented by subsistence activities and trapping. Salmon, moose, bear, and waterfowl are harvested.

Culture & Demographic

83% of the population are Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the community. St. Mary's is a Yup'ik Eskimo community that maintains a fishing and subsistence lifestyle. The sale of alcohol is prohibited in the City, although importation and possession are allowed.

9770.10.53 – Scammon Bay SCAMMON BAY

Population: 498 (2011 DCCED certified estimate) **Incorporation Type:** 2nd Class City

Borough Located In: Unorganized **Regional Native Corporation:** Calista Corp.

Emergency Services:

Police: 558-5529 **VPSO:** 558-5529

State Troopers: Bethel, 543-2294

Fire: Volunteer Fire Dept

Medical: Scammon Bay Clinic (558-5511). Auxiliary health care is provided by flight to Bethel or

Anchorage.

Organizations with Local Offices:

City - City of Scammon Bay, P.O. Box 90, Scammon Bay, AK 99662 Phone 907-558-5529, Fax 907-558-5626, e-mail: <u>aulak@aol.com</u>

Village Corporation - Askinuk Corporation, P.O. Box 89, Scammon Bay, AK 99662

Phone 907-558-5628, Fax 907-558-5963

Village Council - Scammon Bay Traditional Council, P.O. Box 126, Scammon Bay, AK 99662

Phone 907-558-5425, Fax 907-558-5134, e-mail: ScammonBay@smtp.ak.bia.gov

Location & Climate:

Scammon Bay is on the south bank of the Kun River, one mile from the Bering Sea. It lies to the north of the 2,300-foot Askinuk Mountains on the Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta. It lies at approximately 61d 50m N Latitude, 165d 35m W Longitude (Sec. 10, T020N, R090W, Seward Meridian). Scammon Bay is located in the Bethel Recording District. The area encompasses 1 sq. miles of land and 0 sq. miles of water. The area's climate is maritime. Temperatures range between -25 and 79. Annual precipitation is 14 inches, with 65 inches of snowfall. Severe easterly winds during the fall and winter limit accessibility. The Bering Sea is ice-free from mid-June through October.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Scammon Bay is accessible by air and water. Scheduled and charter air service from Bethel. Winter trails connect Scammon Bay with Hooper Bay. Snowmachines and skiffs are the primary means of local transportation.

Airport Facilities: A State-owned 3,000' gravel airstrip and City-owned seaplane base on the

Kun River serve air traffic.

Airline Service: ERA; Yute Air; Hageland Aviation; Grant Air

Freight: Cargo plane and barge. Barges bring in bulk supplies each summer. **Vessel Support:** Marine engine repair available. No moorage facilities.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications: In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc. Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom; United Utilities Internet Service Provider: No information TV Stations: ARCS Radio Stations: KICY-AM; KCUK-FM Cable Provider: City of Scammon Bay Teleconferencing: Alaska Teleconferencing Network

Electricity: Electricity is provided by AVEC. AVEC and the City are interested in developing a small hydroelectric plant.

Alaska Inland ACP Western AK-129 Version 1
9770: Western Alaska Geographic Zone DRAFT, June 2018

Fuel: Marine gas, diesel, propane, and regular gasoline.

Fuel Storage – Tank Owners (number of tanks, total capacity): School (60,100 gals.); City (10,800); Army Nat'l Guard (3,000); AVEC (81,200); Village Corp. (132,800); Catholic Church (1,000)

Housing: Accommodations possible through local school (558-5312).

Services: No restaurant, laundromat, or banking services. Groceries and supplies available at local store. Arrangements may be made to rent autos.

Water & Sewage: Water is derived from an infiltration gallery located on a small stream south of the City, is treated and stored in a 100,000-gal. tank. Nearly all homes and the school are connected to the piped water and sewer system and are plumbed. Only a few residents use honeybuckets, typically due to frozen pipe damage. There is no washeteria.

Miscellaneous: A new landfill and access road were recently completed, but funds are needed for equipment. There is one school located in the community, attended by 164 students.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

School

Potential Staging Areas:

Airport -

National Guard Armory -

Other government facilities -

Local Spill Response Equipment:

Economy:

Employment is focused on commercial fishing. Fire fighting for BLM, construction projects and handicrafts also provide seasonal income. 49 residents hold commercial fishing permits. The 1992 Community Development Quota (CDQ) program has increased the pollock groundfish quota for small communities like Scammon Bay. Subsistence activities provide fish, beluga whale, walrus, seal, birds and berries.

Culture & Demographic

96.5% of the population are Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the community. Scammon Bay is a Yup'ik Eskimo community that relies on fishing and subsistence activities. Most residents travel to the Black River each summer for fish camp, 50 miles to the north. The sale, importation or possession of alcohol is banned in the village.

Alaska Inland ACP Western AK-130 Version 1
9770: Western Alaska Geographic Zone DRAFT, June 2018

9770.10.54 - Shageluk

SHAGELUK

Pronunciation/Other Names: (SHAG-uh-look)

Population: 83 (2011 DCCED certified estimate) **Incorporation Type:** 2nd Class City **Borough Located In:** Unorganized **Regional Native Corporation:** Doyon, Limited

Emergency Services:

Police:

State Troopers: Aniak, 675-4398

Fire: Volunteer Fire Dept

Medical: Shageluk Clinic (473-8231).

Organizations with Local Offices:

City - City of Shageluk, P.O. Box 107, Shageluk, AK 99665

Phone 907-473-8221, Fax 907-473-8220

Village Corporation - Zho-Tse, Incorporated, P.O. Box 108, Shageluk, AK 99665

Phone 907-473-8229

Village Council - Shageluk Native Village, P.O. Box 35, Shageluk, AK 99665 Phone 907-473-8239, Fax 907-473-8239, e-mail: Shageluk@smtp.ak.bia.gov

Location & Climate:

Shageluk is located on the east bank of the Innoko River, approximately 20 miles east of Anvik and 34 miles northeast of Holy Cross. The Innoko drains into the Yukon River. It lies at approximately 62d 41m N Latitude, 159d 34m W Longitude (Sec. 22, T030N, R055W, Seward Meridian). Shageluk is located in the Mt. McKinley Recording District. The area encompasses 10 sq. miles of land and 1 sq. miles of water. Shageluk has a cold, continental climate. Summer temperatures average from 42 to 80, winters can range from -62 to 0. Annual precipitation is 67 inches, with average snowfall of 110 inches. The Innoko River is generally ice-free from June through October.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Access to Shageluk is by air or water. Scheduled and charter air service from Bethel, Aniak, Grayling, Anvik, and McGrath. Locals use ATVs, snowmobiles and dog sleds. Every other year it is a check point for the Iditarod dog sled race.

