# ALASKA TOP HAZARDOUS AIR POLLUTANTS

# **BIS(CHLORMETHYL)ETHER**



The inventory method and available data do not indicate emissions occurring in the three inventoried communities. However, this does not mean there are no emissions of this pollutant in the state.

# Inhalation Unit Risk Estimate for Cancer

• Bis(chloromethyl)ether - 0.062  $(\mu g/m^3)^{-1}$  for lung tumors - people

#### Minimum Risk Level

• Bis(chloromethyl)ether - 0.0014 mg/m<sup>3</sup> for respiratory effects - rats

#### Inventory Estimates of Bis(chloromethyl)ether

Community	Ranking by Mass	Total Emitted (tons per year)	Top Sources
Anchorage*	n/a		n/a
Fairbanks*	n/a		n/a
Juneau*	n/a		n/a
Total of 3 Communities			

\* No data to indicate emissions

#### **Bis(chloromethyl)ether Sources Expected\* in Alaska**

\* No data to indicate emissions

## Potential Occupational Exposure to Bis(chloromethyl)ether

• manufacture of industrial polymers

## **Bis(chloromethyl)ether Emission Inventory\* Improvements**

\* No data to indicate emissions

#### **Bis(chloromethyl)ether Health Effects**

There is not enough data to ascertain specific effects from specific exposure concentrations. Studies indicate the following: Bis(chloromethyl)ether is extremely suffocating at small concentrations so that it is rare for acute poisonings to occur. It is an irritant of the respiratory tract, which may cause fluid in the lungs or bronchitis with long term inhalation of high concentrations. It is not considered an irritant at a concentration of 10 ppm.

**Cancer ranking**: The EPA classifies bis(chloromethyl)ether as a Group A carcinogen for lung cancer. Group A carcinogens are considered known human carcinogens, like cigarette smoke. There is a 0.062 (approximately 3 in 50) increase in lifetime risk of leukemia for every one  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> of continuous bis(chloromethyl)ether exposure over a lifetime.