2024 Small Commercial Passenger Vessel Sampling Regime

COMMERCIAL PASSENGER VESSEL ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANCE (CPVEC) PROGRAM



National Geographic Sea Bird Blackwater Sampling Port, taken May 24, 2022

February 2024 Revision 0



Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation

Table 1. Annual Sample Frequency^[A]

| Vessel Category | Conv I Samples | Conv II Samples | Priority Samples | Nutrient Samples | Minimum Sample Events in AK [B] | Pre-Season (Outside AK, prior to entry) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| 1. AMHS (>50 lower berths) | 4 [C] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 [C] | N/A |
| 2. Small Vessel (MSD II) | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 or 1 ^[D] |
| 3. Small Vessel (AWTS) | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 or 1 ^[D] |
| 4. Short Term SCPV (less than 6 weeks in AK) | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 5. New Vessel (new MSD) | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 ^[E] |

[[]A] Sampling guidance, required sampling determined by ADEC. Nutrient Samples required for new vessels or MSD changes (upgrades/new installation).

Field parameters must be measured at each sample event.

Samples apply to effluent from MSD system.

VESSELS will sample ALL distinct GW Tanks (not treated by MSD) for Conv I parameters during their first sample event.

[[]B] Conv II, Priority, & Nutrients samples will be taken at the same time as a Conv I sample event.

[[]C] Maximum 4 per year (not including resampling); 1 for every 3 months of operation in AK waters.

[[]D] If the SCPV received an NOV the previous season for an exceedance of a Conventional Parameter I, 1 pre-season representative sample will be required prior to entry into Alaska waters. This sample must be taken with proper start up and loading. Conditions are as follows:

¹⁾ For chemical-physical systems, start-up period is 1-2 days, with 50% or higher passenger capacity.

²⁾ For biological systems, start-up period is 1-2 weeks (from empty MSDs), with 50% or higher passenger capacity.

El Pre-season samples for new vessels or new MSD, must also follow the above parameters for a representative sample with proper start-up and loading.

Table 2. Sample Parameters

| Conventional I (Short List) | Conventional II | Priority | Nutrients | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Fecal Coliform | Specific Conductance | Base/Neutrals and Acids | Total Organic Carbon | |
| Total Suspended Solids | Settleable Solids | Volatile Organic Compounds | Nitrate/Nitrite | |
| Biochemical Oxygen Demand (5 day) | Chemical Oxygen Demand | Total Recoverable Metals | Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen | |
| Temperature [1] | Ammonia (Total) | Dissolved Metals (except Mercury) | Total Phosphorus | |
| pH [1] | Oil and Grease | | | |
| Free Chlorine [1] | Hardness | | | |
| Total Chlorine [1] | Alkalinity | | | |

[1] Field measurements.

Refer to the Vessel Specific Sampling Plan and Quality Assurance Project Plan for sample source information, and analyte groupings and minimum grouping for resampling.

2024 Small Commercial Passenger Vessel Sampling Guidance

This document outlines the Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC) Commercial Passenger Vessel Environmental Compliance (CPVEC) Program sampling regime guidance for small commercial passenger vessels (SCPVs). This guidance document is intended only for vessels with a DEC approved Best Management Practices (BMP) Plan. SCPVs have overnight accommodations for 50-249 passengers as determined by the number of lower berths (AS 46.03.490). There are two groups of SCPVs:

- Small cruise ships
- Alaska Marine Highway System (AMHS) mainline ferries

Most SCPVs utilize basic Marine Sanitation Devices (MSDs) that are not capable of producing high quality effluent at the level of large cruise ships. Appropriate sampling frequencies for the various size classes of SCPVs that discharge in Alaska are determined primarily by the treated wastewater volumes (i.e., correlated to passenger number) and period of operation (e.g., year-round operations). Please note that individual ship requirements may vary based on past effluent sampling results, ship specific items, the approved BMP Plan, or any state permit. Sampling specifics, including the wastewater discharge operations, must be included in the Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP) and the annually approved Vessel Specific Sampling Plan (VSSP).