Airport Facilities: A State-owned 2,300' gravel airstrip and a seaplane base are available. Major airport improvements are underway.

Airline Service: Yute Air; Hageland Aviation; Alaska Transportation Services; Tanana Air; Arctic Circle Air

Freight: Mail plane or by barge (several times a year).

Vessel Support: No information available.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications: In-State Phone: Bush-Tell Inc. Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom Internet Service Provider: School Only - GCI (www.gci.net) TV Stations: ARCS Radio Stations:

KICY-AM; KNOM-AM Cable Provider: City of Shageluk Teleconferencing: Alaska

Teleconferencing Network

Electricity: Electricity is provided by AVEC.

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Fuel: Gasoline and propane.

Fuel Storage – Tank Owners (number of tanks, total capacity): AVEC (6 @ 54,990 gals.); Innoka River School (12 @ 44,360); City (29,610); Zho-Tse, Inc. (12,085)

Housing: Accommodations available at local school (473-8233).

Services: Washeteria with showers available. Groceries and supplies available at local store. Other information on visitor facilities not available.

Water & Sewage: Residents haul treated well water and dispose of honeybuckets in pit privies or bunkers. Residents are dependent upon the washeteria for bathing and laundry. New HUD houses, constructed in 1991, use pit privies. The City provides water to the school and the washeteria. A sanitation Master Plan has been completed, and funds are needed to proceed with the design and engineering of a community system.

Miscellaneous: There is one school located in the community, attended by 48 students.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

City community building

Teen center

School

Potential Staging Areas:

Airport -

National Guard Armory -

Other government facilities -

Local Spill Response Equipment:

Economy:

Employment is limited primarily to the city, federal agencies and the school. Residents rely upon subsistence activities; several trap and garden. Salmon, moose, bear, small game and waterfowl provide food sources. Summer construction projects provide seasonal employment. A village store and lodging are under construction.

Culture & Demographic

95% of the population are Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the community. Shageluk is an Ingalik Indian community that relies on subsistence activities. The sale or importation of alcohol is banned in the village.

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9770: Western Alaska Geographic Zone DRAFT, June 2018

9770.10.55 - Nunam Iqua (Sheldon Point)

<u>NUNAM IQUA (formerly Sheldon Point)</u> - <u>Pronunciation/Other Names:</u> (NOO-nam ICK-wa; formerly Sheldon Point)

Population: 190 (2011 DCCED certified estimate) **Incorporation Type:** 2nd Class City

Borough Located In: Unorganized **Regional Native Corporation:** Calista Corp.

Emergency Services: City VPO: 498-4911 State Troopers:

Fire: Volunteer Fire Dept

Medical: Nunam Iqua Clinic (498-4228). Auxiliary health care is provided by flight to Bethel or

Anchorage.

Organizations with Local Offices:

City - City of Nunam Iqua, P.O. Box 26, Sheldon Point, AK 99666

Phone 907-498-4226, Fax 907-498-4250

Village Corporation - Swan Lake Corporation, P.O. Box 25, Sheldon Point, AK 99666

Phone 907-498-4227, Fax 907-498-4242

Village Council - Native Village of Nunam Iqua, P.O. Box 27, Sheldon Point, AK 99666

Phone 907-498-4184, Fax 907-498-4185, e-mail: SheldonPoint@aitc.org

Location & Climate:

Nunam Iqua is on a south fork of the Yukon River, about 9 miles south of Alakanuk and 18 miles southwest of Emmonak on the Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta. It lies 500 miles northwest of Anchorage. It lies at approximately 62d 32m N Latitude, 164d 52m W Longitude (Sec. 10, T028N, R084W, Seward Meridian). Nunam Iqua is located in the Bethel Recording District. The area encompasses 13 sq. miles of land and 5 sq. miles of water. The climate is maritime, averaging 60 inches of snowfall with a total of 18 inches of precipitation per year. Temperatures range from - 25 to 78. Heavy winds in the fall and winter often limit accessibility. The Bering Sea is ice-free from mid-June through October.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Boat; scheduled or charter service from Emmonak. Nunam Iqua has easy access by boat and barge. In the winter snowmachines serve as the primary mode of inter-village transportation.

Airport Facilities: It has a State-owned, City-operated 2,060' gravel airstrip. Float plane landing sites are available at Kwemeluk Pass and Swan Lake.

Airline Service: Grant Aviation; Hageland

Freight: Cargo plane, barge, small boat, and snow machine.

Vessel Support: No moorage facilities.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications: In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc. Long-Distance Phone: United Utilities Internet Service Provider: Unicom/United Utilities, Inc. (www.unicom-alaska.net) TV Stations:

No information Radio Stations: KICY-AM; KNOM-AM Cable Provider: Swan Lake Corp.

Teleconferencing: Alaska Teleconferencing Network

Electricity: Electricity is provided by Sheldon Point Electric Co...

Fuel: Regular gasoline and fuel oil.

Fuel Storage – Tank Owners (number of tanks, total capacity): LY Schools (67,240 gals.); Swan

Lake Corp. (95,423); ADOT (3,000)

Housing: Accommodations possible at private homes or school (498-4112).

Services: No banking services. Groceries and supplies available at local store. No repair services.

Water & Sewage: Residents haul treated well water from a new storage tank. Honeybucket hauling services are provided by the City. The washeteria was destroyed by fire in August 1997, and funds have been provided to rebuild the water supply and treatment. A few homes are connected to a community septic tank and have plumbing. A comprehensive Master Plan for a piped system has been completed. Funds have been requested to complete phase 1, a new water treatment plant, vacuum sewer plant and a new washeteria.

Miscellaneous: The existing refuse site is temporary; a new landfill is needed. There is one school located in the community, attended by 61 students.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

Community hall (under construction)
City public safety building
School

Potential Staging Areas:

Airport –
National Guard Armory –
Other government facilities –

Local Spill Response Equipment:

Economy:

Commercial fishing is the economic foundation of the community. 27 residents hold commercial fishing permits. There are a few year-round positions with government organizations and the private sector. Subsistence activities and trapping supplement income. Salmon, beluga whale, seal, moose, and waterfowl are harvested.

Culture & Demographic

92.7% of the population are Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the community. Commercial fishing and subsistence activities are the means of support in this Yup'ik Eskimo village. The sale or importation of alcohol is banned in the village.

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9770: Western Alaska Geographic Zone DRAFT, June 2018

9770.10.56 - Sleetmute

SLEETMUTE - Pronunciation/Other Names: (SLEET-myoot)

Incorporation Type: Unincorporated **Population:** 93 (2011 AK Dept of Labor estimate)

Borough Located In: Unorganized **Regional Native Corporation:** Calista Corp.

Emergency Services: VPSO: 449-4205

State Troopers: Aniak, 675-4398

Fire: Volunteer Fire Dept

Medical: Sleetmute Clinic (449-9901).

Organizations with Local Offices:

Village Council - Sleetmute Traditional Council, P.O. Box 34, Sleetmute, AK 99668

Phone 907-449-4205, Fax 907-449-4203, e-mail: Sleetmute@aitc.org

Location & Climate:

Sleetmute is located on the east bank of the Kuskokwim River, 1.5 miles north of its junction with the Holitna River. It lies 79 miles east of Aniak, 166 miles northeast of Bethel, and 243 miles west of Anchorage. It lies at approximately 61d 42m N Latitude, 157d 10m W Longitude (Sec. 25, T019N, R044W, Seward Meridian). Sleetmute is located in the Kuskokwim Recording District. The area encompasses 28 sq. miles of land and 2 sq. miles of water. The climate in Sleetmute is continental with temperatures ranging from -58 to 90. Snowfall averages 85 inches, with total precipitation of 22 inches per year. High winds often cause flight delays in the fall and winter. The Kuskokwim is ice-free from mid-June through October.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Boat; scheduled or charter air service from Bethel or Aniak. The Kuskokwim River provides barges and boats transportation in the summer, and snowmachines are used on the frozen river in the winter.

Airport Facilities: The 3,100' gravel airstrip is owned and maintained by the State. Scheduled weekday service is provided.

Airline Service: No information. Freight: Cargo plane and barge.

Vessel Support: No moorage facilities.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications: In-State Phone: Bush-Tell Inc. Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom Internet Service Provider: School Only - GCI (www.gci.net) TV Stations: ARCS Radio Stations:

No information Cable Provider: None Teleconferencing: No information **Electricity:** Electricity is provided by Middle Kuskokwim Electric Cooperative.

Fuel: Marine gas, diesel, and propane.

Fuel Storage - Tank Owners (number of tanks, total capacity): School (30,000 gals.); Middle

Kuskokwim Electric Co-op (17,000); Village Council (25,500) **Housing:** Accommodations possible at city offices (449-9901).

Services: Groceries and supplies available at local store. Laundry facilities and public showers available. No repair services, rental transportation, or moorage facilities. No banking services. **Water & Sewage:** A central well with treated water and several individual wells are used in the community. Water is pumped by hand to fill gravity storage tanks at each house. The washeteria has its own untreated water source. Privies, honeybuckets and seepage pits are used. Nine homes and the school use individual systems and are completely plumbed. A Master Plan has been completed to design alternative water, sewer and refuse systems.

Miscellaneous: There is a landfill site southeast of the airstrip. There is one school located in the community, attended by 24 students.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

School

Potential Staging Areas:

Airport – National Guard Armory – Other government facilities –

Local Spill Response Equipment:

Economy:

Most cash income in Sleetmute is derived seasonally from BLM fire fighting, trapping, or from cannery work in other communities. The school is the primary employer. One resident holds a commercial fishing permit. 60% of the village's food is derived from subsistence fishing, hunting and gathering. Many residents travel to fish camps during the summer. Salmon, moose, bear, porcupine, rabbit, waterfowl and berries are harvested in season.

Culture & Demographic

86.8% of the population are Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the community. Sleetmute is an Ingalik Indian village, and subsistence activities contribute substantially to local diets.

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9770: Western Alaska Geographic Zone DRAFT, June 2018

9770.10.57 – Stony River STONY RIVER

Population: 46 (2011 AK Dept of Labor estimate) Incorporation Type: Unincorporated

Borough Located In: Unorganized **Regional Native Corporation:** Calista Corp.

Emergency Services:

Police:

State Troopers: Aniak, 675-4398

Fire: 745-2738 (Volunteer Fire Dept)

Medical: Stony River Clinic (537-3228).

Organizations with Local Offices:

Village Council - Village of Stony River, P.O. Box SRV, Stony River, AK 99557 Phone 907-537-3209, Fax 907-537-3210, e-mail: StonyRiver@aitc.org

Location & Climate:

Stony River is located on the north bank of the Kuskokwim River, 2 miles north of its junction with the Stony River. The village is 100 miles east of Aniak, 185 miles northeast of Bethel, and 225 miles west of Anchorage. It lies at approximately 61d 47m N Latitude, 156d 35m W Longitude (Sec. 31, T020N, R040W, Seward Meridian). Stony River is located in the Kuskokwim Recording District. The area encompasses 17 sq. miles of land and 3 sq. miles of water. The climate is continental with temperatures ranging from -58 to 90. Snowfall averages 85 inches, with total precipitation of 22 inches per year. High winds often cause flight delays in the fall and winter. The Kuskokwim is ice-free from mid-June through October.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Boat; snow machine; scheduled and charter air service from Aniak. Stony River's location near the confluence of the Kuskokwim and Stony Rivers affords it easy accessibility by riverboat in summer and snowmachine in winter.

Airport Facilities: The 2,555' gravel airstrip is State-owned and -operated. Scheduled weekday air services deliver mail and other cargo.

Airline Service: No information.

Freight: Chartered plane or barge. Barges deliver cargo and bulk fuel. **Vessel Support:** No moorage facilities. No marine engine repair service.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications: In-State Phone: Bush-Tell Inc. Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom Internet Service Provider: School Only - GCI (www.gci.net) TV Stations: ARCS Radio Stations:

KSKO-AM **Cable Provider:** None **Teleconferencing:** Alaska Teleconferencing Network **Electricity:** Electricity is provided by Middle Kuskokwim Electric Cooperative. The Middle Kuskokwim Electric Co-op provides power from Chuathbaluk to Stony River.

Fuel: Marine gas and regular gasoline.

Fuel Storage – Tank Owners (number of tanks, total capacity): Village Council (22,550 gals.);

School (26,250); Middle Kusko Electric Coop (23,960)

Housing: Accommodations possible in private homes or in IRA Council building.