This guidance document is intended to provide general information on the type of sampling regimes required for SCPVs. SPVCs are required to adhere to the sampling frequency approved annually by the CPVEC Program. The CPVEC Program will work with each vessel to determine the appropriate sampling schedule based on the vessel itinerary. Vessels with passenger capacities of 250 or greater are not subject to this guidance and must receive authorization under the Large Commercial Passenger Vessel Wastewater Discharge General Permit prior to discharging.

Please check with the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) if your vessel is subject the EPA Vessel General Permit (VGP). The VGP may require additional sampling and reporting requirements.

Please remember that it is illegal to discharge untreated sewage within 3 nautical miles of shore. Discharging untreated sewage nearshore has negative environmental, economic, and human health impacts, including:

- Contamination of shellfish beds
- Creation of areas with low oxygen levels in water that can harm fish and shellfish
- Spread of fecal bacteria and diseases to humans
- Creation of odors and visible residues that impact public perception of the cruise ship industry

Sampling Timeline:

SCPVs operating under an approved BMP are required to protect the environment to the maximum extent feasible (AS 46.03.462(k)). To demonstrate compliance with the discharge requirements of the BMP, SCPVs must be sampled within 10 days of initial entry into the marine waters of the State of Alaska¹ or, with prior DEC approval, when the vessel can access an Alaska port where sampling

¹ "Marine waters of the state" means all waters within the boundaries of the state together with all of the waters of the Alexander Archipelago even if not within the boundaries of the state (AS 46.03.490)

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services are provided. SCPVs are subject to DEC sampling audits and DEC may perform or require additional sampling as necessary to implement AS 46.03. If vessels fail to meet BMP parameters they will be required to resample until all convention I parameter limits are met. All vessels will be subject to a second mid-season sample to confirm proper MSD operation.

Wastewater Treatment Operations:

SCPV wastewater sampling includes results for three main groups:

- 1. Treated Blackwater (BW, Sewage)
- 2. Treated / Untreated Greywater (GW)
- 3. Treated Mixed (BW+GW)

SCPVs that operate under an approved BMP Plan generally conduct wastewater treatment operations in one of the following ways:

- Treated Mixed (BW/GW): The vessel collects BW and GW together and treats this mixed wastewater through the MSD.
- Treated BW and Treated GW (MSD): The vessel collects BW and GW separately. BW flows to the MSD for treatment at a different time than the GW flows for treatment, but both are treated through the MSD.
- Treated BW and Treated GW (Tank): The vessel collects BW and GW separately. BW flows to the MSD for treatment. GW is stored in a separate tank and is manually chlorinated (treated) before it is discharged overboard.
- Treated BW and Untreated GW: The vessel collects BW and GW separately. BW flows to the MSD for treatment. Untreated GW is directly discharged overboard.

Configurations vary so it is important to describe the system accurately in the VSSP. SCPVs face common challenges due to their smaller size and vessel stability requirements that may limit wastewater treatment capacity. Accordingly, larger holding capacities or more advanced treatment systems are not always viable options for SCPVs.

Routine Sampling Regimes

Refer to <u>Table 2</u> for information regarding the parameter types.

1. AMHS Ferries

A subset of SCPVs that applies only to mainline AMHS vessels with overnight accommodations. While passenger capacities on the mainline ferries typically range between 450 and 499, annual registrations submitted to DEC document lower berth capacities of less than 250. AMHS Ferries may be operated year-round, with passenger volume typically highest May to August. Some ferries are laid up or operated with reduced schedules during the winter. Each type of treated wastewater discharge must be sampled.

Sampling Regime:

• 1 Conventional Parameter I sample for every continuous three months operating in Alaska.

2. Small Vessel (Standard Sample Regime)

The standard schedule applied to most small vessels operating in AK waters. Some of these vessels operate only operate during the summer cruise ship season, laying up for the remainder of the year in Alaska or Washington state. Each type of treated wastewater discharge must be sampled.