Services: No restaurant, banking services, or laundry facilities. Groceries and supplies available. Most supplies acquired from Sleetmute, Red Devil, Aniak, or Anchorage. No rental transportation or moorage facilities.

Water & Sewage: Water is derived from individual wells; the school, washeteria and clinic each have a well. Septic tanks and some outhouses are used for sewage disposal. Most residents are reliant on the washeteria for laundry and bathing. Feasibility and engineering of a piped water system has been completed; the system will also include individual septic tanks for all homes. **Miscellaneous:** There is one school located in the community, attended by 20 students. The school uses a septic tank/drainfield system. There is a landfill a half mile from the school.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

School

Potential Staging Areas:

Airport –
National Guard Armory –
Other government facilities –

Local Spill Response Equipment:

Economy:

There are few income opportunities in Stony River; the school is the only year-round employer. BLM fire fighting can provide seasonal income. Subsistence provides 60% of the village's food sources. Salmon, moose, caribou, bear, porcupine, waterfowl and berries are harvested.

Culture & Demographic

88.2% of the population are Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the community. The village is a mixed population of Indians and Eskimos. Residents depend heavily on subsistence foods.

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9770: Western Alaska Geographic Zone DRAFT, June 2018

9770.10.58 - Takotna

TAKOTNA

Pronunciation/Other Names: (tuh-KOTT-nuh)

Population: 49 (2011 AK Dept of Labor estimate) Incorporation Type: Unincorporated

Borough Located In: Unorganized Regional Native Corporation: Doyon, Limited

Emergency Services:

Police:

State Troopers: Bethel, 543-2294

Fire: Takotna EMS (Clinic 298-2214/2114)

Medical: Takotna Clinic (298-2214). Auxiliary health care is provided by Takotna Rescue Squad

(298-2114).

Organizations with Local Offices:

Community Non-Profit - Takotna Community Assoc., Inc., P.O. Box 86, Takotna, AK 99675

Phone 907-298-2211, Fax 907-298-2325

Village Council - Takotna Village, P.O. Box TYC, Takotna, AK 99675 Phone 907-298-2212, Fax 907-298-2314, e-mail: <u>Takotna@aitc.org</u>

Location & Climate:

Takotna is located in Interior Alaska on the north bank of the Takotna River in a broad scenic river valley, 17 air miles west of McGrath in the Kilbuck-Kuskokwim Mountains. It lies at approximately 62d 59m N Latitude, 156d 04m W Longitude (Sec. 35, T034N, R036W, Seward Meridian). Takotna is located in the Manley Hot Springs Recording District. The area encompasses 15 sq. miles of land and 0 sq. miles of water. Takotna has a cold, continental climate. Summer temperatures average 42 to 80, winter temperatures range from -42 to 0. The Takotna River is generally ice-free from June through October.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Scheduled passenger and mail plane from McGrath; charter plane, river travel (June through September). Access to Takotna is by air or water. The community has 80 miles of local roads that connect with Tatalina Air Force Station, Sterling Landing and existing mines. It is a check point for the Iditarod sled dog race.

Airport Facilities: There is a State-owned 1,717 gravel airstrip, and a 3,800' gravel runway at Tatalina Air Force Station 10 miles southeast of town.

Airline Service: No information.

Freight: Cargo plane or barge. Cargo is offloaded at Sterling Landing, 24 miles southeast of

Takotna.

Vessel Support: No information available.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications: In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc. Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom; United Utilities Internet Service Provider: School Only - GCI (www.gci.net) TV Stations: ARCS Radio Stations: KSKO-AM Cable Provider: None Teleconferencing: Alaska Teleconferencing Network

Electricity: Electricity is provided by Takotna Community Assoc., Inc.

Fuel: Marine gas and diesel.

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Fuel Storage – Tank Owners (number of tanks, total capacity): No information.

Housing: No formal lodges, but community has beds for rent.

Services: Limited groceries and supplies available at local store. Laundromat with showers available. Meals, banking service, rental transportation and major repair service are not available.

Water & Sewage: Water from Gold Creek is treated and hauled by residents from the washeteria. Water is also hauled from the Takotna Waterworks. Approximately 20% of homes have storage tanks with running water for the kitchen. Community buildings use individual wells. Honeybuckets and individual septic tanks are used for sewage disposal. A feasibility study for water, sewer and refuse system improvements is underway. Funds have been requested to upgrade the washeteria and to relocate the landfill

Miscellaneous: There are 2 schools located in the community, attended by 24 students. The high school has no running water or restrooms.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

Community hall

Schools

Potential Staging Areas:

Airport -

National Guard Armory -

Other government facilities -

Local Spill Response Equipment:

Economy:

Takotna has a combined cash and subsistence economy. Employment is through the school district, post office, clinic, local businesses and seasonal construction. A lodge is currently under construction. 80% of residents are involved in subsistence activities. Moose and salmon are the primary meat sources. Many residents garden during the summer.

Culture & Demographic

44.7% of the population are Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the community. Takotna is a mixed population of Non-Natives, Ingalik Indians and Eskimos. Subsistence is a prevalent activity. The sale of alcohol is prohibited in the village.

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9770.10.59 - Telida

TELIDA

Pronunciation/Other Names: (tuh-LYE-duh)

Population: None listed on DCCED website **Incorporation Type:** Unincorporated **Borough Located In:** Unorganized **Regional Native Corporation:** Doyon, Limited

Emergency Services:

Police:

State Troopers: McGrath, 542-3052

Fire: Volunteer Fire Dept
Medical: L Telida Health Clinic

Organizations with Local Offices:

Village Council - Telida Village, P.O. Box TLF, Telida, AK 99627-8998

Phone 907-843-8115, e-mail: Telida@aitc.org

Location & Climate:

Telida is located on the south side of the Swift Fork (McKinley Fork) of the Kuskokwim River, about 50 miles northeast of Medfra. It lies at approximately 63d 23m N Latitude, 153d 16m W Longitude. The area experiences a cold, continental climate. Summer temperatures average 42 to 80, winters can range from -60 to 0. The Kuskokwim is generally ice-free from June through October.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Scheduled mail plane; charter plane; small riverboat. Access to Telida is primarily by air. There is no road connection, but a winter trail connects the village with Nikolai.

Snowmobiles, motor bikes and ATVs are used.

Airport Facilities: A locally-maintained 2,270' turf/dirt airstrip is available.

Airline Service: No information. **Freight:** Freight comes in by plane.

Vessel Support: Small boats can reach Telida, but snags and sticks downriver prevent large boat

access.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications: In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc. Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom; United Utilities Internet Service Provider: TV Stations: ARCS Radio Stations: KSKO-AM Cable

Provider: None **Teleconferencing:** Alaska Teleconferencing Network

Electricity: Electricity is provided by Telida Village Utility.

Fuel: Gasoline is available.

Fuel Storage – Tank Owners (number of tanks, total capacity): No information.

Housing: Rental cabin available (843-8115).

Services: No meals, restaurants, or stores. Supplies obtained from McGrath and Anchorage.

No other visitor services.

Water & Sewage: Water is hauled from the school watering point or the River. Outhouses are used for sewage disposal. No homes are plumbed. Traditional steam baths are available.

Miscellaneous: There are no state operated schools located in the community.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

None identified

Potential Staging Areas:

Airport -

National Guard Armory -

Other government facilities -

Local Spill Response Equipment:

Economy:

Telida is heavily dependent on subsistence activities. Employment is primarily in seasonal summer jobs. Trapping, handicrafts and gardening also sustain residents.

Culture & Demographic

90.9% of the population are Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the community. Telida is an Upper Kuskokwim Athabascan village. Subsistence is an important activity.

9770.10.60 - Toksook Bay

TOKSOOK BAY

Pronunciation/Other Names: (TOOK-sook or TUCK-sook; aka Nunakauyak)

Population: 598 (2011 DCCED certified estimate) **Incorporation Type:** 2nd Class City **Borough Located In:** Unorganized **Regional Native Corporation:** Calista Corp.

Emergency Services:

Police/VPSO: 427-7313

State Troopers: 543-2994 (Bethel)

Fire: Volunteer Fire Department, 427-7313

Medical: Toksook Bay Health Clinic, 427-7712/7810

Organizations with Local Offices:

City - City of Toksook Bay, P.O. Box 37008, Toksook Bay, AK 99637 Phone 427-7511, Fax 427-7811, Email: cityofookclerk@yahoo.com

Village Corporation - Nunakauiak Yupik Corp., P.O. Box 37068, Toksook Bay, AK 99637

Phone 427-7929, Fax 427-7326

Village Council - Nunakauyarmiut Tribe, P.O. Box 37048, Toksook Bay, AK 99637 Phone 427-7114/7615, Fax 427-7714, Email: nunakauyaktc@hotmail.com

Location & Climate:

Toksook Bay is one of three villages located on Nelson Island, which lies 115 miles northwest of Bethel. It is on Kangirlvar Bay across the water from Nunivak Island. Tununak is about 6 miles to the northwest. It lies at approximately 60d 31m N Latitude, 165d 06m W Longitude (Sec. 17, T005N, R090W, Seward Meridian). Toksook Bay is located in the Bethel Recording District. The area encompasses 32 sq. miles of land and 41 sq. miles of water. Toksook is located in a marine climate. Precipitation averages 22 inches, with 43 inches of snowfall annually. Summer temperatures range from 41 to 57, winter temperatures run 6 to 24.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Scheduled air and charter service from Bethel. Fishing boats, skiffs, snow machines and ATVs are used by residents for local travel.

Airport Facilities: A State-owned 3,218' gravel airstrip provides scheduled and chartered service

year-round. Airline Service: ERA Alaska, Grant Aviation, Ryan Air Service, Yute Air.

Freight: Freight arrives by plane and barge. Barges deliver goods during the summer months.

Vessel Support: There are no docking facilities, but boat haul-out services are available.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications: In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc. Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom; United Utilities Internet Service Provider: United Utilities Inc. TV Stations: ARCS Radio

Stations: KICY-AM; KYUK-AM; KNOM-AM Cable Provider: Frontier Cable, Inc.

Teleconferencing: Alaska Teleconferencing Network

Electricity: Electricity is provided by AVEC.

Fuel: No information available.

Fuel Storage - Tank Owners (total capacity): Lower Kuskokwim Schools (34,460 gals.); AVEC

(147,475); City (26,000); Nunakauiak Yupik Corp. (120,020); Army Nat'l Guard (5,000)

Housing: Accommodations can be arranged at the school (427-7815), or Nunakauiak Yupik Corp. (427-7928/7929).

Services: No restaurant, but a snack bar is available. Groceries and supplies available at local store.

Water & Sewage: Water is derived from a well and infiltration gallery, is treated and stored in a 212,000-gal. tank, then piped throughout the community. A gravity piped sewer system also serves most households. Most occupied homes have complete plumbing. However, several homes have failed plumbing and haul water and honeybuckets. The City collects refuse and maintains the landfill. The traditional council operates the washeteria.

Miscellaneous: There is one school located in the community, attended by 172 students.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

Multi-purpose facility City public safety facility School

Potential Staging Areas:

Airport -

National Guard Armory – Other government facilities –

Local Spill Response Equipment: A DEC spill response container is located in this community. Contact the Mayor, 427-7511

	Sorbent "sausage" or "pom-pom" boom	10 bales (5" X 10', 4 lengths per
bale)		
	Pom-pom (oil snare without rope)	10 bales
	Overpack Drum, Steel 55-gal	1
	Jabsco Rotary Vane Pump	1
	40' X 40' 20 mil Plastic Liner	2
	Drum Liner, 8 mil, 85-gal, 50 bags per roll	2 rolls
	Sorbent Materials Hand Wringer	1
	MW41 Rope Mop Skimmer	1
w/ return pulley (w/ 55-gal open top drum)		
	4" oil-absorbing endless loop poly-mop	100 feet
	1,800 gallon portable storage tank system	1
	500-watt halogen light single head, light stand	2
	Smart Ash Incinerator w/ 55-gal open top drum	1
	5,000-watt portable generator	1
	Ice auger w/8" steel auger bit & 18" extension,	1
2hp, gas mix		
	Portable water cleaning system	1
w/ absorbent material		
	85-gal response drums loaded with	3
sorbents, bags, PPE		
	Sorbent pads	65 bales (100 pads/bale)

Economy:

Commercial fishing and the school, city, and tribal council are the primary income producers. Subsistence activities supplement income and provide essential food sources. In 2010, 77 residents held commercial fishing permits for herring roe and salmon net fisheries. Coastal Villages Seafood, Inc., processes halibut and salmon in Toksook.