Sampling Regime:

- 2 Conventional Parameter I samples every calendar year.
- <u>Vessels with distinct GW treatment</u> (e.g., not treated through MSD system) also require 1 Conventional Parameter I from GW OB pipe
- Vessels with GW direct OB drains are not required to sample GW from these sources.

3. Small Vessel (AWTS)

Sampling Regime:

2 Conventional Parameter I & Conventional Parameter II samples every year

4. Short Term: SCPVs operating <6 weeks in Alaska

Several small commercial passenger vessels sail for less than six weeks in Alaska during the summer season. Sampling must occur during the Alaska cruise season.

Sampling Regime:

- 1 Conventional Parameter I sample every calendar year.
- <u>Vessels with distinct GW treatment</u> (e.g., not treated through MSD system) also require 1 Conventional Parameter I from GW OB pipe.
- Vessels with GW OB drains are not required to sample GW from these sources.

5. New Vessels or New MSD

This includes new ships, ships that have not operated in Alaska in the last three years, or ships outfitted with an MSD new to the vessel. Sampling must occur during the Alaska cruise season that the vessel first arrives in Alaska.

DEC will require sampling for BW and will evaluate which GW sources will be included if wastewater is not mixed. Note that the vessel will need to obtain a Conventional I sample from the MSD unit prior to arrival in Alaska to demonstrate that discharges will not be a threat to public health or the environment (18 AAC 69.046). Samples taken in Alaska waters will be taken from all potential sources of BW or GW (treated or untreated) discharge.

Sampling Regime:

- **Prior to arriving in Alaska:** 1 representative Conventional I sample during the calendar year.
- 2 Conventional Parameter I samples during the calendar year.
- 1 Conventional Parameter II, Priority, and Nutrients sample during the calendar year.

Sampling Results Discharge Performance

<u>For delayed or missed sampling events</u>: The operator must immediately notify DEC by phone or email and the vessel's Environmental Compliance staff must engage with the sampling contractor to reschedule at the earliest opportunity.

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<u>Terms of sampling</u>: When the operator cannot sample in accordance with the terms of the DEC approved VSSP or Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP) [e.g., sampling valve issues that prevent a representative sample], the operator must immediately notify DEC by phone or email and coordinate any necessary changes to remedy the situation.

For all cases, the operator should email the general Cruise Ship email at <u>DEC.WQ.Cruise@alaska.gov</u> or call Ben Eisenstein, Cruise Ship Program Manager, at 907-465-5161.

Within 2-3 days of the sampling event, the vessel must provide the preliminary fecal coliform, total suspended solids, and chlorine results to DEC CPVEC.

If sampling results exceed the limitations on discharges outlined in AS 46.03.463, the vessel must:

- Investigate the root cause of the exceedance.
- Keep treated effluent discharges to a minimum when in Alaska State waters and discharge at the maximum distance from shore possible in the area the ship is transiting.
- Take and document corrective actions.
- Submit a Corrective Action Report to the CPVEC Program.
- Resample as soon as possible once corrective action is taken. Typically at the next port of call where sampling can be coordinated to ensure sample can be returned to the laboratory to meet holding times (as outlined in the QAPP).

The CPVEC Program will review and may propose follow up actions which include re-sampling to establish the wastewater treatment discharge performance.

The following parameters are required for re-sample events:

- Fecal Coliform
- Total Suspended Solids
- Free Chlorine
- Total Chlorine
- pH
- Temperature

Pre-Season Sampling

Pre-Season sampling may be requested by DEC.

If the SCPV received an NOV the previous season for an exceedance of a Conventional Parameter I, 1 preseason representative sample may be required prior to entry into Alaska waters. This sample must be taken with proper start-up and loading. Conditions are as follows:

- o Chemical-physical systems, start-up period is 1-2 days, with 50% or higher passenger capacity.
- o Biological systems, start-up period is 1-2 weeks (from empty MSDs), with 50% or higher passenger capacity.

ADEC Contacts

The most recent DEC staff contact information can be found at: https://dec.alaska.gov/water/cruise-ships/cruise-contacts/