Culture & Demographic

Toksook Bay is a traditional Yup'ik Eskimo community with a reliance on fishing and subsistence activities. The sale and importation of alcohol is banned in the village. The area has been inhabited and utilized by Yup'iks for thousands of years. Toksook Bay was established in 1964 along the Tuqsuk River by residents of Nightmute. Cyril Chanar, Tom Sunny, and Nasgauq Tangkaq were the earliest inhabitants. Toksook Bay was settled to be more accessible to the annual freighter ship, the North Star. The city was incorporated in 1972.

9770.10.61 - Tuluksak

TULUKSAK

Pronunciation/Other Names: (too-LOOK-sack)

Population: 373 (2011 AK Dept of Labor estimate) **Incorporation Type:** Unincorporated

Borough Located In: Unorganized **Regional Native Corporation:** Calista Corp.

Emergency Services:

Police:

State Troopers: Bethel, 543-2294

Fire: Volunteers

Medical: Tuluksak Clinic (695-6991).

Organizations with Local Offices:

Village Corporation - Tulkisarmute, Incorporated, General Delivery, Tuluksak, AK 99679

Phone 907-693-6420, Fax 907-693-6932

Village Council - Tuluksak Native Community, P.O. Box 95, Tuluksak, AK 99679

Phone 907-695-6420, Fax 907-695-6932, e-mail: Tuluksak@smtp.ak.bia.gov

Location & Climate:

Tuluksak lies on the south bank of the Tuluksak River at its junction with the Kuskokwim River. The village is 35 miles northeast of Bethel. It lies at approximately 61d 06m N Latitude, 160d 58m W Longitude (Sec. 27, T012N, R066W, Seward Meridian). Tuluksak is located in the Bethel Recording District. The area encompasses 3 sq. miles of land and 1 sq. miles of water. Precipitation averages 16 inches in this area, with snowfall of 50 inches. Summer temperatures range from 62 to 42; winter temperatures can be 19 to -2.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Scheduled and charter air service from Bethel. It can be accessed by a State-owned 2,500' gravel airstrip year-round. Residents use fishing boats, skiffs, snow machines and ATVs for local transportation.

Airport Facilities: State-owned 2,500' gravel airstrip open year-round.

Airline Service: No information. **Freight:** Mail plane and barge.

Vessel Support: There are no docking facilities, although cargo barges deliver during the

summer.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications: In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc. Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom; United Utilities Internet Service Provider: School Only - GCI (www.gci.net) TV Stations: ARCS; KYUK Radio Stations: KYUK-AM; KYKD-FM Cable Provider: None Teleconferencing: Alaska Teleconferencing Network

Electricity: Electricity is provided by Tuluksak Traditional Power Utility.

Fuel: No information available.

Fuel Storage – Tank Owners (number of tanks, total capacity): Village Council (2 @ 38,500

gals.); School (10 @ 80,000); Elementary School (8 @ 50,000); Village Corp. (50,000)

Housing: Accommodations may be arranged with the city (695-6212).

Services: Washeteria available. Supplies available at local stores.

Water & Sewage: Treated well water is hauled by residents. Only one watering point, with storage capacity of less than 7,000 gallons, serves the entire community, washeteria, clinic and school. The washeteria was rehabilitated in 1996, but water shortages are limiting its use. Residents haul honeybuckets -- Tuluksak has 75 active honeybucket disposal pits. A feasibility study has been completed to implement a piped water and sewer system. A larger water storage tank, water system improvements and a honeybucket haul system are the village's priorities.

Miscellaneous: There is one school located in the community, attended by 137 students.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

School

Potential Staging Areas:

Airport –
National Guard Armory –
Other government facilities –

Local Spill Response Equipment:

Economy:

The primary employers are the school, village government, and services. Some commercial fishing also occurs; 31 residents hold commercial fishing permits for herring roe and salmon net fisheries. Subsistence activities provide most food sources. A village store was recently completed.

Culture & Demographic

95.5% of the population are Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the community. Tuluksak is a traditional Eskimo village with a fishing and subsistence livelihood. The community has abandoned its city government in favor of more village governmental control, and in 1994 the city was conditionally dissolved by the Local Boundary Commission. The sale, importation or possession of alcohol is banned in the village.

9770.10.62 - Tuntutuliak

TUNTUTULIAK

Pronunciation/Other Names: (tun-too-TOO-lee-ack)

Population: 428 (2011 AK Dept of Labor estimate) **Incorporation Type:** Unincorporated **Borough Located In:** Unorganized **Regional Native Corporation:** Calista Corp.

Emergency Services: Police/VPSO: 256-2634

State Troopers (Bethel): 543-2294

Fire: VPSO/Volunteer Fire Department, 256-2634 **Medical:** Kathleen Daniel Memorial Clinic, 256-2129

Organizations with Local Offices:

Electric Utility - Tuntutuliak Community Service Assoc., P.O. Box 8127, Tuntutuliak, AK 99680 Phone 256-2934, Fax 256-2934

Village Corporation - Tuntutuliak Land Limited, P.O. Box 8106, Tuntutuliak, AK 99680 Phone 256-2315, Fax 256-2441

Village Council - Native Village of Tuntutuliak, P.O. Box 8086, Tuntutuliak, AK 99680 Phone 256-2128, Fax 256-2080, Email: <u>Tuntutuliak@aitc.org</u>

Location & Climate:

Tuntutuliak is on the Qinaq River, approximately 3 miles from its confluence with the Kuskokwim River, about 40 miles from the Bering Sea coast. It lies 40 miles southwest of Bethel and 440 miles west of Anchorage. It lies at approximately 60d 22m N Latitude, 162d 38m W Longitude (Sec. 21, T003N, R077W, Seward Meridian). Tuntutuliak is located in the Bethel Recording District. The area encompasses 27 sq. miles of land and 0 sq. miles of water. Tuntutuliak's summer temperatures average from 42 to 62, winter temperatures average -2 to 19. Extremes have been recorded from 86 to -46. Annual precipitation averages 16 inches, with snowfall of 50 inches.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Scheduled and charter air service from Bethel. Tuntutuliak relies heavily on air transportation for passengers, mail and cargo service. Boats and snow machines are used for local travel.

Airport Facilities: A State-owned 3,025' gravel runway, and a public seaplane base on the Qinaq River are available.

Airline Service: ERA Alaska, Grant Aviation, Ryan Air Service, Yute Air

Freight: Mail plane and barge. Barge services deliver goods approximately six times a year.

Vessel Support: No information available.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications: In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc. Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom; United Utilities Internet Service Provider: United Utilities Inc. TV Stations: ARCS; KYUK Radio

Stations: KYUK-AM; KYKD-FM **Cable Provider:** Quinarmiut Cablevision (Village Corp.)

Teleconferencing: Alaska Teleconferencing Network

Electricity: Electricity is provided by Tuntutuliak Community Service Assoc.

Fuel: No information available.

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Fuel Storage – Tank Owners (total capacity): School (74,400 gals.); Village Council (86,900); Village Corp. (71,700)

Housing: Accommodations can be arranged with the school (256-2415); Community Hall.

Services: Washeteria available. Supplies available in the community.

Water & Sewage: A flush/haul system, unpermitted landfill, sewage lagoon, and 4-mile sanitation boardwalk are available. The school has its own well and sewage lagoon.. The Tuntutuliak Community Service Association, a non-profit arm of the Village Council, operates the utilities.

Miscellaneous: There is one school located in the community, attended by 98 students.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

School

Potential Staging Areas:

Airport -

National Guard Armory -

Other government facilities -

Local Spill Response Equipment: Nearest DEC Spill Response Conex located in Bethel. 543-2047/2087

Economy:

The school, various services, commercial fishing, and fish processing provide most of the income. Trapping, basket weaving, skin-sewn products, and other Native handicrafts also provide cash. Subsistence foods comprise a majority of the diet, and about one-half of families go to fish camp each summer. In 2010, 47 residents held commercial fishing permits for salmon net and herring roe fisheries.

Culture & Demographic

It is a traditional Yup'ik Eskimo village with a fishing and subsistence lifestyle. Salmon and seal are important food sources. Children are taught in Yup'ik until the third grade and then classes are taught in English. The sale, importation, and possession of alcohol is banned in the village.

The village's Yup'ik name is Tuntutuliaq, meaning "place of many reindeer." It was originally located four miles to the east and called Qinaq, as noted in 1879 by Edward Nelson, who noted 175 residents at that time. In 1908, a Moravian missionary visited the village and reported 130 people living there. In 1909 a BIA school was built, and the first teacher was well-liked in the community. Due to lack of confidence in the subsequent teachers, the school was closed in 1917, and the building moved to the village of Eek. It is thought that some Qinaq villagers may have moved to Eek, so their children could attend school. In 1923 the first Moravian chapel was built with lumber and other support from Eek. In the late 1920s, a trading post and store was opened by John Johnson. The community moved to its present site on higher ground and was renamed Tuntutuliak in 1945. The BIA built a school in 1957. A post office opened in 1960.

9770.10.63 - Tununak

TUNUNAK

Pronunciation/Other Names: (too-NOO-nuck; var. Tananak)

Population: 342 (2011 AK Dept of Labor Estimate) **Incorporation Type:** Unincorporated **Borough Located In:** Unorganized **Regional Native Corporation:** Calista Corp.

Emergency Services: Police/VPSO: 652-6812

State Troopers (Bethel): 907-543-2294

Fire: None

Medical: Tununak Health Clinic, 652-6829.

Organizations with Local Offices:

Village Corporation - Tununrmiut Rinit Corporation, P.O. Box 89, Tununak, AK 99681

Phone 652-6311, Fax 652-6315

Village Council - Native Village of Tununak, P.O. Box 77, Tununak, AK 99681

Phone 652-1818, Fax 652-4086, Email: tribe2work@yahoo.com

Location & Climate:

Tununak is located in a small bay on the northeast coast of Nelson Island, 115 miles northwest of Bethel and 519 miles northwest of Anchorage. It lies at approximately 60d 35m N Latitude, 165d 15m W Longitude (Sec. 28, T006N, R091W, Seward Meridian). Tununak is located in the Bethel Recording District. The area encompasses 4 sq. miles of land and 0 sq. miles of water. The village is located in a marine climate. Average precipitation is 17 inches, with annual snowfall of 28 inches. Summer temperatures can range from 42 to 59, winter temperatures average 2 to 19. Extremes have been recorded from 80 to -35.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Scheduled and charter air service from Bethel. Tununak relies heavily on air transportation for passengers, mail and cargo service. Boats, snow machines and ATVs are used extensively for local travel.

Airport Facilities: A State-owned 1,778' gravel airstrip is available. **Airline Service:** ERA Alaska, Grant Aviation, Ryan Air Service, Yute Air

Freight: Cargo plane and barge. Barges deliver goods two to four times each summer.

Vessel Support: No moorage facilities.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications: In-State Phone: United Utilities Inc. Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom; United Utilities Internet Service Provider: United Utilities Inc. TV Stations: ARCS Radio

Stations: KICY-AM; KYUK-AM; KNOM-AM Cable Provider: Frontier Cable, Inc.

Teleconferencing: Alaska Teleconferencing Network

Electricity: Electricity is provided by AVEC.

Fuel: Marine gas, propane, and regular gasoline.

Fuel Storage – Tank Owners (total capacity): Lower Kuskokwim Schools (70,300 gals.); Tununak Elders Council (15,600); AVEC (79,800); Tununrmiut Rinit Corp. Store (120,400); Army Nat'l

Guard (6,300)

Housing: Accommodation in the school (652-6827) or the clinic can be arranged through the city office (652-6312).

Services: Food available at local restaurant. No banking services. Washeteria available. Groceries and supplies available at local stores. No major repair services.

Water & Sewage: Water is derived from Muskox Creek. A flush/haul system began construction in 1992. Only five homes are currently served, and 30 additional units are in construction. 40 additional household units will need to be installed. Most residents currently haul water and honeybuckets, and rely on the washeteria for laundry and bathing. 5% of households use individual septic systems.

Miscellaneous: There is one school located in the community, attended by 101 students. The landfill needs to be upgraded.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

School

Potential Staging Areas:

Airport -

National Guard Armory -

Other government facilities -

Local Spill Response Equipment: Nearest DEC Spill Response Conex located in Toksook Bay, 427-7511

Economy:

Employment is primarily with the school district, village corporation, stores, and commercial fishing. Trapping and Native crafts also generate cash for many families, and subsistence activities are an important contributor to villagers' diets. Seal meat, seal oil, and herring are the staples of the diet. Beluga whale and walrus are also hunted. Residents participate in a lottery to hunt musk-ox on Nelson or Nunivak Islands. In 2010, 46 residents held commercial fishing permits. Coastal Villages Seafood, Inc., processes halibut and salmon in Tununak.

Culture & Demographic

Tununak is a traditional Yup'ik Eskimo village, with an active fishing and subsistence lifestyle. The sale and importation of alcohol is banned in the village.

In 1878 Nelson Island was named after Edward Nelson, a Smithsonian naturalist who noted 6 people, including 1 non-Native trader, living in Tununak. In 1889 the Jesuits opened a small chapel and school. They found the villagers difficult to convert due to the migratory nature of their traditional culture and because the shamans were still quite powerful. The mission closed in 1892. In 1925 a government school was built, and a Northern Commercial Company store was opened in 1929. From 1934 to 1962, a missionary named Father Deshout lived on Nelson Island. His long-standing relationship and work with the people in the area had a great influence. The 1950s brought great changes to the islanders' lifestyle, through their involvement with the Territorial Guard and work in fish canneries, high schools, and healthcare treatment for tuberculosis. For many, this was their first exposure outside the community. By the 1970s, snowmachines were replacing dog-sled teams, and the last qasgiq (men's community houses) was abandoned. The city was incorporated in 1975, but it was dissolved on Feb. 28, 1997, in favor of traditional council governance.

9770.10.64 - Umkumiute

UMKUMIUTE

Pronunciation/Other Names: (OOM-kuh-myoot) var. Umkumiut

Population: Seasonal Located In: Unorganized

Incorporation Type: Unincorporated

Umkumiute serves as a seasonal, summer fish camp for Toksook Bay residents.

The information below provides a brief overview of the community.

Location and Climate:

Umkumiute is located on Nelson Island in the Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta, adjacent to Toksook Bay. It lies at approximately 60.498320 North Latitude and -165.198850 West Longitude. (Sec. 26, T005N, R091W, Seward Meridian.) Umkumiute is located in the Bethel Recording District. The island experiences a marine climate. Annual precipitation averages 22 inches, with 43 inches of snow. Summer temperatures range from 41 to 57 °F, and winter temperatures are 6 to 24 °F.

Economy:

As a seasonal-use fish camp, Umkumiute provides subsistence food items for area residents. The 2006-2010 American Community Survey (ACS) estimated zero residents as employed.

Culture and Demographics:

Umkumiute is a summer fish camp for Toksook Bay residents. The resources of this area have been used by Yup'ik Eskimos for thousands of years. During 1950, approximately 100 residents were enumerated in the village.

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9770.10.65 – Upper Kalskag

UPPER KALSKAG

Pronunciation/Other Names: (KAL-skag; aka Kalskag)

Population: 219 (2011 DCCED certified estimate) **Incorporation Type:** 2nd Class City

Borough Located In: Unorganized **Regional Native Corporation:** Calista Corp.

Emergency Services: VPSO: 471-2442

State Troopers: Aniak, 675-4398

Fire: Volunteer Fire Dept

Medical: Catherine Alexie Health Clinic (471-2276).

Organizations with Local Offices:

City - City of Upper Kalskag, P.O. Box 80, Upper Kalskag, AK 99607, Phone 471-2220, Fax 471-

2220

Village Council - Village of Kalskag, P.O. Box 50, Upper Kalskag, AK 99607, Phone 471-2207, Fax

471-2207, e-mail: Kalskag@aitc.org

Location & Climate:

Upper Kalskag is located on the north bank of the Kuskokwim River, 2 miles upriver from Lower Kalskag. It lies 28 miles west of Aniak, 68 miles northeast of Bethel and 348 miles west of Anchorage. It lies at approximately 61d 32m N Latitude, 160d 20m W Longitude (Sec. 27, T017N, R061W, Seward Meridian). Upper Kalskag is located in the Kuskokwim Recording District. The area encompasses 4 sq. miles of land and 0 sq. miles of water. The climate in Upper Kalskag is semi-arctic with influences from the Bering Sea. Snowfall averages 60 inches, with total precipitation of 19 inches per year. Temperatures range from -55 to 87. The Kuskokwim is ice-free from mid-June through October.

Transportation:

Accessibility: Scheduled and charter air service from Aniak or Bethel. The Kuskokwim River affords easy access by boat in summer and snowmachine in winter.

Airport Facilities: A State-owned 3,200' gravel airstrip is shared by Upper and Lower Kalskag, and a road connects the two cities. Daily scheduled air services deliver passengers, mail and other cargo year-round.

Airline Service: Hageland; Yute Air; Arctic Air

Freight: Freight arrives by plane and barge. Barges deliver cargo and bulk fuel during the

summer.

Vessel Support: No moorage facilities.

Facilities & Utilities:

Communications: In-State Phone: Bush-Tell Inc. Long-Distance Phone: AT&T Alascom Internet Service Provider: School Only - GCI (www.gci.net) TV Stations: ARCS Radio Stations:

KYUK-AM; KICY-AM Cable Provider: None Teleconferencing: No information

Electricity: Electricity is provided by AVEC (from Lower Kalskag).

Fuel: Marine gas, diesel, unleaded gas and propane.

Fuel Storage – Tank Owners (number of tanks, total capacity): School (49,200 gals.); Village Corp. Store (36,200); Ausdahl Mercantile/Danny Ausdahl (1,980); City (2,500); Ken Morgan (36.800)

Housing: Accommodations may be arranged with the school (471-2288) or the Kalskag Store (471-2268).

Services: No laundromat or banking services. Groceries and supplies available through several local stores. No repair service. No rental transportation or moorage facilities.

Water & Sewage: As of November 1997, nearly all homes, the school and the store have individual wells with potable water and indoor plumbing. A new piped gravity sewage system with lift stations, force main and lagoon now serves over 60 households and facilities. The school has requested funds for a new septic tank and leachfield, or connection to the community sewer system.

Miscellaneous: There is one school located in the community, attended by 31 students. The landfill is located between Upper and Lower Kalskag.

Spill Response Support:

Contact local officials to determine possibility of using community facilities.

Potential Command Posts:

City Multi-Purpose Facility (under construction). City public safety office

School

Potential Staging Areas:

Airport –
National Guard Armory –
Other government facilities –

Local Spill Response Equipment:

Economy:

Most cash income in Upper Kalskag is derived from public employment at the school, City or clinic. Some trap or work as BLM firefighters. Three residents hold commercial fishing permits. 70% of the village's total livelihood is earned from subsistence activities. Salmon, moose, rabbit, and waterfowl are the primary meat sources. A few residents maintain gardens.

Culture & Demographic

84.9% of the population are Alaska Natives. A federally recognized tribe is located in the community. Upper Kalskag is an Eskimo village which was strongly influenced by the Roman Catholic Church. Today, subsistence activities are an important component of their lifestyle. The sale or importation of alcohol is banned in the village.

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